Alphabetical List of Battles

All Old Wars, War of the Rebellion, Spanish and Philippine Wars, with Dates.

From 1754 to 1900.

Digitized by the Internet Archive
in 2025

https://archive.org/details/bwb_T5-CUU-566

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF BATTLES

1754 — 1900

WAR OF THE REBELLION
SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR
PHILIPPINE INSURRECTION

AND ALL

OLD WARS

WITH DATES

SUMMARY OF EVENTS

OF THE

WAR OF THE REBELLION, 1860–1865

SPANISH–AMERICAN WAR, PHILIPPINE INSURRECTION, 1898–1900

TROUBLES IN CHINA, 1900

WITH OTHER VALUABLE INFORMATION IN REGARD TO THE VARIOUS WARS.

COMPILED FROM OFFICIAL RECORDS

BY NEWTON A. STRAIT

WASHINGTON, D. C.:

1902

COPYRIGHT, 1900, BY NEWTON A. STRAIT

PREFACE.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
BUREAU OF PENSIONS,
Washington, D. C., September 6, 1900.

SIR: Some years ago I compiled, for the use of the Bureau, an alphabetical list of battles of the war of the rebellion, which I afterwards revised. Many additions thereto were made and the battles of the Mexican, Indian, and Revolutionary wars were also included. This compilation was as complete as it was possible to make it from the data to be procured at the time, and it is an accepted fact that it has proved to be of great assistance to the Bureau.

Some eight or ten years ago, when the Government commenced the publication of the Rebellion Record, I began a second revision of the Alphabetical List of Battles, taking said record as authority. I have also used all the data obtainable from the reports of the various Departments and from what would appear to be other reliable sources, relative to the Spanish-American war and the Philippine insurrection, such as is believed will be valuable in the adjudication of pension claims on account of service in said wars.

The work of revision has been done evenings and at odd hours, principally out of the office. It is now finished and, although it may have imperfections, it is believed to be as complete as it is possible to make a work of this kind.

I desire to present to you the manuscript for publication for the use of the Pension Bureau, reserving for myself all other rights pertaining thereto.

Very respectfully,

N. A. STRAIT.

Hon. H. CLAY EVANS,
Commissioner of Pensions.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
BUREAU OF PENSIONS,
Washington, September 18, 1900.

DEAR SIR: I have to acknowledge and thank you for your generous offer of the 6th instant of permission to have printed a limited number of copies of the Alphabetical List of Battles, compiled by yourself for the use and information of this Bureau.

The first edition of the List of Battles and your Roster of Regimental Surgeons, with post-office addresses, have proved of valuable assistance to the work of this Bureau.

6968—00——1

You state that the work of revision has been done evenings and at odd hours. Under those circumstances I consider you justified in reserving for yourself all other rights and benefits to be derived from the book, and the same should be respected.

Very respectfully,

H. CLAY EVANS,
Commissioner.

Dr. N. A. STRAIT,
Washington, D. C.

CAUSES OF THE REBELLION.

The North and the South had for years held antagonistic views on two vital questions —the tariff and slavery. The North, being largely engaged in manufacturing, desired a high tariff; while the South, whose wealth consisted of cotton, sugar, and slaves, desired free trade.

The question as to the boundary of slave territory was supposed to be finally settled by the Missouri Compromise of 1820, but when Kansas and Nebraska were established as Territories the compromise was repealed, and the question as to whether they should be free or slave States was left to the people of each Territory to decide for themselves.

Then the trouble began. Both parties, the proslavery and the antislavery, set to work to get a majority of the votes in their favor, but the settlers from the New England States poured into the new Territory so much more rapidly than those from the Southern States that when Kansas voted on the proposition she decided against slavery by an overwhelming majority.

This defeat of the proslavery people caused intense feeling throughout the South, and when the Republican party came into power by the election of Abraham Lincoln, November 6, 1860, the leaders in Southern politics knew that all hopes of a further extension of slave territory were gone, and they immediately began to plan for a dissolution of the Union.

The South Carolina Senators withdrew from Congress November 9 and 11, and that State formally seceded, by a vote of the people, December 20, 1860. It was followed by Mississippi January 9; Florida, January 10; Alabama, January 11; Georgia, January 19; Louisiana, January 26; Texas, February 1; Virginia, April 17; Arkansas, May 6; North Carolina, May 21; and Tennessee June 8, 1861. The western portion of Virginia refused to secede, and became a separate State in 1863.

The war opened with the firing on the *Star of the West* by the Confederate batteries in Charleston Harbor January 9, 1861, and closed, practically, with Lee's surrender, April 9, 1865.

ALPHABETICAL LIST

OF

BATTLES OF THE WAR OF THE REBELLION.

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF THE BATTLES (WITH DATES) OF THE WAR OF THE REBELLION.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Abbeville*	Mississippi	Aug. 23, 1864.
Abbeville (see Davis, Jefferson, capture of).	Georgia	
Aberdeen*	Mississippi	Feb. 18, 1864.
Abingdon, near*	Virginia	Dec. 15, 1864.
Abingdon (see Morgan's forces)	Virginia	
Abraham's Creek, near Winchester*	Virginia	Sept. 13, 1864.
Accomac and Northampton counties, expedition through.	Virginia	Nov. 14–22, 1861.
Accotink, affair at	Virginia	Oct. 17, 1863.
Accotink, at and near	Virginia	Jan. 12, July 15, 1864.
Acton (see Birch Coolie)	Minnesota	
Acworth*	Georgia	Oct. 4, 1864.
Adairsville	Georgia	May 17, 1864.
Adam's Bluff*	Arkansas	June 30, 1862.
Adams and Monarch, Union steamers, Mississippi River.		June 2, 1864.
Adamstown*	Maryland	Oct. 14, 1864.
Adamsville, Purdy Road	Tennessee	Mar. 31, 1862.
Aenon Church	Virginia	May 28, 1864.
Agua Fria, operations about	New Mexico	Mar. 31–Apr. 1, 1865.
Agusta, near*	Arkansas	Aug. 10, 1864.
Aiken	South Carolina	Feb. 11, 1865.
Alabama, north and middle Tennessee, campaign in.		Nov. 14, 1864, to Jan. 23, 1865.
Alabama, Confederate ship, destruction of (see Cherbourg, France).		
Alamo, steamer, attack, Arkansas River, near Dardanelle.	Arkansas	Nov. 29, 1864.
Albany*	Kentucky	Sept. 23, 29, 1861.
Albany	Kentucky	Aug. 18, 1863.
Albany*	Missouri	Oct. 26, 1864.
Albeer's Ranch*	California	July 29, 1862.
Albemarle, Confederate ram sunk (see Plymouth).	North Carolina	
Albemarle Sound, operations in	North Carolina	May 4–6, 1864.
Albemarle Sound, Mattabesett, Sassacus, Union ships and other vessels between Confederate ram Albemarle.	North Carolina	May 5, 1864.
Albuquerque	New Mexico	Apr. 8, 1862.
Alcorn's Distillery, near Monticello*	Kentucky	May 9, 1863.
Aldie	Virginia	Oct. 31, 1862.
Aldie, at and near	Virginia	Mar. 2, June 17, 18,* 22,* 1863.
Aldie, near*	Virginia	Between July 28 and Aug. 3, 1863.
Aldie, near	Virginia	July 6, Feb. 5,* 1864.
Alexandria, in and around*	Louisiana	Apr. 26, May 13, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Alexandria, United States Navy-Yard taken possession of.	Louisiana	May 6, 1863.
Alexandria, near	Louisiana	May 1–8, 1864.
Alexandria, abandoned by State troops	Virginia	May 5, 1861.
Alexandria, occupied by Union Army	Virginia	May 24, 1861.
Alexander's Bridge*	Georgia	Sept. 18, 1863.
Alexander's Creek, near St. Francisville*	Louisiana	Oct. 5, 1864.
Alderson's Ferry	West Virginia	July —, 1862.
Allatoona	Georgia	Oct. 5, 1864.
Allen*	Missouri	July 23, 1864.
Allen's Farm, or Peach Orchard (see Seven Days' Battles).	Virginia	June 29, 1862.
Alleghany Camp	West Virginia	Dec. 13, 1861.
Alligator Bay, naval	Florida	July 1–2, 1863.
Alpine*	Georgia	Sept. 3, 5, 8, 12, 1863.
Alpine Station	West Virginia	Jan. 4, 1862.
Alsop's Farm	Virginia	May 8, 1864.
Altamont	Tennessee	Aug. 30, 1862.
Altamont	Maryland	Apr. 26, 1863.
Amelia Court-House*	Virginia	Apr. 4–5, 1865.
Amelia Island, evacuated by Confederates.	Florida	Mar. 3, 1862.
Amelia Springs	Virginia	Apr. 5, 6, *1865.
American Ranch (see Morrison's)	Colorado	
Amherst Court-House*	Virginia	June 12, 1864.
Amissville, near*	Virginia	Aug. 4, 1863.
Amissville, near (Corbin's Cross Roads)	Virginia	Nov. 10, 1862.
Amite River*	Louisiana	July 24, 1862.
Amite River, affair on (see Barataria U. S. S.)	Louisiana	Apr. 7, 12, 17, May 9–18, 1863.
Amite River, R. and S	Louisiana	June 27–29, 1862.
Amite River*	Louisiana	Mar. 18, 1865.
Amite River (See Benton's Ferry)	Louisiana	
Amite River*	Louisiana	Dec. 12, 1864.
Amite River, expedition to	Louisiana	Oct. 2–8, 1864.
Andersonville, naval	South Carolina	Feb. 13–14, 1865.
Anderson's Hill	Mississippi	May 1, 1863.
Angel's Branch, on Mad River*	California	May 14, 1862.
Angle Hill	Virginia	May 8, 1864.
Angle, the, or Salient	Virginia	May 12, 1864.
Angley's Post-Office*	South Carolina	Feb. 4, 1865.
Anglo-American, Union steamer, and Port Hudson batteries.	Louisiana	Aug. 29, 1862.
Ann, steamer, capture of, at Fort Morgan	Alabama	June 29, 1862.
Annandale*	Virginia	Dec. 4, 1861.
Annandale, affair near	Virginia	Oct. 18, 22, 1863.
Annandale*	Virginia	Mar. 16, Aug. 11, 24, 1864.
Anthonys Hill (see Kings)	Tennessee	
Antietam, or Sharpsburg	Maryland	Sept. 16–17, 1862.
Antietam Bridge*	Maryland	July 8, 1864.
Antietam Creek, near Keedysville	Maryland	Sept. 15, 1862.
Antietam Ford*	Maryland	Aug. 4, 1864.
Antietam Iron Works	Maryland	Aug. 27, 1861.
Antioch Church*	Virginia	May 23, 1863.
Antioch Station	Tennessee	Apr. 10, 1863.
Antoine, or Terre Noir Creek*	Arkansas	Apr. 2, 1864.
Apache Canyon, Glorietta or Pigeon's Ranch.	New Mexico	Mar. 26–28, 1862.
Apache Pass	Arizona	July 15, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Apalachicola, capture of	Florida	Apr. 3, 1862.
Appomattox, campaign	Virginia	Mar. 29–Apr. 9, 1865.
Appomattox Court-House	Virginia	Apr. 8, 1865.
Appomatox Court-House (Clover Hill), surrender of the Army of Northern Virginia.	Virginia	Apr. 9, 1865.
Appomatox Station	Virginia	Apr. 8, 1865.
Aquia Creek	Virginia	May 31–June 1, 1861.
Aquia Creek (see Wiggenton's Mills)	Virginia	
Aquia Creek, evacuated	Virginia	Sept. 6, 1862.
Aransas Bay	Texas	Feb. 22, 1862.
Arcadia *	Missouri	Sept. 27, 1864.
Arcadia Valley *	Missouri	Sept. 26, 1864.
Arcata, near *	California	Apr. 8, 1862.
Argyle Island, naval	Georgia	Dec. 12, 1864.
Arizona, central expedition against Indians.		Dec. 10–23, 1864.
Arkansas Pass, capture of Confederate battery.	Texas	Nov. 17, 1863.
Arkansas Post	Arkansas	Jan. 10–11, 1863.
Arkansas Post, or Fort Hindman, capture of.	Arkansas	Jan. 4–17, 1863.
Arkansas River *	Arkansas	Apr. 6–7, 1864.
Arkansas River (see Miller's steamer)	Arkansas	
Arkansas River, north of	Arkansas	May 13–31, 1864.
Arkansas River, scout and skirmish	Arkansas	Aug. 27–28, 1864.
Arkansas, Confederate steamer, passed through combined Union fleet to Vicksburg (see Yazoo River).	Mississippi	July 15, 1862.
Arkansas, Confederate steamer. (See Union fleet.)		
Arkansas, Confederate steamer, destruction of.		Aug. 6, 1862.
Arkansas River, expedition down to Pine Bluff.	Arkansas	Dec. 1, 1864.
Arkadelphia, near *	Arkansas	Feb. 15, 1863.
Arkadelphia *	Arkansas	Mar. 20, 29, 31, Apr. 1, 1864.
Arlington Mills *	Virginia	June 1, 1861.
Armstrong's Mill (See Hatcher's Run)	Virginia.	
Armstrong's Creek	West Virginia	Sept. 11, 1862.
Armstrong's Farm	Virginia	May 30, 1864.
Armstrong's Ferry *	Tennessee	Jan. 22, 1864.
Armuchee Creek *	Georgia	May 15, 1864.
Arnoldsburg	West Virginia	May 6, 1862.
Arnoldsville, near *	Missouri	June 1, 1864.
Arrowfield, or Swift Creek Church	Virginia	May 9, 1864.
Arrow Rock, attack on	Missouri	July 20, 1864.
Arrow Rock *	Missouri	July 29, Oct. 12, 1862.
Arrow Rock *	Missouri	Aug. 7, 1864.
Arrow Rock Road *	Missouri	Sept. 23, 1864.
Arrow, steamer, capture of, Currituck Canal.	Virginia	May 15, 1863.
Arundel's Farm *	Virginia	Apr. 10, 1865.
Ashbysburg *	Kentucky	Sept. 25, 1862.
Ashby's Gap	Virginia	Sept. 20, 22, Nov. 3, 1862.
Ashby's Gap *	Virginia	July 12, 20, 1863.
Ashby's Gap	Virginia	July 19, 20, 1864.
Ashby's Gap *	Virginia	Feb. 19, 1865.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Ashepoo River*	South Carolina	May 16, 1864.
Asheville, expedition to	North Carolina	Apr. 3–11, 1865.
Ash Creek, with Indians, near Fort Larned.*	Kansas	Nov. 13, 1864.
Ash Hill*	Missouri	Aug. 13, 1863.
Ashland	Tennessee	Jan. 12, 1863.
Ashland	Virginia	June 25, 1862.
Ashland	Virginia	May 3, 1863.
Ashland	Virginia	June 1, May 11, 1864.
Ashland*	Virginia	Mar. 1, 1864.
Ashland, near*	Virginia	Mar. 1–5, 1865.
Ashland Church*	Virginia	May 4, 1863.
Ashley	Missouri	Aug. 28, 1862.
Ashley's and Jones' Station, near Devalls Bluff.	Arkansas	Aug. 24, 1864.
Ashley's Mills, or Ferry Landing*	Arkansas	Sept. 2, 7, 1863.
Ashton*	Louisiana	May 1, 1864.
Ashwood*	Mississippi	June 25, 1864.
Ashwood Landing*	Louisiana	May 1, 4, 1864.
Atchafalaya River	Louisiana	Feb. 12–28, June 4,* Sept. 8–9*, 20, 1863.
Atchafalaya River, Cornay Bridge, naval	Louisiana	Nov. 2, 1862.
Atchafalaya River*	Louisiana	July 21, Aug. 25, Sept. 17, Oct. 5, 1864.
Atchison, about	Minnesota	Jan. 20–24, 1862.
Athens*	Alabama	May 8, 1862.
Athens*	Alabama	Sept. 23, Oct. 1–2, 1864.
Athens, surrender of	Alabama	Sept. 24, 1864.
Athens	Kentucky	Feb. 23, 1863.
Athens	Missouri	Aug. 5, 1861.
Athens*	Tennessee	Aug. 1, 1864.
Athens	Tennessee	Jan. 28, 1865.
Athens*	Ohio	July 24, 1863.
Atkins Mill	Tennessee	Apr. 26, 1862.
Atlanta campaign	Georgia	May 3–Sept. 8, 1864.
Atlanta, Confederate ironclad. (See Wassaw Sound.)	Georgia	
Atlanta, operations about	Georgia	July 23–Aug. 25, 1864.
Atlanta	Georgia	July 22, 1864.
Atlanta, Union forces occupy	Georgia	Sept. 2, 1864.
Atlanta, near*	Georgia	Nov. 6, 9, 1864.
Atlanta and West Point Railroad, Union raid on.	Georgia	July 27–31, 1864.
Atlanta, expedition to Flat Rock	Georgia	Oct. 11–14, 1864.
Atlanta, expedition to Trickum's Cross Roads.	Georgia	Oct. 26–27, 1864.
Atlanta, McDonough road*	Alabama	Nov. 6, 1864.
Atlanta (Fingal), Confederate steamer, capture of.	Georgia	June 17, 1863.
Atlee's Station	Virginia	June 26, 1862.
Atlee's, near*	Virginia	Mar. 1, 1864.
Aubrey, near*	Kansas	Mar. 12, 1862.
Auburn, near and at	Virginia	Oct. 1, 13, 1863.
Auburn, near*	Alabama	July 18, 1864.
Auburn, near*	Tennessee	Feb. 15, 1863.
Augusta*	Kentucky	Sept. 27, 1862.
Augusta, near*	Arkansas	Aug. 10, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Augusta, Fitzhugh's Woods	Arkansas	Apr. 1, 1864.
Austin, near*	Mississippi	May 24, 28, 1863.
Austin*	Mississippi	Aug. 2, 1862.
Austin*	Nevada	May 29, 1865.
Auxvasse Creek, Callaway County*	Missouri	Oct. 16, 1862.
Averasboro*	North Carolina	Mar. 17, 1865.
Averasboro, or Taylor's Hole Creek	North Carolina	Mar. 16, 1865.
Averill's raid in	West Virginia	Aug. 5–31, 1863.
Avoyelles, or Marksville Prairie*	Louisiana	May 15, 1864.
Aylett's	Virginia	May 4–5, 1863.
Bachelor Creek, Newport Barracks	North Carolina	Feb. 1–3, 1864.
Back Bay, destruction of Confederate salt works.	Virginia	Sept. 30, 1863.
Backbone Mountain, or Devil's Backbone	Arkansas	Sept. 1, 1863.
Back Creek Bridge*	West Virginia	July 27, 1864.
Back River Road	Virginia	July 19, 1861.
Back road, near Strasburg*	Virginia	Oct. 7, 1864.
Bacon Creek, near Munfordville*	Kentucky	Dec. 26, 1862.
Bailey's Creek (see Deep Bottom)	Virginia	
Bailey's Cross Roads	Virginia	Aug. 27–28, 1861.
Bailey's Corners or Cross Roads	Virginia	Aug. 28–30, 1861.
Bailey's, on Crooked Creek	Arkansas	Jan. 23, 1864.
Bainbridge*	Tennessee	Oct. 30, 1864.
Bainbridge Ferry*	Alabama	Jan. 25, 1864.
Baker's Creek, near*	Mississippi	July 7, 1863.
Baker's Creek*	Mississippi	Feb. 5, 1864.
Baker's Creek, or Champion Hill, or Edwards Station.	Mississippi	May 16, 1863.
Baker's Springs*	Arkansas	Jan. 21, 25, 1864.
Baker, steamer, capture of, by Queen of the West.		Feb. 3, 1863.
Bald or Leggett's Hill	Georgia	July 21, 1864
Bald Spring Canyon, Eel River*	California	Mar. 22, 1864.
Baldwin*	Florida	Aug. 10–12, 1864.
Baldwin, raid from Jacksonville*	Florida	July 23–28, 1864.
Baldwyn	Mississippi	June 6, 9, 10, Oct. 2, 1862.
Baldwyn, Clear Creek	Mississippi	June 14, 1862.
Baldwyn's Ferry, Big Black River	Mississippi	May13, Aug.11,1863.
Ballahock, on Bear Quarter Road*	Virginia	Feb. 29–Mar.1, 1864.
Ball's Bluff or Edwards' Ferry, Harrison's Island, Leesburg.	Virginia	Oct. 21–22, 1861.
Ball's Bridge*	Virginia	Mar. 4, 1865.
Ball's Cross Roads*	Virginia	Aug. 27–28, 1861.
Balls Ferry*	Georgia	Nov. 23–25, 1864.
Balls Mills*	Missouri	Aug. 28, 1861.
Balls Mill*	West Virginia	Aug. 27, 1863.
Baltimore, Union troops and mob	Maryland	Apr. 19, 1861.
Baltimore, burning railroad bridges by order of mayor to prevent Union troops from passing.	Maryland	Apr. 20–26, 1861.
Baltimore Crossroads	Virginia	May 13, 1862.
Baltimore Crossroads	Virginia	June 26, July 2, 1863.
Baltimore, or Crumps Crossroads*	Virginia	July 1–2, 1863.
Baltimore, police commissioners arrested by Gen. N. P. Banks; proclamation issued to the people.	Maryland	July 1, 1861.
Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, Confederate raid on.	West Virginia	Apr. 21–May 21, 1863; Feb. 11, May 5, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Baltimore Store*	Virginia	July 2, 1863.
Baltimore Store, near*	Virginia	Feb. 6–8, 1864.
Banks Ford, near	Virginia	May 3–4, 1863.
Barataria, Union steamer, attack on, Amite River.	Louisiana	Apr. 7, 1863.
Barbees Crossroads	Virginia	Nov. 5, 1862.
Barbees Crossroads	Virginia	May 23, July 25,* Sept. 1,* 1863.
Barber Creek (Scotts)*	Virginia	Dec. 19, 1863.
Barbers Ford*	Florida	Feb. 10, 1864.
Barboursville, or Red House*	West Virginia	July 13, 16, Sept. 8, 1861.
Barboursville	Kentucky	Sept 19, 1861.
Barboursville*	Kentucky	Apr. 27, 1863.
Barboursville*	Kentucky	Feb. 8, 1864.
Bardstown*	Kentucky	Oct. 3, 4, 19, 1862.
Bardstown*	Kentucky	July 5, 1863.
Bardstown, near*	Kentucky	Aug. 1, 1864.
Bardstown Pike, near Mount Washington.	Kentucky	Oct. 1,* 4, 1862.
Bardstown Road*	Kentucky	Oct. 9, 1862.
Barhamsville (see West Point)	Virginia	
Barkers Mill, Whippy Swamp*	South Carolina	Feb. 2, 1865.
Barnesville	Maryland	Sept. 9, 1862.
Barnesville, near*	Georgia	Apr. 19, 1865.
Barnetts	Virginia	Aug. 1, 1862.
Barnetts*	Virginia	Feb. 6–7, 1864.
Barnetts Corners*	Mississippi	Sept. 19, 1862.
Barnum and Fawn, Union steamers, capture, on Big Sandy River.	West Virginia	Nov. 5–12, 1864.
Barnwell, near*	South Carolina	Feb. 6, 1865.
Barnwells Island	South Carolina	Feb. 10, 1862.
Barrancas, Fla., expedition from, to Pollard.	Alabama	Dec. 13–19, 1864.
Barrancas, expedition from, to Pine Barren Ridge.	Florida	Nov. 16–17, 1864.
Barrancas, expedition to Milton*	Florida	Feb. 22–25, 1865.
Barres Landing*	Louisiana	Oct. 21, 1863.
Barren Mound*	Kentucky	Oct. 15, 1862.
Barry, near	Missouri	Aug. 14, 1862.
Barry County*	Missouri	Oct. 8, 18, 29, 1864.
Bartons Station*	Alabama	Apr. 17, Oct. 20, 26, 31, 1863.
Batchelders Creek*	North Carolina	Feb. 1, 1864.
Batchelders Creek, expedition to Kingston.	North Carolina	June 20–23, 1864.
Batchelors Creek*	North Carolina	Apr. 29, 1862.
Batchelors Creek*	North Carolina	Feb. 10, May 23, 1863.
Bates Ferry, Congaree River*	South Carolina	Feb. 15, 1865.
Bates Township*	Arkansas	Nov. 2, 1863.
Batesville*	Arkansas	May 3, July 14, 1862.
Batesville*	Arkansas	Feb. 4, 1863.
Batesville, near Searcy Landing*	Arkansas	Between Jan. 29 and Feb. 23, 1864.
Batesville, scout from, to Fairview, Denmark, Hilchers Ferry, and Bush's Ford.	Arkansas	June 16–17, 1862.
Bath	West Virginia	Jan. 3–4, 1862.
Bath	West Virginia	Sept. 7, 8, 20, 1863.
Bath County*	Kentucky	Mar. 26, 1865.
Bath Springs*	Mississippi	Jan. 1, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Baton Rouge, seizure of United States Arsenal.	Louisiana	Jan. 10, 1861.
Baton Rouge	Louisiana	May 29, Aug. 2, 5, 20, * Dec. 17, 1862.
Baton Rouge, occupied—naval	Louisiana	May 9, 1862.
Baton Rouge, operations about	Louisiana	July 27–Aug. 6, 1862.
Baton Rouge, near *	Louisiana	Mar. 3, 8, Apr. 15, May 3, July 29, 1864.
Baton Rouge, evacuated by Union troops.	Louisiana	Aug. 21, 1862.
Baton Rouge, statehouse burned	Louisiana	Dec. 28, 1862.
Baton Rouge, expedition from	Louisiana	June 7–9, 1862.
Baton Rouge, La., expedition from, to Brookhaven.	Mississippi	Nov. 14–21, 1864.
Baton Rouge, expedition from, to Clinton	Louisiana	Dec. 23–24, 1864.
Baton Rouge, expedition from, to Clinton, Greensburg, Osyka, and Camp Moore.	Louisiana	Oct. 5–9, 1864.
Baton Rouge, expedition from, to Davidsons Ford, near Clinton.	Louisiana	July 17–18, 1864.
Baton Rouge, expedition from, against Mobile and Ohio Railroad.	Louisiana	Nov. 27–Dec. 13, 1864.
Baton Rouge, La., expedition from, to Vicksburg.	Mississippi	June 20–July 24, 1862.
Baton Rouge, Greenwell Springs *	Louisiana	Sept. 19, 1863.
Battery Gregg, Morris Island, expedition against.	South Carolina	Sept. 4–6, 1863.
Batteries Gregg and Wagner (Morris Island), evacuated by Confederates.	South Carolina	Sept. 6–7, 1863.
Batteries Huger and Tracy, bombardment and capture of.	Alabama	Apr. 9–11, 1865.
Battery Cheves, James Island, explosion.	South Carolina	Sept. 15, 1863.
Battery Island, near	South Carolina	May 21, 1862.
Battery Island	South Carolina	Sept. 7, 1863.
Battery Pringle, naval	South Carolina	Jan. 28, 1865.
Battery Pringle	South Carolina	July 4–9, 1864.
Battery Simkins, attack on	South Carolina	Feb. 11, 1865.
Battery Simkins, attack on	South Carolina	July 3, 10, 1864.
Battery Wagner, Morris Island (see Batteries Gregg).	South Carolina	July 11, 18–Sept. 7, 1863.
Battle Creek	Tennessee	June 21, July 5, 1862.
Battle Creek, Fort McCook	Tennessee	Aug. 27, 1862.
Battle Mountain, near Newby's Cross roads.*	Virginia	July 24, 1863.
Baxter Springs	Kansas	Oct. 6, 1863.
Baxter Springs *	Kansas	Aug. 1, 1864.
Bayou Alabama *	Louisiana	Sept. 20, 1864.
Bayou Barnard, near Fort Gibson	Indian Territory	July 27, 1862.
Bayou Black *	Louisiana	May 4, 1865.
Bayou Bœuf Crossing, capture of Union forces.	Louisiana	June 24, 1863.
Bayou Bœuf *	Louisiana	May 7, 1864.
Bayou Bonfouca	Louisiana	Nov. 21, 1862.
Bayou Bonfouca, expedition from Fort Pike to.*	Louisiana	Jan. 31, 1865.
Bayou Bourbeau, near Grand Coteau	Louisiana	Nov. 2, * 3, 1863.
Bayou Cache	Arkansas	July 6, 1862.
Bayou Caney, mouth of	Texas	Jan. 8–9, Feb. 7, 1864.
Bayou Cedar	Texas	Nov. 23, 1863.
Bayou Courtableau *	Louisiana	May 22, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Bayou De Glaize	Louisiana	May 17, 1864.
Bayou De Glaize, Norwoods plantation, Old Oaks, Yellow Bayou, Simsport.	Louisiana	May 18, 1864.
Bayou De Large*	Louisiana	May 27, 1865.
Bayou De Paul (Carrolls Mills), near Pleasant Hill.*	Louisiana	Apr. 8, 1864.
Bayou des Allemands	Louisiana	June 20,* 22,* Sept. 4, 5, 1862.
Bayou Des Arc	Arkansas	July 14, 1864.
Bayou De View	Arkansas	July 7, 1862.
Bayou Fordoche Road*	Louisiana	May 29, 1864.
Bayou Fourche	Arkansas	Sept. 10, 1863.
Bayou Goula, raid on	Louisiana	June 19, 1863.
Bayou Goula, near and at*	Louisiana	Jan. 24, May 9, 1865.
Bayou Grand	Florida	Jan. 25, Aug. 7, 1864.
Bayou Grand*	Louisiana	Apr. 4, 1865.
Bayou Grand Caillou	Louisiana	Nov. 23, 1864.
Bayou Lamourie*	Louisiana	May 6, 7, 12, 1864.
Bayou Liddell*	Louisiana	Oct. 15, 1864.
Bayou Macon*	Louisiana	May 10, Aug. 24, 1863.
Bayou Macon expedition to (see Goodrichs Landing).	Louisiana	
Bayou Macon, expedition to (see Vicksburg).	Mississippi	
Bayou Manchac, expedition to	Louisiana	Oct. 2–8, 1864.
Bayou Maringouin, near*	Louisiana	Sept. 13, 16, 1864.
Bayou Meto, near*	Arkansas	Aug. 26, 1863.
Bayou Meto (see Shallow Ford)	Arkansas	
Bayou Meto, near and at*	Arkansas	Feb. 17, 24, 1865.
Bayou Meto (see Voche's, Mrs.)	Arkansas	
Bayou Meto Bridge, near*	Arkansas	Sept. 23, 1863.
Bayou Meto, or Reeds Bridge	Arkansas	Aug. 27, 1863.
Bayou Pierre*	Louisiana	May 2–3, 1864.
Bayou Pierre (see South Fork)	Mississippi	
Bayou Pigeon, expedition to	Louisiana	Sept. 7–11, 1864.
Bayou Portage, Grand Lake	Louisiana	Nov. 23, 1863.
Bayou Rapides*	Louisiana	Mar. 20, 1864.
Bayou Rapides Bridge, near McNutts Hill.*	Louisiana	Apr. 26, 1864.
Bayous Redwood and Olive Branch, near Baton Rouge.*	Louisiana	May 3, 1864.
Bayou Robert	Louisiana	May 8, 1864.
Bayou Saline*	Louisiana	Apr. 14, 1864.
Bayou Sara	Louisiana	Aug. 10, 23, 1862.
Bayou Sara, near*	Louisiana	Nov. 9, 1863.
Bayou Sara, at and near*	Louisiana	Oct. 4, 9, 10, 1864.
Bay Port, naval	Florida	Apr. 4, 1863.
Bay St. Louis*	Mississippi	Nov. 17, 1863.
Bay Springs, Jacinto, near	Mississippi	Aug. 4–7, 1862.
Bay Springs*	Mississippi	Oct. 26, 1863.
Bayou Taylors, naval	Texas	Sept. 27, Oct. 15, 1862.
Bayou Teche*	Louisiana	Mar. 21, 1865.
Bayou Teche, naval destruction of Confederate gunboat Cotton.	Louisiana	Jan. 14, 1863.
Bayou Teche	Louisiana	Apr. 12–13, 1863.
Bayou Teche, naval	Louisiana	July 26, 1863.
Bayou Teche*	Louisiana	Oct. 3, 1863.
Bayou Teche (see Louisiana Bell)	Louisiana	

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Bayou Tensas*	Louisiana	Aug. 10, 1863.
Bayou Tensas, near and at*	Louisiana	July 30, Aug, 26, 1864.
Bayou Tensas, near Lake Providence*	Louisiana	May 8, 10, 1863.
Bayou Tunica, or Tunica Bend, naval	Louisiana	June 15–16, 1864.
Bayou Tunica, or Tunica Bend	Louisiana	Apr. 22, 1864.
Bayou Tunica, or Tunica Bend*	Louisiana	Nov. 8, 1863.
Bayou Vermillion*	Louisiana	Apr. 17, 1863.
Bayou Vermillion	Louisiana	Oct. 9–10, Nov. 11, 25, 30, 1863.
Bayou Vidal, near Dunbars Plantation*	Louisiana	Apr. 7, 15, 1863.
Bayou Yellow (see Yellow Bayou)	Louisiana	
Beach Fork*	Kentucky	Oct. 6, 1862.
Bealer's Ferry, Little Red River*	Arkansas	June 6, 1864.
Bealeton, between Luray*	Virginia	Dec. 21–23, 1863.
Bealeton, near and at*	Virginia	Oct. 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 1863.
Bealeton Station (O. & A. R. R.)	Virginia	Mar. 28, 1862.
Bealeton Station*	Virginia	Mar. 17, 1863.
Bean's Station, at and near*	Tennessee	Dec. 9–13, 15, 18, 1863.
Bean's Station	Tennessee	Dec. 14, 1863.
Beans Station*	Tennessee	June 14, 1864.
Bear Creek, near Canton	Mississippi	June 22, July 17,* 1863.
Bear Creek, Johnson County*	Missouri	Feb. 5, 1863.
Bear Creek, at and near*	Tennessee	Mar. 3, Oct. 3, 1863.
Bear Creek Station*	Georgia	Nov. 16, 1864.
Bear Quarter Road (see Ballahock)	Virginia	
Beardstown*	Tennessee	Sept. 27, 1864.
Bear River	Utah	Jan. 29, 1863.
Bear Skin Lake*	Missouri	Sept. 7, 1863.
Bear Wallow*	Kentucky	Sept. 19, Dec. 25, 1862.
Beatties Prairie (see Old Fort Wayne)	Arkansas	
Beattys Mill, near*	Arkansas	Sept. 1, 1864.
Beaufort and Pocotaligo, between*	South Carolina	Jan. 14, 1865.
Beaufort (see George Washington, steamer)	South Carolina	
Beaumont, destruction of railroad depot, near.	Texas	Oct. 2, 1862.
Beauregard Battery, occupied by United States Navy.	South Carolina	Feb. 18, 1865.
Beauregard Fort, captured by United States Navy.	South Carolina	Nov. 7, 1861.
Beaver Creek, or Benevola*	Maryland	July 9, 1863.
Beaver Creek*	Missouri	Nov. 24, 1862.
Beaver Creek*	North Carolina	Apr. 17, 1864.
Beaver Dam Church	Virginia	Dec. 1, 1862.
Beaver Dam Creek, Mechanicsville or Ellison's Mills.	Virginia	May 23–24, June 26, 1862.
Beaver Dam Station	Virginia	Feb. 29,* May 9–10, 1864.
Beaver Dam Station*	Virginia	Mar. 13, 1865.
Beaver, Forks of*	Kentucky	Mar. 31, 1864.
Beaver Pond Creek (see Tabernacle Church).	Virginia	
Beaver Station, Fort Lawrence*	Missouri	Jan. 6, 1863.
Bee Creek	Missouri	May 2, 1864.
Beech Creek, near Statesburg*	South Carolina	Apr. 19, 1865.
Beech Creek	West Virginia	Aug. 6, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Beech Fork, Calhoun County*	West Virginia	Sept. 8, 1863.
Beech Grove*	Tennessee	June 26, 1863.
Beech Grove (see Mill Springs)	Kentucky	
Beech Grove	North Carolina	Feb. 2, 1864.
Beersheba Springs, at and near*	Tennessee	Mar. 18, 19, 1864.
Belington, or Laurel Hill	West Virginia	July 7–12, 1861.
Bell Grove (see Cedar Creek)	Virginia	
Belle Prairie, or Smiths Plantation (Mansura).	Louisiana	May 16, 1864.
Bellers Mill, near Harpers Ferry	West Virginia	Sept. 2, 1861.
Bell Mines*	Kentucky	July 13, 1864.
Bell Springs (see Eel River)	California	
Bell, St. Louis steamer (see Fort Randolph).		
Bell's Mills	Tennessee	Dec. 4, 6, 1864.
Belmont	Missouri	Nov. 7, 1861.
Belmont, Hunter's Farm*	Missouri	Sept. 26, 1861.
Belmont, at and near	Tennessee	Mar. 18*, 29, 1863.
Belmont*	Mississippi	June 18, 1863.
Benevola, or Beaver Creek*	Maryland	July 9, 1863.
Bennett's Bayou*	Arkansas	Mar. 2, 1864.
Bennett's Bayou, operations near	Arkansas	Feb. 16–18, 1865.
Bennett's Bayou*	Missouri	Aug. 23, 1863.
Bennett's House, near Durham Station, surrender of Gen. Joseph E. Johnston's army to Gen. Wm. T. Sherman.	North Carolina	Apr. 26, 1865.
Bennights Mills	Missouri	Sept. 1, 1861.
Benn's Church, near*	Virginia	Feb. 1, 1864.
Benson's Bridge, near	Kentucky	June 10, 1864.
Bent Creek*	Tennessee	Mar. 14, 1864.
Benton*	Alabama	Apr. 10, 1865.
Benton, near*	Arkansas	Dec. 1, 1863.
Benton, near and at*	Arkansas	July 6, 25, Aug. 18, 1864.
Benton, near*	Mississippi	Sept. 29, 1863.
Benton*	Mississippi	May 7, 9, 1864.
Benton County*	Arkansas	Oct. 20, 1864.
Benton and Washington counties, expedition in.	Arkansas	Aug. 21–27, 1864.
Benton Road*	Arkansas	Mar. 24, 1864.
Benton Road, near Little Rock*	Arkansas	July 19, 1864.
Benton Road, near Little Rock*	Arkansas	Jan. 22, 1865.
Benton's Cross-Roads, near*	North Carolina	Mar. 18, 1865.
Benton's Ferry, near, on Amite River*	Louisiana	July 25, 1864.
Bentonville	Arkansas	Feb. 18, 1862.
Bentonville*	Arkansas	May 22, Aug. 15, Sept. 4–5, 1863.
Bentonville*	Arkansas	Jan. 1, 1865.
Bentonville*	Missouri	May 22, 1863.
Bentonville	North Carolina	Mar. 18, 1865.
Bentonville	North Carolina	Mar. 19–21, 1865.
Bentonville, near*	Virginia	Oct. 14, 1863.
Berhamsville (see Elthams Landing)	Virginia	
Berlin*	Maryland	Sept. 18, 29, 1861.
Berlin*	Maryland	Sept. 4–5, 1862.
Berlin*	Ohio	July 17, 1863.
Bermuda Hundred front	Virginia	June 16, 17, 1864.
Bermuda Hundred, operations in front of.	Virginia	May 17–June 2, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles with dates of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Bermuda Hundred, expedition from, to Fearnsville and Smithfield.	Virginia	Feb. 11–15, 1865.
Bernard's Mills, expedition from, to Murfrees Station.	Virginia	Oct. 15–17, 1864.
Berry County*	Tennessee	Apr. 27, 1864.
Berry's Ferry, at and near*	Virginia	May 16, July 20, 1863.
Berry's Ford Gap	Virginia	Nov. 1, 1862.
Berry's Ford	Virginia	July 19, 1864.
Berryville	Virginia	May 24, Nov. 29, Dec. 2, 1862.
Berryville*	Virginia	June 6, 13, 14, Oct. 17, 1863.
Berryville, on road to*	Virginia	Oct. 18, 1863.
Berryville (see Opequan Creek)	Virginia	July 22, Aug. 13, 19–20, 21, Sept. 3–4, 13, 14, 1864.
Berryville and Winchester Pike*	Virginia	Aug. 19, 1864.
Best's Station	North Carolina	Apr. 13, 1865.
Bertrand, near*	Missouri	Dec. 11, 1861.
Berwick*	Louisiana	June 1, 1863.
Berwick, naval	Louisiana	Apr. 18, 1863.
Berwick	Louisiana	Apr. 26,* May 1, 1864.
Berwick Bay	Louisiana	Nov. 1–6, 1862.
Berwick Bay, steamer, capture of, by Queen of the West.		Feb. 3, 1863.
Berwick Bay	Louisiana	June 23, 1863.
Bethel Church (Great Bethel)	Virginia	June 10, 1861.
Bethel Place	Louisiana	Apr. 12, 13, 1863.
Bethel Station, near	Tennessee	Apr. 29, 1862.
Bethesda Church	Virginia	May 31, June 1–3, 1864.
Bethpage Bridge, Elk River*	Tennessee	July 1, 1863.
Bethsaida Church	Virginia	Oct. 10, 1863.
Beulah, near*	North Carolina	Apr. 11, 1865.
Beverly*	West Virginia	Apr. 24, 1863.
Beverly	West Virginia	Oct. 29, 1864.
Beverly, Union forces captured at	West Virginia	Jan. 11, 1865..
Beverly Ford, or Cunningham's Ford, Rappahannock River.	Virginia	Aug. 21*, 23, 1862.
Beverly Ford (Fleetwood and Brandy Station).	Virginia	June 9, Aug. 15*, 1863.
Big Bar, near, on Trinity River*	California	Nov. 13, 14, 1863.
Big Bethel (see Great Bethel)	Virginia	
Big Bethel (see Camp Hamilton)	Virginia	
Big Bend	West Virginia	June 4, 7, 1862.
Big Bend of Eel River*	California	Apr. 28, 1864.
Big Birch	West Virginia	Oct. 6, 1862.
Big Black River*	Mississippi	May 3, June 18, 22, 29–30, July 1, 3–4, 1863.
Big Black River (see Baldwyns Ferry)	Mississippi	
Big Black River Bridge	Mississippi	May 17, Aug. 12*, 1863.
Big Black River Bridge*	Mississippi	Nov. 27, 1864.
Big Black Creek, near Cheraw*	South Carolina	Mar. 3, 1865.
Big Blue, or Byram's Ford	Missouri	Oct. 22, 1864.
Big Blue	Missouri	Oct. 23, 1864.
Big Bushes, near Smoky Hill	Kansas	May 16, 1864.
Big Cacapon Bridge*	West Virginia	July 6, 1864.
Big Cove Valley*	Alabama	June 27, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Big Creek*	Missouri	Mar. 9, Sept. 9, 1862.
Big Creek*	Missouri	July 28, 1864.
Big Creek (see Wallace's Ferry)	Arkansas	
Big Creek Bluff's*	Missouri	July 11, 1862.
Big Creek Gap	Kentucky	June 11–13, 1862.
Big Creek Gap	Tennessee	Mar. 14, June 11–12, 15, 1862.
Big Creek, near Pleasant Hill*	Missouri	May 15, Aug. 22, 1863.
Big Creek, near Rogersville*	Tennessee	Dec. 12, 1864.
Big Flat*	California	May, 28, 1864.
Big Hill	Kentucky	Aug. 23, Oct. 18*, 1862.
Big Gravois, near mouth of*	Missouri	Apr. 22, 1865.
Big Hatchie, Hatchie (or Davis') Bridge, or Metamora.	Tennessee	Oct. 5, 1862.
Big Hill	Tennessee	Oct. 5, 1862.
Big Hill and Richmond, between*	Kentucky	Aug. 29, 1862.
Big Hurricane Creek	Missouri	Oct. 19, 1861.
Big Indian Creek*	Arkansas	May 27, 1862.
Big Mound	Dakota	July 24, 1863.
Big North Fork Creek, near Preston	Missouri	June 16, 1864.
Big Pigeon River*	Kentucky	Nov. 5–6, 1864.
Big Piney, or Mountain Store	Missouri	July 25, 26, 1862.
Big Piney, on the, near Houston*	Missouri	Nov. 25, 1863.
Big Piney, near Waynesville*	Missouri	Nov. 1, Dec. 2, 1864.
Big River	Missouri	Oct. 7, 1864.
Big Rockcastle Creek*	Kentucky	Oct. 16, 1862.
Big Run (see Piggott's Mills)	West Virginia	
Big Sandy Creek*	Mississippi	May 5, 8, 9, 1863.
Big Sandy River (see Barnum and Fawn, Union steamers).	West Virginia	
Big Shanty, near and at*	Georgia	June 9, Oct. 3, 1864.
Big Sewell*	West Virginia	Dec. 8, 11, 1863.
Big Springs, expedition to	Missouri	Sept. 7, 1861.
Big Springs Branch*	Tennessee	June 24, 1863.
Big Springs, near Tazewell*	Tennessee	Jan. 19, 1864.
Big Swift Creek*	North Carolina	Apr. 19, 1863.
Big Warrior River, East Branch of*	Alabama	May 1, 1863.
Binnakers Bridge, South Edisto River*	South Carolina	Feb. 9, 1865.
Birch Coolie, or Acton (Indians)	Minnesota	Sept. 2, 1862.
Birch Island Bridge*	Virginia	May 6, 1864.
Bird Creek, High School, or Chusto-Talasah.	Indian Territory	Dec. 9, 1861.
Bird Point, expedition to Charleston	Missouri	Oct. 2, 1861.
Birds Point, or Charleston*	Missouri	Aug. 19, 1861.
Birds Point, Underwood's farm*	Missouri	Oct. 14, 1861.
Birdsong Ferry, Big Black River*	Mississippi	June 12, 18, 22, July 5, 1863.
Birmingham*	Mississippi	Apr. 24, 1863.
Bishops Creek, near	California	Apr. 9, 1862.
Black Bayou*	Mississippi	Mar. 24, 25, 1863.
Black Bayou, expedition*	Mississippi	Apr. 8–10, 1863.
Black Bayou*	Louisiana	Mar. 19, 1864.
Black Bayou*	Louisiana	May 4, 1865.
Blackburn*	Mississippi	June 3, 1862.
Blackburn's Ford, Bull Run	Virginia	July 18, 1861.
Blackburn's Ford*	Virginia	Oct. 15, 1863.
Black Creek, near Gadsden*	Alabama	May 2, 1863.
Black Creek, or Tunstalls Station*	Virginia	June 21, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Black Creek *	North Carolina	Mar. 22, 1865.
Black Creek (see Whiteside)	Florida	
Blackfords, Botelers, or Shepardstown Ford.	West Virginia	Sept. 19, 1862.
Black Fork Hills	Missouri	July 4, 1863.
Black Jack Church, near *	North Carolina	Mar. 26, 1864.
Blackland *	Mississippi	June 3, 7, 28, 1862.
Blackland	Mississippi	May 5, 1863.
Black River *	Missouri	Sept. 12, 1861.
Black River (see Strother Fork)	Missouri	
Black River	South Carolina	Aug. 13, 1862.
Black River	Louisiana	May 5, 1863.
Black River, operations on	Virginia	July 24, 1861.
Black River Road	Virginia	July 19, 1861.
Black Run *	Missouri	July 8, 1862.
Black's Mill *	Arkansas	Feb. 17, 1864.
Blacksburg *	Virginia	May 11, 1864.
Blackville *	South Carolina	Feb. 7, 1865.
Black Water *	Missouri	Mar. 29, Apr. 16, 1862.
Black Water	Missouri	Oct. 12, 1863.
Blackwater	Virginia	Sept. 28, Oct. 24, 29, 1862.
Blackwater *	Virginia	Oct. 16, 1864.
Blackwater Bridge	Virginia	Nov. 14, 1862.
Blackwater and Chapel Hill, expedition	Missouri	July 6–9, 1862.
Black Water Creek, Shawnee Mound, or Milford.	Missouri	Dec. 18, 1861.
Blackwater, on the, near Columbus	Missouri	July 23, 1862.
Blackwater, near Longwood *	Missouri	May 20, 1865.
Blackwater, near Franklin	Virginia	Oct. 3, 1862.
Blackwater River, near Franklin	Virginia	Dec. 2, 1862.
Blackwater River	Virginia	May 6, 1864.
Blackwater River *	Missouri	July 27, 1864.
Blackwater River *	Kentucky	Mar. 29, 1865.
Blackwell's Station *	Missouri	Oct. 15, 1861.
Blains Cross Roads, near *	Tennessee	Dec. 16–19, 1863.
Blairs or Pleasant Hill Landing	Louisiana	Apr. 12–13, 1864.
Blake's Farm—Cotton Hill *	West Virginia	Nov. 10–11, 1861.
Blakely, near *	Alabama	Apr. 1, 1865.
Blakenys, near *	South Carolina	Mar. 3, 1865.
Blue Earth River, near	Minnesota	May 2, 1865.
Blicks Station (see Weldon Railroad)	Virginia	
Block House No. 7	Tennessee	Dec. 4, 1864.
Block House (see Carters Creek)	Tennessee	
Bloods, Cox's Hill, or Insane Asylum	Tennessee	Jan. 3, 1863.
Bloomery	West Virginia	Feb. 14, 1862.
Bloomery	West Virginia	Mar. 28, 1864.
Bloomfield *	Kentucky	Oct. 18, 1862.
Bloomfield *	Kentucky	Nov. 5, 1864.
Bloomfield, expedition to	Missouri	Jan. 15–17, 1862.
Bloomfield	Missouri	May 10,* July 29,* Aug. 24, 29, * Sept. 11, 1862.
Bloomfield	Missouri	Jan. 27, Apr. 20,* 30, May 12,* Nov. 29–30, 1863.
Bloomfield, near, and capture of, by Union forces.*	Missouri	Mar. 1–2, 1863.
Bloomfield, mutiny	Missouri	Oct. 22, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles with dates of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Bloomfield, near*	Missouri	Apr. 1, July 14, 1864.
Bloomfield, expedition from*	Missouri	Mar. 3–7, 1865.
Bloomington, on Hatchie River*	Tennessee	Feb. 27, 1863.
Bloomington, raid on Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.	West Virginia	May 5, 1864.
Blount County*	Tennessee	July 20, 1864.
Blount's Creek	North Carolina	Apr. 9, 1863.
Blount's Creek	North Carolina	Apr. 5, 1864.
Blount's Station	Alabama	May 2, 1863.
Blountsville*	Alabama	May 1, 1863.
Blue Bird Gap, near*	Georgia	Sept. 11, 1863.
Blue Creek	West Virginia	Sept. 1, 1861.
Blue Earth River, on the*	Minnesota	May 2, 1865.
Blue Gap	West Virginia	Sept. 23, 1861.
Blue Gap, or Hanging Rock	West Virginia	Oct. 2, 1862.
Blue Gap, Hanging Rock Pass, or Romney	West Virginia	Jan. 7, 1862.
Blue House	West Virginia	Aug. 26, 1861.
Blue Mills	Missouri	July 24, 1861.
Blue Mills Landing	Missouri	Sept. 17, 1861.
Blue Mountains, expedition to	Arkansas	June 19, 1862.
Blue Pond*	Alabama	Oct. 20, 1864.
Blue River, affair on	Missouri	May 21, 1864.
Blue's Bridge (see Love's Bridge)	North Carolina	
Blue Ridge Mountains (see Howard's Gap).	North Carolina	
Blue Springs, near Independence*	Missouri	Mar. 22, 1863.
Blue Springs*	Tennessee	Aug. 23, 1864.
Blue Springs, near	Tennessee	Oct. 5,* 10, 1863.
Blue Stone	West Virginia	Feb. 8, Aug. 13–14, 1862.
Blue Sulphur Road, near Meadow Bluff*	West Virginia	Dec. 14, 1863.
Bluffton, operations near	South Carolina	Mar. 20, 24, 1862.
Bluff Springs (see Canoe Creek)	Florida	
Blythe's Ferry, Tennessee River*	Tennessee	Nov. 13, 1863.
Bob's Creek*	Missouri	Mar. 7, 1862.
Bobo's Cross Roads, near*	Tennessee	July 1, 1863.
Boca Chica Pass*	Texas	Oct. 14, 1864.
Boggs' Mills*	Arkansas	Jan. 24, 1865.
Boggy Depot, near*	Indian Territory	Apr. 24, 1865.
Bogue Chitts Creek	Mississippi	Oct. 17, 1863.
Bogue Sound Block-house*	North Carolina	Feb. 2, 1864.
Bohler's Rock, Rappahannock River, naval.	Virginia	Apr. 19, 1864.
Boiling Fork, near Winchester*	Tennessee	July 3, 1863.
Boiling Springs*	Tennessee	April 19–20, 1864.
Boles' Farm (see Florida)	Missouri	
Bolivar*	Alabama	Apr. 28, 1862.
Bolivar*	Mississippi	Aug. 25, 1862.
Bolivar, attack on Queen of the West	Mississippi	Sept. 19, 1862.
Bolivar	Missouri	Feb. 8, 1862.
Bolivar, near*	Mississippi	July 6, 1864.
Bolivar	Tennessee	Aug. 30, Sept. 21, Dec. 24, 1862.
Bolivar*	Tennessee	July 10, 1863.
Bolivar, near and at*	Tennessee	Mar. 29, May 2, 1864.
Bolivar Heights	West Virginia	Oct. 16, 1861.
Bolivar Heights	West Virginia	Sept. 13–14, 1862.
Bolivar Heights, near	West Virginia	July 14, 1863.
Bolivar Heights*	West Virginia	July 2, 1864.
Bollinger County*	Missouri	Jan. 14, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Bollinger's Mills	Missouri	July 28, 1862.
Bolton Depot*	Mississippi	July 8, 16, 1863.
Bolton Depot, near*	Mississippi	Feb. 4, 1864.
Bonnet Carré*	Louisiana	Oct. 19, 1862.
Bonnet Carré, expedition to Jackson Railroad and Amite River.	Louisiana	Mar. 7–27, 1863.
Boone Court-house	West Virginia	Sept. 1, 1861.
Boone County*	Missouri	Sept. 30, 1862.
Boone County*	Missouri	Sept. 7, 8, 1864.
Boone*	North Carolina	Mar. 28, Apr. 1, 1865.
Boonsborough	Arkansas	Nov. 7,* 28, 1862.
Boonsborough	Maryland	July 8, 1863.
Boonsborough, near and at	Maryland	Sept. 10, 15, 1862.
Boonesborough Gap, or South Mountain	Maryland	Sept. 14, 1862.
Boonville (see Missouri River)	Missouri	
Booneville	Missouri	June 17, Sept. 13, 1861.
Booneville, capture of	Mississippi	May 30, 1862.
Boonville	Mississippi	May 29, June 11, July 1, 1862.
Booneville, between Guntown and*	Mississippi	June 6, 1862.
Boonville*	Missouri	Oct. 11–12, 1863.
Boonville, at and near*	Missouri	Oct. 9, 11–12, 1864.
Boonville	North Carolina	Mar. 27, 1865.
Boonville*	North Carolina	Apr. 10, 1865.
Boonville	Kentucky	Apr. 14, 1864.
Booth, J. Wilkes (see Garretts Farm)	Virginia	
Booth's Run*	California	May 1, 1864.
Boston	Kentucky	Dec. 29, 1862.
Boston, draft riot	Massachusetts	July 13–16, 1863.
Boston Mountain*	Arkansas	Nov. 9, 1862.
Boston Mountains, or Cane Hill*	Arkansas	Nov. 28, 1862.
Boston Mountains, White Spring*	Arkansas	Jan. 2, 1863.
Boston, Union transport, destruction of, at Chapman's Fort, Ashepoo River.	South Carolina	May 26, 1864.
Boteler's Blackford's or Shepherdstown Ford.	West Virginia	Sept. 19, 1862.
Bottom's Bridge, Chickahominy River, operations about.	Virginia	May 20–23, June 25–29, 1862.
Bottom's Bridge*	Virginia	Feb. 6–8, 1864.
Boutte Station	Louisiana	Sept. 4, 5, 1862.
Bower's Mill, or Oregon*	Missouri	Oct. 4, 1863.
Bowling Green, occupied by Confederates.	Kentucky	Sept. 18, 1861.
Bowling Green, occupied by Union forces.	Kentucky	Sept. 15, 1862.
Bowling Green Road*	Kentucky	Sept. 17, 1862.
Bowling Green Road, near Fredericksburg.	Virginia	May 11, 1862.
Bowman's Place	West Virginia	June 29, July 15, 1861.
Box Ford*	Mississippi	Oct. 7, 1862.
Boyce's Bridge, Cotile Bayou*	Louisiana	May 14, 1863.
Boyce's Plantation*	Louisiana	May 6, 1864.
Boyd's Landing, near*	South Carolina	Nov. 29, 1864.
Boyd's Station, at and near*	Alabama	Mar. 10, 15–18, 1865.
Boydton Plank Road, or Hatcher's Run	Virginia	Oct. 27–28, 1864.
Boydton Road (see Hatchers Run)	Virginia	
Boydton Road (see Quaker)	Virginia	
Boydton Plank Road	Virginia	Oct. 8, 1864.
Boydton Roads Junction* (see Quaker Roads).	Virginia	

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Boydton and Quaker Roads	Virginia	Mar. 29, 1865.
Boykin's Mill*	South Carolina	Apr. 18, 1865.
Boynton's Prairie*	California	May 6, 1864.
Brackett's	Virginia	June 30, 1862.
Braddock's Farm, near Welaka	Florida	Feb. 5, 1865.
Bradford Springs*	South Carolina	Apr. 18, 1865.
Bradfordsville*	Kentucky	Feb. 8, 1865.
Bradyville, at and near*	Tennessee	Feb. 16. Mar. 1, June 24, 1863.
Bradyville Pike, near Murfreesboro*	Tennessee	Jan. 23, May 17, 1863.
Bragg's Farm, near Whaley's Mill*	Missouri	Sept. 13, 1862.
Branchville*	Arkansas	Jan. 19, Mar. 27, 1864.
Brandenburg*	Kentucky	July 9, Sept. 12, 1863.
Brandon	Mississippi	July 19, 1863.
Brandon*	Mississippi	Feb. 7, 1864.
Brandon, or Brander's Bridge*	Virginia	May 9, 1864.
Brandy Station*	Virginia	Aug. 20, 1862.
Brandy Station*	Virginia	Apr. 29, Aug. 4, 9, Sept. 8, 13, Oct. 11, 12, Nov. 8, 1863.
Brandy Station, or Fleetwood, Beverly Ford.	Virginia	June 9, Aug. 1, 1863.
Brandywine Hill, Potomac River, naval	Virginia	Dec. 4, 1862.
Brashear City*	Louisiana	June 21, 1863.
Brashear City, naval	Louisiana	Nov. 1, 1862.
Brashear City, capture of	Louisiana	June 23, 1863.
Brashear City, reoccupied by Union forces	Louisiana	July 22, 1863.
Brashear City, expedition from, to Belle River.	Louisiana	Oct. 22–24, 1864.
Brashear City, expedition from, to Bayne Portage.*	Louisiana	Nov. 17–19, 1864.
Brawley Forks*	Tennessee	Mar. 25, 1865.
Braxton Court House, Suttonville, capture of.	West Virginia	Dec. 29, 30, 1861.
Brazil Creek*	Indian Territory	Oct. 11, 1863.
Brazos Island, occupied by Union forces	Texas	Nov. 2, 1863.
Breckinridge, affair near	Missouri	June 9, 1864.
Breckinridge's advance into	East Tennessee	Nov. 4–17, 1864.
Brentsville	Virginia	Jan. 9, Oct. 14,* Nov. 26,* 29,* 1863.
Brentsville, near*	Virginia	Feb. 14, 1864.
Brentwood, at and near	Tennessee	Sept. 19–20, Dec. 9, 1862.
Brentwood	Tennessee	Mar. 25, 1863.
Brewers Lane*	Arkansas	Sept. 11, 1864.
Brices Cross-Road, or Tishomingo Creek, near Guntown.	Mississippi	June 10, 1864.
Bridge Creek, near Corinth*	Mississippi	May 27, 1862.
Bridgeport	Alabama	Apr. 23, 27, Aug. 27, 1862.
Bridgeport, West Bridge	Alabama	Apr. 29, 1862.
Bridgeport, near*	Alabama	July 29, 1863.
Bridgeport, near*	Mississippi	May 17, 1863.
Bridgeport*	West Virginia	Apr. 30, 1863.
Bridgewater*	Virginia	Oct. 2, 1864.
Brier Fork	Missouri	July 5, 1861.
Brimstone Creek*	Kentucky	Sept. 10, 1863.
Bristol	Tennessee	Dec. 14, 1864.
Bristol	Tennessee	Sept. 19, Oct. 15, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Bristoe campaign	Virginia	Oct. 10–17, 1863.
Bristoe Station, at and near	Virginia	Aug. 26, Oct. 24, 1862.
Bristoe Station, Kettle Run	Virginia	Aug. 27, 1862.
Bristoe Station	Virginia	Aug. 18,* Sept. 12,* 24,* Oct. 14, 18,* 1863.
Bristoe Station*	Virginia	Apr. 15, Feb. 1, Mar. 16, 1864.
Broad Run, near mouth of, Loudoun County.	Virginia	Apr. 1, 1863.
Broad Run (see Buckland Bridge)	Virginia	
Brocks Gap	Virginia	Oct. 6, 1864.
Brock Road	Virginia	Between May 5 and 7, 1864.
Brook Church, or Richmond Fortification.	Virginia	May 12, 1864.
Brookfield, expedition from, to Brunswick, Keytesville, and Salisbury.	Missouri	Nov. 16–25, 1864.
Brookhaven*	Mississippi	Apr. 29, July 18, 1863.
Brooks Mill*	Arkansas	Mar. 27, 1864.
Brook turnpike, near Richmond*	Virginia	Mar. 1, 1864.
Brooklyn, near*	Kansas	Aug. 21, 1863.
Brookville*	Kentucky	Sept. 28, 1862.
Brownsburg*	Virginia	June 10, 1864.
Brown's Ferry*	Virginia	Oct. 27, 1863.
Brown's Ferry, near Newport*	Virginia	May 12–13, 1864.
Brown's Gap*	Virginia	Sept. 26, 1864.
Brown's Hill	Kentucky	Oct. 7, 1862.
Brown's Plantation	Mississippi	Aug. 11, 1862.
Brown's Plantation*	Louisiana	May 11, 1865.
Brown's Springs*	Missouri	July 27, 1862.
Brownsville	Arkansas	Sept. 16, 1863.
Brownsville*	Arkansas	July 25, Aug. 25, Sept. 4, 12, 1863.
Brownsville, near*	Arkansas	July 13, 1864.
Brownsville, near Hay Station No. 3*	Arkansas	July 30, 1864.
Brownsville*	Kentucky	Nov. 20, 1861.
Brownsville*	Mississippi	Sept. 28, Oct. 15, 22, 1863.
Brownsville*	Mississippi	Mar. 3, 7–8, Sept. 28, 1864.
Brownsville*	Maryland	July 7, 1864.
Brownsville, occupied by Union forces	Texas	Nov. 6, 1863.
Brownsville	Tennessee	July 19, 1862.
Brownsville (see Hay Station No. 3)	Arkansas	
Brownsville, expedition from, to Cotton Plant.	Arkansas	Oct. 26–Nov. 2, 1864.
Brownsville, expedition from, to Des Arc.	Arkansas	Dec. 6, 1864.
Brownsville, expedition from, to Fairview	Arkansas	Nov. 28–Dec. 8, 1864.
Brownsville, expedition from, to Arkansas Post.	Arkansas	Dec. 7–13, 1864.
Broxton's Bridge (see Rivers and Broxtons Bridges).	South Carolina	
Brucetown, near*	Virginia	Sept. 7, 1864.
Bruinsburg, naval, opposite	Mississippi	Nov. 21, 1864.
Bruinsburg Landing	Mississippi	May 6, 1863.
Bruneau Valley, near	Idaho	Feb. 15, 1865.
Brunswick, occupied by United States naval force.	Georgia	Mar. 8, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Brunswick, near	Georgia	June 8, 1863.
Brunswick, attack on Union boat's crew	Georgia	Mar. 11, 1862.
Brunswick, near and at	Missouri	Sept. 6, Oct. 11,* 1864.
Brush Mountain	Georgia	June —, 1864.
Brushy Creek*	Kentucky	Apr. 7, 1864.
Bryan Court House, near*	Georgia	Dec. 8, 1864.
Bryants Plantation*	Florida	Oct. 21, 1864.
Buchanan*	Virginia	June 13, 1864.
Buck Creek*	Georgia	Dec. 7, 1864.
Buckhannon, or Middle Fork Bridge*	West Virginia	July 6–7, 1861.
Buckhannon, occupied by Union forces	West Virginia	June 30, 1861.
Buckhannon*	West Virginia	Aug. 30, 1862.
Buckhannon, at and near*	West Virginia	June 13, Sept. 27–28, 1864.
Buck Head*	Georgia	July 18, 1864.
Buck Head Church*	Georgia	Nov. 28, 1864.
Buck Head Creek, or Reynolds Plantation	Georgia	Nov. 28, 1864.
Buck Head Creek*	Georgia	Dec. 2, 1864.
Buck Head Station*	Georgia	Nov. 19, 1864.
Buck Horn*	Arkansas	May 25, 1864.
Buck's Ferry, expedition to, from Natchez	Mississippi	Sept. 19–21, 1864.
Buckingham	South Carolina	Between Mar. 20 and 24, 1862.
Buckland Bridge (Broad Run)*	Virginia	Aug. 27, 1862.
Buckland Mills	Virginia	Oct. 19, 1863.
Buckskull*	Arkansas	Nov. 20, 1864.
Buckthorn Tavern, near New Market	Alabama	Oct. 12, 1863.
Buckton*	Virginia	July 3, 1864.
Buckton Station*	Virginia	May 23, 1862.
Budd's Ferry, near	Maryland	Oct. 28, 1861.
Buell's Ford*	Tennessee	Sept. 28, 1863.
Buena Vista, Donaldsonville, naval	Louisiana	July 7, 1863.
Buffalo, Expedition from Point Pleasant	West Virginia	Sept. 26–27, 1862.
Buffalo City, near*	Arkansas	Mar. 1, 1864.
Buffalo Creek*	Missouri	Aug. 7, 1864.
Buffalo Mountains*	Arkansas	Oct. 24, 1863.
Buffalo Mountains (see Camp Alleghany).	West Virginia	
Buffalo River*	Arkansas	Dec. 25, 1863.
Buffington Island, Ohio River, near	Ohio	July 19, 1863.
Buford's Bridge*	South Carolina	Feb. 4, 1865.
Buford's Gap	Virginia	June 20, 1864.
Bugbee Bridge, near*	South Carolina	Feb. 9–11, 1864.
Bull Bayou*	Arkansas	Aug. 7, 1864.
Bull Creek, Christian County*	Missouri	Mar. 28, 1865.
Bull Island	South Carolina	Jan. 31, 1863.
Bullitt's Bayou*	Louisiana	Aug. 25, Sept. 14, 1864.
Bull's Gap, near and at	Tennessee	Mar. 15, Oct. 16,* Nov. 11–13, 1864.
Bull Pasture Mountain	Virginia	May 8, 1862.
Bull Run*	Virginia	Oct. 15, 1863.
Bull Run, or Manassas, campaign	Virginia	July 16–22, 1861.
Bull Run, or *Manassas*	Virginia	July 21, 1861.
Bull Run Bridge	Virginia	Aug. 26,* 27, 1862.
Bull Run, Groveton Heights, or second Manassas.	Virginia	Aug. 30, 1862.
Bulltown*	West Virginia	Oct. 13, 1863.
Bulltown*	West Virginia	May 3, Aug. 20, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Bunker Hill, near*	West Virginia	July 15, 1861.
Bunker Hill	West Virginia	Mar. 5, Sept. 4, 1862.
Bunker Hill*	West Virginia	June 13, 1863.
Bunker Hill	West Virginia	Jan. 1,* July 19,* 25,* Sept. 2, 3, 13,* 1864.
Burden's Causeway, John's Island	South Carolina	July 9, 1864.
Burkeville and Petersburg, expedition from, to Danville and South Boston.	Virginia	Apr. 23–29, 1865.
Burke's Station	Virginia	Dec. 4, 1861.
Burke's Station, affair at	Virginia	Aug. 7, 1863.
Burke's Station, near*	Virginia	Apr. 10, 1865.
Burkesville*	Kentucky	Nov. 8, 1862.
Burkesville road, near Green's Chapel*	Kentucky	Dec. 25, 1862.
Burlington	West Virginia	Sept. 1, 1861.
Burlington*	West Virginia	Aug. 4, Oct. 13, 1863.
Burlington, near*	West Virginia	Apr. 6–7, 26, Nov. 16, 1863.
Burnside's second campaign, or mud march.	Virginia	Jan. 20–24, 1863.
Burnsville*	Mississippi	Sept. 14, 1862.
Burnsville*	Mississippi	Jan. 3, June 11, 1863.
Burnsville*	Alabama	June 11, 1863.
Burnt Bridge, near Humboldt	Tennessee	Sept. 5, 1862.
Burnt Chimneys, Dam No. 1, or Lee's Mill.	Virginia	Apr. 16, 1862.
Burnt Cross-Roads*	Kentucky	Oct. 6, 1862.
Burnt Hickory, or Huntsville*	Georgia	May 24, 1864.
Burnt Ordinary	Virginia	Jan. 19, 1863.
Burrowsville, near*	Arkansas	June 23, 1864.
Burton's Ford*	Virginia	Mar. 1, 1864.
Bushby Knob	Tennessee	Nov. 23, 1863.
Bush Creek*	Missouri	May 26, 1863.
Bush's Ford (see Batesville)	Arkansas	
Bush Mountain (see Marietta)	Georgia	
Bushy Creek*	Kentucky	Apr. 7, 1864.
Bushy Swamp*	North Carolina	Mar. 18, 1865.
Butcher's Bridge	North Carolina	Dec. 12, 1864.
Butler*	Missouri	Nov. 20, 1861.
Butler Island Mound, or Osage	Missouri	May 15, Oct. 29, 1862.
Butler's Mill*	Tennessee	June 30, 1863.
Butte-a-la-rose, capture of, by Union fleet.	Louisiana	Apr. 20, 1863.
Buzzard Roost*	Georgia	Feb. 24–25, 1864.
Buzzard Roost*	Georgia	Apr. 22, 1865.
Buzzard Roost Gap*	Georgia	Oct. 13–14, 1864.
Buzzard's Roost, Mill Creek Gap, or Dug Gap (see Rocky Face Ridge).	Georgia	Between May 8 and 11, 1864.
Byram's Ford (see Big Blue)	Missouri	
Byhalia	Mississippi	Feb. 11, Oct. 12,* 1863.
Byhalia, Miss., road south of Collierville.*	Tennessee	July 2, 1864.
Cabin Creek	Indian Territory	July 1,* 2*, 20, 1863.
Cabin Creek, near Pryor's Creek	Indian Territory	Sept. 19, 1864.
Cabin Point*	Virginia	Aug. 5, 1864.
Cacapon Mountain*	West Virginia	Aug. 6, 1863.
Cacapon Bridge, Great*	West Virginia	Jan. 4, 1862.
Cache River*	Arkansas	July 7, 1862.
Cache River Bridge*	Arkansas	May 28, 1862.
Cache River (see Cotton Plant)	Arkansas	
Cache Valley*	California	Nov. 23, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Cackleytown, near*	West Virginia	Nov. 4, 1863.
Caddo Gap*	Arkansas	Nov. 11, 1863.
Caddo Gap*	Arkansas	Jan. 26, Feb. 12, 16, 1864.
Caddo Mill*	Arkansas	Dec. 14, 1863.
Cahawba River (see Ferys' Landing)	Alabama	
Cainsville, near*	Tennessee	Feb 15, 1863.
Cairo Station	West Virginia	May 7, 1863.
Calcasieu Pass, operations in	Louisiana	May 6, 10, 1864.
Caledonia*	Louisiana	May 10, 1863.
Caledonia*	Missouri	Sept. 12, 28, 1864.
Caledonia Iron Works, or Steven's Furnace.*	Pennsylvania	July 5, 1863.
Calhoun*	Kentucky	Nov. 25, 1862.
Calhoun Station (see Bayou de Glaize)	Louisiana	
Calhoun	Tennessee	Sept. 18,* 25*–26, Dec. 28, 1863.
Calhoun, near*	Georgia	May 16, 1864.
Calhoun*	Georgia	June 10, 1864.
Calhoun, raid on	Missouri	June 12, 1864.
Calhoun County, Beech Fork*	West Virginia	Sept. 8, 1863.
Calico Rock*	Arkansas	May 26, 1862.
California House, Waynesville*	Missouri	Aug. 29, Oct. 18, 1862.
California House*	Missouri	Feb. 12. 1864.
California*	Missouri	Oct. 9, 1864.
Calfkiller Creek, near Sparta*	Tennessee	Aug. 17, 1863.
Calfkiller Creek*	Tennessee	Feb. 22–Mar. 11, 1864.
Callaghan's Station	Virginia	May 4, 1864.
Camargo Cross-Roads	Mississippi	July 13, 1864.
Cambridge*	Missouri	Sept. 26, 1862.
Camden Court-House, near	North Carolina	Oct. 17, 1863.
Camden, expedition	Arkansas	Mar. 23–May 3, 1864.
Camden, at and near*	Arkansas	Apr. 15, 16–18, 20, 23, 24, 1864.
Camden, at and near*	South Carolina	Feb. 22, 23, 24, 1865.
Camden-Monticello, vicinity of	Arkansas	Between Jan. 26–31, 1865.
Camden, Union forces occupy	South Carolina	Feb. 25, 1865.
Camden Point	Missouri	July 13, 1864.
Camden Point and Union Mills*	Missouri	July 22, 1864.
Campbellton, near and at	Georgia	July 28,* Sept. 10, 1864.
Campbellsville	Tennessee	Nov. 24, 1864.
Campbell's Station	Tennessee	Nov. 16, 1863.
Campti*	Louisiana	Mar. 26, Apr. 4, 1864.
Camp Alleghany, Buffalo Mountain	West Virginia	Dec. 13, 1861.
Camp Averell, near Winchester, expedition from into Loudoun County.	Virginia	Feb. 18–19, 1865.
Camp Cooper, capture by Union forces	Florida	Feb. 10, 1864.
Camp Creek, Stone River	West Virginia	May 1, 1862.
Camp Creek*	Georgia	Aug. 18, Sept. 30, 1864.
Camp Dennison*	Ohio	July 14, 1863.
Camp Davies*	Mississippi	Nov. 22, 1863.
Camp Finegan, near*	Florida	Feb. 8, May 25, 1864.
Camp Garnett (see Rich Mountain)	West Virginia	
Camp Goggin, near*	Kentucky	Dec. 1–2, 1861.
Camp Gonzales*	Florida	July 22, 1864.
Camp Hamilton, reconnoissance from Big Bethel.	Virginia	Jan. 3, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Camp Hubbard, Thibodeauz mutiny	Louisiana	Aug. 29–30, 1863.
Camp Jackson	Tennessee	Mar. 24, 1863.
Camp Joe Underwood	Kentucky	Oct. 24, 1861.
Camp Lincoln, expedition to Harney Valley.*		Mar. 24–Apr. 16, 1864.
Camp Lyon, Indian Territory, expedition to Malheur River.*	Oregon	July 2–13, 1865.
Camp McDonald	West Virginia	May 6, 1862.
Camp Milton, capture of by Union forces	Florida	June 2, 1864.
Camp Mimbres*	New Mexico	Feb. 29, 1864.
Camp Pratt*	Louisiana	Nov. 20, 25, 1863.
Camp Robledo, operation from	New Mexico	Sept. 30–Oct. 7, 1861.
Camp Russell, near Winchester, expedition from to Edenburg and Little Fort Valley.	Virginia	Feb. 13–17, 1865.
Camp Sheldon, near	Mississippi	Feb. 8, 10, 1863.
Camp Vance, capture of	North Carolina	June 28, 1864.
Camp Wildcat	Kentucky	Oct. 21, 1861.
Camp Wildcat	Kentucky	Oct. 17, 1862.
Canada Alamosa	New Mexico	Sept. 25, 1861.
Cane Creek*	Alabama	Oct. 20, 1863.
Cane Hill, near*	Arkansas	Nov. 25, Dec. 20, 1862.
Cane Hill*	Arkansas	Jan. 2, 1863.
Cane Hill*	Arkansas	Nov. 6, 1864.
Cane Hill, about	Arkansas	Dec. 4–6, 1862.
Cane Hill, or Boston Mountain	Arkansas	Nov. 28, 1862.
Cane Hill and Fayetteville, between	Arkansas	Nov. 9, 1862.
Cane and Red River, junction of	Louisiana	Apr. 26–27, 1864.
Cane River Crossing, or Monett's Ferry	Louisiana	Apr. 23, 1864.
Caney Fork, near	Tennessee	May 9, 1863.
Cannelton, near	West Virginia	Sept. 11, 1862.
Cannon's Bridge, South Edisto River*	South Carolina	Feb. 8, 1865.
Canoe Creek, or Bluff Springs	Florida	Mar. 25, 1865.
Canon Station*	Nevada Territory	June 23, 1863.
Canton*	Kentucky	Aug. 22, 1864.
Canton, near*	Mississippi	July 12, 17, 1863.
Canton*	Mississippi	Feb. 24, Mar. 2, 1864.
Canton, near	Mississippi	Feb. 26, 27, 28, 29, 1864.
Canton Road*	Mississippi	Oct. 15, 16, 1863.
Canyon City Road, operations on	Oregon	Jan. 1–Nov. 30, 1865.
Cape Fear River	North Carolina	Oct. 11, 1862.
Cape Fear River	North Carolina	Dec. 15, 1864.
Cape Fear River	North Carolina	Apr. 15, 1865.
Cape Girardeau and Dallas, Mo., expedition from to Cherokee Bay, Ark., and St. Frances River.		Dec. 20, 1863–Jan. 4, 1864.
Cape Girardeau, expedition from to Patterson.*	Missouri	Nov. 16–25, 1864.
Cape Girardeau	Missouri	Apr. 26, 1863.
Cape Girardeau, near*	Missouri	Feb. 5, Dec. 14, 1864.
Cape Henry, capture of steamer Maple Leaf.	Virginia	June 10, 1863.
Cape Lookout Light, destruction of	North Carolina	Apr. 2, 1864.
Caperton's Ferry*	Alabama	Aug. 29, 1863.
Caperton's Ferry*	Alabama	Mar. 29, 1864.
Carlisle*	Pennsylvania	July 1, 1863.
Carlisle evacuated by Union forces	Pennsylvania	June 27, 1863.
Carmel Church	Virginia	July 23, 1862.
Carnifax Ferry	West Virginia	Sept. 10, 1861.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Carolinas, campaign in		Jan. 1–Apr. 26, 1865.
Carondelet, U. S. ship (see Island No. 10)	Tennessee	
Carondelet, U. S. ship (see Yazoo River)	Mississippi	
Carrollton, expedition to vicinity of St. Charles Court-House and skirmish.		Sept. 7, 8, 1862.
Carrollton*	Arkansas	Mar. 13, Aug. 15, 1864.
Carrollton*	Arkansas	Jan. 20, 1863.
Carrollton, surrender of by Union forces	Missouri	Oct. 17, 1864.
Carrollton, near*	Missouri	Aug. 1, 1862.
Carrollton*	Missouri	Jan. 10, 1863.
Carrick's (or Corrick's) Ford, action at	West Virginia	July 13, 1861.
Carrion Crow Bayou*	Louisiana	Oct. 14, 15, 18, Nov. 3, 11, 18, 1863.
Carrick's Ford	West Virginia	July 13, 1861.
Carroll County*	Missouri	Apr. —, 1863.
Carroll and Ray counties, scout and skirmish in.*	Missouri	May 26–27, 1865.
Carroll's Mills (see Bayou De Glaize)	Louisiana	
Carrsville	Virginia	Oct. 15, Nov. 17, 1862.
Carrsville, near	Virginia	May 15–16, 1863.
Carter County*	Kentucky	Aug. 27, 1863.
Carter's Creek Pike*	Tennessee	Apr. 2, 27, 1863.
Carter's Creek Station, block house, surrender of.	Tennessee	Oct. 1, 1864.
Carter's raid, east Tennessee and southwest Virginia.		Dec. 20, 1862, Jan. 5, 1863.
Carter's Run*	Virginia	Sept. 6, 1863.
Carter's Station*	Tennessee	Sept. 30–Oct. 1, 1864.
Cartersville, at and near*	Georgia	July 24, Sept. 20, 1864.
Carthage	Missouri	July 5, 1861.
Carthage*	Missouri	Nov. 27, 1862.
Carthage*	Missouri	Jan. 13, May 16, June 27–28, Oct. 2, 18, 1863.
Carthage, near*	Missouri	May 16, 26, 1863.
Carthage, near, railroad train, attack on	Missouri	Sept. 6, 1863.
Carthage, at or near*	Missouri	July 21, Sept. 22, 1864.
Carthage*	Tennessee	Jan. 23, 1863.
Carthage Road, near Hartsville	Tennessee	Nov. 28, 1862.
Caruthersville, near*	Missouri	Dec. 30, 1864.
Cass Station*	Georgia	May 24, 1864.
Cassville	Missouri	June 11, Sept. 21, 1862.
Cassville, at or near	Missouri	July 4, * 27, Sept. 26, * 1863.
Cassville, near and at	Georgia	May 18–19, 24, 1864.
Cassville*	West Virginia	Sept. 23, 1861.
Cassville, Mo., expedition from to Fayetteville.	Arkansas	Aug. 23–28, 1864.
Castle Pinckney, seizure by State troops	South Carolina	Dec. 27, 1860.
Castleman's Ferry, near Snicker's Gap	Virginia	Nov. 2, 3, 1862.
Caston's Plantation	South Carolina	Oct. 22–23, 1862.
Castor River	Missouri	Apr. 29,* Aug. 1, 1863.
Catawba Mountain*	Virginia	June 21, 1864.
Catawba River, near Morganton	North Carolina	Mar. 1–2, Apr. 17, 19, 1865.
Catlett's Gap, Pigeon Mountain*	Georgia	Sept. 16–18, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Catlett's Station raid	Virginia	Aug. 22, 1862.
Catlett's Station, at and near	Virginia	Sept. 26, Oct. 19, 1862.
Catlett's Station*	Virginia	Oct. 4, 6, 14, 19, 30, Nov. 1, 27, 1863.
Catlett's Station, near*	Virginia	Apr. 16, 1864.
Cato*	Kansas	Nov. 8, 1862.
Catoctin Creek and Point of Rocks*	Maryland	June 17, 1863.
Catoctin Mountain	Maryland	Sept. 13, 1862.
Catoctin or Hagers Mountain*	Maryland	July 7, 1864.
Catoosa Springs*	Georgia	May 3, 1864.
Catoosa Station*	Georgia	Feb. 23, 1864.
Cavalry Canon*	Arizona	July 4, 1865.
Cave City	Kentucky	May 11, Sept. 18,* 1862.
Cave, Junction of (see Red River)	Louisiana	
Cave Spring Road, near Roam*	Georgia	Oct. 13, 1864.
Cedar Bayou*	Texas	Nov. 23, 1863.
Cedar Bluff, near*	Alabama	May 3, 1863.
Cedar Bluffs*	Colorado	May 3, 1864.
Cedar Church, near Shepherdsville*	Kentucky	Oct. 3, 1862.
Cedar County*	Missouri	Oct. 17, 1863.
Cedar Creek, Sims Cove	Missouri	Oct. 5, 1862.
Cedar Creek or Bell Grove	Virginia	Oct. 19, 1864.
Cedar Creek	Virginia	June 12,* Aug. 12,* 15,* Oct. 13, Nov. 12, 1864.
Cedar Creek*	Florida	Mar. 1, Apr. 2, 1864.
Cedar Fort*	California	Apr. 1, 1863.
Cedar Glade*	Arkansas	Mar. 1, 1864.
Cedar Keys, near*	Florida	Feb. 16, 1865.
Cedar Keys, naval	Florida	Jan. 16, 1862.
Cedar Point*	North Carolina	Dec. 1, 1863.
Cedar Run Church	Virginia	Oct. 17, 1864.
Cedar Run Mountain, Slaughter Mountain, and Southwest Mountain.	Virginia	Aug. 9, 1862.
Cedar Run	Virginia	Aug. 10, 1862.
Cedarville, Guard Hill or Front Royal	Virginia	Aug. 16, 1864.
Cedarville	Virginia	June 12, 1863.
Cedarville, near*	Virginia	Sept. 20, 1864.
Celeste, steamer (see Commercial)	Arkansas	
Celina*	Kentucky	Apr. 19, 1863.
Celina*	Tennessee	Mar. 19, 22, 1865.
Centralia (massacre)	Missouri	Sept. 27, 1864.
Centralia, at or near*	Missouri	Sept. 7, 28, 1864.
Center, near*	Alabama	May 2, 1863.
Center Creek*	Missouri	May 15, 1863.
Center Creek*	Missouri	Feb. 20, 1865.
Center Star*	Alabama	May 15, 1864.
Centerville, at or near*	Alabama	Apr. 1, 2, 1865.
Centerville*	Louisiana	May 25, 1863.
Centerville (see Irish Bend)	Louisiana	Apr. 12–14, 1863.
Centerville	Missouri	Dec. 23–25, 1863.
Centerville, at or near	Missouri	Sept. 27, Nov. 12,* 1864.
Centerville*	Tennessee	Oct. 29, Nov. 2, 1863.
Centerville*	Tennessee	Sept. 29, 1864.
Centerville	Virginia	Aug. 28, 1862.
Centerville, near*	Virginia	Oct. 14, 1863.
Centerville and Falls Church*	Virginia	June 23–24, 1864.
Centerville and Warrenton, between*	Virginia	Sept. 22, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Centerville, near *	West Virginia	Sept. 14, 1864.
Cerro Gordo, naval	Kentucky	June 19, 1863.
Chacahoula Station *	Louisiana	June 24, 1863.
Chacahoula *	Louisiana	May 3, 1865.
Chaffins Farm, naval	Virginia	May 7, 1864.
Chaffin's Farm, including Fort Harrison, Fort Gilmer, New Market Heights, Laurel Hill.	Virginia	Sept. 29–30, 1864.
Chalk Bluffs *	Arkansas	May 15, 1862.
Chalk Bluff *	Arkansas	Apr. 1, 1863.
Chalk Bluff, St. Francis River *	Arkansas	May 1–2, 1863.
Chalmette Batteries, naval	Louisiana	April 25, 1862.
Chambersburg, near *	Pennsylvania	May 2, 1863.
Chambersburg, captured by Confederates and evacuated.	Pennsylvania	Oct. 10, 11, 1862.
Chambersburg, evacuated by Confederates.	Pennsylvania	June 18, 1863.
Chambersburg, burning of	Pennsylvania	July 30, 1864.
Chambersburg, reoccupied by Confederates.	Pennsylvania	June 23, 1863.
Chambersburg *	Pennsylvania	July 2, 1863.
Chambers Creek, near Hamburg	Tennessee	Jan. 13, 1863.
Champion Hill or Bakers Creek or Edwards Station.	Mississippi	May 16, 1863.
Champion Hill *	Mississippi	Feb. 4, 1864.
Chancellorsville	Virginia	May 1–3, 1863.
Chancellorsville *	Virginia	May 4, 1864,
Chancellorsville *	Virginia	Apr. 30, 1863.
Chantilly or Ox Hill	Virginia	Sept. 1, 1862.
Chantilly, near	Virginia	Dec. 29, 1862.
Chantilly *	Virginia	Feb. 10, 25–26, 1863.
Chantilly, near (Stuarts) *	Virginia	Oct. 17, 1863.
Chapel Hill and Blackwater expedition	Missouri	July 6–9, 1862.
Chapel Hill *	Tennessee	Mar. 5, Apr. 13, 1863.
Chapel Hill, near *	North Carolina	Apr. 15, 1865.
Chapel Hill, near *	Missouri	July 30, 1864.
Chapel Hill (see Warrensburg expedition)	Missouri	
Chaplintown *	Kentucky	Jan. 30, 1865.
Chaplin Hills, or Perryville	Kentucky	Oct. 7–8, 1862.
Chapmans Fort (see Boston, Union transport).	South Carolina	
Chapmansville, near	West Virginia	Sept. 25, 1861.
Chapmanville	West Virginia	Apr. 18, 1862.
Chappell House (see Poplar Spring Church).	Virginia	
Chariton County (see Switzlers Mill *)	Missouri	May 27, 1865.
Chariton Bridge	Missouri	Aug. 3, 1862.
Chariton River—Sears Ford *	Missouri	Aug. 9, 1862.
Chariton River (see Yellow Creek)	Missouri	
Chariton County *	Missouri	Apr. 11, 1864.
Chariton Road, near Keytesville *	Missouri	July 30, 1864.
Charles City Cross Roads, Glendale, Fraziers Farm, Nelsons Farm, New Market Road, Willis Church, or White Oak Swamp.	Virginia	June 30, 1862.
Charles City Roads	Virginia	June 19, 1862.
Charles City Road (see Deep Bottom)	Virginia	
Charleston, riot at	Illinois	Mar. 28, 1864.
Charleston	Missouri	Dec. 12, 1861.
Charleston (see Birds Point)	Missouri	

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Charleston	Missouri	Jan. 8, 1862.
Charleston, expedition from, to Bird Point.	Missouri	Oct. 2, 1861.
Charleston, at or near	Missouri	Feb. 15, Apr. 19–20,* Nov. 5,* 1864.
Charleston, attack on blockading	South Carolina	Jan. 31, 1863.
Charleston (see Planter, steamer)	South Carolina	
Charleston, bombardment of	South Carolina	Aug. 21, Dec. 31, 1863.
Charleston (see Georgiana, steamer)	South Carolina	
Charleston Harbor (see New Ironsides, U. S. S.).	South Carolina	
Charleston Harbor, Star of the West fired on	South Carolina	Jan. 9, 1861.
Charleston Harbor	South Carolina	Apr. 7, Sept. 7–8, 1863.
Charleston Harbor, Confederate steamer Savannah captured.	South Carolina	Apr. 3, 1861.
Charleston Harbor and vicinity	South Carolina	Jan. 1, Nov. 13, 1864.
Charleston Harbor, destruction of Union monitor Patapsco.	South Carolina	Jan. 15, 1865.
Charleston and Savannah Railroad, demonstration against.	South Carolina	Dec. 6–9, 1864.
Charleston and Savannah Railroad, demonstration against.	South Carolina	Oct. 22–23, 1862.
Charleston evacuated by Confederates, and Union forces occupy.*	South Carolina	Feb. 17, 18, 1865.
Charleston, expedition from, to Santee River.	South Carolina	Apr. 5–15, 1865.
Charleston	Tennessee	Sept. 25, Nov. 26,* Dec. 28,* 30,* 1863.
Charleston*	Tennessee	Aug. 18, 1864.
Charleston and Memphis Railroad (see Memphis).	Tennessee	
Charleston	West Virginia	Sept. 13, 1862.
Charleston, attack on	West Virginia	Oct. 18, 1863.
Charlestown*	Arkansas	Apr. 4, 1864.
Charlestown*	West Virginia	July 21, 1861.
Charlestown	West Virginia	May 28,* Nov. 10, Dec. 2, 1862.
Charlestown*	West Virginia	Feb. 12, May 16, Sept. 7, Oct. 7, 1863.
Charlestown, attack on	West Virginia	Oct. 18, 1863.
Charlestown, at or near*	West Virginia	Jan. 3, Mar. 10, May 24, June 29, July 19, Aug. 15, 21, 22, 26, 29, Nov. 29, 1864.
Charlestown, at or near	West Virginia	Feb. 5,* Mar. 13,* Apr. 6, 1865.
Charlot, or Marmiton	Missouri	Oct. 25, 1864.
Charlottesville, near*	Virginia	Feb. 29, 1864.
Charlottesville, occupation of	Virginia	Mar. 3, 1865.
Chattahoochee River, operations on	Georgia	July 5–17, 1864.
Chattahoochee Railroad Bridge	Georgia	Aug. 26–Sept. 1, 1864.
Chattanooga, occupied by Confederates	Tennessee	Mar. 8, 1862.
Chattanooga, occupied by Union forces	Tennessee	Sept. 9, 1863.
Chattanooga, attack on	Tennessee	June 7–8, 1862.
Chattanooga	Tennessee	Nov. 23–25, 1863.
Chattanooga, in front of*	Tennessee	Sept. 23–26, Oct. 2, 8, 1863.
Chattanooga, bombardment of	Tennessee	Aug. 21, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Chattanooga, explosion of ordnance	Tennessee	June 9, 1865.
Chattooga River, near*	Georgia	Sept. 12, 1863.
Chavis Creek, near Cow Creek Station*	Kansas	June 9, 1865.
Cheat Mountain, operations in	West Virginia	Sept. 11–17, 1861.
Cheat Mountain Pass	West Virginia	Sept. 12, 14, * 1863.
Cheat River	West Virginia	July 15, 1861.
Cheat River (see Dry Forks of)	West Virginia	
Cheat River*	West Virginia	Dec. 6, 1863.
Cheat River (see Seneca Trace)	West Virginia	
Cheat Summit	West Virginia	Sept. 11–17, 1861.
Cheeks Cross-Roads*	Tennessee	Dec. 12, 1863.
Cheeks Cross-Roads*	Tennessee	Mar. 13, 1864.
Chefuncte River, naval	Louisiana	May 16, 1864.
Chehaw, near*	Georgia	July 18, 1864.
Cheney's Farm (see Marietta)	Georgia	
Cheneyville, near	Louisiana	May 18, 20,* 1863.
Cheraw, near*	South Carolina	Feb. 28, Mar. 5, 1865.
Cheraw, Union forces occupy	South Carolina	Mar. 3, 1865.
Cheraw, expedition from near, to Florence.*	South Carolina	Mar. 4–6, 1865.
Cherbourg, engagement between Kearsarge and Alabama. (Alabama destroyed.)	France	June 19, 1864.
Cherokee Bay*	Arkansas	May 8, 1864.
Cherokee Country*	Indian Territory	Jan. 18, 1863.
Cherokee County*	North Carolina	Oct. 27, 1863.
Cherokee Station*	Alabama	Dec. 12, 1862.
Cherokee Station*	Alabama	Apr. 17,* Oct. 21, 29,* 1863.
Cherry Grove	Missouri	June 26, July 1, 1862.
Cherry Creek*	Mississippi	July 10, 1864.
Cherry Grove, capture of Confederate outpost.	Virginia	Mar. 30, 1864.
Cherry Grove Landing, near*	Virginia	Apr. 14, 1864.
Cherry Run*	West Virginia	Dec. 25, 1861.
Cheshire, near Coal Hill*	Ohio	July 20, 1863.
Chesapeake Bay (see Harriet De Ford, steamer, capture of).	Maryland	
Chesapeake Bay (see St. Nicholas)		
Chesterfield, Union forces occupy*	South Carolina	Mar. 2, 1865.
Chesterfield, Confederate steamer at Cummings Point.	South Carolina	Aug. 2, 1863.
Chester Gap	Virginia	Nov. 16, 1862.
Chester Gap, at or near*	Virginia	June 21–23, July 21–22, 23, 1863.
Chester Station	Virginia	May 6–7, 10, 1864.
Chesser's Store, or Dog Walk, near Salt River.	Kentucky	Oct. 9, 1862.
Cheves Battery (see Battery Cheves)	South Carolina	
Chewalla	Tennessee	Oct. 5, 1862.
Chickamauga	Georgia	Sept. 19–20, 1863.
Chickamauga campaign	Georgia	Aug. 16–Sept. 22, 1863.
Chickamauga Creek*	Georgia	Jan. 30, May 3, 1864.
Chickamauga Station*	Tennessee	Nov. 26, 1863.
Chicamacomico	North Carolina	Oct. 4, 1861.
Chickahominy (see seven days' battle, Gaines Mills and Cold Harbor).	Virginia	May 24, June 27, 1862.
Chickahominy River (see Lamb's Ferry)	Virginia	
Chickasaw, naval	Alabama	Dec. 27, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Chickasaw Bayou (Vicksburg)	Mississippi	Dec. 27–28, 1862.
Chickasaw Bluff	Mississippi	Dec. 29, 1862.
Chickasaw, Ala., raid to Macon, Ga. (see Wilson's raid).		
Chickasawha Bridge*	Mississippi	Dec. 10, 1864.
Chimneys, assault on Confederate works	Virginia	Sept. 10, 1864.
Chinch Valley (see Sneedville)	Tennessee	
Chinquapin Creek	North Carolina	Dec. 16, 1863.
Chincoteague Inlet, naval	North Carolina	Oct. 5, 1861.
Chiricahua Mountains*	Arizona	Sept. 8–9, 1863.
Chisolm's Island*	South Carolina	Dec. 17, 1861.
Choctaw Bayou, or Lake Bruin*	Louisiana	Apr. 28, 1863.
Choctaw Nation, in*	Indian Territory	Oct. 7, Nov. 9, 1863.
Christiana*	Tennessee	Mar. 6, June 24, 1863.
Christiansburg	Kentucky	July 1, 1863.
Chuckatuck	Virginia	Apr. 23, May 3, 1863.
Chucky Road*	Tennessee	Jan. 16, 1864.
Chula Depot*	Virginia	May 14, 1864.
Chulahoma*	Mississippi	Nov. 30, 1862.
Chunky Creek and Meridian*	Mississippi	Feb. 13–14, 1864.
Chustenhlah	Indian Territory	Dec. 26, 1861.
Chusto-Talasah, Bird Creek, or High School.	Indian Territory	Dec. 9, 1861.
Cincinnati, U. S. S. (see Plumb Point Bend.)	Tennessee	
Cincinnati, near*	Arkansas	Nov. 6, 1864.
City Point	Virginia	May 19, 1862.
City Point*	Virginia	May 18, 1864.
City Point, explosion at	Virginia	Aug. 9, 1864.
City Point, expedition from, into Surry County.	Virginia	Oct. 16–18, 1864.
Circleville, near*	Virginia	Feb. 21–22, 1864.
Citronelle (see Confederate troops, surrender of).	Alabama	
City Belle, Union transport, capture of	Louisiana	May 3, 1864.
Clapper's Saw Mill, Crooked Creek*	Arkansas	Mar. 31, 1863.
Clara Bell, attack on, in White River	Arkansas	July 24, 1864.
Clara Eames, steamer, capture of, in Mississippi River.		May 30, 1864.
Clarendon	Arkansas	Aug. 15, 1862.
Clarendon, near*	Arkansas	Apr. 1, 1863.
Clarendon, at or near*	Arkansas	Mar. 15, June 26, 1864.
Clarendon, naval	Arkansas	June 24, 1864.
Clarendon (see Resolute Steamer, attack on).	Arkansas	
Clarendon (see Perry, J. D., steamer)	Arkansas	
Clarendon, expedition from Helena	Arkansas	Aug. 4–17, 1862.
Clarendon, expedition to Lawrenceville and St. Charles.	Arkansas	Sept. 11–13, 1862.
Clarke's Hollow	West Virginia	May 1, 1862.
Clarkson	Missouri	Oct. 23, 1862.
Clark's Bayou*	Louisiana	Apr. 26, 1863.
Clark's Creek Church	Tennessee	Sept. 13. 1863.
Clark's Mountain	Virginia	Aug. 18, 1862.
Clark's Mill, Chariton County*	Missouri	July 30, 1862.
Clark's Mill, Douglas County	Missouri	Nov. 7, 1862.
Clark's Neck*	Kentucky	Aug. 27, 1863.
Clarksville	Tennessee	Aug. 18, Sept. 6, Nov. 25, Dec. 30, 1862.
Clarksville*	Tennessee	Oct. 28, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Clarksville, Riggin's Hill	Tennessee	Sept. 7, 1862.
Clarksville *	Arkansas	Oct. 28, Nov. 24, 1863.
Clarksville *	Arkansas	Apr. 3, May 18, Sept. 28, Oct. 9, 1864.
Clarksville *	Arkansas	Jan. 18, 1865.
Clay County *	Missouri	July 4, 1864.
Clay County *	West Virginia	Dec. 29–30, 1861.
Claysville *	Alabama	Mar. 14, 1864.
Clay Village *	Kentucky	Oct. 4, 1862.
Clear Creek	Arkansas	Aug. 19, 1862.
Clear Creek *	Arkansas	June 22, 1864.
Clear Creek *	Arkansas	Feb. 11, 1865.
Clear Creek *	Georgia	July 30, 1864.
Clear Creek, near Ball Town	Missouri	Aug. 8, 1863.
Clear Creek, near Taberville *	Missouri	Aug. 2, 19, 1862.
Clear Creek, near Baldwyn *	Mississippi	June 14, 1862.
Clear Fork *	Missouri	Aug. 26, 1863.
Clear Fork, near Warrensburg *	Missouri	July 16, 1864.
Clear Spring, near *	Maryland	July 10, 1863.
Clear Spring *	Maryland	July 29, 1864.
Cleveland *	Tennessee	Sept. 18, Oct. 9, Dec. 22, 27, 29, 1863.
Cleveland *	Tennessee	Apr. 2, 1864.
Clifton	Tennessee	Jan. 1, 3, 10, 1863.
Clifton *	Tennessee	July 22–23, 30, Aug. 31, 1864.
Clifton, Twenty-third Army Corps embarked for the East.	Tennessee	Jan. 15–18, 1865.
Clinch Gap *	Tennessee	Dec. 14, 1863.
Clinch Mountain *	Tennessee	Oct. 27, Dec. 6, 1863.
Clinch Mountain *	Tennessee	Oct. 1, 18, 1864.
Clinch River *	Tennessee	Dec. 21, 1863.
Clinch Valley, near Sneedville *	Tennessee	Oct. 21, 1864.
Clinton	Georgia	July 30, 1864.
Clinton, near and at *	Georgia	Nov. 20, 21–23, 1864.
Clinton *	North Carolina	May 19, 1862.
Clinton *	Kentucky	Mar. 10, July 10, 1864.
Clinton, expedition to	Louisiana	Aug. 23–29, 1864.
Clinton *	Louisiana	May 1, Nov. 15, 1864.
Clinton, expedition to (see Baton Rouge)	Louisiana	
Clinton *	Missouri	Mar. 30, 1862.
Clinton, attack on	Missouri	Oct. 25, 1864.
Clinton *	Mississippi	July 8, 9, 16, Oct. 18, 1863.
Clinton *	Mississippi	Feb. 5, Mar. 26, Apr. 3, 1864.
Clinton Ferry	Tennessee	July 25, 1862.
Clinton and Vernon Cross-Roads, near *	Mississippi	Oct. 16, 1863.
Clintonville *	Missouri	Oct. 12–13, 1861.
Cloud's House *	South Carolina	Feb. 27, 1865.
Cloutierville, at and near *	Louisiana	Mar. 29–30, Apr. 22–24, 1864.
Clover Hill Surrender (see Appomattox Court-House).	Virginia	
Cloyd's Mountain or *Farm*	Virginia	May 9, 1864.
Coal Hill, near Cheshire *	Ohio	July 20, 1863.
Coal River	West Virginia	Sept. 12, 1861.
Coal Run, mouth of, Pike County *	Kentucky	July 2, 1863.
Cobb's Point, naval	North Carolina	Feb. 9, 1862.
Coalsmouth *	West Virginia	Sept. 30, 1864,

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Cochawhatchie Bay, Confederate salt works.		Dec. 10–19, 1863.
Cochran's Cross-Roads*	Mississippi	Sept. 9, 1862.
Cockletown or Howard's Mills	Virginia	Apr. 4, 1862.
Cockpit Point, naval	Virginia	Jan. 3, Mar. 9, 1862.
Cockralls Mill	West Virginia	Nov. 26, 1862.
Coffeeville	Mississippi	Dec. 5, 1862.
Coggin's Point	Virginia	Sept. 16, 1864.
Coldwater Bridge*	Mississippi	June 18, 1863.
Cold Harbor	Virginia	June 1–3, 1864.
Cold Harbor, at or about (James River)	Virginia	May 31–June 12, 1864.
Cold Harbor, Gaines Mill, or Chickahominy.	Virginia	June 27, 1862.
Cold Spring Gap*	West Virginia	Aug. 5, 1863.
Coldwater Railroad Bridge	Mississippi	Sept. 12, 1862.
Coldwater, Miss., expedition from Helena	Arkansas	July 23–25, 1862.
Coldwater Ferry	Mississippi	Feb. 8, 1864.
Coldwater* (see Hernando)	Mississippi	Dec. 20, 1862.
Coldwater (see Hudsonville)	Mississippi	
Coldwater*	Mississippi	May 11, Aug. 21, 29, 1863.
Coldwater Station*	Mississippi	June 21, 1862.
Coldwater River, near and at	Mississippi	Feb. 19,* June 16,* 19, 20,* Oct. 6,* 1863.
Coldwater River*	Mississippi	July 22, 1864.
Coldwater River*	Tennessee	July 22, 1864.
Coldwater and Tallahatchie rivers, junction of.	Mississippi	Nov. 28, 1862.
Colesburg, attack on Fort Jones, near	Kentucky	Feb. 18, 1865.
Colwell's Ford*	Tennessee	Nov. 19, 1863.
Cole Camp	Missouri	June 8, 1861.
Cole Camp	Missouri	Oct. 5, 1862.
Cole Camp, at or near*	Missouri	June 8, Oct. 9, 1863.
Cole County*	Missouri	Oct. 6, 1864.
Cole's Creek, Rodney	Mississippi	June 25, 1862.
Cole's Creek, naval	Mississippi	Feb. 18, May 7, 1865.
Cole's Island, bombardment of	South Carolina	May 20, 1862.
College Grove, near*	Tennessee	Mar. 19, Apr. 26, 1863.
Colliersville	Tennessee	Oct. 21, 1862.
Colliersville	Tennessee	Oct. 11, Nov. 3, 1863.
Colliersville*	Tennessee	Jan. 28, May 20, Dec. 27, 1863.
Collierville*	Tennessee	June 23, 1864.
Collierville Road, Tennessee (see Byhalia)	Mississippi	
Collierville, near*	Tennessee	Jan. 13, June 13, July 2, 24, Nov. 15, 1864.
Columbia	Tennessee	Sept. 9–10, 1862.
Columbia, near	Missouri	Oct. 2, 1862.
Columbia, between Mount Pleasant and	Tennessee	July 17, 1862.
Columbia, near*	Missouri	Jan. 21, 1863.
Columbia*	Pennsylvania	June 28, 1863.
Columbia*	Kentucky	June 29, July 3, 1863.
Columbia, near and at*	Louisiana	Feb. 4, June 1–2, 1864.
Columbia, near and at*	Missouri	June 17, Aug. 16, Sept. 16, 1864.
Columbia, near and at*	Tennessee	Oct. 2, Dec. 20, 1864.
Columbia, tug, capture of	Florida	May 23, 1864.
Columbia, near*	Missouri	Feb. 12, 1865.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Columbia, naval	Arkansas	June 1–2, 1864.
Columbia (see Old River Lake)	Arkansas	
Columbia, about*	South Carolina	Feb. 16–17, 1865.
Columbia, front of*	Tennessee	Nov. 24–27, 1864.
Columbia Bridge	Virginia	May 5, 1862.
Columbia Ford	Tennessee	Nov. 29, 1864.
Columbia Furnace	Virginia	Apr. 7, 16, 1862.
Columbia Furnace, near*	Virginia	Oct. 7, 1864.
Columbia and Iberia, expedition toward	Missouri	Sept. 2, 1861.
Columbia Iron Works, destruction of	West Virginia	Dec. —, 1863.
Columbia Pike*	Tennessee	Apr. 1, 1863.
Columbia River*	Oregon	Feb. 8–10, 1861.
Columbia, Union forces occupy	South Carolina	Feb. 17, 1865.
Columbia, occupied by Confederates	Kentucky	Sept. 3, 1861.
Columbus	Kentucky	Sept. 4, 1861.
Columbus, naval	Kentucky	Jan. 7–11, 1862.
Columbus*	Kentucky	Dec. 15, 1862.
Columbus, evacuated by Confederates	Kentucky	Mar. 2–3, 1862.
Columbus, occupied by Union forces	Kentucky	Mar. 3, 1862.
Columbus (see Blackwater)	Missouri	Jan. 9, July 23, 1862.
Columbus, Ky., expedition to Perryville	Tennessee	Mar. 12–20, 1863
Columbus*	Kentucky	Mar. 6, 27, Apr. 11, 13, 1864.
Columbus, near*	Kentucky	Jan. 3, 1863.
Columbus, Union forces occupy	Georgia	Apr. 16, 1865.
Columbus, 10 miles from	Kentucky	Jan. 18, 1865.
Columbus, Confederate gunboat Muscogee or Jackson, destruction of.	Georgia	Apr. 17, 1865.
Columbus, Johnson County*	Missouri	July 12, 1864.
Columbus Road, near Montgomery*	Alabama	Apr. 12, 1865.
Columbus Road, near Tuskegee*	Alabama	Apr. 14, 1865.
Columbine U. S. S., capture of, in St. John's River.	Florida	May 23, 1864.
Colwell's Ford*	Tennessee	Nov. 19, 1863.
Combahee Ferry*	South Carolina	Feb. 5, 1865.
Combahee River*	South Carolina	Jan. 28, 1865.
Comite River*	Louisiana	Mar. 9–10, 1863.
Comite River*	Louisiana	Aug. 25, 1864.
Comite River (see Robert's Ford)	Louisiana	
Commercial and Celeste, steamers attack on Gregory's Landing, White River.	Arkansas	Sept. 4, 1864.
Commerce, attack on transport near	Mississippi	June 17, 1863.
Como*	Tennessee	Sept. 19, 1863.
Como Landing on Tunica Bend, naval	Louisiana	June 15–16, 1864.
Compton's Ferry, or Little Compton, on Grand River.*	Missouri	Aug. 11, 1862.
Conard's Ferry	West Virginia	June 17, 1861.
Concordia*	Louisiana	July 22, 1864.
Concordia Bayou*	Louisiana	Aug. 5, 1864.
Concho River (see Dove Creek)	Texas	
Conchas Springs, with Indians*	New Mexico	July 29, 1863.
Concord Church	Mississippi	Dec. 1, 1864.
Congaree Creek*	South Carolina	Feb. 15, 1865.
Congress and Cumberland U. S. S. (see Hampton Roads).	Virginia	
Conrad's Ferry	Maryland	June 17, 1861.
Conute River, Robert's Ford*	Louisiana	May 2, 1863.
Conyersville*	Tennessee	Sept. 5, 1863.
Confederate Army, Gen. R. E. Lee assumes command of,		Feb. 9, 1865.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Confederate commissioners (see Mason and Slidell).	.....	
Confederate troops surrender, Department of Alabama, Mississippi, and East Louisiana at Citronelle.	Alabama	May 4, 1865.
Confederate troops in Florida surrender to Brig. Gen. Israel Vogeles.	.....	May 17–20, 1865.
Confederate Army, surrender of (see Bennett's House).	South Carolina.....	
Coomb's Ferry *	Kentucky	Feb. 22, 1863.
Coon Creek, near Lamar *	Missouri	Aug. 24, 1862.
Cooks Cannon, with Indians *	New Mexico	July 10–24, 1863.
Coosa River, near Ten Island Ford *	Alabama	July 13, 1864.
Coosaw River, naval	South Carolina.....	Jan. 1, 1863.
Coosawhatchie	South Carolina.....	Oct. 22–23, 1862.
Coosaville Road, near Rome *	Georgia	Oct. 12–13, 1864.
Corbin's Bridge	Virginia	May 8, 1864.
Corbin's Cross-Roads *	Virginia	Sept 1, 1863.
Corbin's Cross-Roads, near Amissville	Virginia	Nov. 10, 1862.
Core Creek *	North Carolina	Nov. 18, 1862.
Core Creek *	North Carolina	Mar. 7, Apr. 17–18, 20, May 22, 1863.
Corinth	Mississippi	Oct. 3–4, 1862.
Corinth	Mississippi	Apr. 29, June 10, Aug. 28, 1862.
Corinth, siege of	Mississippi	Apr. 30–May 30, 1862.
Corinth *	Mississippi	Nov. 2, 12, 1863.
Corinth, evacuated by Union forces	Mississippi	Jan. 25, 1864.
Corinth, near *	Mississippi	June 11, Aug. 16, Dec. 23, 1863.
Corinth, attack on Union brigade	Mississippi	Oct. 5, 1863.
Corinth, near *	Mississippi	May 9, 24, 1862.
Corinth, in front of *	Mississippi	May 28–29, 1862.
Corinth, near (Bridge Creek) *	Mississippi	May 27, 1862.
Corinth, evacuated by Confederates	Mississippi	May 30, 1862.
Corinth Road	Mississippi	Apr. 24–25, 1862.
Corinth, near (Russell's House)	Mississippi	May 17, 1862.
Corinth, near (Widow Serratt's) *	Mississippi	May 21, 1862.
Corinth, near, Memphis and Charleston Railroad. *	Mississippi	May 13, 14, 1862.
Corinth *	Mississippi	Jan. 19, 23, 1865.
Cornay Bridge, Atchafalaya River, naval	Louisiana.....	Nov. 2, 1862.
Corpus Christi *	Texas	Mar. 22, 1864.
Corpus Christi, bombardment of	Texas	Aug. 16–18, 1862.
Corrick's Ford (see Carrick's Ford)	West Virginia.....	
Corn's Farm	Tennessee	Feb. 6, 1865.
Corydon *	Indiana	July 9, 1863.
Cosby Creek (see Schultz Mill)	Tennessee	
Council Grove	Kansas.....	Sept. 21, 1864.
Courier Station (see Stone River)	Tennessee	
Courtland	Alabama	July 25, 1862.
Courtland	Alabama	Mar. 8, 1864.
Courtland, expedition from Decatur	Alabama	July 25–28, 1864.
Courtney's Plantation *	Mississippi	Apr. 11, 1863.
Coushattee, naval	Louisiana.....	April —, 1864.
Coteau, on the (Indians) *	Minnesota	May 18, 1865.
Cotile Bayou (see Boyce's Bridge) *	Louisiana.....	May 14, 1863.
Cotile Landing *	Louisiana.....	Apr. 25, 1864.
Cotton Creek *	Florida.....	Mar. 25, 1865.
Cotton Hill, Blake's Hill, or Gauley Bridge.	West Virginia.....	Sept. 11, Oct. 13, Nov. 1–3, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Cotton Hill, Laurel Creek*	West Virginia	Nov. 12, 1861.
Cotton Plant, near	Arkansas	Apr. 22, 1864.
Cotton Plant, Cache River	Arkansas	Apr. 21, 1864.
Cotton Plant or Hills Plantation	Arkansas	May 14,* July 7, 1862.
Cotton River Bridge*	Georgia	Nov. 16, 1864.
Cottonwood Creek*	Arizona	July 3, 1865.
Cox's Bridge, near, and at Neuse River*	North Carolina	Mar. 19–20, 23, 1865.
Cox's Farm (signal station)	Virginia	July 11, Aug. 3, 1864.
Cox's Hill, Insane Asylum, or Blood's	Tennessee	Jan. 3, 1863.
Coxs Plantation, near Donaldsville (see La Fourche).	Louisiana	June 12–13, 1863.
Cove Creek*	Arkansas	Nov. 8, 1862.
Cove Gap*	West Virginia	June 23, 1864.
Cove Mountain or Grassy Lick	Virginia	May 10, 1864.
Cove Point	Maryland	Aug. 22, 1864.
Covington, near*	Virginia	Nov. 9, Dec. 19, 1863.
Covington	Virginia	June 2, 1864.
Covington, near*	Tennessee	Mar. 9, 10, 1863.
Covington	Louisiana	July 27, 1862.
Covington, Fort Mitchel*	Kentucky	Sept. 10, 1862.
Covington, near (Jackson River)*	Virginia	Dec. 19, 1863.
Covington, steamer (see David's Ferry).		
Cowan (see Railroad tunnel)	Tennessee	
Cow Creek*	Kansas	Nov. 14, 28, 1864.
Cow Creek, with Indians, near Fort Zarah*	Kansas	Dec. 4, 1864.
Cow Creek Station, near* (see Chavis Creek).	Kansas	June 9, 12, 1865.
Cow Ford Creek, near Pensacola*	Florida	Apr. 2, 1864.
Cowpen Ford, Little Salkahatchie River*	South Carolina	Feb. 6, 1865.
Cowskin Bottom, Newton County	Missouri	Jan. 23, 1864.
Coyle's Tavern, near Fairfax-Court-House*.	Virginia	Aug. 24, 1863.
Crab Gap*	Tennessee	Dec. 5, 1863.
Crab Orchard	Kentucky	Oct. 15, 16, 1862.
Crab Orchard*	Kentucky	Aug. 18, 1863.
Crab Orchard Road*	Kentucky	Oct. 14, 1862.
Craig's Meeting House (Wilderness)	Virginia	May 5–7, 1864.
Crampton's Pass (South Mountain)	Maryland	Sept. 14, 1862.
Cranberry Summit	Maryland	Apr. 26, 1863.
Crane Creek*	Missouri	Feb. 14, 1862.
Craney's Island, occupied by Union troops.	Virginia	May 10, 1862.
Crater, The	Virginia	July 1, 1862.
Craven's Plantation*	Mississippi	Aug. 14, 1863.
Cravenville, near*	Missouri	Aug. 5, 1862.
Crawford County*	Arkansas	Nov. 25, 1863.
Crawford County*	Arkansas	Aug. 11, Oct. 19, 1864.
Crawford*	Alabama	Apr. 16, 1865.
Creek Agency*	Indian Territory	Oct. 15, 1863.
Creek Head, near*	Kentucky	Apr. 24, 1863.
Creek and Seminoles, skirmish with	Indian Territory	Dec. 27, 1861.
Creesborough*	Kentucky	Apr. 19, June 29, 1863.
Crescent City, transport, attack on		May 18, 1863.
Crew's Farm or Malvern Hill	Virginia	July 1, 1862.
Crickett's Hill*	Virginia	Mar. 22, 1864.
Cripple Creek, Woodbury Pike*	Tennessee	May 25, 1864.
Crittenden	Kentucky	June 27, 1864.
Croatan, surrender of Union outpost	North Carolina	Between May 4 and 6, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Croghan's Ranch*	California	May 7, 1862.
Crooked Creek, near Dallas*	Missouri	Aug. 24, 1862.
Crooked Creek	Alabama	Apr. 30, 1863.
Crooked Creek (see Bailey's)	Arkansas	Jan. 23, Feb. 5,*1864.
Crooked River	Florida	May 20, 1862.
Crooked Run*	Virginia	Sept. 18, 1863.
Crook's Run*	Virginia	Apr. 29, 1863.
Cross Bayou*	Louisiana	July 4, 1864.
Cross Hollow*	Arkansas	Oct. 18, 1862.
Cross Hollow, at and near*	Arkansas	Mar. 30, July —, 1863.
Cross Keys or Union Church	Virginia	June 8, 1862.
Cross Lanes or Summerville	West Virginia	Aug. 26, 1861.
Cross-Roads*	Kentucky	Oct. 18, 1862.
Cross-Roads (see Bailey's Corners)	Virginia	
Cross-Roads, near*	Arkansas	Mar. 27, 1864.
Cross Timbers*	Missouri	July 28, 1862.
Cross Timbers*	Missouri	Oct. 15, 1863.
Crowley's Ridge or Taylor's Creek*	Arkansas	May 11, 1863.
Crow's House	Virginia	Mar. 31, 1865.
Crow's Station, near Licking	Missouri	May 26, 1862.
Crow's Station (see Licking)*	Missouri	
Crow's Valley or Rocky Face Ridge*	Georgia	Feb. 24–25, 1864.
Crump's Creek	Virginia	May 8, 1864.
Crump's Hill*	Louisiana	Apr. 2, 1864.
Crump's or Baltimore Cross-Roads	Virginia	July 1–2, 1863.
Crystal Springs, raid on New Orleans and Jackson Railroad, near.	Mississippi	May 11, 1863.
Cuba, at or near	Missouri	May 13,* Sept. 29, 1864.
Cubero, capture of	New Mexico	Mar. 3, 1862.
Cub Run	Virginia	Jan. 5, 1863.
Culpeper, near	Virginia	July 12, 1862.
Culpeper*	Virginia	Oct. 11, 1863.
Culpeper*	Virginia	Sept. 19, 1864.
Culpeper, affair near	Virginia	Dec. 18, 1863.
Culpeper, near (Muddy Run)*	Virginia	Nov. 8, 1863.
Culpeper Court-House, at and near*	Virginia	Sept. 13, Oct. 1, 11, 1863.
Culpeper Court-House*	Virginia	Dec. 18, 21, 23, 1863.
Culpeper Fords*	Virginia	Feb. 6–7, 1864.
Cumberland Gap campaign	Tennessee	Mar. 29, June 18, 1862.
Cumberland and Congress, U. S. S. (see Hampton Roads).	Virginia	
Cumberland Gap	Tennessee	Feb. 14, Mar. 22, June 18, Aug. 6, 26, 27, 1862.
Cumberland Gap evacuated by Union troops.	Tennessee	Sept. 17, 1862.
Cumberland Gap, near*	Tennessee	Sept. 23, Nov. 12, 1863.
Cumberland Iron Works	Tennessee	Aug. 26, 1862.
Cumberland Heights, naval	Virginia	June 6, 1864.
Cumberland Iron Works*	Tennessee	Feb. 3, 1863.
Cumberland Point, naval	Virginia	June 21, 1864.
Cumberland occupied by Union troops	Maryland	June 11, 1861.
Cumberland, raid on	Maryland	Feb. 21, 1865.
Cumberland	Maryland	Aug. 1, 1864.
Cumberland River, near Gallatin	Tennessee	Nov. 8, 1862.
Cumberland River (see Horseshoe Bottom).*	Kentucky	Nov. 29, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Cumberland River	Kentucky	Jan. 27, Mar. 19,* 1864.
Cumberland River, Neely's Bend	Tennessee	Oct. 5, 15, 1862.
Cumming's Ferry, near Kentucky River*	Kentucky	July 7, 8, 1863.
Cumming's Point Batteries, naval	South Carolina	Nov. 16, 1863.
Cunningham's Bluff*	South Carolina	Nov. 24, 1863.
Cunningham's Cross-Roads*	Pennsylvania	July 5, 1863.
Cunningham's Ford (see Beverly Ford)	Virginia	
Cumming's Point, attack on Chesterfield, Confederate steamer.	South Carolina	Aug. 2, 1863.
Curlew, Union steamer, Mississippi River.		May 25, 1864.
Currituck Canal, capture of steamers Emily and Arrow.	Virginia	May 15, 1863.
Currituck Bridge*	Virginia	Sept. 9, 1864.
Curritoman Creek, naval	Virginia	Nov. 6, 1861.
Curtis' Creek*	Tennessee	Dec. 19, 1864.
Curtis' Wells*	Alabama	June 24, 1864.
Cuyler's Plantation*	Georgia	Dec. 9, 1864.
Cynthiana	Kentucky	July 17, 1862.
Cynthiana, Keller's Bridge	Kentucky	June 11, 1864.
Cynthiana, capture of*	Kentucky	June 11, * 12, 1864.
Cypress Bend*	Arkansas	Feb. 19, 1863.
Cypress Creek*	Louisiana	Mar. 8, 1864.
Cypress Creek, near Perry County*	Arkansas	May 13, Dec. 1, 1864.
Cypress Swamp*	Tennessee	Apr. 3, 10, 1864.
Cypress Swamp, near Cape Girardeau*	Missouri	Dec. 14, 1864.
Cypress Swamp, near Sisters Ferry*	Georgia	Dec. 7, 1864.
Dabney's Ferry	Virginia	May 27, 1864.
Dabeny's Mill (see Hatcher's Run)	Virginia	
Dade County*	Missouri	July 24, 1863.
Daleys Ferry, on Mad River*	California	June 6–7, 1862.
Dallas*	Arkansas	Jan. 28, 1864.
Dallas*	North Carolina	Apr. 19, 1865.
Dallas, near and at*	Georgia	May 24, Oct. 7, 1864.
Dallas, near and at	Georgia	May 26–June 1, 1864.
Dallas	Missouri	Sept. 2, 1861.
Dallas (see Crooked Creek)	Missouri	
Dallas Expedition (see Cape Girardeau)	Missouri	
Dallas Station and Delhi, expedition from Miliken's Bend.	Louisiana	Dec. 25–26, 1862.
Dalton	Georgia	May 9–13, 1864.
Dalton*	Georgia	Jan. 6, Aug. 14–15, 1864.
Dalton, demonstration against	Georgia	Feb. 22–27, May 9–13, 1864.
Dalton (see Rossville)	Georgia	
Dalton, near*	Georgia	Jan. 21, Feb. 23, Nov. 30, Dec. 5, 1864.
Dalton, surrender of	Georgia	Oct. 13, 1864.
Dalton, near*	Georgia	Mar. 13–14, 1865.
Dalton, expedition to Spring Place and Coosawattee River.*	Georgia	Apr. 1–4, 1865.
Dam No. 1, Lee's Mill, or Burnt Chimneys	Virginia	Apr. 16, 1862.
Dam No. 4, Potomac	Virginia	Dec. 11, 1861.
Dam No. 5, Potomac	Virginia	Dec. 8, 17–21, 1861.
Danbury, near	North Carolina	Apr. 9, 1865.
Dandridge*	Tennessee	Dec. 22–23, 1863.
Dandridge, at and near*	Tennessee	Jan. 1, 14, 17, May 19, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Dandridge's Mill, near *	Tennessee	Dec. 13, 1863.
Dannelly's Mills *	Alabama	Mar. 23–24, 1865.
Dan's Cross-Roads (or Dan's House), near Dug Gap *	Georgia	Sept. 11, 1863.
Dan's Gap *	Alabama	Sept. 1, 1863.
Danville *	Arkansas	Mar. 28, 1864.
Danville *	Kentucky	Oct. 11, 1862.
Danville *	Kentucky	Mar. 24–26, 28, 1863.
Danville	Kentucky	Jan. 29, 1865.
Danville *	Mississippi	Nov. 14–15, 1863.
Danville, attack on	Missouri	Oct. 14, 1864.
Danville Expedition (see Burkesville)	Virginia	
Danville Cross-Roads *	Kentucky	Oct. 10, 1862.
Danville Road, near Decatur	Alabama	July 28, 1864.
Danville and South Side Railroad, expedition.	Virginia	June 22–July 2, 1864.
Darbytown (see Deep Bottom)	Virginia	
Darbytown and Newmarket roads, including Johnson's farm, Four Mile Creek.	Virginia	Oct. 7, 1864.
Darbytown Road	Virginia	Oct. 13, 1864.
Darbytown Road and Fair Oaks	Virginia	Oct. 27–28, 1864.
Dardanelle *	Arkansas	Sept. 12, 1863.
Dardanelle (see Alamo, steamer).		
Dardanelle, at and near *	Arkansas	May 10, 15, Aug. 30, 1864.
Dardanelle, capture of	Arkansas	May 17, 1864.
Dardanelle	Arkansas	Jan. 14, 1865.
Dardanelle, attack on steamer Alamo, near.	Arkansas	Nov. 29, 1864.
Darien	Georgia	June 11, 1863.
Darien, destruction of Hudson Salt Works, near.	Georgia	Sept. 22, 1863.
Darkesville	West Virginia	Sept. 7, Dec. 11, 1862.
Darkesville *	West Virginia	July 3, 19, Sept. 2, 10, 1864.
Darnestown, or Pritchard's Mills	Maryland	Sept. 15, 1861.
Davenport	Virginia	May 9, 1864.
Davenport Church *	Virginia	Dec. 4, 1864.
Davenport Ford	Virginia	May 9–10, 1864.
David's Ferry, Red River, destruction of U. S. S. Covington and capture of U. S. S. Signal and Warner.	Louisiana	May 4–5, 1864.
David's Ferry, capture of Emma, U. S. transport.	Louisiana	May 1, 1864.
Davidson's Ferry, Tennessee River, attack on gunboat at.	Tennessee	Nov. 2–3, 1864.
Davidson's Ford (see Baton Rouge Expedition).	Louisiana	
Davis' Bend *	Louisiana	June 29, 1864.
Davis' Bridge, Hatchie River	Tennessee	Sept. 25, Oct. 1, 1862.
Davis' Bridge (see Big Hatchie, Hatchie Bridge, or Metamora).	Tennessee	
Davisborough, near	Georgia	Nov. 28, 1864.
Davis' Cross-Roads, Davis' House *	Georgia	Sept. 11, 1863.
Davis' Gap *	Alabama	July 12, 1862.
Davis' Gap *	Alabama	Sept. 1, 1863.
Davis' House *	Virginia	Aug. 31, 1864.
Davis, Ike, steamer, capture of		Sept. —, 1864.
Davis, Jefferson, pursuit and capture near Abbeville.	Georgia	May 1–10, 1865.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Davis' Mill*	Tennessee	Mar. 14, Apr. 5, 1863.
Davis' Mills*	Mississippi	Sept. 21, 1862.
Davis' Mills*	Mississippi	June 12, 1864.
Davis' Mill Road, near La Grange*	Tennessee	Mar. 24, 1863.
Day's Gap, or Sand Mountain	Alabama	Apr. 30, 1863.
Day's, John, Road, near Fort Klamath*	Oregon	June 24, 1864.
Dayton	Missouri	Dec. 23, 1861.
Dayton, destruction of, by Union forces	Missouri	Jan. 3, 1862.
Dayton*	Missouri	Aug. 10, 1863.
Dayton*	Missouri	Apr. 27, 1864.
Dead Buffalo Lake	Dakota	July 26, 1863.
Dead Man's Fork*	Dakota	June 17, 1865.
Decatur, near, attack on train	Alabama	Aug. 7, 1862.
Decatur, occupied by Union forces	Alabama	Apr. 13, 1862.
Decatur, near and at*	Alabama	Apr. 13, 18, 24, 27, 30, Mar. 7, May 8, Dec. 27, 28, 1864.
Decatur	Alabama	Oct. 26–29, 1864.
Decatur to Courtland, expedition	Alabama	July 25–28, 1864.
Decatur*	Alabama	Mar. 3, 1865.
Decatur, near, on Somerville Road	Alabama	Aug. 6, 1864.
Decatur, near*	Georgia	Sept. 28, 1864.
Decatur	Mississippi	Feb. 12, 1864.
Decatur, near	Tennessee	July 15, 1862.
Decatur County*	Tennessee	June 21, 1864.
Decherd*	Tennessee	June 29, 1863.
Deep Bottom*	Virginia	Aug. 1, 1864.
Deep Bottom or Darbytown, Strawberry Plains, and New Market Road.	Virginia	July 27, Oct. 7, 1864.
Deep Bottom on Four Mile Creek	Virginia	June 30–July 1, 1864.
Deep Bottom on James River, including Fussell's Mills, Gravel Hill, Bailey's Creek, Deep Run, White's Tavern, Charles City Road, New Market Road.	Virginia	Aug. 13–20, 1864.
Deep Bottom, Va., expedition to, near Weldon.	North Carolina	Mar. 28–Apr. 11, 1865.
Deep Creek	North Carolina	Feb. 2, 5,* 1864.
Deep Creek*	Virginia	Feb. 29–Mar. 1, 1864.
Deep Creek, at or near	Virginia	Aug. 13–20, 1864.
Deep Gully*	North Carolina	Mar. 31, 1862.
Deep Gully, Trenton Road*	North Carolina	May 2, 1862.
Deep Gully*	North Carolina	Mar. 13–14, 30, 1863.
Deep Run, or Franklin's Crossings*	Virginia	June 5–13, 1863.
Deep Run (see Deep Bottom)	Virginia	
Deep Water*	Missouri	June 11, 1862.
Deepwater's Township	Missouri	Mar. 27, 1864.
Deer Creek*	Mississippi	Mar. 21, 22, Apr. 7, 8, 10, 1863.
Deer Creek, near Greenville*	Mississippi	Feb. 23, 1863.
Deer Creek*	Missouri	Oct. 16, 1863.
Deer Creek (see Forked Creek)	Tennessee	
Deer Creek, expedition to, from Vicksburg.	Mississippi	Sept. 21–26, 1864.
Deer Creek Station*	Dakota	May 20, 1865.
Deer Park Road*	Alabama	Mar. 25, 1865.
Deloach's Bluff (Eastport)	Louisiana	Apr. 26, 1864.
Denkin's Mill*	South Carolina	Apr. 19, 1865.
Denmark, Hatchie Bottom	Tennessee	July 29, 1862.
Denmark, near*	Tennessee	Aug. 3, 1863.
Denmark (see Batesville)	Arkansas	

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Denver Stage Road (see Julesburg)	Colorado	
Des Allemands*	Louisiana	July 18, 1863.
Desert Station	Louisiana	Dec. 10, 1862.
Deserted House, or Kelley's Store, near Suffolk.	Virginia	Jan. 30, 1862.
Devall's Bluff, near*	Arkansas	July 6, 1862.
Devall's Bluff*	Arkansas	Dec. 1, 12, 1863.
Devall's Bluff, capture of	Arkansas	Jan. 17, 1863.
Devall's Bluff, naval	Arkansas	July 16, 1863.
Devall's Bluff, near	Arkansas	May 22, Nov. 2, Dec. 13, 1864.
Devall's Bluff (see Pine Bluff)	Arkansas	
Devall's Bluff, Ashleys and Jones Station	Arkansas	Aug. 24, 1864.
Devall's Bluff, to Augusta, expedition	Arkansas	Dec. 7–8, 1864.
Devall's Bluff, expedition from, toward Clarendon.	Arkansas	Oct. 16–17, 1864.
Devall's Bluff, expedition (see Little Rock).	Arkansas	
Devall's Bluff, expedition (see White River).		
Devall's Bluff, to West Point*	Arkansas	Between Nov. 16 and 18, 1864.
Devil's Backbone, or Backbone Mountain	Arkansas	Sept. 1, 1863.
Devil's Gap (see Kings Hill)	Tennessee	
Diamond Grove*	Missouri	Apr. 14, 1862.
Diamond Grove*	Missouri	Aug. 21, 1864.
Diamond Grove Prairie*	Missouri	Aug. 1, 1864.
Diamond Hill near Lynchburg*	Virginia	June 17, 1864.
Diana, U. S. S., capture of, near Pattersonville.	Louisiana	Mar. 28, 1863.
Diascund Bridge*	Virginia	June 10, 11, 20, 1863.
Dick's Ford*	Kentucky	Oct. 12, 1862.
Dickson Station*	Alabama	Apr. 19, 23, Oct. 20, 1863.
Dillingham's Cross-Roads, or Duck Branch.*	South Carolina	Feb. 3, 1865.
Dingle's Mill, near Sumterville*	South Carolina	Apr. 9, 1865.
Dinwiddie Court House*	Virginia	Sept. 15, 1864.
Dinwiddie Court House	Virginia	Mar. 30–31, 1865.
Dinwiddie Road, near Reams' Station	Virginia	Aug. 23, 1864.
Dirt Town*	Georgia	Sept. 12, 1863.
Dispatch Station, on Richmond and York River Railroad.	Virginia	June 28, 1862.
Disputanta Station, near*	Virginia	Jan. 9, 1865.
Ditch Bayou (see old River Lake)	Arkansas	
Dixon's Island, affair on	South Carolina	June 21, 1863.
Dixon's and James' islands, affair between	South Carolina	May 25, 1862.
Dixon Springs*	Tennessee	June 20, 1863.
Dobbin's Ferry, near La Vergne*	Tennessee	Dec. 9, 1862.
Doboy River, expedition from Beaufort.	Georgia	Nov. 13–18, 1862.
Dog Walk, or Chesser's Store, near Salt River.	Kentucky	Oct. 9, 1862.
Donaldsonville, bombardment of	Louisiana	Aug. 9, 1862.
Donaldsonville, near, naval	Louisiana	Oct. 4, 1862.
Donaldsonville, capture of	Louisiana	Oct. 25, 1862.
Donaldsonville	Louisiana	June 28, 1863.
Donaldsonville, on the La Fourche, Cox's plantation.	Louisiana	July 12–13, 1863.
Donaldsonville, affair opposite	Louisiana	Sept. 23, 1863.
Donaldsonville, at and near*	Louisiana	Feb. 8, Sept. 4, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Doniphan	Missouri	Apr. 1, 1862.
Doniphan, near*	Missouri	Mar. 21, June 1, 1863.
Doniphan	Missouri	Sept. 19, 1864.
Dorlan's farm, capture of foraging party.	Virginia	Nov. 16, 1861.
Double Bridge*	Tenneseee	Nov. 18, 1862.
Double Bridges, Flint River*	Georgia	Apr. 18, 1865.
Doubtful Canon*	New Mexico	Apr. 4, 1864.
Dove Creek, Concho River	Texas	Jan. 8, 1865.
Dover*	Arkansas	Mar. 25, 1864.
Dover*	North Carolina	Mar. 7, 1863.
Dover	Tennessee	Feb. 3, 1863.
Dover Road*	North Carolina	Apr. 28, 1863.
Dover, near*	Virginia	June 22, 1863.
Dover, near and at*	Missouri	Sept. 10, Oct. 20, 1864.
Downsville*	Maryland	July 7, 1863.
Doyal's plantation	Louisiana	Aug. 5, Nov. 29, 1864.
Drake's Creek	Tennessee	Aug. 20, 1862.
Dranesville	Virginia	Nov. 26–27, Dec. 20, 1861.
Dranesville*	Virginia	Feb. 6, 13, 1863.
Dranesville*	Virginia	Feb. 21–22, 1864.
Dranesville, near*	Virginia	Mar. 18, 1865.
Dresden (see Lockbridge's Mills)	Kentucky	
Drewry's Bluff, or Fort Darling	Virginia	May 12–16, 1864.
Drewry's Bluff, naval	Virginia	May 15, 1862.
Dripping Springs*	Arkansas	Dec. 28, 1862.
Dripping Spring*	Missouri	Aug. 15, 1864.
Droop Mountain	West Virginia	Nov. 6, 1863.
Dry Creek*	Dakota	June 3, 1865.
Dry Forks of Cheat River	West Virginia	Jan. 8, 1862.
Dry Forks Creek	Missouri	July 5, 1861.
Dry Ridge	Kentucky	Oct. 9, 1862.
Dry Run*	Virginia	Oct. 23, 1864.
Drywood, Mo., or Fort Scott	Kansas	Aug. 21, Sept. 1–3, 1861.
Drywood, Mo., or Fort Scott	Kansas	Nov. 9, 1862.
Drywood, near*	Missouri	July 7, 1863.
Drywood Creek*	Missouri	May 16, 1864.
Dry Valley*	Georgia	Sept. 21, 1863.
Duck Branch (see Dillingham's Cross-Roads).	South Carolina	
Duck Branch, near, Loper's Cross-Roads*	South Carolina	Feb. 2, 1865.
Duckett's plantation, near, Paint Rock River.*	Alabama	Nov. 19, 1864.
Duck River*	Tennessee	Apr. 22, Dec. 22, 1864.
Duck River, crossings of*	Tennessee	Nov. 28, 1864.
Duck River Island, or Little Rock Landing.	Tennessee	Apr. 26, 1863.
Duck River, mouth of*	Mississippi	Aug. 31, 1862.
Ducktown Road*	Georgia	Apr. 3, 1864.
Dudley Lake, near*	Arkansas	Dec. 16, 1864.
Dudley Station	North Carolina	Dec. 17, 1862.
Duffield's Station*	West Virginia	June 29, Aug. 27, Oct. 14, 1864.
Dug Ford, near Jonesborough*	Missouri	Oct. 12, 1863.
Dug Gap, Buzzard Roost, Mill Creek Gap (see Rocky Face Ridge).	Georgia	May 8–11, 1864.
Dug Gap*	Georgia	Sept. 11, 1863.
Dug Springs	Missouri	July 25, Aug. 2, 1861.
Duguidsville*	Virginia	Mar. 8, 1865.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Dukedom*	Tennessee	Feb. 28, 1864.
Dumfries	Virginia	Dec. 12, 27, 1862.
Dumfries (Quantico Creek)	Virginia	Oct. 11, 1861.
Dumfries, near	Virginia	Mar. 15, 29, May 17, 1863.
Dunbar's plantation, near, Bayou Vidal*	Louisiana	Apr. 7, 15, 1863.
Duncanville*	South Carolina	Feb. 5, 1865.
Dunklin County, operations in	Missouri	May 16–20, 1862.
Dunklin County*	Missouri	Mar. 4, 1865.
Dunksburg	Missouri	June 28, 1864.
Dunlap*	Tennessee	Oct. 2, 1863.
Dunn's Bayou	Louisiana	May 5, 1864.
Durham's Station (see Bennett's house)	North Carolina	
Dutch Gap	Virginia	Aug. 13, 15, 1864.
Dutch Gap, naval	Virginia	June 21, 1864.
Dutch Hollow	Missouri	Oct. 13, 1861.
Dutch Mills*	Arkansas	Apr. 14, 1864.
Dutton's Hill, near Somerset	Kentucky	Mar. 30, 1863.
Duvall's Ford*	Tennessee	Sept. 30, 1864.
Dyersburg*	Tennessee	Aug. 18, 1862.
Dyersburg*	Tennessee	Jan. 30, 1863.
Dyersburg Wood Springs*	Tennessee	Aug. 7, 1862.
Dyer's Ford*	Georgia	Sept. 18, 1863.
Eagle Island*	North Carolina	Feb. 21, 1865.
Eagle Pass*	Texas	June 19, 1864.
Eagleport*	Ohio	July 22, 1863.
Eagleville, near or at*	Tennessee	Mar. 2, 31–Apr. 1, 16, Dec. 7, 1863.
Eastern Shore, affair on	Virginia	Nov. 14–15, 1863.
East Macon*	Georgia	Nov. 20, 1864.
East Point, near*	Georgia	Aug. 30, Nov. 15, 1864.
Eastport, destruction of (Delach's Bluff)	Louisiana	Apr. 26, 1864.
Eastport*	Tennessee	Nov. 1, 1863.
Eastport	Mississippi	Oct. 10, 1864.
East River Bridge*	Florida	Mar. 4–5, 1865.
East Tennessee, expedition from, into southwestern Virginia.		Dec. 10–29, 1864.
East Tennessee, operations in	Tennessee	Oct. 10–28, 1864.
East Tennessee, Sanders' raid in	Tennessee	June 14–24, 1863.
East Tennessee and Georgia Railroad, raid on.	Tennessee	Nov. 24–27, 1863.
Eatonville, near*	Georgia	Nov. 21, 1864.
Ebenezer Church, near Maplesville	Alabama	Apr. 1, 1865.
Ebenezer Creek*	Georgia	Dec. 8, 1864.
Eddyville*	Kentucky	Oct. 17, 1864.
Eddyville, expedition to	Kentucky	Oct. 26, 1861.
Eddyville, naval	Tennessee	Aug. 26, 1861.
Eden and Pooler stations, between*	Georgia	Dec. 9, 1864.
Edenburg, near Stony Creek	Virginia	Apr. 2, 1862.
Edenburg*	Virginia	Nov. 16, 1863.
Edenburg, near*	Virginia	Sept. 23, Nov. 7, 1864.
Edenton Road	Virginia	Apr. 15, 24, 1863.
Edenton	Virginia	Apr. 12–13, 1863.
Edenton naval expedition	North Carolina	Feb. 11–12, 1862.
Edenton*	North Carolina	Feb. 7, 10, 1863.
Edenton	North Carolina	Oct. 9, 1864.
Edenton, N. C., expedition from Portsmouth, Va., to.*		Aug. 11–19, 1863.
Edgefield Junction*	Tennessee	Aug. 20, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Edina*	Missouri	Aug. 1, 1861.
Edisto Island	South Carolina	Mar. 29, Apr. 19, 1862.
Edisto Island*	South Carolina	June 18, 1863.
Edisto Railroad Bridge*	South Carolina	Feb. 7, 1865.
Edisto River (see Walker's)	South Carolina	
Edmondson Pike (see Prim's blacksmith shop).	Tennessee	
Edmonton*	Kentucky	June 7, 1863.
Edwards Depot, near	Mississippi	May 16, 1863.
Edward's Ferry	Maryland	June 18, July 29, 1861.
Edward's Ferry	Maryland	Sept. 3–4, 1862.
Edward's Ferry*	Maryland	Aug. 27, 1863.
Edward's Ferry*	Mississippi	Feb. 4, 1864.
Edward's Ferry	Virginia	Oct. 4, 1861.
Edward's Ferry (see Ball's Bluff)	Virginia	
Edward's Station*	Mississippi	May 15, 31, June 6, 10, July 1, 1863.
Edward's Station, Baker's Creek, or Champion Hill.	Mississippi	May 16, 1863.
Eel River*	California	May 26, 1861.
Eel River*	California	Apr. 26, 1862.
Eel River*	California	Mar. 21, 24, 1863.
Eel River	California	Mar. 19,* 27,* 28, 1864.
Eel River, opposite Bell Springs*	California	June 4, 1861.
Eel River, near Van Dusen's Creek*	California	May 31, 1862.
Eel River, South Fork*	California	May 28, June 14, 16, July 21, 1861.
Eight Mile Creek Bridge (see Whistler).	Alabama	
Eight Mile Post or Natchez and Liberty Road.*	Mississippi	Sept. 6, 1864.
Egypt	Mississippi	Dec. 28, 1864.
Egypt Station*	Mississippi	Feb. 19, 1864.
Elbow Cross-Roads, near*	North Carolina	Mar. 26, 1865.
Eleven Points, at or near*	Missouri	June 1, Oct. 25, 1862.
Elfin (No. 52), gunboat, destruction of	West Tennessee	Nov. 4, 1864.
Elizabeth, near, on Sandy River*	Virginia	Oct. 27, 1863.
Elizabeth City	North Carolina	Feb. 10, Dec.* 27, 1862.
Elizabeth Court-House*	West Virginia	May 16, 1863.
Elizabethtown, capture of, by Union forces	Kentucky	Dec. 27, 1862.
Elizabethtown*	Arkansas	Oct. 1, 1863.
Elizabethtown Road*	Kentucky	Sept. 29, 1862.
Elk Chute*	Missouri	Aug. 4, 1864.
Elk Creek, near Honey Springs	Indian Territory	July 17, 1863.
Elkhorn Tavern or Pea Ridge	Arkansas	Mar. 6–8, 1862.
Elkhorn Tavern*	Arkansas	Oct. 16, 1862.
Elkin's Ferry, Little Missouri River	Arkansas	Apr. 3–4, 1864.
Elk Mountain	West Virginia	Mar. 19, 1862.
Elk Mountain, near Hillsborough*	West Virginia	Nov. 10, 1863.
Elk River	Tennessee	May 9, 20, 1862.
Elk River	Tennessee	July 2, 14, Oct. 9, 1863.
Elk River Bridge* (see Rock Creek Ford)	Tennessee	July 2, 1863.
Elk River	West Virginia	Aug. 27, 1863.
Elk River, near	Alabama	May 1–2, 1862.
Elk Run	Virginia	Jan. 9, Apr. 13,* Aug. 26,* 1863.
Elk Water	West Virginia	Between Sept. 11 and 17,* 1861.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Ellen, steamer, capture of	Louisiana	Apr. 21, 1863.
Ellis' Bridge*	Mississippi	Feb. 21, 1864.
Ellis' Ford*	Virginia	Dec. 3, 1863.
Ellis' Ford, near	Virginia	Jan. 12, Apr. 17, 1864.
Ellis' and Ely's Ford*	Virginia	Jan. 17, 22, 1864.
Ellis, U. S. S. (see New River)	North Carolina	
Ellison's Mill, Mechanicsville, New Bridge, Hager's or Beaver Dam.	Virginia	May 23–24*, June 26, 1862.
Ellisville, near*	Mississippi	June 25, 1863.
Ellistown*	Mississippi	July 16, 1864.
Elm Creek* (Indians)	Texas	Oct. 13, 1864.
Elm Springs, at or near	Arkansas	Apr. 26, July 30, 1863.
Elrode's tan yard, De Kalb County*	Alabama	Jan. 27, 1865.
Eltham's Landing, Berhamsville or West Point.	Virginia	May 7, 1862.
Ely's Ford*	Virginia	May 2, 1863.
Ely's Ford	Virginia	Jan. 13, 17, Feb. 28, 1864.
Ely's Ford, near Jennings farm*	Virginia	Dec. 1, 1863.
Elyton, at or near*	Alabama	Mar. 7, 28, 1865.
Emily, steamer, capture of, Currituck Canal.	Virginia	May 15, 1863.
Eminence	Missouri	June 17, 1862.
Emmittsburg	Maryland	July 30, 1864.
Emmittsburg, near*	Maryland	July 4, 1863.
Empress, U. S. S	Mississippi	Aug. 10, 1864.
Ennis Cross-Roads*	South Carolina	Jan. 27, 1865.
Enterprise, near*	Missouri	Sept. 15, 1863.
Enterprise, near and at*	Missouri	Aug. 4, 7, 1864.
Escambia River*	Florida	Mar. 25, 1865.
Essex, U. S. S. (see Port Hudson)	Louisiana	
Estenaula*	Tennessee	Dec. 24, 1863.
Estill Springs*	Tennessee	July 2, 1863.
Etna*	Missouri	July 22, 1861.
Etowah River, near Cartersville*	Georgia	May 20, 1864.
Euchee Anna Court House	Florida	Apr. 23, 1864.
Eudora Church*	Arkansas	May 9, 1864.
Eunice, expedition from Helena	Arkansas	Aug. 28–Sept. 3, 1862.
Evans Mills, near	North Carolina	Feb. 2, 1864.
Evening Shade*	Arkansas	Oct. 7, 1863.
Everettsville	North Carolina	Dec. 17, 1862.
Everettsville, near*	North Carolina	Feb. 20, 1865.
Evergreen, near*	Alabama	Mar. 24, 1865.
Evlington Heights (see Haxalls' Landing)	Virginia	
Exchange, U. S. S., Mississippi River		June 1, 1864.
Explosion of Confederate mine in front of Eighteenth Army Corps.	Virginia	Aug. 5, 1864.
Ezra Church	Georgia	July 28, 1864.
Fairburn, at and near*	Georgia	Aug. 15, Oct. 2, 1864.
Fairfax Court-House (see Falls Church)	Virginia	June 1, July 17, Nov. 18, 27, 1861.
Fairfax Court-House	Virginia	Sept. 1, 2, Dec. 27–28, 1862.
Fairfax Court-House*	Virginia	Jan. 9, 26, 27, Mar. 9, June 27, 1863.
Fairfax Court-House, Coyle's Tavern*	Virginia	Aug. 24, 1863.
Fairfax Court-House, Lawyer's Road*	Virginia	June 4, 1863.
Fairfax Station*	Virginia	Aug. 8, Nov. 26, 1864.
Fairfax Station, raid on	Virginia	Dec. 27–29, 1862.
Fairfield*	North Carolina	Mar. 3–4, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Fairfield	North Carolina	Feb. 16, 1864.
Fairfield	Pennsylvania	June 30, * July 3, 5,* 7,* 1863.
Fairfield*	Tennessee	June 27, 1863.
Fairfield Gap*	Pennsylvania	July 4, 1863.
Fair Gardens, French Broad, Kellys Ford, near Seviersville.	Tennessee	Jan. 27, 1864.
Fair Ground*	Kentucky	Oct. 6, 1862.
Fair Haven, Chesapeake Bay, capture of steamer Harriet De Ford.	Maryland	Apr. 4, 1865.
Fairmount*	West Virginia	Apr. 29, 1863.
Fair Oaks, near	Virginia	May 30, June 8, 18, 27, 1862.
Fair Oaks and Darbytown Road	Virginia	Oct. 27–28, 1864.
Fair Oaks or Seven Pines	Virginia	May 31–June 1, 1862.
Fair Oaks, station near	Virginia	June 21, 29, 1862.
Fair Play, steamer (see Milliken's Bend)	Louisiana	
Fairview* (see Batesville)	Arkansas	June 7, 1862.
Falling Creek, at and near*	North Carolina	Mar. 17, 20, 1865.
Falling Waters	Maryland	July 14, 1863.
Falling Waters*	West Virginia	July 24, 26, 1864.
Falling Waters, Hokey's Run, Haynesville, or Martinsburg.	West Virginia	July 2, 1861.
Falls Church	Virginia	Sept. 1,* 3–4, 1862.
Falls Church*	Virginia	Aug. 16, 1863.
Falls Church and Centreville, near*	Virginia	June 23–24, 1864.
Falls Church to Fairfax Court-House on road.*	Virginia	Nov. 18, 1861.
Falmouth, near and at	Virginia	Apr. 17–19, Nov. 17, 1862.
Falmouth, at or near*	Virginia	Nov. 4, 6, 1863.
Falmouth, near*	Kentucky	Sept. 17, 1862.
Fancy Farms*	Kentucky	Mar. 22, 1864.
Fanny, Union transport, captured in	North Carolina	Oct. 1, 1861.
Fant's Ford*	Virginia	Aug. 23, 1862.
Farley's Mill, Holston River	Tennessee	Dec. 13, 1863.
Farmington	Mississippi	May 3,* 9, 10,* 12,* 19,* 22,* 1862.
Farmington*	Missouri	July 4, 1861.
Farmington*	Missouri	Sept. 24, 25, 1864.
Farmington Heights*	Mississippi	May 4, 1862.
Farmville	Virginia	Apr. 7, 1865.
Farrar's Plantation*	Mississippi	Sept. 22, 1864.
Fauquer Springs (see Sulphur Springs)	Virginia	
Fausse Pointe Lake	Louisiana	Nov. 18, 1864.
Fawn, U. S. S., capture of (see Barnum)	Virginia	Sept. 9, 1864.
Fawn-Naumkeag and Tyler, U. S. S., engagement with Shelby's forces, White River.	Arkansas	June 24–25, 1864.
Fawn Prairie, near Liscombe's Hill*	California	June 8, 1862.
Fayette*	Mississippi	Nov. 22, Dec. 22, 1863.
Fayette, attack on	Missouri	Sept. 24, 1864.
Fayette, descent on	Mississippi	Oct. 2, 1864.
Fayette, near and at*	Missouri	July 1, Aug. 3, Sept. 24, Nov. 18, 1864.
Fayette Road, near Huntsville*	Missouri	July 16, 1864.
Fayetteville	Arkansas	July 15, Oct. 24, 27, 1862.
Fayetteville, Oxford Bend	Arkansas	Oct. 28, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Fayetteville, or Prairie Grove	Arkansas	Dec. 7, 1862.
Fayetteville, demonstrations against	Arkansas	Oct. 11–14, 1863.
Fayetteville	Arkansas	Apr. 18, June 4,* Aug. 23,* 1863.
Fayetteville, at and near	Arkansas	May 19,* June 24, Aug. 27,* 28, 1864.
Fayetteville *	Arkansas	Jan. 24, 1865.
Fayetteville, at and near *	North Carolina	Mar. 11, 13, 1865.
Fayetteville	Tennessee	May 14, 1862.
Fayetteville	Tennessee	Nov. 1,* Dec. 6, 1863.
Fayetteville *	Virginia	June 3, Oct. 23, 1863.
Fayetteville	West Virginia	Nov. 14, 1861.
Fayetteville	West Virginia	Sept. 10, 1862.
Fayetteville *	West Virginia	May 18–20, June 3, July 4, 28, 1863.
Fayetteville and Cane Hill, between	Arkansas	Nov. 9, 1862.
Fayetteville, expedition (see Cassville)	Missouri	
Fayetteville, on Goldsborough road to Black River. *	North Carolina	Mar. 14, 1865.
Fayetteville *	West Virginia	Nov. 14, 1861.
Fayetteville, Union forces occupy	North Carolina	Mar. 11, 1865.
Fearnsville expedition (see Bermuda)	Virginia	
Fentress County *	Tennessee	Feb. 13, 1864.
Fernandina, near	Florida	Apr. 10, 1862.
Fernandina, capture of, by Union forces.	Florida	Mar. 4, 1862.
Fern Creek *	Kentucky	Oct. 1, 1862.
Ferry's Ford *	Arkansas	Oct. 7, 1863.
Ferry's Landing (see Ashley's Mills)	Arkansas	
Fike's Ferry, Cahawba River *	Alabama	Apr. 7, 1865.
Fish Bayou (see Old River Lake)	Arkansas	June 6, 1864.
Fishburn's Plantation, near Lane's Bridge, Little Salkahatchie River.	South Carolina	Feb. 6, 1865.
Fisher's Hill *	Virginia	Apr. 22, Sept. 21, 1863.
Fisher's Hill, near	Virginia	Sept. 21,* 22, Oct. 6, * 20, * 1864.
Fisher's Hill, near *	Virginia	Mar. 21, 1865.
Fishing Creek *	Kentucky	Dec. 8, 1861.
Fishing Creek (see Mill Spring)	Kentucky	Jan. 8,* 19, 1862.
Fish Lake	Missouri	Aug. 20, 1861.
Fish Lake Bridge, near Greenville	Mississippi	Feb. 23, 1863.
Fitzhugh's Woods, near Augusta	Arkansas	Apr. 1, 1864.
Five Forks	Virginia	Apr. 1, 1865.
Five Forks *	Virginia	Mar. 30, 1865.
Flat Creek, near	Missouri	Feb. 15, 1862.
Flat Creek *	Tennessee	Feb. 20, Nov. 17, 1864.
Flat Creek, expedition from Atlanta *	Georgia	Oct. 11–14, 1864.
Flat Creek, near Amelia Springs *	Virginia	Apr. 6, 1865.
Flat Creek Bridge, near Chula Depot *	Virginia	May 14, 1864.
Flat Creek Valley *	Tennessee	Mar. 15, 1864.
Flat Lick *	Kentucky	Aug. 17, 1862.
Flat Rock Bridge *	Georgia	July 28, 1864.
Flat Rock, expedition from Atlanta	Georgia	Oct. 11–14, 1864.
Flat Rock, McDonough Roads, crossing of. *	Georgia	Oct. 2, 1864.
Flat Top Mountain	West Virginia	July 27, 1862.
Fleet's Point, naval	Virginia	Oct. 25, 1864.
Fleetwood, or Brandy Station	Virginia	June 9, Aug. 1, Oct. 12,* 1863,

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Flemming's (Shannon's) Cross-Roads*	Virginia	May 4, 1863.
Fletcher's Ferry*	Alabama	May 18, 1864.
Flint Creek*	Arkansas	Sept. 4–5, 1863.
Flint Creek*	Arkansas	Mar. 6, 1864.
Flint Hill	Virginia	Sept. 1, 2, 1862.
Flint Hill	Virginia	Jan. 6, 18, 1864.
Flint Hill, near*	Virginia	Mar. 7, 1865.
Flint Hill, expedition to	Virginia	Feb. 7, 22, 1862.
Flint River	Georgia	Aug. 19, 1864.
Flint River* (see Double Bridges)	Georgia	
Flint River	Alabama	Apr. 17, 1864.
Flint River Bridge	Georgia	Aug. 30, 1864.
Flint Stone Creek	Maryland	Aug. 1, 1864.
Florence (see Cherew)	South Carolina	
Florence, expedition to	Alabama	Feb. 6–10, 1862.
Florence*	Alabama	Mar. 25, Apr. 23, May 28, 1863.
Florence, near and at*	Alabama	Apr. 12, May 7, Oct. 6–7, Nov. 9, 1864.
Fiorence (see Muscle Shoals or Raccoon Ford).	Alabama	
Florence, near*	Kentucky	Sept. 18, 1862.
Florence*	Missouri	July 10, 1863.
Florida or Boles' Farm	Missouri	July 22 or 23, 1862.
Florida, Confederate steamer, destruction of, North Bay.	Florida	Apr. 5, 1862.
Florida, martial law proclaimed by Gen. David Hunter.		May 9, 1862.
Florida, Salt River	Missouri	May 31, 1862.
Flowing Spring (see Welch's)	West Virginia	
Floyd*	Louisiana	Aug. 24, 1863.
Floyd County*	Kentucky	Dec. 4, 1862.
Floyd's Spring*	Georgia	May 16, 1864.
Folly Island*	South Carolina	Apr. 10, 1863.
Ford's Ferry (see Stewarts Ferry)	Tennessee	
Ford's Mill, near New Berne	North Carolina	Oct. 30, 1863.
Forest Hill, or Timberville	Tennessee	Oct. 16, Nov. 10, 1864.
Forrest's raid	Virginia	
Forge Bridge (see Jones' Bridge)	Mississippi	Oct. 3, 1863.
Forked Deer Creek*	Tennessee	July 15, 1863.
Forked Deer Creek*	Tennessee	July 13, 1863.
Forked Deer River*	Kentucky	Mar. 31, 1864.
Forks of Beaver*	Virginia	Sept. 24, 1864.
Forsyth (see White River)	Missouri	
Forsyth*	Missouri	July 22, 1861.
Forsyth, expedition from Springfield	Missouri	July 20–25, 1861.
Forsyth, scout from Ozark	Missouri	Aug. 7–9, 14–17, 1862.
Fort Abercrombie	North Dakota	Sept. 3, 6, 23, 26, 1862.
Fort Adams, expedition to (see Tunica Landing).		
Fort Anderson, near	California	Apr. 6, 1862.
Fort Anderson	North Carolina	Mar. 14, 1863.
Fort Anderson	North Carolina	Feb. 18, 1865.
Fort Anderson, capture of	North Carolina	Feb. 19, 1865.
Fort Baker, near*	California	Apr. 26, 1862.
Fort Barrancas	Florida	Jan. 1, 1862.
Fort Beaulieu, Vernon River, naval attack.	Georgia	Dec. 14–21, 1864.
Fort Beauregard	Louisiana	May 10, 1862.
Fort Beauregard	Louisiana	May 10, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Fort Beauregard, capture of	Louisiana	Sept. 4, 1863.
Fort Beauregard, captured (see Port Royal).	South Carolina	Nov. 7, 1861.
Fort Bisland	Louisiana	Apr. 12, 1864.
Fort Blakely, siege and capture of	Alabama	Apr. 2–9, 1865.
Fort Bliss, near*	Texas	Aug. —, 1861.
Fort Boise, expedition to Salmon Falls	Idaho	Aug. 27–Oct. 5, 1864.
Fort Boice, at and near*	Arizona	Apr. 23, Aug. 27, 1863.
Fort Brady, James River	Virginia	Jan. 23–24, 1865.
Fort Breckinridge abandoned	New Mexico	July 10, 1861.
Fort Brooke	Florida	Oct. 16, Dec. 25, 1863.
Fort Buchanan*	Arizona	Feb. 17, 1865.
Fort Carroll, occupied by Union troops	Maryland	Apr. 21, 1861.
Fort Caswell, seizure of, by Confederates	North Carolina	Apr. 16, 1861.
Fort Caswell	North Carolina	Feb. 23, 1863.
Fort Caswell, naval	North Carolina	June 2, 1864.
Fort Caswell blown up	North Carolina	Jan. 16 or 17, 1864.
Fort Chapman, destruction of Union transport Boston.	South Carolina	May 26, 1864.
Fort Clifton	Virginia	May 9, June 16–17, 1864.
Fort Clark (see Nueces River)	Texas	
Fort Cottonwood, near*	Nebraska	Sept. 20, 1864.
Fort Craig (see Valverde)	New Mexico	Feb. 21, May 23, 1862.
Fort Craig, near*	New Mexico	July 4, 1863.
Fort Craig, N. Mex., expedition from, to Fort Goodwin.	Arizona	Oct. 1–Nov. 27, 1864.
Fort Darling, Drewry's Bluff, and James River, attacked by the Galena and other Union vessels.	Virginia	May 15, 1862.
Fort Darling or Drewry's Bluff	Virginia	May 12–16, 1864.
Fort Davis, capture of, by Union forces	Arkansas	Dec. —, 1862.
Fort Davidson, Pilot Knob, attack on	Missouri	Sept. 27, 1864.
Fort De Russy, Red River, capture of	Louisiana	May 4, 1863.
Fort De Russy, capture of	Louisiana	Mar. 14, 1864.
Fort De Russy evacuated by Confederates	Louisiana	Apr. 23–25, 1863.
Fort Dixie, Neuse River, naval	North Carolina	Mar. 13–14, 1862.
Fort Dodge, at and near*	Kansas	June 8, 12, 29, 1865.
Fort Donelson, siege and capture of, by Union troops.	Tennessee	Feb. 12–16, 1862.
Fort Donelson	Tennessee	Aug. 23, 25, 1862.
Fort Donelson	Tennessee	Jan. 2, Feb. 3, July 29,* 1863.
Fort Donelson, near*	Tennessee	Oct. 11, 1864.
Fort Ellis, Neuse River	North Carolina	Mar. 13–14, 1862.
Fort Esperanza, Matagorda Island	Texas	Nov. 22–30, 1863.
Fort Fillmore	New Mexico	July 26, 1861.
Fort Fisher, operations against	North Carolina	Dec. 7–27, 1864.
Fort Fisher, explosion of powder magazine.	North Carolina	Jan. 16, 1865.
Fort Fisher, near and at*	North Carolina	Jan. 13, Feb. 8,* 1865.
Fort Fisher, captured after three days' bombardment, naval.	North Carolina	Jan. 13–15, 1865.
Fort Fisher, bombardment of	North Carolina	Dec. 24–25, 1864.
Fort Fisher, expedition to and capture of.	North Carolina	Jan. 3–17, 1865.
Fort Fisher	Virginia	Mar. 25, 1865.
Fort Frederick	Maryland	Dec. 25, 1861.
Fort Furnace, Powell's Big Fort-Valley	Virginia	July 1, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Fort Gaines, surrender of	Alabama	Aug. 8, 1864.
Fort Gaines, seized by State troops	Alabama	Jan. 5, 1861.
Fort Garland, near *	Colorado	Apr. 1, 1865.
Fort Gaston, near *	California	Aug. 6, 1862.
Fort Gaston, near *	California	Dec. 25, 26, 1863.
Fort Gibson, Bayou Bernard	Indian Territory	July 27, 1862.
Fort Gibson	Indian Territory	Oct. 15, 1862.
Fort Gibson, near and at *	Indian Territory	Feb. 28, Apr. 30, May 14, 20, 22, 28, Dec. 26, 1863.
Fort Gibson, near *	Indian Territory	Apr. 3, 1864.
Fort Gilmer (see Chaffin's farm)	Virginia	
Fort Goodwin, expedition (see Fort Craig)	New Mexico	
Fort or Battery Gregg (see Fort Wagner)	South Carolina	
Fort Halleck, near *	Dakota	Feb. 20, 1863.
Fort Harrison (see Chaffin's farm)	Virginia	
Fort Haskell and Fort Morton *	Virginia	Nov. 5, 24, 1864.
Fort Heiman *	Kentucky	Feb. 13, 1862.
Fort Heiman, near, Undine (No. 55), gunboat, capture of.	Kentucky	Oct. 30, 1864.
Fort Hell, capture of	Virginia	Sept. 10, 1864.
Fort Henry	Tennessee	Jan. 17–22, 1862.
Fort Henry, Tennessee River, capture of, naval.	Tennessee	Feb. 6, 1862.
Fort Hindman, or Arkansas Post, capture of.	Arkansas	Jan. 4–17, 1863.
Fort Hindman or Arkansas Post	Arkansas	Jan. 11, 1863.
Fort Holly *	Virginia	Dec. 10, 1864.
Fort Holt, naval	Kentucky	Dec. 1, 1861.
Fort Inge, operations from	Texas	Oct. 11–16, 1861.
Fort Jackson, occupied by Union troops.	Georgia	Dec. 21, 1864.
Fort Jackson, mutiny at	Louisiana	Dec. 9, 1863.
Fort Jackson, seizure of	Louisiana	Jan. 11, 1861.
Fort Jackson, bombardment and surrender of.	Louisiana	Apr. 18–28, 1862.
Fort Johnston, seizure of, by Confederate troops.	North Carolina	Apr. 16, 1861.
Fort Johnston, seizure of, by State troops.	South Carolina	Jan. 2, 1861.
Fort Johnston	South Carolina	July 3, 10, 1864.
Fort Jones, near Colesburg	Kentucky	Feb. 18, 1865.
Fort Kearny, near *	Nebraska	May 18, 1865.
Fort Larned, near *	Kansas	Jan. 20, 1865.
Fort Larned * (Indians)	Kansas	Nov. 13, 1864.
Fort Larned, operations about	Kansas	Feb. 12–21, 1865.
Fort Larned * (Indians), 80 miles west of.	Kansas	Mar. 7, 1865.
Fort Lawrence, Beaver Station *	Missouri	Jan. 6, 1863.
Fort Leavenworth, Kans., expedition to Hickory Grove.	Missouri	Aug. 17–27, 1862.
Fort Leavenworth, Kans., to Independence, Mo., expedition.	Missouri	Aug. 12–14, 1862.
Fort Leavenworth, Kans., expedition through Jackson, Cass, Johnson, and Lafayette counties.	Missouri	Sept. 8–23, 1862.
Fort Lincoln *	Kansas	Oct. 25, 1864.
Fort Livingston, recaptured by Union troops.	Louisiana	Apr. 27, 1862.
Fort Loudon (see Fort Sanders)	Tennessee	Nov. 29, 1863.
Fort Lowry, Rappahannock River, naval.	Virginia	Feb. 24, 1863, Mar. 15, 1865.
Fort Lyon, explosion at	Virginia	July 9, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Fort Lyon, near	Colorado	Aug. 7, 1864.
Fort Lyon	Colorado	Between Nov. 6 and 16, 1864.
Fort McAllister, Genesis Point, naval	Georgia	Jan. 27, 1863.
Fort McAllister	Georgia	Feb. 1, 28, Mar. 3, 9, 1863.
Fort McAllister	Georgia	Dec. 13, 1864.
Fort McCook, Battle Creek	Tennessee	Aug. 27, 1862.
Fort McRee	Florida	Nov. 22, 1861.
Fort McRee	Florida	Jan. 1, 1862.
Fort Macomb, seizure of	Louisiana	Jan. 28, 1861.
Fort Macon, siege and capture of, by Union forces.	North Carolina	Mar. 23 – Apr. 26, 1862.
Fort Marion, siege of, by State troops	Florida	Jan. 7, 1861.
Fort Marion, capture of, by Union forces.	Florida	Mar. 11, 1862.
Fort Mitchel, near Covington *	Kentucky	Sept. 10, 1862.
"Fort Monroe," New Market Bridge	Virginia	Nov. 11, 1861.
Fort Monroe, expedition from, to Fredericksburg.	Virginia	Mar. 5–8, 1865.
Fort Monroe, expedition from, into Westmoreland County.	Virginia	Mar. 11–13, 1865.
Fort Morgan, capture of steamer Ann	Alabama	June 29, 1862.
Fort Morgan, bombardment of, by U. S. Navy.	Alabama	Aug. 22–23, 1864.
Fort Morgan, attack on blockade runner under walls of.	Alabama	Oct. 12, 1863.
Fort Morgan, Tecumseh, U. S. monitor sunk near (see Mobile Bay).	Alabama	Aug. 5, 1864.
Fort Morgan, siege and surrender of, by Confederates.	Alabama	Aug. 9–23, 1864.
Fort Morton and Fort Sedgwick *	Virginia	Oct. 27, 1864.
Fort Morton and Fort Haskell *	Virginia	Nov. 5, 1864.
Fort Moultrie, seized by State troops	South Carolina	Dec. 27, 1860.
Fort Moultrie, naval	South Carolina	Sept. 21, 1863.
Fort Moultrie, naval	South Carolina	Feb. 2, Nov. 5, 1864.
Fort Moultrie, naval	South Carolina	Feb. 17, 1865.
Fort Moultrie, occupied by Union forces.	South Carolina	Feb. 18, 1865.
Fort Myers	Florida	Feb. 20, 1865.
Fort Pemberton, near Greenwood	Mississippi	Mar. 11, 13, 16, Apr. 2, 4, 1863.
Fort Pickens, transfer of Union troops from.	Florida	Jan. 10, 1861.
Fort Pickens, reenforcement of, by Union forces.	Florida	Apr. 12, 1861.
Fort Pike, seizure of	Louisiana	Jan. 14, 1861.
Fort Pike, recaptured by Union troops	Louisiana	Apr. 27, 1862.
Fort Pike, expedition to Pearl River	Louisiana	Sept. 9–12, 1864.
Fort Pike, expedition to Bayou Bonfouca.*	Louisiana	Jan. 31–Feb. 1, 1865.
Fort Pillow, expedition down the Mississippi to.	Tennessee	May 19–23, 1862.
Fort Pillow, naval	Tennessee	Apr. 13, 1862.
Fort Pillow	Tennessee	Apr. 14–June 5, 1862.
Fort Pillow, evacuated by Confederate troops.	Tennessee	June 3–5, 1862.
Fort Pillow, captured by Confederate troops.	Tennessee	Apr. 12, 1864.
Fort Powell, evacuated by Confederate troops.	Alabama	Aug. 5, 1864.
Fort Powell, naval	Mississippi	Feb. 21, Mar. 1, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Fort Powhatan*	Virginia	May 21, 1864.
Fort Pulaski, bombardment and capture.	Georgia	Apr. 10–11, 1862.
Fort Quitman, abandoned by Confederate troops.	Louisiana	Apr. 27, 1862.
Fort Randolph, attack on steamer Belle of St. Louis at.	Tennessee	Oct. 27, 1864.
Fort Rice, expedition from	Dakota	Sept. 11–30, 1864.
Fort Rice, near*	Dakota	Apr. 26, 1865.
Fort Ridgely, with Indians	Minnesota	Aug. 20, 22, 1862.
Fort Riley, near Nashville	Tennessee	Oct. 5, 1862.
Fort Riley, about	Kansas	Feb. 12–20, 1865.
Fort Rosedew, Vernon River, naval attack on.	Georgia	Dec. 14–21, 1864.
Fort St. Philip, capture of	Louisiana	Apr. 18–28, 1862.
Fort Sanders (see Fort Loudon)	Tennessee	
Fort Scott, Kans. (see Drywood)	Missouri	
Fort Scott, expedition and skirmishes	Kansas	Nov. 6–11, 1862.
Fort Scott, near	Kansas	June 8, 1863.
Fort Sedgwick and Fort Morton	Virginia	Oct. 27, 1864.
Fort Smith, seizure of	Arkansas	Apr. 23, 1861.
Fort Smith (see Massard Prairie)	Arkansas	July 27, 1864.
Fort Smith, occupied by Union forces	Arkansas	Sept. 1, 1863.
Fort Smith expedition (see Little Rock).	Arkansas	
Fort Smith, opposite*	Arkansas	Mar. 5, May 15, 1863.
Fort Smith, near and at	Arkansas	July 31, Sept. 1,* 11,* 23, Oct. 14,* Dec. 24,* 1864.
Fort Stanton, abandoned	New Mexico	Aug. 2, 1861.
Fort Stanton, Operations about	New Mexico	Aug. 25–Sept. 8, 1861.
Fort Stedman, Assault on, Front of Petersburg.	Virginia	Mar. 25, 1865.
Fort Stevens, near Washington	District Columbia	July 11–12, 1864.
Fort Strong*	North Carolina	Feb. 21, 1865.
Fort Sumter, Bombardment of	South Carolina	Apr. 12–13, 1861.
Fort Sumter, Bombardment of	South Carolina	Apr. 7, Aug. 17–Dec. 31, 1863.
Fort Sumter	South Carolina	Sept. 8–9, Nov. 19–20, 1863.
Fort Sumter (see Fort Wagner)	South Carolina	
Fort Thompson, Neuse River	North Carolina	Mar. 13–14, 1862.
Fort Thorn	New Mexico	Sept. 26, 1861.
Fort Tyler, West Point, Attack on	Georgia	Apr. 16, 1865.
Fort Wagner, first assault on	South Carolina	July 11, 1863.
Fort Wagner, second assault on	South Carolina	July 18, 1863.
Forts Wagner, Sumter, and *Fort or Battery Gregg*, Attack on, by seven ironclads and seven wooden vessels, C. S. N.		Aug. 17, 1863.
Fort Wagner and Battery Gregg, evacuated.	South Carolina	Sept. 7, 1863.
Fort Walker, captured (see Port Royal).	South Carolina	Nov. 7, 1861.
Fort Walla Walla, expedition to Grande Ronde Prairie.	Washington	Aug. 9–22, 1862.
Fort Wingate, expedition from, against Indians in.	New Mexico	Nov. 23–Dec. 10, 1864.
Fort Wood, recaptured by Union forces	Louisiana	Apr. 27, 1862.
Fort Zarah, near (Indians)*	Kansas	Nov. 20, Dec. 4, 1864.
Fort Zarah*	Kansas	Feb. 1, Apr. 23, 1865.
Forty Hills*	Mississippi	May 3, 1863.
Foster's Bridge*	North Carolina	Dec. 10, 1864.
Foster's Mills	North Carolina	July 27, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Foster's Plantation *	Virginia	May 18, 1864.
Fosterville *	Tennessee	June 25, 27, 1863.
Fouché-le-Faix Mountains *	Arkansas	Nov. 11, 1863.
Fouché Springs *	Tennessee	Nov. 23, 1864.
Fountain Dale *	Pennsylvania	June 28, 1863.
Four Locks	Maryland	Oct. 9, 1862.
Four Mile *	Missouri	Aug. 23, 1862.
Four Mile Creek (see Darbytown Road)	Virginia	
Four Mile Creek, on Deep Bottom	Virginia	June 30–July 1, 1864.
Four Mile Creek	Virginia	July 16, 21, 26, 28, Aug. 13–18, 1864.
Fourteen Mile Creek *	Mississippi	May 12, 13, 1863.
Fourteen Mile Creek *	Indian Territory	Oct. 30, 1863.
Fox Creek *	Missouri	Mar. 7, 1862.
Fox's Ford *	Virginia	Oct. 13, 1863.
Fox Springs *	Kentucky	June 16, 1863.
Foy's Plantation *	North Carolina	Apr. 7, 1862.
Framton's Plantation, near Pocotaligo	South Carolina	Oct. 22–23, 1862.
Frankford *	West Virginia	July 4, 1864.
Frankfort and Louisville Road *	Kentucky	Oct. 1, 1862.
Frankfort	Kentucky	June 10–12, 1864.
Frankfort (see Miami Cambridge)	Missouri	
Frankfort, Patterson's Creek, or Kelly's Island.	West Virginia	June 26, 1861.
Franklin *	Kentucky	July 5, 1863.
Franklin	Mississippi	Jan. 2, 1864.
Franklin, New	Missouri	Oct. 7, 13, 1862.
Franklin *	Missouri	Oct. 1, 1864.
Franklin *	Virginia	Aug. 31, Oct. 3, 31, Nov. 18, Dec. 2, 1862.
Franklin *	Virginia	Mar. 17, 1863.
Franklin	Tennessee	Dec. 12, 26, 27, 1862.
Franklin, near *	Tennessee	Mar. 4, 31, Apr. 9, 1863.
Franklin (Little Harpeth River)	Tennessee	Mar. 25, 1863.
Franklin	Tennessee	Apr. 10, June 4, 1863.
Franklin	Tennessee	Nov. 30, 1864.
Franklin	Tennessee	Dec. 17, 1864.
Franklin	West Virginia	May 5, 10–12, 26,* 1862.
Franklin *	West Virginia	Aug. 19, 1864.
Franklin, destruction of saltpeter works.	West Virginia	Aug. 19, 1863.
Franklin, destruction of saltpeter works.	West Virginia	Mar. 3, 1864.
Franklin, Blackwater, Reconnoissance to.	Virginia	Oct. 3, 1862.
Franklin Creek *	Mississippi	Dec. 21–22, 1864.
Franklin's Ferry (see Jasper)	Tennessee	
Franklin Pike, near Holly Tree Gap	Tennessee	Dec. 4, 1862.
Franklin Pike, near Nashville	Tennessee	Dec. 14, 1862.
Franklin and Scottsville Road *	Kentucky	Sept. 9, 1862.
Franklin Road	Kentucky	Oct. 1, 1862.
Franklin's Crossing (or Deep Run), on the Rappahannock.*	Virginia	June 5–13, 1863.
Frazier's Farm (see Charles City Cross-Roads and White Oak Swamp).	Virginia	
Frederick	Maryland	Sept. 10, 11, 1862.
Frederick, evacuated by Union troops	Maryland	Sept. 6, 1862.
Frederick *	Maryland	June 21, 1863.
Frederick *	Maryland	July 7, 8, 11, 1864.
Fredericksburg, near Ray County *	Missouri	July 17, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Fredericksburg, near and at*	Missouri	July 14, Aug. 12, 1864.
Fredericksburg	Virginia	Dec. 11–15 1862.
Fredericksburg*	Virginia	Apr. 17–19, Nov. 9, 1862.
Fredericksburg, near (Bowling Green Road).	Virginia	May 11, 1862.
Fredericksburg, or Marye's Heights	Virginia	May 3–4, 1863.
Fredericktown and Ironton	Missouri	Oct. 12–25, 1861.
Fredericktown, Expedition to	Missouri	Aug. 16, 1861.
Fredericktown*	Missouri	Apr. 22, 1863.
Free Bridge, Yocknapatalfa River*	Mississippi	Dec. 3, 1862.
Free Bridge, near Trenton*	North Carolina	July 6, 1863.
Free Bridge, near*	North Carolina	Dec. 16, 1863.
Freeman's Ford	Virginia	Aug. 21,* 22, 1862.
Freestone Point	Virginia	Sept. 25, Dec. 9, 1861.
Freemont's Orchard, near*	Colorado	Apr. 12, 1864.
Freeport, naval	Virginia	Mar. 7, 1864.
French Broad (see Fair Gardens)	Tennessee	
French's Field (see Oak Grove)	Virginia	
French's Field, Oak Grove, King's School-House, or the Orchards.	Virginia	June 25, 1862.
French Point, scout and skirmishes	Missouri	May 13–18, 1863.
Friar's Island*	Tennessee	Sept. 9, 1863.
Friar's Point, near*	Mississippi	Sept. 28, 1862.
Friar's Point, near*	Mississippi	Feb. 10, 1865.
Friendship Church*	Tennessee	Sept. 29, 1863.
Frog Bayou, near and at*	Arkansas	Feb. 12, Mar. 19, 1863.
Front Royal	Virginia	May 23, 30, 31, 1862.
Front Royal*	Virginia	Feb. 20, May 22, Sept. 21, 23, Nov. 22, 1864.
Front Royal, Guard Hill, or Cedarville	Virginia	Aug. 16, 1864.
Frost, General. (See Missouri Militia.)		
Frying Pan, near	Virginia	Dec. 29, 1862.
Frying Pan*	Virginia	June 4, 1863.
Frying Pan Church, near Pohick Church*	Virginia	Oct. 17, 1863.
Fulton (see Moore's Mill)	Missouri	
Fulton*	Missouri	July 17, 1861.
Fulton, near*	Missouri	Nov. 28, 1864.
Fulton Road, near Iuka*	Mississippi	Sept. 20, 1862.
Funkstown*	Maryland	July 7, 10–13, 1863.
Furnace, The	Virginia	May 6, 1864.
Fussel's Mills (see Deep Bottom)	Virginia	
Gadsden, near Black Creek*	Alabama	May 2, 1863.
Gadsden Road	Alabama	Oct. 25, 1864.
Gaines' Cross Roads	Virginia	May 14, 15, Nov. 10, 1862.
Gaines' Cross Roads*	Virginia	July 23, Oct. 12, 1863.
Gaines' Landing*	Arkansas	July 20, 1862.
Gaines' Landing*	Arkansas	June 28, 1863.
Gaines' Landing, Expedition to (see Vicksburg).		
Gaines' Mill	Virginia	May 19, 1862.
Gaines' Mill (see Cold Harbor, Chickahominy).	Virginia	
Gainesville	Virginia	Aug. 26,* 28, 1862.
Gainesville*	Virginia	June 21, Oct. 14, 15, 19, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Gainesville	Florida	Feb. 14,* Aug. 17, 1864.
Galena, U. S. S. (see Fort Darling)	Virginia	
Gales Creek*	North Carolina	Feb. 2, 1864.
Gallatin	Tennessee	Aug. 12, 13, Nov. 7, 8, 1862.
Gallatin, Hartsville Road	Tennessee	Aug. 21, 1862.
Gallatin Pike, near Nashville	Tennessee	Oct. 20, 1862.
Gallatin Road	Tennessee	Sept. 6, 1862.
Gallatin, South Tunnel	Tennessee	Oct. 10, 1864.
Galloway's Farm, near Jacksonport	Arkansas	June 2, 1862.
Galloway Switch	Tennessee	Oct. 23, 1862.
Galveston occupied by Union forces	Texas	Dec. 24, 1862.
Galveston, Blockade of and operations near.	Texas	May 14–25, 1862.
Galveston, Bombardment of	Texas	Aug. 3, 1862.
Galveston, capture of Union Fleet	Texas	Oct. 5, 1862.
Galveston, surrender of, to United States Navy.	Texas	May 2, 1865.
Galveston, near. Engagement between Hatteras U. S. N. and Alabama C. S. N. Hatteras sunk.	Texas	Jan. 11, 1863.
Galveston, attack on blockade squadron by C. S. A.—Capture of Harriet Lane and destruction of Westfield, U. S. N.—Abandonment of Galveston.	Texas	Jan. 1, 1863.
Galveston	Texas	May 15, 1862.
Galveston, Mutiny at	Texas	Aug. 10–13, 1863.
Galveston Bay, Expedition, etc	Texas	July 7–8, 1864.
Gap Mountain*	Virginia	May 12–13, 1864.
Graden Hollow, near Pineville*	Missouri	Aug. 9, 1863.
Garlandville*	Mississippi	Apr. 24, 1863.
Garlick's Landing	Virginia	June 13, 1862.
Garnett Camp, near Rice Mountain	West Virginia	July 10, 11, 1861.
Garnett's, or Goldeng's Farms	Virginia	June 27, 28, 1862.
Garrettsburg*	Kentucky	Nov. 6, 1862.
Garrett's Farm, near Port Royal, capture of J. Wilkes Booth and David E. Herold.	Virginia	Apr. 26, 1865.
Garrett's Mill*	West Virginia	Apr. 27, 1862.
Gatewood's*	West Virginia	Dec. 12, 1863.
Gatlinsburg*	Tennessee	Dec. 10, 1863.
Gauley's Bridge, Cotton Hill, or Blake's Hill.	West Virginia	Nov. 1–3, 1861.
Gauley or Miller's Ferry	West Virginia	Sept. 11, 1862.
Gayoso*	Missouri	Aug. 4, 1862.
Gayoso*	Missouri	Sept. 8, 1864.
Geiger's Lake*	Kentucky	Sept. 3, 1862.
Geiger's Lake*	Kentucky	July 15, Aug. 18, 1864.
General Lee, Confederate steamer captured in Savannah River.	Georgia	Aug. 10, 1862.
Genesis Point (see Fort McAllister)	Georgia	
Gentilly's plantation, near*	Louisiana	Sept. 1, 1864.
Georgetown, Expedition from, to Camden	South Carolina	Apr. 5–25, 1865.
George Washington, U. S. S., destruction of, near Beaufort.	South Carolina	Apr. 9, 1863.
Georgia Central Railroad Bridge, Oconee River.*	Georgia	Nov. 23–25, 1864.
Georgia Central Railroad (see Station No. 5).	Georgia	

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion– Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Georgia Landing	Louisiana	Oct. 27, 1862.
Georgia, Martial Law proclaimed by General David Hunter, U. S. A.	Georgia	May 9, 1862.
Georgiana, Steamer, destruction of, off Charleston.	South Carolina	Mar. 22, 1863.
Gerald Mountain*	Arkansas	Aug. 24, 1864.
Germanna*	Virginia	Oct. 10, 1863.
Germanna Fords, at or near*	Virginia	Apr. 29, Oct. 10, Nov. 18, 1863.
Germantown*	Virginia	Aug. 31, 1862.
Germantown	Virginia	Nov. 16, Dec. 13, 1863.
Germantown, near	Virginia	Feb. 26, Dec. 24, 1863.
Germantown*	Virginia	Jan. 22, 1864.
Germantown, near	Tennessee	Jan. 27, 1833.
Germantown Road, near Memphis*	Tennessee	Dec. 14, 1864.
Germantown, at or near*	Tennessee	Mar. 28, Apr. 18, 1865.
Gettysburg, near*	Pennsylvania	Oct. 11, 1862.
Gettysburg, near*	Pennsylvania	June 26, 1863.
Gettysburg Campaign	Pennsylvania	June 3–Aug. 1, 1863.
GETTYSBURG	Pennsylvania	July 1–3, 1863.
Ghent, near*	Kentucky	Aug. 29, 1864.
Gibson's Mills, on Indian Creek*	Virginia	Feb. 22, 1864.
Gila, on the (Indians)*	New Mexico	Nov.—, 1863.
Gilbert's Ford, Opequon Creek*	Virginia	Sept. 13, 1864.
Giles Court-house, Pearsburg	West Virginia	May 10, 1862.
Gilgal Church (see Marietta)	Georgia	
Gillespi's Plantation, Expedition to, from Natchez, Miss.	Louisiana	Aug. 4–6, 1864.
Gillett's Farm, Pebbly Run*	North Carolina	Apr. 13, 1862.
Gill's Bluff, James River	Virginia	June 20, 1862.
Gilmer County*	West Virginia	Apr. 24, 1863.
Girard*	Alabama	Apr. 16, 1865.
Gittrell's Ranch*	Colorado	Jan. 25, 1865.
Glade Springs*	Virginia	Dec. 15, 1864.
Gladesville*	Virginia	July 7, 1863.
Gladesville*	Virginia	Oct. 2, 1864.
Glasgow	Kentucky	Sept. 18, 30,* Dec. 24,* 1862.
Glasgow*	Kentucky	Oct. 6, 1863.
Glasgow, near*	Kentucky	Mar. 25, 1865.
Glasgow	Missouri	Oct. 15, 1864.
Glasgow, near*	Missouri	Oct. 14, 26, 1864.
Glasgow, near*	Missouri	Jan. 10, 1865.
Glass Village, near*	Arkansas	Sept. 8, 1864.
Glen Allen Station	Virginia	May 11, 1864.
Glendale (see Charles City Cross Roads and White Oak Swamp).	Virginia	
Glendale*	Mississippi	May 8, 1862.
Glendale*	Mississippi	Sept. 7, 1863.
Glenville*	West Virginia	July 7, 1861.
Glenville	West Virginia	Sept. 1,* 30, 1862.
Glenville, near*	West Virginia	Aug. 21, 26, 27, 1863.
Globe Tavern (see Weldon Railroad)	Virginia	
Gloritta (see Apache Cañon and Pigeon's Ranch).		
Gloucester County*	Virginia	Feb. 28, 1864.
Gloucester Court-House	Virginia	Jan. 29, 1864.
Gloucester Point	Virginia	May 9, 1861.
Gloucester Point	Virginia	Nov. 16, 1862.
Gloucester Point	Virginia	Apr. 9–14, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Godfrey's ranch *	Colorado	Jan. 14, 1865.
Going's Ford *	West Virginia	Apr. 6–7, 1863.
Golding's farm, or Garnett's	Virginia	June 27–28, 1862.
Goldsborough, Neuse River Bridge *	North Carolina	Mar. 19, 1865.
Goldsborough Road to Black River *	North Carolina	Mar. 14, 1865.
Goldsborough, at and near *	North Carolina	Mar. 23–25, 27, 29, Apr. 2, 8, 9, 10, 1865.
Goldsborough Bridge	North Carolina	Dec. 17, 1862.
Goochland Court House *	Virginia	Mar. 11, 1865.
Goodlettville	Tennessee	Sept. 30, 1862.
Goodrich's Landing	Louisiana	June 30, 1863.
Goodrich's Landing, near *	Louisiana	Mar. 24, 1864.
Goodrich's Landing, expedition from, to Bayou-Macon.	Louisiana	Aug. 28–31, 1864.
Goose Creek *	Virginia	Mar. 23, 1865.
Goose Creek Salt Works, destruction of	Kentucky	Oct. 23–24, 1862.
Goresville *	Virginia	Nov. 28, 1864.
Gordon's Landing (see Red River)	Louisiana	
Gordon *	Georgia	Nov. 21, 1864.
Gordon's Mills (see Lee)	Georgia	
Gordonsville *	Virginia	July 17, 1862.
Gordonsville, near *	Virginia	Dec. 23, 1864.
Gordonsville and Keezletown Cross Roads.	West Virginia	Apr. 26, 1862.
Gordonsville, raid to	Virginia	Dec. 8–28, 1864.
Goshen *	Alabama	Oct. 28, 1864.
Goshen Swamp	North Carolina	Dec. 16, 1862.
Gouge's mill, near *	Missouri	Mar. 26, 1862.
Government Springs *	Utah	June 20, 1863.
Governor Plantation (see Moore's)	Louisiana	
Graces, Salient, explosion of Confederate mine.	Virginia	Aug. 5, 1864.
Gradyville *	Kentucky	Dec. 12, 1861.
Grafton	West Virginia	Aug. 13, 1861.
Graham's plantation *	Louisiana	May 5, 1864.
Graham's Point, naval	South Carolina	Feb. 16, 1865.
Grahamville, near Honey Hill	South Carolina	Nov. 30, 1864.
Grand Coteau *	Louisiana	Oct. 16, 19, 1863.
Grand Coteau, Bayou Bourbeau	Louisiana	Nov. 3, 1863.
Grand Ecore *	Louisiana	Apr. 3, 16, 29, 1864.
Grande Ronde Prairies *	Washington	Aug. 14, 1862.
Grand Gulf	Mississippi	May 26, June 9, 1862.
Grand Gulf, naval	Mississippi	Feb. 14, 24, Apr. 22, 29, 1863.
Grand Gulf, capture of, by United States Navy.	Mississippi	May 3, 1863.
Grand Gulf	Mississippi	Mar. 31, 1863.
Grand Gulf	Mississippi	Jan. 18,* July 16, 1864.
Grand Gulf, expedition to. (See Memphis and Vicksburg.)		
Grand Gulf (Hamilton's plantation)	Mississippi	June 24, 1862.
Grand Junction *	Tennessee	July 30, 1863.
Grand Lake, expedition to	Louisiana	Between Sept. 7 and 11, 1864.
Grand Lake (see Bayou Portage)	Louisiana	
Grand Pass *	Idaho	July 7, 1863.
Grand Prairie	Arkansas	July 6, 1862.
Grand Prairie *	Arkansas	Aug. 17, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Grand River, expedition (see Napoleonville).	Louisiana	
Grand River, expedition to	Louisiana	Sept. 7–11, 1864.
Grand River	Louisiana	Between Aug. 15 and 21, 1864.
Grand River*	Missouri	Nov. 30, 1861.
Grand River*	Missouri	Aug. 1, 1862.
Grand River	Indian Territory	June 6, 1862.
Grand review, Army of the Potomac	District of Columbia	May 23, 1865.
Grand review, Sixth Army Corps	District of Columbia	June 8, 1865.
Grandy	Missouri	Sept. 24, Oct 4, 1862.
Granger's Mill	Tennessee	Dec. 14, 1863.
Grant's Creek, near Salisbury*	North Carolina	Apr. 12, 1865.
Grant's Ferry, Pearl River*	Mississippi	July 16, 1863.
Grant's Pass (see Fort Powell)	Mississippi	
Grass Lick*	West Virginia	Apr. 23, 1862.
Grassy Lick (see Cove Mountain)	Virginia	
Grassy Mound*	Kentucky	Oct. 6, 1862.
Gravel Hill (see Deep Bottom)	Virginia	
Gravelly Ford, on Hatcher's Run*	Virginia	Apr. 2, 1865.
Gravelly Run (see Lewis's farm)	Virginia	
Gravelly Run*	Virginia	Oct. 27–28, 1864.
Gravelly Run, or Hatcher's Run	Virginia	Feb. 5–7, Mar. 29–31, 1865.
Gravelly Run, line of*	Virginia	Mar. 30, 1865.
Graysville, near and at*	Georgia	Sept. 10, Nov. 26, 1863.
Great Bear Creek*	Alabama	Apr. 17, 1863.
Great Bethel, or Big Bethel	Virginia	June 10, 1861.
Great Bethel, or Big Bethel	Virginia	Apr. 4, 1862.
Great Cacapon Bridge	West Virginia	Jan. 4, 1862.
Great Falls	Maryland	July 7, Sept. 4, 1861.
Great Run	Virginia	Aug. 23, 1862.
Greenbrier	West Virginia	Oct. 31, 1861.
Greenbrier Bridge*	West Virginia	Sept. 24, 1863.
Greenbrier River	West Virginia	Oct. 3, Dec. 12,* 1861.
Greenbrier River	West Virginia	Aug. 3, 1862.
Greenbrier River*	West Virginia	Dec. 12, 1863.
Greenbrier River*	West Virginia	May 20, 1864.
Greencastle, at and near*	Pennsylvania	June 22, July 1, 5, 1863.
Greenfield*	Missouri	Oct. 5, 1863.
Green Hill, near*	Tennessee	Apr. 6, June 14, 1863.
Greenland Gap*	West Virginia	Apr. 25, 1863.
Greenleaf Prairie*	Indian Territory	Nov. 11, 12, 1863.
Greenleaf Prairies*	Indian Territory	June 16, 1863.
Green Oak, near*	Pennsylvania	July 5, 1863.
Greenpoint, near*	Georgia	July 14, 1864.
Greenton	Missouri	Mar. 30,* Nov. 1 1864.
Greenton, near*	Missouri	Between Mar. 19 and 23, 1865.
Greenton Valley, near Hopewell	Missouri	Oct. 21, 1863.
Greensburg, expedition to (see Baton Rouge).	Louisiana	
Greensburg*	Louisiana	May 1, 1863.
Greensburg, operations near	Kentucky	Jan. 28–Feb. 2, 1862.
Green's Chapel*	Kentucky	Dec. 25, 1862.
Green's, Dr., farm, near Lawrenceville*	Arkansas	Nov. 19, 1863.
Green's guerillas, operations against in	Missouri	Sept. 8–9, 1861.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Green River Bridge, or Tebb's Bend	Kentucky	July 4, 1863.
Green Spring Furnace, near	Maryland	Oct. 10, 1862.
Green Spring Run*	West Virginia	Mar. 7, 1863.
Green Spring Run affair	West Virginia	Aug. 2,* Nov. 1, 1864.
Greenville, near and at*	Kentucky	Sept. 11, Dec. 3, 1863.
Greenville*	Mississippi	Aug. 23, 1862.
Greenville*	Mississippi	May 12, 18, 1863.
Greenville (see Island No. 82)	Mississippi	
Greenville*	Mississippi	May 20, 27, 30, 1864.
Greenville*	Missouri	July 20, 1862.
Greenville, near	North Carolina	Nov. 25,* Dec. 20, 30,* 1863.
Greenville*	Tennessee	Oct. 2, 1863.
Greenville, at and near*	Tennessee	Apr. 15, May 30, Sept. 4, Oct. 12, 1864.
Greenville, near*	Tennessee	Feb. 21–22, 1865.
Greenville road	North Carolina	May 31, 1862.
Greenwell Springs road*	Louisiana	Oct. 5, 1863.
Greenwell Springs road, near Baton Rouge.*	Louisiana	Sept. 19, 1863.
Greenwich, near*	Virginia	May 30, 1863.
Greenwich, near*	Virginia	Mar. 9, Apr. 11, 1864.
Greenwood, near	Mississippi	Mar. 11, 13, 16, Apr. 2, 4, May 27, 1863.
Gregeory's Landing (see Commercial, steamer).	Arkansas	
Gregg (see Battery Gregg).		
Grenada	Mississippi	Aug. 17, 1863.
Grider's Ferry, Cumberland River*	Kentucky	Dec. 25, 1861.
Griffinsburg*	Virginia	Oct. 11, 1863.
Grimball's Landing, James Island	South Carolina	July 16, 1863.
Grimball's Plantation, naval	South Carolina	July 11, 16, 1862.
Grisson's Bridge*	Tennessee	Dec. 27, 1863.
Griswoldville	Georgia	Nov. 20,* 21,* 22, 1864.
Grossetete*	Louisiana	Feb. 19, 1864.
Grossetete Bayou*	Louisiana	Apr. 2, 1864.
Grove Church, at or near*	Virginia	Jan. 9, Oct. 14, Nov. 19, 1863.
Grove Church, near Morrisville*	Virginia	Jan. 26, May 8, 1863.
Groveton*	Virginia	Oct. 17–18, 1863.
Groveton or Manassas Plains, near Bull Run.	Virginia	Aug. 29, 1862.
Groveton Heights, Second Manassas, or Bull Run.	Virginia	Aug. 30, 1862.
Ground Squirrel Bridge or Church	Virginia	May 11, 1864.
Grouse Creek*	California	May 23, 1864.
Grubb's Cross Roads*	Kentucky	Aug. 21, 1864.
Guard Hill, Front Royal, or Cedarville	Virginia	Aug. 16, 1864.
Guerilla Camp (see Powell County)	Kentucky	
Guiney's Station	Virginia	May 21, 1864.
Gulley's*	North Carolina	Mar. 31, 1865.
Gum Swamp*	North Carolina	May 22, 1863.
Gunter's Bridge, North Edisto River*	South Carolina	Feb. 14, 1865.
Gunter's Land, near Port Deposit*	Alabama	Aug. 24, 1863.
Gunter's Land, scout to Warrenton*	Alabama	July 11, 1864.
Gunter's Prairie*	Indian Territory	Aug. 24, 1863.
Guntersville*	Alabama	July 28, 1862.
Guntown (see Brice's Cross Roads)	Mississippi	
Guntown (see Booneville)	Mississippi	

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Guntown	Mississippi	June 9–10, 1862.
Gurley's Tank, near*	Alabama	Feb. 16, 1865.
Guyandotte	West Virginia	Nov. 10, 1861.
Guyandotte, on the	West Virginia	Nov. 15, 1862.
Guy's Gap*	Tennessee	June 25, 27, 1863.
Hoddix's Ferry, expedition from Paducah.*	Kentucky	July 26–27, 1864.
Hager's or Catoctin Mountain*	Maryland	July 7, 1864.
Hager's (see Ellison's Mills)	Virginia	
Hagerstown, near	Maryland	Sept. 20, 1862.
Hagerstown	Maryland	July 6, 1863.
Hagerstown, at and near	Maryland	July 10–13, 1863.
Hagerstown, capture of	Maryland	July 6, 1864.
Hagerstown*	Maryland	July 5, 29, Aug. 5, 15, 1864.
Hagnewood Station (see Moffat's Station), Ark.	Arkansas	
Hahn's farm, near Waldren*	Arkansas	June 19, 1864.
Halcolm Island*	Missouri	Feb. 2, 1864.
Half Moon Battery*	North Carolina	Jan. 19, 1865.
Half Mountain	Kentucky	Apr. 14, 1864.
Half-way House, between Little Rock and Pine Bluff.*	Arkansas	Oct. 25, 1864.
Hallowell's Landing (see Jackson's Ferry)	Alabama	
Hall's Bridge	North Carolina	July 26, 1863.
Hall's Ferry*	Mississippi	May 13, 1863.
Hallsville, near*	Missouri	Dec. 27, 1861.
Halltown, near	West Virginia	Nov. 22, Dec. 20, 1862.
Halltown*	West Virginia	July 15, 1863.
Halltown	West Virginia	May 8, Aug. 24,* 25,* 26, 1864.
Hambright's Station*	Missouri	June 18, 1862.
Hamburg*	Missouri	Aug. 11, 1861.
Hamburg, Chambers Creek	Tennessee	Jan. 13, 1863.
Hamburg Landing*	Tennessee	May 29–30, 1863.
Hamden, near*	Ohio	July 17, 1863.
Hamilton, capture of	North Carolina	July 9, 1862.
Hamilton, expedition to	North Carolina	Dec. 9–12, 1862.
Hamilton, near*	Virginia	Mar. 21, 1865.
Hamilton's Ford (or Johnson's Ferry)*	Kentucky	Dec. 29, 1862.
Hamilton's plantation, near Grand Gulf*	Mississippi	June 24, 1862.
Hamlin*	West Virginia	May 29, 1864.
Hampton	Virginia	May 23, 1861.
Hampton Roads, naval	Virginia	Apr. 11, 1862.
Hampton, burning of	Virginia	Aug. 7, 1861.
Hampton Roads (see U. S. Monitor)	Virginia	Mar. 9, 1862.
Hampton Roads, Congress and Cumberland, U. S. S., destroyed by the Virginia, or Merrimack, C. S. N.	Virginia	Mar. 8, 1862.
Hancock, bombardment of	Maryland	Jan. 5–6, 1862.
Hancock*	Maryland	July 31, Aug. 2, 1864.
Hanging Rock Pass (see Blue Gap and Romney).	West Virginia	
Hanging Rock, or Blue Gap	West Virginia	Oct. 2, 1862.
Hankinson's Ferry*	Mississippi	May 3, 4, July 1, 1863.
Hannah's Creek*	North Carolina	Mar. 22, 1865.
Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad, passenger trains fired into.		Aug. 16, 1861.
Hanover	Pennsylvania	June 30, 1863.
Hanover Court-House, Slash Church, or Kinney's farm.	Virginia	May 27, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Hanover Court-House, in vicinity	Virginia	May 28–29, June 26, 1862.
Hanover Court-House*	Virginia	Between May 9 and 12, 1864.
Hanover Court-House*	Virginia	Mar. 15, 1865.
Hanover Junction	Virginia	May 27, 1864.
Hanover Station	Virginia	May 3, 1863.
Hanovertown	Virginia	May 27, 1864.
Hanovertown Ferry*	Virginia	May 4–5, 1863.
Hardeeville, near*	South Carolina	Jan. 3, 1865.
Hardin County*	Tennessee	Feb. 9, 1864.
Hardin Pike, near Nashville	Tennessee	Dec. 3, 1862.
Hariet De-Ford, steamer, capture of, near Fair Haven, Chesapeake Bay.	Maryland	Apr. 4, 1865.
Hare's Hill	Virginia	June 24, 1864.
Harney Lake Valley*	Oregon	Sept. 23, 1865.
Harper's Ferry*	West Virginia	July 4, Sept. 17, Oct. 11, 1861.
Harper's Ferry, abandoned by Union forces.	West Virginia	Apr. 18, 1861.
Harper's Ferry, evacuated by Confederate forces.	West Virginia	June 15, 1861.
Harper's Ferry and Leesburg, between	Virginia	Dec. 12, 1862.
Harper's Ferry, near	West Virginia	Aug. 23, 1862.
Harper's Ferry, seige of	West Virginia	Sept. 12–15, 1862.
Harper's Ferry, at and near*	West Virginia	July 7, 14, Oct. 1, 1863.
Harper's Ferry	West Virginia	Feb. 3, 1865.
Harpeth Shoals	Tennessee	Jan. 13, 1863.
Harrellsville*	North Carolina	Jan. 20, 1864.
Harriet Lane, U. S. S. (see Galveston)	Texas	
Harrisburg, near Sporting Hill*	Pennsylvania	June 30, 1863.
Harrisburg, near Tupelo	Mississippi	July 14–15, 1864.
Harris' farm	Virginia	May 19, 1864.
Harrison* (see Leasburg)	Missouri	
Harrisonburg, 9 miles from	Virginia	Apr. 24, 1862.
Harrisonburg	Virginia	Apr. 24,* May 6,* June 1, 4, 6, 7,* 1862.
Harrisonburg, near*	Louisiana	Sept. 4, 1863.
Harrisonburg, naval	Louisiana	Mar. 2, 1864.
Harrisonburg*	Virginia	Mar. 5, 1865.
Harrison's Gap	Alabama	Apr. 21, 1864.
Harrison's Island (see Balls Bluff)	Virginia	
Harrison's Landing, or Herring Creek	Virginia	July 3, 4, 1862.
Harrison's Landing (shipping)	Virginia	July 31–Aug. 1, 1862.
Harrison's Landing*	Tennessee	Aug. 26–27, 1863.
Harrison's Landing*	Arkansas	Aug. 16, 1863.
Harrison's Landing	Virginia	June 14,* Aug. 4, 1864.
Harrisonville	Missouri	July 18, 25,* 27,* 1861.
Harrisonville, near*	Missouri	Nov. 3, 1862.
Harrisonville, near*	Missouri	Oct. 24, 1863.
Harrisville (Ritchie Court-House)	West Virginia	May 7, 1863.
Harrodsburg*	Kentucky	Oct. 13, 1862.
Harrodsburg*	Kentucky	Oct. 21, 1864.
Harrodsburg, near*	Kentucky	Jan. 29, 1865.
Hartwood Church	Virginia	Nov. 28, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Hartwood Church *	Virginia	Feb. 25, Aug. 15, 25, 28, Oct. 12, Nov. 5, 1863.
Hartsville, Carthage Road	Tennessee	Nov. 28, 1862.
Hartsville Road, near Gallatin	Tennessee	Aug. 21, 1862.
Hartsville	Tennessee	Dec. 7, 1862.
Hartsville *	Tennessee	Apr. 18, 22, Oct. 10, 1863.
Hartville	Missouri	Jan. 11, May 23,* 1863.
Hartville *	Missouri	Aug. 11, 1864.
Hassayampa Creek *	Arizona	Dec. 15, 1864.
Hatch's Ferry *	Arkansas	Aug. 9, 1864.
Hatcher's Run (see Gravelly Ford)	Virginia	
Hatcher's Run	Virginia	Oct. 27–28, 1864.
Hatcher's Run *	Virginia	Dec. 8, 9, 10, 1864.
Hatcher's Run, or Boydton Road	Virginia	Mar. 31, Apr. 2, *1865.
Hatcher's Run, or Dabney's Mill, Armstrong's Mill, Rowanty Creek, Vaughan Road, and Gravelly Run.	Virginia	Feb. 5–7, 1865.
Hatcher's Run and Gravelly Run,* line of	Virginia	Mar. 30, 1865.
Hatcher's Run, or Gravelly Run	Virginia	Mar. 29–31, 1865.
Hatchie (or Davis) Bridge, Big Hatchie or Metamora.	Tennessee	Oct. 5, 1862.
Hatchie Bottom	Mississippi	July 20, 1862.
Hatchie Bottom, near Denmark	Tennessee	July 29, 1862.
Hatchie River, on the	Mississippi	July 5,* Oct. 7, 1862.
Hatchie River, Davis Bridge	Tennessee	Sept. 25, Oct. 1, 1862.
Hatchie River (see Bloomington)	Tennessee	
Hatteras Inlet, naval	North Carolina	Oct. 5, Nov. 14, 1861.
Hatteras Inlet, capture of	North Carolina	Aug. 28–29, 1861.
Hatteras U. S. S. (see Galveston)	Texas	Jan. 11, 1863.
Haughton's Mill, Pollocksville Road *	North Carolina	Apr. 27, 1862.
Hawk's Nest	West Virginia	Aug. 20, Sept. 2, 1861.
Hawe's shop, Stuart's raid	Virginia	June 13, 1862.
Haw's shop	Virginia	May 28, June 3, 1864.
Haxall's *	Virginia	Between May 9 and 12, 18, 1864.
Haxall's Landing, or Evlington Heights	Virginia	July 2, 1862.
Hay's Ferry, near Dandridge	Tennessee	Dec. 24, 1863.
Haymarket *	Virginia	Aug. 26, 28, 1862.
Haymarket, at and about (Thoroughfare Gap).	Virginia	June 21–25,* Oct. 19, 1863.
Haynes' Bluff, capture of	Mississippi	May 18, 1863.
Haynes' Bluff *	Mississippi	May 23, 1863.
Haynesville (see Falling Waters)	West Virginia	
Hay Station, No. 3, near Brownsville *	Arkansas	July 30, 1864.
Hay Station, near Fort Gibson	Indian Territory	Sept. 19, 1864.
Hazel Bottom *	Missouri	Oct. 14, 1862.
Hazel Green *	Kentucky	Mar. 9, 19, 1863.
Hazel River	Virginia	Aug. 22, Nov. 8, 1862.
Hazel River *	Virginia	Oct. 7, 1863.
Hazen's farm, near Devall's Bluff	Arkansas	Nov. 2, 1864.
Hedgesville	West Virginia	Oct. 20, 22, 1862.
Hedgesville, and Martinsburg, at and near.*	West Virginia	July 18–19, 1863.
Hedgesville, near	West Virginia	Oct. 15, 1863.
Helena, at and near *	Arkansas	July 14, Aug. 11, Sept. 19–20, Oct. 11, 18, 20, 22, 25, Dec. 5, 14, 23, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Helena, near	Arkansas	Jan. 1, 12,* May 25,* July 4, 1863.
Helena, expedition from, to Buck Island, Mississippi River.	Arkansas	July 13–16, 1864.
Helena, expedition to Clarendon	Arkansas	Aug. 4–17, 1862.
Helena, Ark., expedition to Coldwater	Mississippi	July 23–25, 1862.
Helena, expedition to Eunice	Arkansas	Aug. 28 to Sept. 3, 1862.
Helena, expedition from Arkansas to Friars Point.	Mississippi	Dec. 1–5, 1864.
Helena, expedition from, to Kent's Landing.	Arkansas	Aug. 11–13, 1864.
Helena, expedition to Marianna	Arkansas	July 24–26, 1862.
Helena, expedition to mouth of the White River	Arkansas	Aug. 5–8, 1862.
Helena, Ark., expedition down the Mississippi River and up the Yazoo.		Aug. 16–27, 1862.
Helena, expedition to Old Town and Trenton.	Arkansas	July 28–31, 1862.
Helena Road*	Mississippi	June 21, 1863.
Henderson*	Kentucky	June 30, Sept. 14, 1862.
Henderson, raid on	Kentucky	July 18, 1862.
Henderson County*	Kentucky	Nov. 1, 1862.
Henderson, near*	Kentucky	Sept. 25, 1864.
Henderson, near*	Tennessee	Sept. 14, 1863.
Hendersons Hill	Louisiana	Mar. 21, 1864.
Henderson Station, Mobile and Ohio Railroad, capture of.	Tennessee	Nov. 25, 1862.
Hendersonville	North Carolina	Apr. 23, 1865.
Henrytown (see Wet Glaze)	Missouri	
Henryville*	Tennessee	Nov. 23, 1864.
Herman*	Missouri	Oct. 3, 1864.
Hermitage Ford	Tennessee	Oct. 20, 1862.
Hernando, near (Coldwater)	Mississippi	June 19, 1863.
Hernando near*	Mississippi	Mar. 15–16, Apr. 18, Oct. 11, 1863.
Hernando*	Mississippi	Oct. 15, 1864.
Herndon Station	Virginia	Mar. 17, 1863.
Herring Creek, near or Harrison's Landing.	Virginia	July 3–4, 1862.
Herring Creek*	Virginia	July 17, 1864.
Hertford*	North Carolina	Dec. 10, 1863.
Hertford, expedition (see Portsmouth, Va.).	North Carolina	
Hertford, naval expedition	North Carolina	Jan. 30, 1863.
Hickman	Kentucky	Sept. 4, 1861.
Hickman's Bridge*	Kentucky	Mar. 28, 1863.
Hickory	Tennessee	Oct. 23, 1862.
Hickory Grove	Missouri	Aug. 23, Sept. 19, 1862.
Hickory Hill*	South Carolina	Feb. 1, 1865.
Hickory Plains*	Arkansas	Aug. 7, 1864.
Hickory Station, near*	Arkansas	Apr. 2, 1865.
High Bridge, near and at	Virginia	Apr. 6–7, 1865.
High Grove, near*	Missouri	July 28, 1863.
Highland County expedition (see Pocahontas).	Virginia	
Highland Stockade, near Baton Rouge	Louisiana	July 29, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
High School Chusto-Talasah or Bird Creek.	Indian Territory	Dec. 9, 1861.
Hilcher's Ferry (see Batesville)	Arkansas	
Hillsborough*	Alabama	Dec. 29, 1864.
Hillsborough*	Georgia	July 30–31, 1864.
Hillsborough*	Mississippi	Mar. 10, Feb. 6, 1864.
Hillsborough, near*	Tennessee	June 29, 1863.
Hillsborough, near*	Virginia	July 15–16, 1864.
Hillsborough, near (Elk Mountain)*	West Virginia	Nov. 10, 1863.
Hillsborough Road	Virginia	Feb. 14, 1863.
Hill's plantation (see Cotton Plant)	Arkansas	
Hill's plantation	Arkansas	July 7, 1862.
Hill's plantation, near Bear Creek	Mississippi	June 22, 1863.
Hill's Point, Pamlico River	North Carolina	Mar. 31, Apr. 2, 5–7, 16, 1863.
Hill's Point	Virginia	May 2, 1863.
Hillsville, near*	Virginia	Apr. 3, 1865.
Hilton Head White House	South Carolina	June 13, 1862.
Hines, raid in	Indiana	June 17, 1863.
Hinesville*	Georgia	Dec. 16, 1864.
Hockingport, near*	Ohio	July 20, 1863.
Hodgensville, near*	Kentucky	Oct. 23, 1861.
Hodge's plantation*	Louisiana	Sept. 11, 1864.
Hogan's or New Bridge	Virginia	May 23–24, 1862.
Hog Eye*	Arkansas	Sept. 4–5, 1863.
Hog Island, Bates County	Missouri	May 18, 1863.
Hog Jaw Valley (see Ladd's House)	Alabama	
Hog Mountain	Alabama	Apr. 30, 1863.
Hog Point, Mississippi River, naval	Louisiana	Nov. 18–21, 1863.
Hokey's Run or Falling Waters	West Virginia	July 2, 1861.
Holden's, near*	Missouri	Aug. 12, 1864.
Holly Creek*	Georgia	Mar. 1, 1865.
Holly Springs	Mississippi	July 1, Nov. 13, 28, Dec. 20, 1862.
Holly Springs, evacuated by Union forces	Mississippi	Jan. 9–10, 1863.
Holly Springs*	Mississippi	Feb. 2, Apr. 17, 1864.
Holly Springs*	Mississippi	June 16–17, Sept. 7, Nov. 5, 1863.
Holly Springs, at and near*	Mississippi	May 24, Aug. 28, 1864.
Holly Tree Gap, Franklin Pike	Tennessee	Dec. 4, 1862.
Hollow Tree Gap	Tennessee	Dec. 17, 1864.
Holman's Bridge, South Edisto River*	South Carolina	Feb. 9 or 19, 1865.
Holmes County	Ohio	June 16–20, 1863.
Holston River (see Leiper's Ferry)	Tennessee	
Homochitt's River, expedition to (see Natchez).	Mississippi	
Honey Creek	Missouri	Oct. 19, 1863.
Honey Creek (see Mill)	Missouri	
Honey Hill, near Grahamville	South Carolina	Nov. 30, 1864.
Hookerton*	North Carolina	Mar. 31, 1865.
Hoopa Valley*	California	Sept. 3, 1863.
Hoover's Gap*	Tennessee	June 24–26, 1863.
Hopefield	Arkansas	Mar. 14, 1864.
Hopefield, burning of	Arkansas	Feb. 19, 1863.
Hopewell, near*	Missouri	Aug. 25–26, 1863.
Hopewell, Greenton Valley	Missouri	Oct. 21, 1863.
Hopkinsville*	Kentucky	Sept. 29, 1861.
Hopkinsville, raid from Paris, Tenn	Kentucky	Dec. 6, 1864–Jan. 15, 1865.
Hopoeithleyohola, scout after	Indian Territory	Dec. 29, 1861—Jan. 4, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Hornersville*	Missouri	Sept. 20, 1863.
Hornersville, near*	Missouri	Sept. 8, 1864.
Horn Lake Creek*	Mississippi	Aug. 16, 1862.
Horn Lake Creek*	Tennessee	May 18, 1863.
Hornsborough, near*	South Carolina	Mar. 3, 1865.
Horse Cave*	Kentucky	Sept. 19, 1862.
Horse Creek*	Missouri	May 7, 1862.
Horse Creek*	Missouri	Sept. 17, 1863.
Horse Creek	Dakota	June 14, 1865.
Horse Head Creek*	Arkansas	Feb. 17, 1864.
Horse Landing, naval	Florida	Apr. 23, 1864.
Horseshoe Bottom, Cumberland River	Kentucky	May 10, 1863.
Hot Springs*	Arkansas	Feb. 4, 1864.
Houghton's Mill, Pollocksville Road, near.*	North Carolina	Apr. 27, May 15, 1862.
Houlka Swamp, near Houston*	Mississippi	Feb. 17, 1864.
Housatonic, U. S. S., destruction of, at Charleston.	South Carolina	Feb. 17, 1864.
Houston, near	Missouri	Sept. 12, Nov. 22, 1863.
Houston, Mo., scout into and skirmish*	Arkansas	Feb. 5–17, 1864.
Houston, near*	Mississippi	Feb. 17–19, 1864.
Howard County	Missouri	Aug. 28, 1862.
Howard's Gap, Blue Ridge Mountains*	North Carolina	Apr. 22, 1865.
Howard's Mills, near Cockletown	Virginia	Apr. 4, 1862.
Howard's Mills*	Kentucky	June 13, 1863.
Howard's Mills*	Kentucky	Mar. 9, 1865.
Howlett's Bluff	Virginia	June 21, 28, 1864.
Howlett's House Batteries (James River, naval).	Virginia	May 19, 22, 24, June 21, 28, 1864.
Howlett's House Batteries (James River, naval).	Virginia	Jan. 24, 1865.
Howell's Ferry*	Georgia	Between July 5 and 17, Oct. 19, 1864.
Hudson Place Salt Works, destruction of	Georgia	Sept. 22, 1863.
Hudsonville, or Cold Water*	Mississippi	Nov. 8, 1862.
Hudsonville*	Mississippi	Dec. 1, 1862.
Hudsonville*	Mississippi	June 21, 1863.
Hudsonville, near	Mississippi	Feb. 25, 1864.
Hudson's Ford or Crossing, near Neosho River.*	Kansas	June 30, 1863.
Huff's Ferry	Tennessee	Nov. 14, 1863.
Huger (see Battery Huger)	Alabama	
Huger Battery, capture of	Virginia	Apr. 19, 1863.
Humboldt	Tennessee	July 28, Oct. 9, 1862.
Humboldt, capture of by C. S. A	Tennessee	Dec. 20, 1862.
Humboldt, Burnt Bridge	Tennessee	Sept. 5, 1862.
Humboldt River*	Nevada Territory	Oct. 11, 15, 1862.
Humansville	Missouri	Mar. 26, 1862.
Humansville and Stockton, skirmish between.	Missouri	Aug. 12, 1862.
Humansville*	Missouri	Oct. 6, 16, 1863.
Hundley's Corner*	Virginia	June 26–27, 1862.
Hungary Station*	Virginia	May 4–5, 11, 1863.
Hunnewell and Palmyra	Missouri	Aug. 17, 1861.
Hunnewell*	Missouri	Jan. 3, 1862.
Hunnewell	Missouri	Apr. 18, 1864.
Hunter, U. S. transport, destruction of, St. John's River.	Florida	Apr. 16, 1864.
Hunter's Mill, affair near	Virginia	Dec. 21, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Hunterstown*	Pennsylvania	July 2, 1863.
Hunting Island	South Carolina	Between Mar. 20 and 24, 1862.
Hunter's Farm, near Belmont*	Missouri	Sept. 26, 1861.
Hunter's Mills, expedition to	Virginia	Feb. 7, 1862.
Huntersville* (see Fayette Road)	Missouri	
Huntersville, near*	Arkansas	July 8, 1864.
Huntersville	West Virginia	Jan. 3, 1862.
Huntersville*	West Virginia	Aug. 22, 1863.
Huntersville*	Missouri	Sept. 25, 1864.
Huntingdon*	Tennessee	Dec. 27, 29–30, 1863.
Hunt's Mill, near Larkinsville*	Alabama	Sept. 26, 1863.
Huntsville	Alabama	Apr. 11, June 4–5, July 2, Sept. 1, 1862.
Huntsville*	Alabama	Oct. 1, 18, 1864.
Huntsville*	Arkansas	Oct. 22, 1862.
Huntsville, near*	Arkansas	Nov. 9, 1863.
Huntsville*	Arkansas	Jan. 6, 1865.
Huntsville, or Burnt Hickory*	Georgia	May 24, 1864.
Huntsville*	Missouri	Nov. 9, 1862.
Huntsville, at and near*	Missouri	July 24, Aug. 7, 1864.
Huntsville, attack on	Missouri	July 15, 1864.
Huntsville	Tennessee	Aug. 13, 1862.
Hupp's Hill, Strasburg*	Virginia	Oct. 14, 1864.
Hurricane Bridge	West Virginia	Sept. 12, 1862.
Hurricane Bridge*	West Virginia	Mar. 28, Dec. 13, 1863.
Hurricane Bridge, near*	West Virginia	Feb. 20, 1864.
Hurricane Creek*	Arkansas	Oct. 23, 1864.
Hurricane Creek*	Mississippi	Aug. 9, 13–14, 19, 1864.
Hutchinson (Indians)*	Minnesota	Sept. 4, 1862.
Hustonville*	Kentucky	Feb. 9, 1865.
Huttonsville*	West Virginia	Aug. 18, 1862.
Huttonsville*	West Virginia	July 4, 1863.
Huttonsville*	West Virginia	Aug. 5, 24, 1864.
Hutton Valley*	Missouri	Sept. 6, 1863.
Iberia and Columbia, expedition	Missouri	Sept. 2, 1861.
Iberia*	Missouri	Aug. 29, 1862.
Ida, Confederate steamer, capture of	Georgia	Dec. 10, 1864.
Illinois Creek (see Prairie Grove)	Arkansas	Dec. 7, 1862.
Independence*	Mississippi	Dec. 7, 1863.
Independence, near*	Missouri	Feb. 8, Apr. 23, Aug. 25, 1863.
Independence*	Missouri	June 17, Nov. 26, 1861.
Independence, at and near	Missouri	Feb. 22, Mar. 22, between May 15 and 17, 1862.
Independence, surrender of Union forces.	Missouri	Aug. 11, 1862.
Independence (see Little Blue)	Missouri	
Independence Station	Louisiana	May 15, 1863.
Independence	West Virginia	Apr. 27, 1863.
Independence, Confederate attack on steamer Sam. Gaty.	Missouri	Mar. 28, 1863.
Independence, at or near	Missouri	Feb. 19, Apr. 23, Aug. 1, Oct. 22, 1864.
Independent Hill, Prince William County.*	Virginia	Mar. 4, 1863.
Indian Bay*	Arkansas	Feb. 16, Apr. 13, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Indian Bayou, near*	Louisiana	Nov. 9, 1863.
Indian Bayou	Mississippi	June 8, 1864.
Indian Bend	Louisiana	Apr. 3, 1863.
Indian Creek (see Wyerman's Mills)	Virginia	
Indian Hill*	Tennessee	Nov. 23, 1863.
Indianola, U. S. S., capture of		Feb. 24, 1863.
Indians, expedition against*	Arizona	Dec. 26, 1864–Jan. 1, 1865.
Indiantown, or Sandy Swamp*	North Carolina	Sept. 20, Dec. 18, 1863.
Indian Village*	Louisiana	Jan. 28, 1863.
Indian Village*	Louisiana	Aug. 6, 1864.
Indian Village to Rosedale expedition	Louisiana	Feb. 19, 1863.
Ingraham's Heights*	Mississippi	May 5, 1863.
Ingraham's plantation, near Port Gibson.*	Mississippi	Oct. 10, 1863.
Ingraham's Mill*	Mississippi	Oct. 12, 1863.
Inman's Hollow*	Missouri	July 7, 1862.
Insane Asylum, Cox's Hill or Bloods	Tennessee	Jan. 3, 1863.
Irish Bend (see Centerville)	Louisiana	Apr. 12–14, 1863.
Iron Bridge	Indian Territory	June 19, 1864.
Ironton and Fredericktown	Missouri	Oct. 12–25, 1861.
Ironton*	Missouri	Sept. 26, 27, 1864.
Irvine*	Kentucky	July 30, 1863.
Isaac Smith, steamer U. S. S., capture of, in Stone River.	South Carolina	Jan. 30, 1863.
Isabella, sloop, seizure of, at Mobile	Alabama	Mar. 20, 1861.
Isham's Ford*	Georgia	Between July 5 and 17, 1864.
Island Mound* (see Butler)	Missouri	
Island, The, Vernon County, Mo. (See The Island).		
Island No. 10, Mississippi River, capture of, by the Carondelet U. S. S. (night).	Tennessee	Apr. 4–5, 1862.
Island No. 10, siege and capture of, Mississippi River.	Tennessee	Mar. 15, Apr. 7, 1862.
Island No. 10, garrison of, surrendered at Tiptonville.	Tennessee	Apr. 8, 1862.
Island No. 10	Tennessee	Oct. 17, 1862.
Island No. 10, near*	Tennessee	Oct. 16, 1863.
Island No. 65, near*	Arkansas	May 23, 1863.
Island No. 65, near, Mississippi River*	Arkansas	May, 1863.
Island No. 76, Mississippi River*		Jan. 20, 1864.
Island No. 82, near Greenville*	Mississippi	May 18, 1863.
Isle of Wight County expedition to and destruction of U. S. S. Smith Briggs.	Virginia	Jan. 29–Feb, 1, 1864.
Issaquena County*	Mississippi	Mar. 22, July 10. Aug. 17, 1864.
Issaquena and Washington counties, operations in.	Mississippi	Oct. 24–31, 1864.
Iuka, at and near*	Mississippi	Sept. 13, 16, 27, 1862.
Iuka	Mississippi	Sept. 19, 1862.
Iuka, Fulton Road*	Mississippi	Sept. 20, 1862.
Iuka, at and near	Mississippi	July 7, 14,* 1863.
Ivey's Ford, at and near	Arkansas	Jan. 8,* 17, 1865.
Ivey's Hill or Farm*	Mississippi	Feb. 22, 1864.
Ivy Mountain	Kentucky	Nov. 8–9, 1861.
Jacinto, at and near*	Mississippi	Aug. 13, Sept. 7, 1863.
Jack's Creek*	Tennessee	Dec. 24, 1863.
Jack's Fork*	Missouri	Aug. 14, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Jackson*	Arkansas	Aug. 3, 1862.
Jackson*	Arkansas	Mar. 3, 1864.
Jackson*	Louisiana	Aug. 3, 1863.
Jackson, at and near	Louisiana	Mar. 3, Oct. 5, 1864.
Jackson, at and near	Mississippi	May 14, July 9,* 1863.
Jackson, capture of	Mississippi	July 10–17, 1863.
Jackson, at and near	Mississippi	Feb. 5,* July 7, 1864.
Jackson, expedition from Vicksburg	Mississippi	July 3–9, 1864.
Jackson*	Missouri	June 24, 1861.
Jackson	Missouri	Apr. 9, 1862.
Jackson*	Missouri	Apr. 26, 27, 1863.
Jackson*	Missouri	Sept. 24, 1864.
Jackson	Kentucky	Dec. 1–10, 1863.
Jackson*	Tennessee	July 13–15, 1863.
Jackson, capture of	Tennessee	June 7, 1862.
Jackson	Tennessee	Dec. 19, 1862.
Jackson's Bridge	Florida	May 25, 1864.
Jackson County, scout in*	Missouri	Mar. 20–30, 1864.
Jackson County	Missouri	Nov. 26–30, 1862.
Jackson County, in	Missouri	Apr. 2, 5, Sept. 15,* 1863.
Jackson County*	Missouri	July 6, 1864.
Jackson County*	Tennessee	Mar. 8, 1865.
Jackson, gunboat (see Columbus)	Georgia	
Jackson's Ferry (Hallowell's Landing)*	Alabama	May 12, 1864.
Jackson's Mill*	Mississippi	Nov. 1, 1863.
Jackson's Mill	North Carolina	June 22, 1864.
Jackson's Mill*	North Carolina	Mar. 7, 1865.
Jackson Railroad, operations on	Louisiana	May 9–18, 1863.
Jackson's River, near Covington*	Virginia	Dec. 19, 1863.
Jackson's River, saltpeter works	Virginia	Aug. 5–31, 1863.
Jackson, Thompson's Creek*	Alabama	Oct. 5, 1864.
Jacksonborough	Tennessee	Mar. 14, 1862.
Jacksonborough	Tennessee	Aug. 28, 1863.
Jacksonport, Galloway's Farm	Arkansas	June 2, 1862.
Jacksonport	Arkansas	June 12, 1862.
Jacksonport	Arkansas	Nov. 21, Dec. 23,* 1863.
Jacksonport, attack on	Arkansas	Apr. 20, 1864.
Jacksonport, near*	Arkansas	Between Apr. 22 and 24, 1864.
Jacksonville, occupied by Union forces	Florida	Mar. 12, 1862.
Jacksonville, evacuated by Union forces	Florida	Apr. 9, 1862.
Jacksonville, recaptured	Florida	Oct. 5, 1862.
Jacksonville	Florida	Mar. 25, 29, 1863.
Jacksonville, reoccupied by Union forces	Florida	Mar. 10, 1863.
Jacksonville, evacuated	Florida	Mar. 31, 1863.
Jacksonville, near*	Florida	May 28, 1864.
Jacksonville, near	Florida	Mar. 23–31, 1863.
Jacksonville, expedition from, into Marion County.	Florida	Mar. 7–12, 1865.
Jacksonville, near*	North Carolina	Jan. 20, 1863.
James City, near*	Virginia	Oct. 8, 9, 10, 1863.
James Creek, near*	Missouri	Apr. 27, 1865.
James and Dixon's islands, affair between.	South Carolina	May 25, 1862.
James Island	South Carolina	June 3, 8, 10, 1862.
James Island (see Secessionville)	South Carolina	
James Island (see Grimball's)	South Carolina	

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
James Island, evacuation	South Carolina	June 28–July 7, 1862.
James Island, naval	South Carolina	July 9, 1863.
James Island (see Battery Cheves)	South Carolina	May 31, July 16, 1863.
James Island (see Legare's Point)	South Carolina	
James Island	South Carolina	May 13,* July 2, 16, 1864.
James Island *	South Carolina	Feb. 10, 1865.
James Island, naval demonstrations on	South Carolina	Feb. 14, 1865.
James Plantation, near New Carthage*	Louisiana	Apr. 6, 8, 1863.
James River Road, or Willis Church*	Virginia	June 29, 1862.
James River (see Fort Brady)	Virginia	
James River (see Todd's Tavern)	Virginia	
James River, on	Virginia	Aug. 6, 1863.
James River, operations on south side	Virginia	May 4–June 2, 1864.
James River (see Deep Bottom)	Virginia	
James River, destruction of Confederate torpedo station.	Virginia	May 10, 1864.
James River, naval	Virginia	May 31, 1864.
James River	Virginia	Jan. 23–24, 1865.
James River, Sheridan Crosses	Virginia	Mar. 26, 1865.
Jamestown *	Kentucky	June 2, 1863.
Jamesville, naval	North Carolina	Dec. 10, 1864.
Janelew *	West Virginia	May 5, 1863.
Jarratt's Station *	Virginia	May 8, 1864.
Jasper, Rankin's Ferry	Tennessee	June 21, 1862.
Jasper, Sweeden's Cove	Tennessee	June 4, 1862.
Jasper, Valley Road near *	Tennessee	Oct. 2, 1863.
Jeanerette *	Louisiana	Apr. 14, 1863.
Jefferson	Maryland	Sept. 13, 1862.
Jefferson	Tennessee	Dec. 30, 1862.
Jefferson *	Virginia	Nov. 7, 8, 11, 14, 1862.
Jefferson City, at and near *	Missouri	Oct. 7, 8, 1864.
Jefferson County, expedition through	Missouri	Sept. 1–3, 1861.
Jefferson Pike at Stewart's Creek Bridge	Tennessee	Dec. 27, 1862.
Jeffersonton *	Virginia	Nov. 8, 1863.
Jeffersonton Cross-Roads *	Virginia	Oct. 12, 1863.
Jeffersonville *	Virginia	May 8, 1864.
Jekyl Island, occupied by United States Navy.	Georgia	Mar. 8, 1862.
Jenkins' Ferry	Arkansas	Apr. 30, 1864.
Jenkins' Ferry, raid into	Ohio	Sept. 4, 1862.
Jenk's Bridge, Ogeechee River *	Georgia	Dec. 7, 1864.
Jennie's Creek *	Kentucky	Jan. 7, 1862.
Jenning's Farm, near Ely's Ford *	Virginia	Dec. 1, 1863.
Jenny Lind *	Arkansas	Sept. 1, 1863.
Jericho Bridge, or Ford or Mills, on the North Anna River.*	Virginia	May 23–26, 1864.
Jerusalam Plank Road, near	Virginia	June 22, 1864.
Joe Underwood, Camp	Kentucky	Oct. 24, 1861.
John's Island	South Carolina	May 22, June 7,* 8–9, 1862.
John's Island	South Carolina	Dec. 28, 1863.
John's Island, naval	South Carolina	July 11, Dec. 25, 1863.
John's Island *	South Carolina	July 3, 7, 1864.
John's Island (see Burden's Causeway)	South Carolina	
Johnson County *	Missouri	Apr. 28–30, 1864.
Johnson's County, operations in	Missouri	June 28–29, 1862.
Johnson's County, operations in *	Missouri	July 20–31, 1864.
Johnson County *	Arkansas	Oct. 26, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Johnson County*	Arkansas	Jan. 7, 1865.
Johnson's Crook*	Georgia	Feb. 10, 1865.
Johnson's Farm*	Virginia	Oct. 29, 1864.
Johnson's Farm (see Darbytown Road)	Virginia	
Johnson's Ferry, or Hamilton's Ford*	Kentucky	Dec. 29, 1862.
Johnson's Station	South Carolina	Feb. 10,* 11, 1865.
Johnston, Gen. Joseph E., surrender of army at Raleigh.	North Carolina	Apr. 26, 1865.
Johnstown*	Missouri	Nov. 24, 1861.
Johnstown*	Missouri	Oct. 16, 1863.
Johnstown, near Harrison County	West Virginia	Apr. 18, 1863.
Johnsonville, near and at	Tennessee	Sept. 25,* Nov. 4–5, 1864.
Jollification*	Missouri	Oct. 3, 1862.
Jones (see Ashley's Station)	Arkansas	
Jones's Bridge*	Virginia	Between May 9 and 12, May 17, June 23, 1864.
Jones' Bridge, Forge Bridge	Virginia	June 29–30, 1862.
Jones' Cross-Roads*	Mississippi	May 3, 1863.
Jones' Cross-Roads, near Williamsport*	Maryland	July 10–13, 1863.
Jones' Farm	Virginia	May 28, 1864.
Jones' Ferry*	Mississippi	June 28, July 6, 1863.
Jones' Hill*	Tennessee	Oct. 26, 1863.
Jones' Plantation, near Birdsong Ferry*	Mississippi	June 22, 1863.
Jonesboro*	Missouri	Aug. 21–22, 1861.
Jonesborough	Arkansas	Aug. 2, 1862.
Jonesborough	Georgia	Aug. 31–Sept. 1, 1864.
Jonesborough*	Georgia	Aug. 19, Nov. 15, 1864.
Jonesborough	Tennessee	Sept. 21, 28, 1863.
Jonesborough*	Tennessee	Sept. 29, 1864.
Jonesborough, Spangler's Mill	Alabama	July 26, 1862.
Jonesville, near	Virginia	Jan. 2, Nov. 29,* Dec. 1,* 1863.
Jonesville, at and near	Virginia	Jan. 3,* 28–29,* Aug. 4, 1864.
Jonesville Road	Virginia	Feb. 12, 1864.
Jordan's Store*	Tennessee	May 30, 1863.
Jordan's Ford	Virginia	June 29, 1862.
Jornado del Muerto, on the*	New Mexico	June 16, 1863.
Joyner's Ferry	Virginia	Dec. 22, 1862.
Jug Tavern	Georgia	Aug. 3, 1864.
Julesburg*	Colorado	Jan. 7, 1865.
Julesburg. (See Smith's Dan Ranch.)		
Julesburg, Denver Stage Road, operations on.	Colorado	Jan. 14–29, 1865.
Jumpertown*	Mississippi	Nov. 5, 1862.
Juniper Creek, near Cheraw*	South Carolina	Mar. 3, 1865.
Kabletown	West Virginia	Mar. 10,* June 10,* July 18, 19,* Nov. 18, 20,* 30, 1864.
Kanawha, near falls of the	West Virginia	Oct. 31, 1862.
Kanawha Gap	West Virginia	Sept. 25, 1861.
Kanawha Valley	West Virginia	Oct. 23–27, 1861.
Kansas City, seizure of ordnance stores	Missouri	May 4, 1861.
Kansas City, near Santa Fé Railroad	Missouri	May 21, 1863.
Kearneysville	West Virginia	Oct. 16–17, 1862.
Kearneysville, at and near	West Virginia	Aug. 23,* 25, 1864.
Kearnstown or Winchester	Virginia	Mar. 22–23, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Kearnstown, near *	Virginia	Nov. 10, 11, 12, 1864.
Kearnstown (see Kernstown)	Virginia	
Kearsarge, U. S. S. (See Alabama, U. S. S., and Cherbourg, France.)		
Keatuck Creek *	California	May 30, 1861.
Keedysville, near Antietam Creek	Maryland	Sept. 15, 1862.
Keedysville *	Maryland	July 5, Aug. 5, 1864.
Keetsville *	Missouri	Feb. 25, 1862.
Keezletown Cross-Roads and Gordonsville.	Virginia	April 26, 1862.
Keller's Bridge, near Cynthiana	Kentucky	June 11, 1864.
Kellogg's Lake *	California	Aug. 19, 1861.
Kellys Ford, near and at	Virginia	Aug. 20,* 21,* Dec. 20–22, 1862.
Kelly's Ford (Kellysville)	Virginia	Mar. 17, 1863.
Kelly's Ford, at and near *	Virginia	Mar. 29, July 31–Aug. 1, Oct. 11, 1863.
Kelly's Ford	Virginia	Nov. 7, 1863.
Kelly's Ford (see Fair Gardens)	Tennessee	
Kelly's Island, Frankfort or Patterson's Creek,	West Virginia	June 26, 1861.
Kelly's Mills, near *	Mississippi	July 8, 1864.
Kelly's Plantation, near	Alabama	April 11, 1864.
Kelly's Store, or Deserted House, near Suffolk.	Virginia	Jan. 30, 1863.
Kelleysville (see Kelly's Ford)	Virginia	
Kellysville, near *	Virginia	April, 29, 1863.
Kempsville, affair near	Virginia	Sept. 15, 1863.
Kenansville *	North Carolina	July 5, 1863.
Kendal's gristmill (see White River expedition).	Arkansas	
Kenesaw Mountain (see Marietta)	Georgia	
Kenesaw Water Tank *	Georgia	Oct. 3, 1864.
Kinnekeet, naval	North Carolina	Oct. 1, 1861.
Kentucky and East Tennessee, expedition from, into southwestern Virginia.	Virginia	Sept. 20–Oct. 17, 1864.
Kentucky line	Kentucky	Sept. 8, 1862.
Kentucky, Morgan's forces enter	Kentucky	June 4, 1864.
Kentucky River	Kentucky	Aug. 31, 1862.
Kentucky River (see Taits Ferry)	Kentucky	
Kentucky River *	Kentucky	July 8, 1863.
Kernstown, near *	Virginia	July 23, 1864.
Kernstown, or Winchester	Virginia	July 24, 1864.
Kernstown, or Winchester	Virginia	Mar. 23, 1862.
Kernstown, expedition from, to Lacey's Springs.	Virginia	Dec. 19–22, 1864.
Kernstown, expedition from, to Moorefield.	West Virginia	Nov. 28–Dec. 2, 1864.
Kernstown (see Kearnstown)	Virginia	
Kettenshaw, near *	California	June 17, 1861.
Kettle Creek *	Kentucky	June 9, 1863.
Kettle Run, near Bristol Station	Virginia	Aug. 27, 1862.
Keytesville, surrender of	Missouri	Sept. 20, 1864.
Key West (No. 32) gunboat, destruction of.	Tennessee	Nov. 4, 1864.
Kickapoo Bottom, near Sylamore *	Arkansas	May 29, 1862.
Kidnney's Farm (see Hanover Court House).	Virginia	
Kilkenny River	South Carolina	Sept. 10, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Kimbrough's Cross-Roads*	Tennessee	Jan. 16, 1864.
Kimbrough's Mill, Mill Creek	Tennessee	Dec. 6, 1862.
Kinderhook	Tennessee	Aug. 11, 1862.
King and Queen, Court House*	Virginia	June 18, 20, 1864.
King George Court House, near*	Virginia	Aug. 24, 1863.
Kingsport	Tennessee	Oct. 6,* Dec. 13, 1864.
Kings, or Anthony's Hill, Devils Gap	Tennessee	Dec. 25, 1864.
Kings Creek, near Tupelo	Mississippi	May 5, 1863.
King's Creek*	South Carolina	July 3, 1864.
King's Hill*	Alabama	Oct. 23, 1864.
Kings House, near Waynesville*	Missouri	Oct. 26, 1863.
Kings River*	Arkansas	Jan. 10, Apr. 19, 1864.
Kings River (see Osage Branch)	Arkansas	
Kings School House (see Oak Grove and French's Field).	Virginia	
Kings Store*	Alabama	April 6, 1865.
Kingston, near*	Arkansas	Nov. 10, 1863.
Kingston	Georgia	May 18–19, 1864.
Kingston, at and near	Tennessee	Nov. 16,* 23,* 24, Dec. 4,* 1863.
Kingston*	Tennessee	Oct. 7, 1864.
Kingsville, near	Missouri	June 12, 1864.
Kinney's Farm, Court House, Slash Church, or Hanover.	Virginia	May 27, 1862.
Kinsell's, or McCoy's Ferry	Maryland	Oct. 10, 1862.
Kinston	North Carolina	Dec. 14, 1862.
Kinston, near*	North Carolina	Jan. 25, 1863.
Kinston*	North Carolina	June 28, 1864.
Kinston, Union forces occupy	North Carolina	Mar. 14, 1865.
Kinston, or Wise's Forks	North Carolina	Mar. 8–10, 1865.
Kinston, expedition to (see Batchelder's Creek).	North Carolina	
Kinston Road	North Carolina	Dec. 11, 12, 1862.
Kirk's Bluff	South Carolina	Oct. 18, 1862.
Kirksville, operations around	Missouri	Aug. 16–21, 1861.
Kirksville	Missouri	Aug. 6, 1862.
Kittredge's Sugar House, near Napoleonville.*	Louisiana	Feb. 10, 1865.
Klapsford*	Missouri	Aug. 19, 1861.
Kneeland's Prairie*	California	May 2, 1864.
Knight's Cove, near*	Arkansas	June 19, 1862.
Knob Creek, near Ripley	Tennessee	Jan. 8, 1863.
Knob Gap	Tennessee	Dec. 26, 1862.
Knob Noster*	Missouri	Jan. 22, 1862.
Knoxville, at and near*	Tennessee	June 19, 20, Nov. 16, 1863.
Knoxville, Union forces occupy	Tennnssee	Sept. 2, 1863.
Knoxville, siege of	Tennessee	Nov. 17–Dec. 4, 1863.
Knoxville, near*	Tennessee	Jan. 26, 27, 1864.
Kossuth	Mississippi	Aug. 17, 1862.
Labadieville	Louisiana	Oct. 27, 1862.
Labadieville	Louisiana	Sept. 8, 1864.
Lacey's Springs (see Kernstown)	Virginia	Dec. 21, 1864.
Laclede, descent on	Missouri	June 18–19, 1864.
Ladd's House, Hog Jaw Valley*	Alabama	Feb. 3–4, 1865.
Ladiga*	Alabama	Oct. 28, 1864.
La Fayette, near and at*	Georgia	Sept. 13, 14, Dec. 12, 1863.
La Fayette	Georgia	June 24, Oct. 12,* 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
a Fayette*	Kentucky	Nov. 27, 1863.
a Fayette*	Tennessee	May 11, Nov. 5, Dec. 4, 27, 1863.
a Fayette*	Tennessee	June 9, 29, Aug. 8, 1864.
a Fayette, attack on train	Tennessee	June 23, 1864.
a Fayette County	Missouri	Mar. 10, Nov. 26–30, 1862.
a Fayette County*	Missouri	Sept. 22–25, 1863.
a Fayette County, scout in*	Missouri	Mar. 20–30, 1864.
a Fayette County*	Missouri	July 20–31, 1864.
a Fayette County*	Missouri	Jan. 30, 1865.
a Fayette Landing	Tennessee	Oct. 3, 1862.
a Fayette Road, near Chattanooga River*	Georgia	Sept. 12, 1863.
a Fayette, scout to*	Tennessee	Mar. 10–16, 1863.
a Fayette Station, near*	Tennessee	June 25, 1862.
a Fourche Crossing*	Louisiana	June 20–21, 1863.
a Fourche, on the (Cox's Plantation), near Donaldsonville.	Louisiana	July 12–13, 1863.
a Grange*	Arkansas	Sept. 6, Nov. 1, 8, Dec. 30, 1862.
a Grange*	Arkansas	May 1, 1863.
a Grange*	Tennessee	Dec. 13, 1863.
a Grange, near*	Tennessee	Jan. 2, 25, Feb. 2, July 3, 1864.
a Grange, Tenn., expedition to Oxford	Mississippi	Aug. 1–30, 1864.
a Grange, Tenn., expedition to Tupelo	Mississippi	July 5–21, 1864.
ake Borgne, affair on	Louisiana	Nov. 22, 1863.
ake Bruin, or Choctaw Bayou*	Louisiana	Apr. 28, 1863.
ake Chicot (see Old River Lake)	Arkansas	June 6, 1864.
ake City*	Florida	Feb. 11, 1864.
ake Erie, attempt to capture U. S. S. Michigan.		Sept. 19, 1864.
ake Fausse Pointe, expedition to	Louisiana	Sept. 7–11, 1864.
ake Fausse Pointe*	Louisiana	Nov. 18, 1864.
ake George (see Sumter, C. S. S.)	Florida	
ake Maurepas, naval	Louisiana	Apr. 7, 1863.
ake Natchez, expedition to	Louisiana	Sept. 7–11, 1864.
ake Providence, near (operations against Vicksburg).	Louisiana	May 27,* June 9, 24,* 1863.
ake Saint Joseph (operations against Vicksburg).	Louisiana	June 4, 1863.
ake Springs*	Missouri	Oct. 1, 1864.
ake Verret, near	Louisiana	Jan. 30, 1865.
ake Village*	Arkansas	Feb. 10, June 6, 1864.
amar, Old*	Mississippi	Nov. 6, 8, 1862.
amar*	Mississippi	Aug. 14. 1864.
amar, descent upon	Texas	Feb. 11, 1864.
amar (see Coon Creek)	Missouri	Aug. 24,* Nov. 5,* 1862.
amar*	Missouri	May 20, 1864.
amar, destruction of, by Confederate forces.	Missouri	May 28, 1864.
amb's Creek Church, near Port Conway*	Virginia	Sept. 1, 1863.
amb's Ferry*	Alabama	May 10, 13, 1862.
amb's Ferry, Chickahominy River*	Virginia	Aug. 25, 1863.
amb's Plantation, near Helena*	Arkansas	Aug. 1, 1864.
a Mine Bridge	Missouri	Oct. 10, 1863.
ancaster*	Kentucky	Oct. 14, 1862.
ancaster*	Kentucky	July 31, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Lancaster*	Missouri	Nov. 24, 1861.
Lancaster*	Missouri	Sept. 7, 1862.
Lancaster Road*	Kentucky	Oct. 13, 1862.
Lane's Bridge (see Fishburn's Plantation)	South Carolina	
Lane's Prairie	Missouri	May 26, 1864.
Langley's Plantation*	Mississippi	Mar. 22, 1864.
L'Anguelle Ferry*	Arkansas	Aug. 3, 1862.
Lanier's Mills, near Sipsey Creek*	Alabama	Apr. 6, 1865.
Laredo, attack on	Texas	Mar. 19, 1864.
Larkinsville	Alabama	Aug. 30, 1862.
Larkinsville	Alabama	Sept. 26, 1863.
Larkinsville	Alabama	Feb. 14, 1864.
Larrabee's House, near*	California	June 2, 8, 1861.
Larrabee's Ranch, near*	California	May 23, 1861.
Latham Camp, expedition to Owen's River.	California	Mar. 19–Apr. 28, Ju 11–Oct. 8, 1862.
Lauderdale Springs*	Mississippi	Feb. 16, 1864.
Laurel Bridge, Cumberland Ford*	Kentucky	Oct. 28, 1861.
Laurel Bridge*	Kentucky	Sept. —, 1861.
Laurel Creek Gap*	Tennessee	Oct. 1, 1864.
Laurel Creek, Wayne County*	West Virginia	Feb. 15, 1864.
Laurel Fork Creek	West Virginia	Aug. 20, 1861.
Laurel Hill	West Virginia	Oct. 7, 1864.
Laurel Hill (see Belington)	West Virginia	
Laurel Hill (see Chaffin's Farm)	Virginia	
Lavaca, bombardment of	Texas	Oct. 31–Nov. 1, 18
La Vergne	Tennessee	Oct. 7, Nov. 27, D 9, 11, 26–27, 1862.
La Vergne	Tennessee	Jan. 1, Dec. 29,*18
Lawrence, massacre at	Kansas	Aug. 21, 1863.
Lawrence County*	Kentucky	Aug. 27, 1863.
Lawrenceburg*	Kentucky	Oct. 8, 11, 25, 1862
Lawrenceburg*	Tennessee	Apr. 4, 1862.
Lawrenceburg*	Tennessee	Nov. 3, 1863.
Lawrenceburg	Tennessee	Nov. 22, 1864.
Lawrence's Mill*	Tennessee	Jan. 5, 1864.
Lawrenceville*	Georgia	Oct. 27, 1864.
Lawrence, near Green's Farm*	Arkansas	Nov. 19, 1863.
Law's Landing	Alabama	July 28, 1862.
Lawtonville, at and near*	South Carolina	Jan. 30, Feb. 2, 18
Lawyer's Road, near Fairfax Court-House.*	Virginia	June 4, 1863.
Lead Mines, capture of	Virginia	Dec. 17, 1864.
Leasburg, or Harrisons*	Missouri	Sept. 29–Oct. 1, 18
Lebanon*	Alabama	Sept. 5, 1863.
Lebanon, near, and capture of*	Kentucky	July 12, 1862.
Lebanon*	Kentucky	July 5, 1863.
Lebanon occupied by Union troops	Missouri	Jan. 22, 1862.
Lebanon, near	Missouri	Mar. 12, 1862.
Lebanon, scout to Northern Arkansas	Missouri	Feb. 17, Apr. 1, 18
Lebanon, near*	Missouri	Nov. 1, 1864.
Lebanon	Tennessee	May 5, Nov. 9, 18
Lebanon, near*	Tennessee	June 15–17, 1863.
Lebanon Junction*	Kentucky	Sept. 28, 1862.
Lebanon Road, near Nashville	Tennessee	Oct. 13, 1862.
Lebanon, steamer, capture of on Mississippi River.		May 25, 1864.
Lee, Gen. R. E., assumed command of Confederate armies.		Feb. 9, 1865.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
e and Gordon's Mills, near*	Georgia	Sept. 11–13, 16–18, 1863.
e County*	Virginia	Dec. 24, 1863.
ed's Ferry, Rappahannock River	Virginia	Dec. 2, 1862.
esburg (see Ball's Bluff)	Virginia	
esburg (see Harper's Ferry)	Virginia	
esburg*	Alabama	Oct. 21, 1864.
esburg*	Tennessee	Sept. 29, 1863.
esburg*	Tennessee	Sept. 28, 1864.
esburg	Virginia	Sept. 24, 1861.
esburg occupied by Union forces	Virginia	Mar. 8, 1862.
esburg, at and near	Virginia	Sept. 2, 14, 17, Dec. 13, 1862.
esburg*	Virginia	Sept. 1, 14, Feb. 19, 1863.
esburg, between Vienna and*	Virginia	Dec. 25–27, 1863.
esburg*	Virginia	Apr. 19, 1864.
e's Creek*	Arkansas	May 1, 1864.
e's Cross Roads, near Tunnel Hill*	Georgia	May 2, 1864.
e's House, on the Occoquan	Virginia	Jan. 29, 1862.
e's Mill	Virginia	Apr. 5,* 16, 1862.
e's Burnt Chimneys or Dam No. 1	Virginia	Apr. 16, 1862.
e's Mill, near and at	Virginia	July 27, 30, Nov. 16, 1864.
esville, near*	Missouri	Mar. 19, 1862.
esville	Virginia	May 4, 1863.
etown*	West Virginia	Aug. 28, July 3, 1864.
et's tanyard, or Rock Springs, near*	Georgia	Sept. 12, 1863.
et's tanyard*	Georgia	Mar. 5, 1864.
gare's Point, James Island	South Carolina	July 20, 1863.
gareville, burning of by Confederates	South Carolina	Aug. 20, 1864.
ggett's or Bald Hill	Georgia	July 21, 1864.
ighton*	Alabama	Apr. 23, 1863.
ighton, near*	Alabama	Dec. 30, 1864.
iper's Ferry, Holston River*	Tennessee	Oct. 28, 30, 1863.
itersburg, Old Antietam*	Maryland	July 10, 1863.
noir's Station	Tennessee	June 19, Nov. 15, 1863.
winsville, near and at	Virginia	Sept. 10, 11, 25, 1861.
winsville	Virginia	Oct. 1,* 3,* Dec. 9, 1863.
wisburg	West Virginia	May 12,* 23, 30,* 1862.
wisburg*	West Virginia	May 2, Dec. 12, 1863.
wisburg, capture of	West Virginia	Nov. 7, 1863.
wisburg, near*	West Virginia	May 24, 1864.
wisburg, at and near*	Arkansas	Jan. 17, June 10, between Sept. 9 and 12, Dec. 5, 6, 1864.
wisburg, expedition from to Fort Smith	Arkansas	Nov. 5–23, 1864.
wisburg, expedition from to Strahans Landing.	Arkansas	Nov. 26–Dec. 2, 1864.
wisburg, near*	Arkansas	Feb. 12, 1865.
wisburg Pike*	Tennessee	Apr. 4, 1863.
wis Chapel	Virginia	Feb. 24, 1862.
wis Farm, near Gravelly Run	Virginia	Mar. 29, 1865.
wis Ford*	Virginia	Aug. 28, 30, 1862.
wis Mill*	West Virginia	Nov. 26, 1862.
xington, occupied by Confederate forces.	Kentucky	Sept. 2, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Lexington	Kentucky	Oct. 18, 1862.
Lexington, capture of	Kentucky	June 10, 1864.
Lexington	Missouri	Aug. 29, Sept. 12, 13-20, Oct. 16, 1861.
Lexington, surrender of by Union forces	Missouri	Sept. 20, 1861.
Lexington*	Missouri	Oct. 17, 1862.
Lexington, near*	Missouri	July 30, Nov. 4, 1863
Lexington, near and at	Missouri	Feb. 22,* June 14,* Sept. 18,* Oct. 17,* 19, 1864.
Lexington, near*	Missouri	Jan. 11, 1865.
Lexington Star House*	Missouri	May 4, 1865.
Lexington*	Mississippi	Jan. 2, 1865.
Lexington	Tennessee	Dec. 18, 1862.
Lexington, near*	Tennessee	June 29, 1863.
Lexington*	Virginia	June 11, 1864.
Lexington*	South Carolina	Feb. 15, 1865.
Liberty*	Missouri	Oct. 6, 1862.
Liberty, near*	Missouri	July 23, 1864.
Liberty, seizure of United States arsenal	Missouri	Apr. 20, 1861.
Liberty*	Tennessee	Mar. 19, Apr. 3, 7, 1863.
Liberty*	Virginia	Oct. 24, Nov. 21, 1863
Liberty*	Virginia	June 16, 19, 1864.
Liberty Gap*	Tennessee	June 24–27, 1863.
Liberty Mills*	Virginia	Sept. 23, 1863.
Liberty Mills*	Virginia	Dec. 22, 1864.
Liberty Post-Office*	Arkansas	Apr. 16, 1864.
Liberty Road (see Eighth milepost)	Mississippi	
Lick Creek	Tennessee	Apr. 24, 1862.
Lick Creek, near Helena*	Arkansas	Jan. 12, 1863.
Licking, Crow's Station	Missouri	May 26, 1862.
Licking, near*	Missouri	Nov. 9, 1864.
Licking, operations about	Missouri	Mar. 7–25, 1865.
Licking River	Kentucky	Apr. 14, 1864.
Licking Run Ridge*	Virginia	Nov. 30, 1863.
Licking (see Salem)	Arkansas	
Light Prairie, near Arcata*	California	Aug. 21, 1862.
Limestone Valley*	Arkansas	Apr. 17, 1864.
Limestone Ridge	Virginia	Sept. 17, 1864.
Limestone Station	Tennessee	Sept. 8, 1863.
Lincoln County*	Tennessee	June 14, 1864.
Linden	Virginia	May 15, 24, 1862.
Linden	Tennessee	May 12, 1863.
Lindley, Grundy County	Missouri	July 15, 1864.
Linn Creek	Missouri	Oct. 14, 16,* 1861.
Linn Creek*	Missouri	Aug. 10, 1862.
Linn Creek, near	Missouri	Jan. 6, 1863.
Linn Creek*	Missouri	Apr. 22, 25, 1865.
Lillian Springs Ranch*	Colorado	Jan. 27, 1865.
Lisbon, affair on	Maryland	June 29, 1863.
Lisbon Springs*	Maryland	June 29, 1863.
Litchfield*	Arkansas	May 2, 1862.
Lithonia*	Georgia	July 28, 1864.
Little Black River (see Ponder's mill)	Missouri	
Little Bear Creek*	Alabama	Dec. 12, 1862.
Little Bear Creek*	Alabama	Oct. 20, 1864.
Little Boston, near*	Virginia	Nov. 24, 1863.
Little Blue	Missouri	Nov. 11, 1861.
Little Blue, on the, Jackson County*	Missouri	June 2, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Little Blue, scout to, and skirmish near Independence.	Missouri	May 15–17, 1862.
Little Blue, near, and at	Missouri	July 6,* Oct. 21, 1864.
Little Blue River*	Missouri	Mar. 11, 1865.
Little Blue (see Taylor's farm)	Missouri	
Little Cacapon River	West Virginia	Nov. 30, 1861.
Little Cohera Creek*	North Carolina	Mar. 16, 1865.
Little Compton, or Compton's Ferry*	Missouri	Aug. 11, 1862.
Little Creek*	North Carolina	Nov. 2, 1862.
Little Harpeth River (Franklin)	Tennessee	Mar. 25, 1863.
Little Missouri River*	Arkansas	Jan. 25, Apr. 6, 1864.
Littte Missouri River (see Elkin's Ferry)	Arkansas	
Little Missouri River, action on (Indians)	Dakota Territory	Aug. 8, 9, 1864.
Little Ogeechee River*	Georgia	Dec. 4, 5, 1864.
Little Osage River, or Mine Creek	Kansas	Oct. 25, 1864.
Little Piney*	Missouri	May 14, 1865.
Little Pond, near McMinnville	Tennessee	Aug. 30, 1862.
Little Red River	Arkansas	May 17, June 5, 7, 1862.
Little Red River (see Bealer's Ferry)	Arkansas	
Little River*	Alabama	Oct. 20, 1864.
Little River*	California	Aug. 23, 1862.
Little River, near Osceola*	Missouri	Apr. 5–9, 1864.
Little River, New Madrid County*	Missouri	Dec. 18, 1864.
Little River*	Tennessee	Nov. 14, 1863.
Little River	Virginia	May 27, 1864.
Little River Bridge*	Missouri	Aug. 31, 1862.
Little River, swamps of*	Arkansas	Apr. 5–9, 1864.
Little River Turnpike (see Munson's Hill)	Virginia	
Little River Turnpike	Virginia	Oct. 15, 1861.
Little River Turnpike*	Virginia	June 28–29, 1863.
Little River Turnpike, near Chantilly*	Virginia	Mar. 23, 1863.
Little Rock (see Benton Road)	Arkansas	
Little Rock and Pine Bluff (see Halfway House.)	Arkansas	
Little Rock, advance upon	Arkansas	Aug. 1–Sept. 14, 1863.
Little Rock, near*	Arkansas	Jan. 22, 1865.
Little Rock Arsenal, seizure of	Arkansas	Feb. 8, 1861.
Little Rock, capture of	Arkansas	Sept. 10, 1863.
Little Rock, near*	Arkansas	Apr. 26, May 24, 28, July 10, 19, Sept. 2, 1864.
Little Rock and Devall's Bluff, expedition from, to Searcy, Fairview, and Augusta.	Arkansas	Aug. 27–Sept. 6, 1864.
Little Rock, expedition from, to Benton	Arkansas	Nov. 2–3, 1864.
Little Rock, expedition from, to Fagan's Ford, Saline River.	Arkansas	Nov. 17–18, 1864.
Little Rock, expedition from, to Fort Smith.	Arkansas	Sept. 25–Oct. 13, 1864.
Little Rock, expedition from, to Irving's Plantation.	Arkansas	Oct. 26–28, 1864.
Little Rock, expedition from, to Little Red River.	Arkansas	Aug. 6–16, 1864.
Little Rockcastle River*	Kentucky	Oct. 18, 1862.
Little Rock Landing or Duck River Island	Tennessee	Apr. 26, 1863.
Little Rock Road*	Arkansas	Apr. 2, 1863.
Little Salkahatchie River (see Fishburn's Plantation).	South Carolina	Feb. 6, 1865.
Little Santa Fe	Missouri	Nov. 6, 20,* 1861.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Little Sante Fe*	Missouri	Mar. 22, 1862.
Little Sewell Mountain*	West Virginia	Nov. 6, 1863.
Little Sni*	Missouri	Apr. 1, 1862.
Little Sewell Mountain*	West Virginia	Nov. 6, 1863.
Little Tennessee River (see Motley's Ford)	Tennessee	
Littlestown*	Pennsylvania	June 30, 1863.
Little Washington	Virginia	Nov. 8, 1862.
Little Washington*	Virginia	Aug. 5, 27, 1863.
Liverpool*	Mississippi	Mar. 3, 1864.
Liverpool Heights, Yazoo River	Mississippi	Feb. 3, 1864.
Liverpool Heights, opposite*	Mississippi	Feb. 4, 1864.
Liverpool Landing*	Mississippi	May 23, 1863.
Livingston, near*	Mississippi	Mar. 27, 1864.
Livingston*	Mississippi	Oct. 17, 1863.
Livingston Road*	Mississippi	Oct. 18, 1863.
Livingston, near*	Tennessee	Dec. 15, 1863.
Livingston*	Tennessee	Mar. 18, 1865.
Livonia, near*	Louisiana	June 3, 1864.
Lizzard's	Tennessee	Dec. 29, 1862.
Lobelville*	Tennessee	Sept. 27, 1864.
Lockbridge's Mills and Dresden	Kentucky	May 5, 1862.
Locke's Ford, Opequon Creek*	Virginia	Sept. 13, 1864.
Locke's Mill, near Moscow*	Tennessee	Sept. 27, 1863.
Lockhart's Mill*	Mississippi	Oct. 6, 1863.
Lockwood's Folly Inlet	North Carolina	Jan. 4, 11, 1864.
Locust Grove	Indian Territory	July 3, 1862.
Locust Grove, or Robertson's Tavern*	Virginia	Nov. 27, 1863.
Logan's Cross-Roads (see Mill Springs)	Kentucky	
Log Church*	Kentucky	Sept. 10, 1862.
Log Mountain	Tennessee	Dec. 3, 1863.
Loggerhead Inlet, capture of U. S. S. Fanny.	North Carolina	Oct. 1, 1861.
London	Kentucky	Aug. 17, 1862.
London*	Kentucky	July 26, 1863.
Lone Jack	Missouri	Aug. 14–16, 1862.
Lone Jack, near*	Missouri	Sept. 1, 1864.
Lone Jack	Missouri	Mar. 12, 1865.
Lone Star, steamboat, capture of		Nov. 27, 1862
Long Bridge	Virginia	June 12, 1864.
Long Ford*	Tennessee	Dec. 10, 1863.
Long View*	Arkansas	Mar. 29, 1864.
Long's Mills, near Mulberry Gap*	Tennessee	July 30, 1864.
Longwood at and near*	Missouri	Sept. 13, 22, 1864.
Longwood on the Blackwater*	Missouri	May 20, 1865.
Lookout Creek, destruction of	Georgia	May 3, 1862.
Lookout Church*	Georgia	Sept. 21, 1863.
Lookout Mountain*	Georgia	Sept. 9, 1863.
Lookout Mountain	Tennessee	Sept. 23,* Nov. 24, 1863.
Lookout Station, attack on railroad train	Missouri	Aug. 20, 1861.
Loper's Cross-Roads, Duck Branch, near*	South Carolina	Feb. 2, 1865.
Los Patricios*	Texas	Mar. 13, 1864.
Lost Creek*	Missouri	Apr. 15, 1862.
Lost Mountain (see Marietta)	Georgia	
Lost Mountain, near*	Georgia	Oct. 4–7, 1864.
Lost River Gap*	West Virginia	May 10, 1864.
Lotspeich Farm, near Wadesburg*	Missouri	July 9, 1862.
Louisa*	Kentucky	Mar. 12, 25–26, 1863.
Louisa Court-House	Virginia	May 2, 1862.
Louisa Court-House, near*	Virginia	May 2, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Louisa expedition to Rock House Creek	Kentucky	May 9–13, 1864.
Louisiana Bell, steamer, Barre's Landing (Bayou Teche).	Louisiana	May 22, 1863.
Loudon, at and near*	Tennessee	Oct. 14, Nov. 15, Dec. 4–5, 1863.
Loudon County*	Tennessee	Nov. 5, 1863.
Loudoun County*	Virginia	June 9, Aug. 21, 1864.
Loudoun Heights*	Virginia	May 27, 1862.
Loudoun Heights*	Virginia	Jan. 10, 1864.
Louisa Court-House	Virginia	May 2, 1862.
Louisa Court-House	Virginia	May 2, 1863.
Louisville	Kentucky	Sept. 30, Oct. 1, 1862.
Louisville and Nashville Railroad (Wheeler's raid).		Apr. 7–11, 1863.
Louisville and Nashville Railroad, raid on.		Aug. 19–21, 1862.
Louisville, near and at*	Georgia	Nov. 29, 30, 1864.
Louisville Pike	Kentucky	Oct. 1, 1862.
Loup Creek*	West Virginia	June 26, 1863.
Lovejoy's Station	Georgia	July 29,* Aug. 20, Sept. 2–5, Nov. 16, 1864.
Love's or Blue's Bridge*	South Carolina	Mar. 8, 1865.
Lovettsville	Virginia	Aug. 8, 1861.
Lovettsville*	Virginia	Oct. 21, 1862.
Lovettsville, affair near	Virginia	Jan. 18, 1865.
Lower Post Ferry or Toone's Station	Tennessee	July 27, 1862.
Lowndesboro*	Alabama	Apr. 10, 1865.
Lowrey's Ferry	Tennessee	Jan. 11, 1863.
Lucas Bend	Missouri	Sept. 8–10, 1861.
Luce's Plantation*	Mississippi	May 13, 1864.
Lumkin's Mill	Mississippi	Nov. 29, 1862.
Lumpkin County*	Georgia	Sept. 15, 1864.
Lumpkin's Station*	Georgia	Dec. 4, 1864.
Luna Landing*	Arkansas	Feb. 22, 1864.
Lundy's Lane	Alabama	Apr. 17, 1863.
Lunenburg*	Arkansas	Jan. 20 or 24, 1864.
Luray	Virginia	Apr. 22, 1862.
Luray, near	Virginia	June 29–30, 1862.
Luray, occupied by Union forces	Virginia	July 21, 1862.
Luray*	Virginia	Sept. 24, 1864.
Luray and Bealeton, between	Virginia	Dec. 21–23, 1863.
Luray, South Fork, Shenandoah	Virginia	Apr. 19, 1862.
Luray Valley	Virginia	Oct. 8, 1864.
Lusby's Mill, near*	Kentucky	June 20, 1862.
Lynchburg, near*	Tennessee	Sept. 29, 1864.
Lynchburg	Virginia	June 17–18, 1864.
Lynch's Creek*	South Carolina	Feb. 26, 1865.
Lynnhaven Bay, naval	Virginia	Oct. 10, 1861.
Lynnville*	Tennessee	Nov. 24, Dec. 24, 1864.
Lyon County*	Kentucky	Apr. 29, 1865.
Lytle's Creek, on Manchester Pike	Tennessee	Jan. 5, 1863.
Mackville*	Kentucky	July 14, 1862.
Mackville Pike*	Kentucky	Oct. 9, 1862.
Macon, at and near*	Georgia	July 30, Nov. 21, 1864.
Macon*	Missouri	Feb. 12, 1864.
Macon Ford, Big Black River*	Mississippi	June 9, 1863.
Madison*	Arkansas	Mar.—, June 25, 1863.
Madison	Virginia	Aug. 8, 1862.
Madison, near*	Arkansas	Feb. 12, 1865.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Madison County*	Arkansas	Jan. 15, 1865.
Madison Court-House*	Virginia	Sept. 21, 1863.
Madison Court-House*	Virginia	Dec. 21, 1864.
Madison Road	Kentucky	Oct. 19, 1862.
Madison Station	Alabama	May 17, 1864.
Madisonville*	Kentucky	Mar. —, 1863.
Madisonville*	Kentucky	Aug. 25, Sept. 5, 1862.
Madisonville*	Louisiana	July 27, 1862.
Madisonville, near*	Louisiana	Feb. 11, 1864.
Madisonville	Mississippi	Feb. 27, 1864.
Mad River*	California	June 11, 1862.
Mad River (see Daley's Ferry)	California	
Magnolia, at and near*	Florida	Sept. 24, Oct. 24, 1864.
Magnolia, capture of railroad train	Maryland	July 11, 1864.
Magnolia*	Tennessee	Mar. 31, 1865.
Magnolia Beach*	South Carolina	Dec. 5, 1863.
Magnolia Hill, Thompson's Hill, or Port Gibson.	Mississippi	May 1, 1863.
Magnolia Landing, naval	Louisiana	June 16, 1864.
Magnolia Station, near*	North Carolina	Apr. 1, 1865.
Magruder's Ferry	Virginia	Sept. 16, 1861.
Mallory's, or Newark Crossroads	Virginia	June 11–12, 1864.
Malvern Cliff (see Turkey Bridge)	Virginia	
Malvern Hill	Virginia	July 1, 2,* Aug. 5–6, 1862.
Malvern Hill, reoccupied by Union troops.	Virginia	Aug. 2–8, 1862.
Malvern Hill	Virginia	June 15, July 14, 16, 1864.
Mammoth Cave, near*	Kentucky	Aug. 17, 1862.
Manassas, or *Bull Run*	Virginia	July 21, 1861.
Manassas, Second Bull Run, or Groveton	Virginia	Aug. 30, 1862.
Manassas*	Virginia	Oct. 15, 1863.
Manassas (see Smith's Plantation)	Louisiana	
Manassas Gap	Virginia	Nov. 4–6, 1862.
Manassas Gap (see Wapping Heights)	Virginia	July 21*, 22, 23, 1863.
Manassas Junction	Virginia	Aug. 26,* Oct. 24, 1862.
Manassas Junction*	Virginia	Oct. 15, 17, 1863.
Manassas Junction*	Virginia	Nov. 11, 1864.
Manassas Plains, or Groveton	Virginia	Aug. 29, 1862.
Manassas Station, capture of	Virginia	Aug. 26, 1862.
Manchester*	Kentucky	Oct. 14, 1862.
Manchester*	Tennessee	Mar. 17, 1864.
Manchester Pike	Tennessee	Jan. 4, Feb. 22,*1863.
Manchester, occupied by Union forces	Tennessee	June 27, 1863.
Mankato, attack by citizens on Indian prisoners.	Minnesota	Dec. 4, 1862.
Manning's Neck, expedition from (see Newberne).	North Carolina	
Manscoe Creek, near Edgefield	Tennessee	Aug. 20, 1862.
Man's Creek*	Missouri	Oct. 14. 1863.
Mansfield, also known as Pleasant Grove Sabine Crossroads.	Louisiana	Apr. 8, 1864.
Mansura (Belle Prairie), or Smith's Plantation.	Louisiana	May 16, 1864.
Maple Leaf, U. S. transport, destruction of St. John's River.	Florida	Apr. 1, 1864.
Maple Leaf, steamer (see Cape Henry)	Virginia	
Maplesville, near*	Alabama	Apr. 1, 1865.
Marias des Cygnes, on the*	Kansas	Aug. 31, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Marias des Cygnes, at the	Kansas	Oct. 25, 1864.
Marildehead, U. S. S., in Stono River, attack on.	South Carolina	Dec. 25, 1863.
Marianna	Florida	Sept. 27, 1864.
Marianna, expedition from Helena	Arkansas	July 24–26, 1862.
Marianna *	Arkansas	Nov. 7, 1862.
Marietta, operations about, including many combats.	Georgia	June 10, July 3, 1864.
Marietta *	Mississippi	Aug. 31, 1862.
Marion, at and near *	Arkansas	Jan. 20, 21, 1865.
Marion	Virginia	Dec. 16, 17–18, 1864.
Marion Station *	Mississippi	Feb. 15–17, 1864.
Maris Creek, near Shannon County *	Missouri	Oct. 14, 1863.
Markham's Station	Virginia	Nov. 4, 10, 1862.
Mark's Mills	Arkansas	Apr. 25, 1864.
Mark's Mills *	Arkansas	Apr. 5, 1864.
Marksville, or Avoyelles Prairie *	Louisiana	Mar. 15, May 15, 1864.
Marling's Bottom Bridge *	West Virginia	Dec. 11, 1863.
Marling's Bottom	West Virginia	Apr. 19, 1864.
Marmiton, or Charlot	Missouri	Oct. 25, 1864.
Marrowbone *	Kentucky	July 2, 1863.
Marrowbone Creek *	Kentucky	Sept. 23, 1863.
Marshall *	Kentucky	Jan. 12, 1864.
Marshall Battery, naval	South Carolina	Nov. 7, 1864.
Marshall, near *	Missouri	Mar. 15–16, 1862.
Marshall Knob	Tennessee	June 4, 1863.
Marshall	Missouri	July 28,* 30,* Oct. 13, 1863.
Marshall and Sedalia Railroad	Missouri	June 26, 1864.
Marshfield *	Missouri	Feb. 9, Oct. 20, 1862.
Marsteller's Place, near Warrenton Junction.*	Virginia	May 14, 1863.
Martial law in Georgia. (See Georgia.)		
Martinsburg	West Virginia	Mar. 3, Nov. 6, 1862.
Martinsburg, occupied by Union forces	West Virginia	July 3, 1861.
Martinsburg, evacuated by Union forces	West Virginia	Sept. 12, 1862.
Martinsburg, near	West Virginia	Sept. 3, 11, 1862.
Martinsburg *	West Virginia	June 14, 1863.
Martinsburg and Hedgesville *	West Virginia	July 18–19, 1863.
Martinsburg	West Virginia	July 3,* 25,* Aug. 31,* Sept. 18, 1864.
Martinsburg (see Falling Waters)	West Virginia	
Martinsburg *	Missouri	July 18, 1861.
Martin Creek *	Kentucky	July 10, 1863.
Martin's Creek *	Arkansas	Jan. 7, 1864.
Martin's House *	Indian Territory	May 8, 1863.
Martin's Lane *	Louisiana	Feb. 15, 1865.
Martinsville	North Carolina	Apr. 8, 1865.
Mary's Heights (see Fredericksburg)	Virginia	
Maryland legislatures, arrest of disloyal members ordered.		Sept. 12, 1861.
Maryland, lower, expedition into		Nov. 3–11, 1861.
Maryland Heights	Maryland	Sept. 12–13, 1862.
Maryland Heights, evacuation of	Maryland	June 30, 1863.
Maryland Heights, reoccupation of	Maryland	July 7, 1863.
Maryville *	Tennessee	Nov. 14, 1863.
Maryville, near *	Tennessee	Feb. 8, 18, 1864.
Mason and Slidell, arrest of Confederate commissioners (James M. Mason, John Slidell).		Nov. 8, 1861.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Masonborough Inlet	North Carolina	Apr. 29, 1864.
Masonborough Inlet, naval	North Carolina	Jan. 16–17, 1863.
Masonborough Inlet, naval, operations near.	North Carolina	Feb. 1–10, 1864.
Massaponax Church or Thornburg	Virginia	Aug. 5–6, 1862.
Massaponax (see Thornburg)	Virginia	
Massard Prairie, near Fort Smith	Arkansas	July 27, 1864.
Matadequin Church	Virginia	May 30, 1864.
Matagorda, near	Texas	Nov. 20, 1862.
Matagorda Island (see Fort Esperanza)	Texas	
Matagorda Peninsula*	Texas	Dec. 29, 1863.
Matamoras	Mexico	Jan. 12–13, 1864.
Mathias Point	Virginia	June 25, 27, Aug. 15, Oct. 9, 1861.
Mattabesett, U. S. S. (see Albemarle Sound).	North Carolina	
Mattapony Church*	Virginia	Between May 9 and 12, 1864.
Mattawoman Creek, mouth of	Maryland	Nov. 14, 1861.
Mathews County Salt Works	Virginia	Nov. 22, 1862.
Matthew's Ferry on the Coldwater*	Mississippi	June 20, 1863.
Mattis' Plantation	South Carolina	Mar. 13, 1862.
Mattole Valley*	California	June 7, 1862.
Maynardville, near*	Tennessee	Dec. 1, 1863.
Mayport Mills, near	Florida	Oct. 2, 1862.
Mayport Mills, naval	Florida	Mar. 29, 1864.
May River, reconnaissance on	South Carolina	Mar. 19–24, 1862.
Maysfield*	Kentucky	May 20, 1864.
Maysfield, raid on	Kentucky	Mar. 10, 1864.
Maysfield Creek*	Kentucky	Sept. 21–22, 1861.
Maysville*	Alabama	Aug. 21, Oct. 13, Nov. 4, 1863.
Maysville, near*	Alabama	Nov. 17, 1864.
Maysville, near	Arkansas	Oct. 22, 1862.
Maysville, near*	Arkansas	Jan.—, Sept. 5, 1863.
Maysville, near*	Arkansas	May 8, July 20, 1864.
Maysville*	Kentucky	June 16, 1863.
McAfee's Cross Roads (see Marietta)	Georgia	
McClellansville*	South Carolina	Mar. 25, 1864.
McConnellsburg, near*	Pennsylvania	June 25, 29, 1863.
McConnellsburg*	Pennsylvania	July 30, 1864.
McCormick's Gap	Kentucky	Sept. 20, 1864.
McCourtney's Mills, near, on Big Piney*	Missouri	Between Jan. 16 and 22, 1865.
McCoy's Mill	West Virginia	Nov. 14, 1861.
McCoy's or Kinsell's Ferry*	Maryland	Oct. 10, 1862.
McCull's Store*	Missouri	July 26, Aug. 3, 1861.
McDonough and Flat Rock roads, crossing of.*	Georgia	Oct. 2, 1864.
McDonough road, near Atlanta*	Georgia	Nov. 6, 1864.
McDowell, near	Virginia	May 7, 8, 9, 1862.
McGaheysville	Virginia	Apr. 27, 1862.
McGirt's Creek*	Florida	Mar. 1, 1864.
McGuire's	Arkansas	Oct. 28, 1862.
McGuire's, near Fayetteville	Arkansas	Oct. 12, 1863.
McGuire's Ferry	Arkansas	Sept. 23, 1862.
McKay's Farm	Missouri	Mar. 21, 1862.
McKenzie's Creek, near Patterson*	Missouri	Apr. 15, 1865.
McLean's Ford*	Virginia	Oct. 15, 1863.
McLemore's Cove*	Georgia	Feb. 1, 1865.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
McLemore's Cove	Georgia	Sept. 11, 1863.
McMilley's Farm*	Arkansas	Feb. 27, 1865.
McMinnville (see Little Pond)	Tennessee	
McMinnville*	Tennessee	Dec. 21, 1863.
McMinnville, near*	Tennessee	Feb. 5, 1865.
McNutt's Hill, near*	Louisiana	Apr. 26, 1864.
McWilliam's Plantation*	Louisiana	Apr. 13, 1863.
Meadow Bluff, expedition to	West Virginia	Dec. 15–21, 1861.
Meadow Bluff*	West Virginia	Dec. 4, 8, 11, 1863.
Meadow Bluff, near (Blue Sulphur road)*	West Virginia	Dec. 14, 1863.
Meadow Bridge or *Mechanicsville*	Virginia	June 26, 1862.
Meadow Bridge	Virginia	May 12, 1864.
Mercersburg, near*	Pennsylvania	July 5, 1863.
Mercersburg occupied by Confederates	Pennsylvania	June 28, 1863.
Mechanicsburg Gap	West Virginia	Between Sept. 23 and 25, 1861.
Mechanicsburg*	Mississippi	May 24, 29, June 4, 1863.
Mechanicsburg, at and near*	Mississippi	Apr. 19, 23, 1864.
Mechanicsburg*	Mississippi	Jan. 3, 1865.
Mechanicsville, Ellison's Mill, Beaver Dam, or New Bridge.	Virginia	May 23–24, 1862.
Mechanicsville	Virginia	May 12, 1864.
Mechanicsville (see *Meadow Bridge*)	Virginia	
Mechumps Creek	Virginia	May 31, 1864.
Medicine Creek*	Missouri	Apr. 8, 1862.
Medley, capture of Union wagon train	West Virginia	Jan. 30, 1864.
Medoc*	Missouri	Aug. 23, 1861.
Medon	Tennessee	Aug. 13, 31, 1862.
Medon Station	Tennessee	Aug. 30, Oct. 10, 1862.
Meffleton Lodge*	Arkansas	June 29, 1864.
Melville, raid on	Missouri	June 14, 1864.
Memphis, Mississippi squadron, and rams U. S. N. (seven of the eight Confederate gunboats captured or destroyed).	Tennessee	June 6, 1862.
Memphis*	Tennessee	Sept. 2, 1862.
Memphis, near*	Tennessee	July 18, 1863.
Memphis, attack on	Tennessee	Aug. 21, 1864.
Memphis, near*	Tennessee	Sept. 12, 1864.
Memphis, near*	Tennessee	Oct. 4, 20, 25, 1864.
Memphis, expedition to destroy Mobile and Ohio Railroad.	Tennessee	Dec. 21, 1864–Jan. 5, 1865.
Memphis, near*	Tennessee	Feb. 9, 1865.
Memphis (see Sultana, steamer)	Tennessee	
Memphis*	Missouri	July 18, 1862.
Memphis and Charleston Railroad near Corinth.*	Mississippi	May 14, 1862.
Memphis and Charleston Railroad*	Tennessee	May 15, 1862.
Memphis and Charleston Railroad, operations against.	Tennessee	Mar. 14–15, 1862.
Memphis, expedition into Mississippi	Tennessee	June 1–13, 1864.
Memphis, expedition to Grand Gulf	Tennessee	July 4–24, 1864.
Memphis, expedition to Moscow	Tennessee	Nov. 9–13, 1864.
Mercersburg, near*	Pennsylvania	July 5, 1863.
Mercersburg*	Pennsylvania	July 29, 1864.
Meridian and Chunky Creek*	Mississippi	Feb. 13–14, 1864.
Meridian, near*	Mississippi	Feb. 19, 1864.
Meridian, expedition from Vicksburg	Mississippi	Feb. 3–Mar. 5, 1864.
Merrill's Crossing*	Missouri	Oct. 12, 1863.
Merrimack or Virginia, C. S. N. (see Hampton Roads).	Virginia	

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Merriweather's Ferry*	Tennessee	Aug. 16, 1862.
Merriweather's Ferry, near Union City*	Tennessee	Nov. 19, 1863.
Merriweather's Ferry, Bayou Boeuf*	Arkansas	Dec. 13, 1863.
Merry Oaks*	Kentucky	Sept. 17, 1862.
Mesilla	New Mexico	July 25, 1861.
Messinger's Ferry, Big Black River*	Mississippi	June 29–30, July 3, 4, 6, 1863.
Metamora, Big Hatchie, or Hatchie (or Davis), Bridge.	Tennessee	Oct. 5, 1862.
Mexico*	Missouri	July 15, 1861.
Miami, near*	Missouri	Apr. 24, 1865.
Miami, Cambridge, Frankfort, Waverly, and Pink Hill.*	Missouri	June 4–10, 1862.
Miami and Waverly, operations about	Missouri	May 25–28, 1862.
Middlebrook*	Virginia	June 10, 1864.
Middleburg*	Tennessee	Dec. 24, 1862.
Middleburg*	Virginia	Jan. 26, 27, 1863.
Middleburg, at and near	Virginia	June 17–19, 1863.
Middleburg*	Virginia	May 29, 1864.
Middle Creek, near Prestenburg	Kentucky	Jan. 10, 1862.
Middle or Mill Creek bridges*	Missouri	Apr. 24, 1863.
Middle Fork Bridge (see Buckhannon)	Virginia	
Middle Fork Bridge*	West Virginia	July 6–7, 1861.
Middleton*	Tennessee	Oct. 4, 1862.
Middleton*	Tennessee	Jan. 31, Mar. 6, June 24, 1863.
Middleton*	Tennessee	Jan. 14, 1864.
Middletown	Maryland	Sept. 13, 1862.
Middletown*	Maryland	June 20, 1863.
Middletown*	Maryland	July 7, 1864.
Middletown	Virginia	Mar. 18, May 24, July 15, 1862.
Middletown*	Virginia	June 12, 20, 1863.
Middletown, near and at*	Virginia	Apr. 24, Sept. 20, 1864.
Middletown or Newtown	Virginia	Nov. 12, 1864.
Middleway*	West Virginia	Aug. 21, 1864.
Midway, near*	Virginia	June 11, 1864.
Miffiin*	Tennessee	Feb. 18, 1864.
Milford (see Black Water Creek)	Missouri	
Milford	Virginia	June 24, 1862.
Milford*	Virginia	Sept. 22, Oct. 25, 26, 1864.
Mill or Middle Creek bridges*	Missouri	Apr. 24, 1863.
Mill and Honey Creek*	Missouri	May 30–31, 1864.
Mill Creek, near Pollocksville*	North Carolina	July 26, 1862.
Mill Creek*	North Carolina	Mar. 22, 1865.
Mill Creek (see Kimbrough's)	Tennessee	
Mill Creek	Tennessee	Nov. 27, 1862.
Mill Creek, at and near*	Tennessee	Jan. —and 25, 1863.
Mill Creek Gap, Buzzard's Roost, or Dug Gap (see Rocky Face Ridge).	Georgia	Between May 8 and 11, 1864.
Milledgeville, near*	Georgia	Nov. 23, 1864.
Millen's or Shady Grove*	Georgia	Dec. 1, 1864.
Miller's or Gauley Ferry	West Virginia	Sept. 11, 1862.
Miller's Ranch, near Elk Camp	California	July 30, 1862.
Miller's Station	Missouri	Oct. 3, 1864.
Miller, steamer, capture of, on Arkansas River near Pine Bluff.	Arkansas	Aug. 17, 1864.
Millikin's Bend, near, capture of Confederate steamer Fair Play.	Louisiana	Aug. 18, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Millikin's Bend expedition to Dallas Station and Delhi.	Louisiana	Dec. 25, 26, 1862.
Milliken's Bend	Louisiana	June 4 (navy), 25,* 1863.
Milliken's Bend	Louisiana	June 7, 1863.
Mill Point*	West Virginia	Nov. 5, 1863.
Mill Spring, Beech Grove, Fishing Creek, or Logan's Cross Roads.	Kentucky	Jan. 19, 1862.
Mill Spring, at and near*	Kentucky	May, 29, 1863.
Millwood Road, near Winchester	Virginia	Apr. 8, 1863.
Millwood*	Virginia	Feb. 6, 1863.
Milton, near Vaught's Hill	Tennessee	Apr. 20, 1863.
Milton, expedition from, to Pensacola	Florida	June 14–15, 1862.
Milton*	Florida	Aug. 29, Oct. 18, 26, 1864.
Mimm's Mills	Georgia	Apr. 20, 1865.
Mine Creek or Little Osage River	Kansas	Oct. 25, 1864.
Mine, explosion of	Virginia	July 30, 1864.
Mine, explosion of, Eighteenth Army Corps (see Explosion).	Virginia	
Mineral Point*	Missouri	Sept. 27, 1864.
Mine Run campaign	Virginia	Nov. 26–Dec. 2, 1863.
Mine Run, along*	Virginia	Nov. 28, 30, 1863.
Mingo Creek*	North Carolina	Mar. 18, 1865.
Mingo Creek, near St. Francisville	Missouri	Feb. 24, 1862.
Mingo Swamp, in and about*	Missouri	Feb. 2–13, 1863.
Mink Springs, near Cleveland*	Tennessee	Apr. 13, 1864.
Minnesota, district of; operations against Indians.	Minnesota	July 1–Oct. 1, 1864.
Missionary Ridge, near Chattanooga*	Tennessee	Sept. 22, 1863.
Missionary Ridge, foot of*	Tennessee	Nov. 24, 1863.
Missionary Ridge*	Tennessee	Nov. 25, 1863.
Mississippi County*	Missouri	Feb. 13, 1865.
Mississippi River (see Curlew, U. S. S.)		
Mississippi River (see Island No. 10)	Tennessee	
Mississippi River (see Steamer White Cloud.	Louisiana	
Mississippi Springs*	Mississippi	May 13, 1863.
Mississippi Sound, naval	Mississippi	Oct. 19, 1861.
Missouri, martial law proclaimed by Maj. Gen. John C. Fremont.		Aug. 30, 1861.
Missouri militia, General Frost in command, made prisoners by Capt. Nathaniel Lyon, Second U. S. Infantry.		May 10, 1861.
Missouri River, upper	Arkansas	Oct. 10, 1862.
Missouri River*	Dakota	July 29–30, 1863.
Missouri River, near Boonville*	Missouri	May 3, 1865.
Mitchell's Creek*	Florida	Mar. 25, 1865.
Mitchell's Cross Roads*	Mississippi	Dec. 1, 1862.
Mitchell's Ford	Virginia	July 18, 1861.
Mitchell's Ford*	Virginia	Oct. 7, 15, 1863.
Mobile Bay, naval	Alabama	Dec. 24, 1861.
Mobile Bay, operations in	Alabama	Aug. 2, 23, 1864.
Mobile Bay, sinking of U. S. S. Tecumseh and surrender of the C. S. S. Tennessee; passage of Fort Morgan by U. S. fleet.	Alabama	Aug. 5, 1864.
Mobile Bay, capture of C. S. Selma	Alabama	Aug. 5, 1864.
Mobile Bay, expedition from, to Bonsecour and Fish River.	Alabama	Sept. 9–11, 1864.
Mobile Bay, attack on U. S. S. Sebago	Alabama	Oct. 9, 1864,

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Mobile Bay (see Octoraro, U. S. S)	Alabama	
Mobile, operations about	Alabama	Feb. 16–Mar. 27, 1864.
Mobile campaign	Alabama	Mar. 17, May 4, 1865.
Mobile, evacuation of, by Confederates	Alabama	Apr. 11, 1865.
Mobile, explosion of ordnance	Georgia	May 25, 1865.
Mobile and Ohio Railroad (see Baton Rouge).	Louisiana	
Mobile and Ohio Railroad (see Memphis)	Tennessee	
Mobile and Ohio Railroad (see Ramer's Crossing).	Mississippi	
Moccasin Creek, near*	North Carolina	Mar. 24, 1865.
Moccasin Swamp*	North Carolina	Apr. 10, 1865.
Mocksville*	North Carolina	Apr. 11, 1865.
Moffat's Station, or Hagnewood Station, Franklin County.*	Arkansas	Sept. 27, 1863.
Molino, near*	Mississippi	Nov. 28, 1863.
Monagan, near, on the Osage*	Missouri	Apr. 25, 1862.
Monagan Springs, near Osceola Springs*	Missouri	May 27, 1862.
Monarch and Adams, U. S. S., Mississippi River.		June 2, 1864.
Monday's Hollow (see Wet Glaze)	Missouri	
Monett's Ferry*	Louisiana	Mar. 29–30, 1864.
Monett's Ferry, or Cane River Crossing	Louisiana	Apr. 23, 1864.
Moniteau County, expedition in	Missouri	Mar. 25–28, 1862.
Monitor, U. S. S., and *Merrimack*, or *Virginia*, C. S. S., Hampton Roads.	Virginia	Mar. 9, 1862.
Monocacy, near*	Maryland	July 10, 1864.
Monocacy	Maryland	July 9, 1864.
Monocacy Aqueduct	Maryland	Sept. 4, 1862.
Monocacy Church	Maryland	Sept. 9, 1862.
Monocacy, near mouth of the	Maryland	Oct. 12, 1862.
Monocacy Junction*	Maryland	July 30, 1864.
Monroe County*	Missouri	Sept. 16, Oct. 4, 1862.
Monroe's Cross-Roads	South Carolina	Mar. 10, 1865.
Monroe Station, near*	Missouri	July 9, 11, 1861.
Monteith Swamp*	Georgia	Dec. 9, 1864.
Monterey	Virginia	Apr. 12, 21, May 12, 21, 1862.
Monterey	Tennessee	Apr. 3, 17, 29, 1862.
Monterey*	Kentucky	June 11, 1862.
Monterey	Tennessee	Jan. 4, 1863.
Monterey Gap	Pennsylvania	July 4, 1863.
Monterey Pass*	Pennsylvania	July 6, 1863.
Montevallo	Alabama	Mar. 30,* 31, 1865.
Montevallo*	Missour	Apr. 14, Aug. 5, 7, 1862.
Montevallo	Missouri	June 12, Oct. 19,* 1864.
Montezuma*	Tennessee	Sept. 16, 1863.
Montgomery, occupied by Union forces	Alabama	Apr. 12, 1865.
Montgomery County, operations in	Kentucky	Oct. 16–25, 1862.
Monticello, at and near*	Arkansas	Mar. 18, Sept. 10, 1864.
Monticello*	Arkansas	May 24, 1865.
Monticello (see Camden)	Arkansas	
Monticello, operations in	Kentucky	Apr. 28–May 2, 1863.
Monticello, near and at	Kentucky	May 9,* June 9, Nov. 27,* 1863.
Monticello Bridge*	Missouri	Sept. 6, 1861.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Monticello Road, near Pine Bluff*	Arkansas	June 17, 1864.
Monticello Road*	Arkansas	May 16, 1865.
Montpelier Springs*	Alabama	Apr. 20, 1865.
Moone's Station*	Georgia	Oct. 4, 1864.
Moorefield	West Virginia	Feb. 12, Apr. 3, June 29, Aug. 23, Dec. 3, 1862.
Moorefield, at and near	West Virginia	Jan. 3,5, Aug. 6,*26,* Sept. 4,* 11, 21, Dec. 28, 1863.
Moorefield, at and near*	West Virginia	Feb. 4, June 6, Nov. 27, 28, 1864.
Moorefield Junction*	West Virginia	Jan. 8, 1864.
Moorefield, near (old field)	West Virginia	Aug. 7, 1864.
Moore's Bluff*	Mississippi	Sept. 29, 1864.
Moore's Ford, near Benton*	Mississippi	Sept. 29, 1863.
Moore's Mill, near Fulton	Missouri	July 24,* 28, 1862.
Moore's (Governor) Plantation*	Louisiana	May 4, 1864.
Moore's Ranch*	Colorado	Jan. 26, 1865.
Moreau Creek*	Missouri	Oct. 7, 1864.
Moreauville	Louisiana	May 17, 1864.
Morgan County	Tennessee	Feb. 2, 1862.
Morgan County*	Kentucky	Oct. 6, 1863.
Morganfield, near*	Kentucky	Aug. 3, Sept. 1, 1862.
Morganfield, near and at*	Kentucky	May 6, June 25, July 14, 1864.
Morgan's Ferry, on the Atchafalaya*	Louisiana	Sept. 7, 20, 1863.
Morgan's Ferry*	Louisiana	Aug. 25, Sept. 20, 1864.
Morgan's Ferry road, near Morganza*	Louisiana	July 28, 1864.
Morgan's first raid	Kentucky	July 4–28, 1862.
Morgan's second raid	Kentucky	Dec. 22, 1862–Jan. 2, 1863.
Morgan's raid into	Kentucky	May 31 – June 20, 1864.
Morgan's raid into	Ohio	July 13–26, 1863.
Morgan's raid into	Indiana	July 9–13, 1863.
Morgan's forces retreat to Abingdon	Virginia	June 12–20, 1864.
Morgan's Mill Spring River*	Arkansas	Feb. 9, 1864.
Morganton near, on Catawba River	North Carolina	April 16–17, 1865.
Morgantown, near*	Kentucky	Oct. 31, 1861.
Morgantown	West Virginia	Apr. 27, 1863.
Morganza, near and at*	Louisiana	May 24, June 5, Oct. 16, Nov. 23, 1864.
Morganza*	Louisiana	About Aug. 10 and 12, 1864.
Morganza, near*	Louisiana	Sept. 12, 1863.
Morganza, naval	Louisiana	Dec. 8, 1863.
Morganza, near	Louisiana	June 4, July 28, Dec. 4, 1864.
Morganza Bend*	Louisiana	Mar. 12, 1865.
Morganza, expedition from*	Louisiana	Jan. 12–15, 1865.
Morganza, expedition from, to Atchafalaya River.	Louisiana	Dec. 16–19, 1864.
Morganza, expedition from, to Bayou Sara.	Louisiana	Sept. 6–7, 1864.
Morganza, expedition from, to Bayou Sara.*	Louisiana	Oct. 3–6, 1864.
Morganza, expedition from, to Fausse River.	Louisiana	Sept. 13–17, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Morganza, expedition from, to and beyond Morgan's Ferry.	Louisiana	Dec. 13–14, 1864.
Morganza, expedition from, to Simsport	Louisiana	July 5–7, 1864.
Moro Bottom*	Arkansas	Apr. 25–26, 1864.
Moro, steamer, captured by the Queen of the West.		Feb. 3, 1863.
Morris Ford, Elk River*	Tennessee	July 2, 1863.
Morris Island, occupied by State troops	South Carolina	Dec. 30, 1860
Morris Island	South Carolina	July 10–Sept. 7, 1863.
Morris Island (see Battery Wagner)	South Carolina	
Morris Island (see Battery Gregg)	South Carolina	
Morris Island, assault and capture of Confederate rifle pits.	South Carolina	Aug. 25–26, 1863.
Morris Mills*	West Virginia	July 31, 1863.
Morrison's or American Ranch	Colorado	Jan. 14, 1865.
Morristown*	Missouri	Sept. 17, 1861.
Morristown, at and near*	Tennessee	Dec. 10, 14, 1863.
Morristown	Tennessee	Aug. 2,* Oct. 28, 1864.
Morristown, raid into North Carolina	Tennessee	June 13 – July 15, 1864.
Morrisville, near and at*	North Carolina	Apr. 13, 14, 1865.
Morrisville*	Virginia	Jan. 26, 1863.
Morse's Mill*	Missouri	Aug. 29, 1861.
Morton, at and near*	Mississippi	Feb. 7, 8, Mar. 10, 1864.
Morton's Ford*	Virginia	Oct. 10, 11, Nov. 14, 15, 26, Dec. 3–4, 1863.
Morton's Ford*	Virginia	Feb. 6–7, 1864.
Mosby's, General, C. S. A., majority of command surrendered.		Apr. 21, 1865.
Moscow	Arkansas	Apr. 13, 1864.
Moscow, near and at	Tennessee	Feb. 9, 18, Mar. 29, Nov. 5,* Dec. 27,* 1863.
Moscow, scout to*	Tennessee	Mar. 10–16, 1863.
Moscow or Woolf River Bridge	Tennessee	Dec. 3–4, 1863.
Moscow, near*	Tennessee	June 15, 1864.
Moscow, expedition to, from Memphis	Tennessee	Nov. 9–13, 1864.
Moseley Hall, near*	North Carolina	Mar. 20, 29, Apr. 2, 1865.
Moselle Bridge, near Franklin	Missouri	Dec. 7, 1864.
Mossy Creek	Tennessee	Dec. 26, 29, 1863.
Mossy Creek Station*	Tennessee	Dec. 24, 1863.
Mossy Creek, near and at*	Tennessee	Jan. 10, 12, Oct. 15, 27, 1864.
Motley's Ford, Little Tennessee River*	Tennessee	Nov. 4, 1863.
Moulton, near and at	Alabama	Mar. 8, 21,* May 29, 1864.
Mound City*	Kansas	Oct. 25, 1864.
Mound City, U.S.S. (see Plum Point Bend)	Tennessee	
Mound City, burning of	Arkansas	Jan. 15, 1863.
Mound Plantation, near Lake Providence*	Louisiana	May 24, June 24, 29, 1863.
Mount Airy*	Virginia	Dec. 17, 1864.
Mount Carmel, near Strasburg*	Virginia	June 1, 1862.
Mount Carmel*	Kentucky	June 16, 1863.
Mount Carmel*	Tennessee	Nov. 29, 1864.
Mount Carmel Church	Virginia	May 27, 1864.
Mount Crawford*	Virginia	Oct. 2, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Mount Crawford *	Virginia	Mar. 1, 2, 8, 1865.
Mount Elba	Arkansas	Mar. 28,* 30, Oct. 3,* 1864.
Mount Elon, near *	South Carolina	Feb. 27, 1865.
Mount Ida *	Arkansas	Nov. 13, 1863.
Mount Jackson	Virginia	Mar. 25, Apr. 17, May 3, 16, June 6, 13, 16, 1862.
Mount Jackson *	Virginia	Nov. 16, 1863.
Mount Jackson *	Virginia	Sept. 23, 24, Oct. 3, 1864.
Mount Jackson, near Rude's Hill	Virginia	Nov. 22, 1864.
Mount Jackson, near *	Virginia	Mar. 7, 1865.
Mount Olive Station	North Carolina	Dec. 16, 1862.
Mount Pleasant *	Alabama	Apr. 11, 1865.
Mount Pleasant Landing, attack on	Louisiana	May 15, 1864.
Mount Pleasant *	Mississippi	Aug. 5, 27, Dec. 28, 1863.
Mount Pleasant, at and near *	Mississippi	Jan. 25, May 22, 1864.
Mount Pleasant, between Columbia and *	Tennessee	July 17, 1862.
Mount Pleasant, near *	Tennessee	Aug. 14, 1862.
Mount Pleasant	Tennessee	Nov. 23, 1864.
Mount Pleasant *	Tennessee	Apr. 3, 14, 1865.
Mount Sterling *	Kentucky	Mar. 19, 1863.
Mount Sterling, capture of	Kentucky	Mar. 22, 1863.
Mount Sterling	Kentucky	Dec. 1–10, 1863.
Mount Sterling	Kentucky	June 9, 1864.
Mount Sterling, capture of	Kentucky	June 8, 1864.
Mount Vernon *	Arkansas	May 11, 1863.
Mount Vernon arsenal, seizure of	Alabama	Jan. 4, 1861.
Mount Vernon, near Wild Cat Mountain *	Kentucky	Oct. 16, 1862.
Mount Vernon, expedition from, into Kentucky.	Indiana	Aug. 16–22, 1864.
Mount Vernon *	Missouri	Sept. 19, 1862.
Mount Vernon, near *	Missouri	Sept. 2, 1864.
Mount Washington, Bardstown Pike *	Kentucky	Oct. 1, 1862.
Mount Zion Church *	Missouri	Dec. 28, 1861.
Mount Zion Church	Kentucky	Aug. 30, 1862.
Mount Zion Church, near Aldie	Virginia	July 6, 1864.
Mountain Fork *	Arkansas	Feb. 4, 1864.
Mountain Gap, near *	Kentucky	Oct. 14–16, 1862.
Mountain Gap, near Smith's Cross-Roads.	Tennessee	Oct. 1, 1863.
Mountain Grove *	Missouri	Mar. 9, 1862.
Mountain Home *	Arkansas	Oct. 17, 1862.
Mountain Side *	Kentucky	Oct. 18, 1862.
Mountain Store *	Missouri	May 26, 1863.
Mountain Store (see Big Piney)	Missouri	
Mountville, near	Virginia	Oct. 31, 1862.
Mud Creek *	Mississippi	June 20, 1863.
Muddy Branch *	Maryland	June 29, 1863.
Muddy Branch *	Maryland	July 26, 1864.
Muddy Creek *	Alabama	Mar. 26, 1865.
Muddy Creek *	Tennessee	Jan. 26, 1864.
Muddy Creek	West Virginia	June 8, 1862.
Muddy Creek, near *	West Virginia	Nov. 7, 1863.
Muddy Run *	Virginia	Aug. 5, Sept. 13, 1863.
Muddy Run, near Culpeper Court-House. *	Virginia	Nov. 8, 1863.
Mud Lick Springs, near, Bath County *	Kentucky	June 13, 1863.
Mud Lake *	Missouri	Mar. 14, 1865.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Mud Marsh (see Burnside's second campaign).	Virginia	
Mud River*	West Virginia	Apr. 5, 1863.
Mudtown*	Arkansas	Dec. 9, 1862.
Mudtown*	Arkansas	Aug. 24, 1864.
Mulberry Creek*	Georgia	Aug. 3, 1864.
Mulberry Gap*	Tennessee	Nov. 19, 1863.
Mulberry Gap, Long's Mills	Tennessee	July 30, 1864.
Mulberry Landing, Potomac River	Virginia	Dec. 15, 1861.
Mulberry Road*	Virginia	Feb. 12, 1864.
Mulberry Springs*	Arkansas	Jan. 26, 1863.
Muldraugh's Hill*	Kentucky	Dec. 28, 1862.
Muldraugh's Hill, near New Market	Kentucky	Dec. 31, 1862.
Mulberry River, near mouth of*	Arkansas	Feb. 2, 3, 1863.
Mulberry Village*	Tennessee	Dec. 23, 1863.
Mullahala's Station, near, attack on wagon train.*	Nebraska	May 5, 1865.
Mullell's Inlet, affair at	South Carolina	Oct. 19, Dec. 5, 1863.
Munford's Station	Alabama	Apr. 23, 1865.
Munfordsville (see Rowlett's Station)	Kentucky	Dec. 17, 1861.
Munfordsville	Kentucky	Sept. 20–21, 1862.
Munfordsville, siege of	Kentucky	Sept. 14–17, 1862.
Munfordsville, Bacon Creek, near*	Kentucky	Dec. 26, 1862.
Mungo Flats	West Virginia	June 25, 1862.
Munson's Hill or Little River Turnpike	Virginia	Aug. 31, 1861.
Munson's Hill, near Vanderburgh's house	Virginia	Sept. 28, 1861.
Murfree's Station, expedition (see Bernard's Mills).	Virginia	
Murfreesborough (see Stone River)	Tennessee	July 13, Aug. 27,* Sept. 7,* 1862.
Murfreesborough Pike, at Stewart's Creek Bridge.	Tennessee	Dec. 27, 1862.
Murfreesborough, near*	Tennessee	Dec. 29–30, 1862.
Murfreesborough*	Tennessee	Jan. 4, 1863.
Murfreesborough, expedition to Auburn, Liberty, and Alexandria.	Tennessee	Feb. 3–5, 1863.
Murfreesborough, expedition to Liberty	Tennessee	Feb. 17–20, 1863.
Murfreesborough, near*	Tennessee	Feb. 4, 7, Mar. 10, 22, June 3, 1863.
Murfreesborough, expedition to Franklin	Tennessee	Jan. 31–Feb. 13, 1863.
Murfreesborough, or Stone River	Tennessee	Dec. 31, 1862–Jan. 3, 1863.
Murfreesborough at Stone River Railroad Bridge.*	Tennessee	Oct. 5, 1865.
Murfreesborough	Tennessee	Mar. 4,* Dec. 5–7, 1864.
Murfreesborough, near, attack on railroad train.	Tennessee	Dec. 13, 1864.
Murfreesborough, near, capture of railroad train.	Tennessee	Dec. 15, 1864.
Murfreesborough, near, capture of railroad train.	Tennessee	Jan. 21, 1863.
Murphy, near*	North Carolina	Aug. 2, 1864.
Murrell's Inlet	South Carolina	Oct. 19, Dec. 5, 1863.
Murrell's Inlet, naval	South Carolina	Jan. 1, 1864.
Murray's or Murrell's Inlet	South Carolina	Apr. 27, May 4, 1863.
Muscle Fork or Yellow Creek*	Missouri	Aug. 13, 1862.
Muscle Shoals, or Raccoon Ford, near Florence.*	Alabama	Oct. 30, 1864.
Muscogee, gunboat (see Columbus)	Georgia	

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Nahunta Station, near*	North Carolina	Apr. 10, 1865.
Namozine Church	Virginia	Apr. 3, 1865.
Nansemond River (see West Branch)	Virginia	
Napoleonville, near	Louisiana	May 6, July 29*, 1864.
Napoleonville, near*	Louisiana	Feb. 10, 1865.
Napoleonville, expedition from, to Grand River and Bayou Pigeon.	Louisiana	Sept. 26–30, 1864.
Narrows, at the, near Shellmound*	Tennessee	Aug. 27–28, 1863.
Nashville, evacuated by Confederate troops.	Tennessee	Feb. 23–25, 1862.
Nashville and Decatur Railroad (see Reynold's Station)	Tennessee	
Nashville	Tennessee	Mar. 9, July 21, Sept. 2, Oct. 1, *Nov. 5*, 13, Dec. 11*, 23–24*, 1862.
Nashville, near*	Tennessee	Jan. 28, May 4, 1863.
Nashville near*	Tennessee	May 24, 1864.
Nashville	Tennessee	Dec. 15–16, 1864.
Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad, stockade and blockhouse on the.	Tennessee	Dec. 2–4, 1864.
Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad (raid on).	Tennessee	Apr. 7–11, 1863.
Nashville, Fort Riley*	Tennessee	Oct. 5, 1862.
Nashville, Gallatin Pike*	Tennessee	Oct. 20, 1862.
Nashville, Franklin Pike*	Tennessee	Dec. 14, 1862.
Nashville, Hardin Pike*	Tennessee	Dec. 3, 1862.
Nashville, Lebanon Road*	Tennessee	Oct. 13, 1862.
Nashville and Northwestern Railroad, raid on.	Tennessee	Aug. 15, Oct. 18–21, 1864.
Nashville, operations about	Tennessee	Dec. 1–14, 1864.
Nashville, Confederate steamer, destruction of.		Feb. 28, 1863.
Natchez, surrender of, to U. S. naval forces.	Mississippi	May 12–13, 1862.
Natchez, near and at*	Mississippi	Nov. 11, Dec. 7, 1863.
Natchez, near, naval	Mississippi	Dec. 11, 1863.
Natchez, near*	Mississippi	Apr. 25, 1864.
Natchez (see Eight Mile Post)	Mississippi	
Natchez Bayou, expedition to	Louisiana	Aug. 30–Sept. 2, 1864.
Natchez, expedition to Buck's Ferry	Mississippi	Sept. 19–21, 1864.
Natchez, Miss., expedition to Gillespie's plantation.	Louisiana	Aug. 4–6, 1864.
Natchez, expedition to Homochitto River.	Mississippi	Oct. 5–8, 1864.
Natchez, and Liberty Road, near*	Mississippi	Sept. 6, 1864.
Natchez, Miss., expedition to Waterproof and Sicily Island.	Louisiana	Sept. 26–30, 1864.
Natchitoches*	Louisiana	Mar. 31, Apr. 5, 20, 21, May 5, 1864.
Natchez, expedition to Woodville	Mississippi	Oct. 4–12, 5*, 6*, 1864.
Natural Bridge	Florida	Mar. 6, 1865.
Naumkeag, Fawn, and Tyler, U. S. S., engagement between Shelby's forces, White River.	Arkansas	June 24–25, 1864.
Navajo Indians, operations against	New Mexico	July 7–Aug. 19, 20, Dec. 16, 1863.
Neal Dow Station*	Georgia	July 4, 1864.
Neal's Gap*	Alabama	Sept. 1, 17, 1863.
Neely's Bend, Cumberland River*	Tennessee	Oct. 5, 15, 1862.
Neersville*	Virginia	Sept. 30, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Negro Head Cut, near Woodburn*	Kentucky	Apr. 27, 1863.
Nelson's Bridge, near New Iberia	Louisiana	Oct. 4, 1863.
Nelson's Cross-Roads*	Kentucky	Oct. 18, 1862.
Nelson's Farm (see Charles City Cross-Roads and White Oak Swamp).	Virginia	
Neosho, capture of Union troops	Missouri	July 5, 1861.
Neosho*	Missouri	Apr. 26, May 31, Aug. 21, Sept. 1, 3, 5, Dec. 14, 15, 1862.
Neosho, at and near* (see Widow Wheeler's).	Missouri	Mar. 2, Oct. 4, Nov. 4, 5, 6, 1863.
Neosho, near and at*	Missouri	June 3, Nov. 10, 1864.
Neuse River, near	North Carolina	Apr. 10, May 10, 1865.
Neuse River, naval	North Carolina	Dec. 12–15, 1862.
Neuse River (see Cox's Bridge)	North Carolina	
Neuse River (see Fort Ellis, Fort Dixie, and Fort Thompson).	North Carolina	
Neuse River Bridge, near Goldsborough*	North Carolina	Mar. 19, 1865.
Neuse River, destruction of U. S. transport.	North Carolina	Apr. 5–7, 1865.
New Albany*	Mississippi	Apr. 18–19, June 19, Oct. 5, 1863.
New Albany, near*	Mississippi	Feb. 23, 1864.
Newark*	Missouri	July 7, 1862.
Newark, or Mallory's Cross-Roads	Virginia	June 11–12, 1864.
New Baltimore, at and near*	Virginia	Oct. 13, 19, 26, 1863.
New Berne	North Carolina	Mar. 14, 1862.
New Berne	North Carolina	Nov. 11, 1862.
New Berne*	North Carolina	Feb. 29, 1864.
New Berne, affair at, Ford's Mill	North Carolina	Oct. 30, 1863.
New Berne, near*	North Carolina	May 22, 1862.
New Berne, near*	North Carolina	Feb. 27, 1863.
New Berne (army and navy)	North Carolina	Mar. 14, 1863.
New Berne, expedition to Manning's Neck.	North Carolina	July 28–31, 1864.
New Berne, expedition against	North Carolina	Jan. 28–Feb. 10, 1864.
New Bridge	Virginia	June 5, 20, 1862.
New Bridge (see Mechanicsville)	Virginia	
New Bridge (Hogan's) (see Ellison's Mills).	Virginia	
Newburg, raid on	Indiana	July 18, 1862.
Newby's Cross-Roads	Virginia	Nov. 9, 1862.
Newby's Cross-Roads, Battle Mountain*	Virginia	July 24, 1863.
New Carthage, near*	Louisiana	Apr. 5, 8, 1863.
New Castle, near*	Tennessee	Dec. 26, 1863.
New Castle*	Virginia	June 23, 1864.
New Creek	West Virginia	June 19, 1861.
New Creek	West Virginia	Aug. 4, Nov. 28, 1864.
New Creek, expedition from, to Moorefield.	West Virginia	Nov. 6–8, 1864.
New Franklin	Missouri	Oct. 7, 13*, 1861.
New Frankford, raid on*	Missouri	June 7, 1864.
New Glasgow	Virginia	June 14, 1864.
New Haven, near and at	Kentucky	Sept. 29, Dec. 30*, 1862.
New Haven, near*	Kentucky	Aug. 2, 1864.
New Hope Church, near	Virginia	Nov. 27, 29*, 1863.
New Hope Church, near*	Georgia	Oct. 5, 1864.
New Hope Church, Pumpkin Vine Creek, Pickett's Mills.	Georgia	May 25–June 5, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
New Hope Station, near*	Kentucky	July 25, 1863.
New Iberia, Nelson's Bridge	Louisiana	Apr. 18, Oct. 4, 1863.
New Inlet, near, naval	North Carolina	Aug. 23, Oct. 21, 1863.
New Inlet, naval	North Carolina	May 6, 1864.
New Ironsides, U. S. S., Charleston Harbor, attempt to destroy.	South Carolina	Aug. 20–21, Oct. 5, 1863.
New Kent Court-House, or Slatersville	Virginia	May 9, 1862.
New Kent Court-House, near	Virginia	June 30, July 2, 1862.
New Lisbon, near, Morgan's command surrendered.	Ohio	July 26, 1863.
New London	Virginia	June 16, 1864.
New Madrid, near and at	Missouri	Feb. 24, Mar. 2*, 14, 1862.
New Madrid, capture of	Missouri	Mar. 3–14, 1862.
New Madrid, siege	Missouri	Feb. 28, Apr. 8, 1862.
New Madrid*	Missouri	Aug. 7, 1863.
New Madrid, near*	Missouri	Dec. 3, 1864.
New Madrid County, Little River	Missouri	Dec. 18, 1864.
New Madrid Bend*	Tennessee	Oct. 22, 1863.
New Market, near	Virginia	July 19, Dec. 22, 1861.
New Market, occupation of, by Union forces.	Virginia	Apr. 17, 1862.
New Market	Virginia	June 13, 1862.
New Market, near*	Alabama	Aug. 5, 1862.
New Market, Buckthorn Tavern*	Alabama	Oct. 12, 1863.
New Market, near*	Alabama	Nov. 17, 1864.
New Market	Virginia	May 15, 1364.
New Market, near and at (see Rude's Hill).	Virginia	May 13*, 14*, Aug. 15, Sept. 24, 1864.
New Market, raid on	Missouri	June 1, 1864.
New Market Bridge, near, Fort Monroe	Virginia	Nov. 11, 1861.
New Market Bridge	Virginia	July 19, Oct. 21, 1861.
New Market, Muldraugh's Hill	Kentucky	Dec. 31, 1862.
New Market	Kentucky	Feb. 8, 1865.
New Market Heights (see *Chaffin's Farm*)	Virginia	
New Market Roads, near, (see Darbytown Road).	Virginia	Oct. 7, 1864.
New Market Road (see Charles City Cross-Roads and White Oak Swamp).	Virginia	
New Market Road (see Deep Bottom)	Virginia	
New Moon, steamer, destruction of, in Tallahatchie River.	Mississippi	Nov. 30, 1862.
Newnan, near	Georgia	July 30, 1864.
New Orleans occupied by Union forces	Louisiana	May 1, 1862.
New Orleans, operations against	Louisiana	Apr. 18–May 1, 1862.
New Orleans, passage of forts below by Union fleet under Farragut.	Louisiana	Apr. 24, 1862.
New Orleans, capture of	Louisiana	Apr. 25, 1862.
New Orleans and Jackson Railroad near Crystal Springs.	Mississippi	May 11, 1863.
New Orleans, destruction of the C. S. S. Webb.	Louisiana	Apr. 24, 1865.
New Orleans, expedition to mouth of Rio Grande.	Louisiana	Mar. 2–30, 1863.
New Orleans, expedition to Ponchatoula.	Louisiana	Mar. 21–30, 1863.
Newport, near*	Tennessee	Jan. 23, 1864.
Newport*	North Carolina	Apr. 7, 1862.
Newport Barracks, at and near (Batchelor Creek*).	North Carolina	Feb. 1–3, 6, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Newport Bridge*	Florida	Mar. 5–6, 1865.
Newport at Brown's Ferry, near*	Virginia	May 12-13, 1864.
Newport Cross-Roads*	Louisiana	June 17, 1864.
Newport News, near	Virginia	July 5, 12, 1861.
Newport News, occupation of, by Union forces.	Virginia	May 27–29, 1861.
Newport News, attack on U. S. S. Minnesota.	Virginia	Apr. 8, 1864.
Newport News, Young's Mills	Virginia	Oct. 21, 1861.
New Providence	Tennessee	Sept. 6, 1862.
New River*	Louisiana	Feb. 9, 1864.
New River*	West Virginia	Oct. 19–21, 1861.
New River Bridge	Virginia	May 10, 1864.
New River, capture U. S. S. Ellis	North Carolina	Nov. 25, 1862.
New River, expedition to	Louisiana	Oct. 2–8, 1864.
New Smyrna	Florida	Mar. 23, 1862.
New Texas Road, near Morganza*	Louisiana	Dec. 4, 1864.
Newton*	Virginia	June 12, 1863.
Newton	Louisiana	Apr. 16, 1863.
Newton County	Arkansas	Nov. 15, 1863.
Newtown, near*	Virginia	Oct. 28, 1864.
Newtown, or Middletown	Virginia	Nov. 12, 1864.
Newtown*	Virginia	Aug. 2, 1863.
Newtown*	Virginia	May 21, 29–30, 1864.
Newtown	Virginia	July 22, 1864.
Newtown, near	Virginia	Aug. 11, 1864.
Newtown Station, capture of	Mississippi	Apr. 24, 1863.
Newtown	West Virginia	Nov. 24, 1862.
Newtown, near	West Virginia	Jan. 17, 1863.
Newtown	Virginia	May 24, 1862.
Newtonia	Missouri	Aug. 8,* Sept. 13,* 30, Oct. 4,* 7,* 1862.
Newtonia*	Missouri	Sept. 27, 1863.
Newtonia	Missouri	Oct. 28, 1864.
New Topsail Inlet, naval	North Carolina	Aug. 22, 1863.
New York City, draft riot	New York	July 13–16, 1863.
Nine Mile Ordinary*	Virginia	June 14, 1863.
Nine-Mile Ridge (see Point of Rocks)	Kansas	
Nine-Mile Road, near Richmond	Virginia	June 18, 1862.
Nickajack Creek (see Marietta)	Georgia	
Nickajack Gap, near*	Georgia	Mar. 9, May 7, 1864.
Nickajack Trace*	Georgia	Apr. 23, 1864.
Ninevah	Virginia	Nov. 12, 1864.
Niobrara*	Nebraska	Dec. 4, 1863.
Nixonton*	North Carolina	Apr. 6, 1863.
Nokesville, near	Virginia	Apr. 13, 1864.
Noland's Ferry	Maryland	July 5, 1864.
Nolensville*	Tennessee	Dec. 1, 26, 30, 1862.
Nolensville, near*	Tennessee	Feb. 15, 1863.
Nolin, capture of stockade	Kentucky	Dec. 26, 1862.
Nomoni, Potomac River	Virginia	Jan. 5, 1864.
Nonconnah Creek	Tennessee	Aug. 3, 1862.
Nonconnah Creek, near Memphis*	Tennessee	Apr. 4, 1863.
Nonconnah Creek*	Tennessee	Oct. 29, 1864.
Noonday Creek (see Marietta)	Georgia	
Norfleet House, near	Virginia	Apr. 15, 1863.
Norfolk, near*	Missouri	Sept. 27, 1861.
Norfolk, evacuated by Confederate troops	Virginia	Mar. 9, 1862.
Norfolk	Virginia	Mar. 25, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Norfolk, Va., expedition into	North Carolina	July 27–Aug. 4, 1864.
Norris Creek*	Missouri	Aug. 8, 1864.
Norristown, near and at*	Arkansas	May 19, Sept. 6, between 9 and 12, 1864.
North Anna	Virginia	May 9–10, 1864.
North Anna, Pamunkey and Totopotomoy rivers, operations on.	Virginia	May 22–June 1, 1864.
North Bay (see Florida C. S. S., destruction of).	Florida	
North Edisto River	South Carolina	Feb. 12–13, 1865.
North Edisto River (see Gunter's)	South Carolina	
North Fork Bayou Pierre*	Mississippi	May 3, 1863.
Northampton and Accomac counties, expedition through.	Virginia	Nov. 14–22, 1861.
Northeast Ferry*	North Carolina	Feb. 22, 1865.
North Mountain*	West Virginia	July 3, 1864.
North Mountain Station, near*	West Virginia	July 17, 1863.
Northport, near Tuscaloosa	Alabama	Apr. 3, 1865.
North River*	Virginia	Oct. 3, 1864.
North River Mills*	West Virginia	July 3, 1864.
Norwood's Plantation, Old Oaks, Yellow Bayou, or Bayou de Glaize.	Louisiana	May 17–18, 1864.
Nottaway Court-house, near	Virginia	June 23, 1864.
Nounnan's expedition into Kanawha Valley.	West Virginia	Sept. 28–Oct. 1, 1864.
Noyes' Creek (see Marietta)	Georgia	
Noyes' Creek, near Powder Springs*	Georgia	Oct. 2–3, 1864.
Nueces River, near Fort Clark	Texas	Aug. 10, 1862.
Number 29, Tawah, gunboat (see Tawah)	Tennessee	
Number 32 Gunboat (see Key West)	Tennessee	
Number 52 Gunboat (see Elfin)	Tennessee	
Number 55, Undine, gunboat (see Undine).	Kentucky	
Nutter's Hill*	West Virginia	Aug. 27, 1864.
Ny River	Virginia	May 10, 1864.
Oak Camp*	California	June 6, 1863.
Oak Grove (Westmoreland County)*	Virginia	Apr. 26, 1863.
Oak Grove, King's Schoolhouse or French's Field, the Orchards.	Virginia	June 25, 1862.
Oak Hill*	Virginia	Oct. 15, 1863.
Oak Hills (see Wilson's Creek)	Missouri	
Oakland	Mississippi	Dec. 3, 1862.
Oakland Station*	Kentucky	Sept. 16, 1862.
Oakland*	Maryland	Apr. 26, 1863.
Oak Ridge*	Mississippi	Jan. 16, 1864.
Oak Shade*	Virginia	Sept. 2, 1863.
Obey's River*	Tennessee	Mar. 28, 1864.
Obion Plank Road Crossing	Tennessee	May —, 1863.
Obion River, near*	Tennessee	Apr. 9, June 17, 1863.
Ocean Pond, or Olustee	Florida	Feb. 20, 1864.
Occoquan, near and at	Virginia	Dec. 20, 27, 28, 1862.
Occoquan, near Violett's, Mrs.	Virginia	Mar. 22, 1863.
Occoquan Bridge (see Lee's House)	Virginia	Jan. 29, 1862.
Occoquan River	Virginia	Oct. 18, Nov. 12, 1861.
Occoquan River	Virginia	Dec. 19, 1862.
Ocklockonnee Bay	Florida	Mar. 24, 1863.
Ocklockonnee River, naval	Florida	Mar. 27, 1863.
Oconee River*	Georgia	Nov. 23–25, 1864.
Octorara, U. S. S., attack on Mobile Bay.	Alabama	Jan. 28, 1865.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Offutt's Cross-Roads and Seneca (between).*	Maryland	June 28, 1863.
Ogeechee Canal*	Georgia	Dec. 9, 1864.
Ogeechee River (see Jenk's Bridge)	Georgia	
Ohio, raid into	Ohio	Sept. 4, 1862.
Ohio River (see Buffington)	Ohio	
Oil Trough Bottom, at and near*	Arkansas	Mar. 24, 27, 1864.
Oiltown	West Virginia	May 9, 1863.
Okolona*	Mississippi	Dec. 9, 1863.
Okolona*	Arkansas	Apr. 2–3, 1864.
Okolona, near and at	Mississippi	Feb. 18, 21,*22, June 23,* Dec. 27, 1864.
Old Antietam Forge, near Leitersburg*	Maryland	July 10, 1863.
Old Church	Virginia	June 13, 1862.
Old Church, near and at	Virginia	Mar. 2,* May 30, June 10,* 1864.
Old Deposit Ferry*	Alabama	July 28, 1862.
Oldfield, near Mooresfield	West Virginia	Aug. 7, 1864.
Oldfield Bank Landing, naval	North Carolina	Dec. 14, 1862.
Old Ford Mill*	North Carolina	Dec. 30, 1863.
Old Fort Wayne, or Beatties Prairie, near Marysville.	Arkansas	Oct. 22, 1862.
Old Oaks, Norwood's Plantation, Bayou De Glaize, or Yellow Bayou.	Louisiana	May 17*, 18, 1864.
Old Randolph*	Missouri	Sept. 14, 1861.
Old River expedition and skirmish*	Mississippi	Feb. 12–13, 1864.
Old River*	Louisiana	Feb. 10, 1863.
Old River Lake, Lake Chicot, Ditch Bayou, or Columbia Fish Bayou.	Arkansas	June 6, 1864.
Old Town*	Maryland	Aug. 2, 1864.
Old Town Creek	Mississippi	July 15, 1864.
Old Town and Trenton expedition	Arkansas	July 28–31, 1862.
Olley's Creek (see Marietta)	Georgia	
Olive Branch*	Mississippi	Sept. 6, 1862.
Olive Branch*	Louisiana	Aug. 5, 25, 1864.
Olive Branch* (see Bayous Redwood)	Louisiana	
Olive Branch Church	Virginia	Feb. 5, 7, 1863.
Olustee, or Ocean Pond	Florida	Feb. 20, 1864.
Opelousas, at and near	Louisiana	Oct. 21,* 30, 1863.
Opelika, near*	Alabama	Apr. 16, 1865.
Opequon, or Winchester	Virginia	Sept. 19, 1864.
Opequon Creek, near Winchester*	Virginia	June 13, 1863.
Opequon Creek*	Virginia	Aug. 18, 20, Sept 1, 1864.
Opequon Creek (see Locke's Ford)	Virginia	
Opequon Creek (see Seiver's)	Virginia	
Opequon Creek (see Smithfield Crossing)	West Virginia	
Opequon Creek, near, on Berryville and Winchester pike.*	Virginia	Aug. 19, 1864.
Orange Court-House	Virginia	July 15, Aug. 2, 13, 1862.
Orange Court-House*	Virginia	Sept. 22, 1863.
Orange Grove, near Donaldsonville	Louisiana	July 31, 1864.
Orangeburg, near*	South Carolina	Feb. 11–12, 1865.
Orchard, The, Oak Grove, French Field, or King's School.	Virginia	June 25, 1862.
Orchard Knob*	Tennessee	Nov. 23, 1863.
Oregon, or Bower's Mill*	Missouri	Oct. 4, 1863.
Oregon County, operations in	Missouri	June 1–5, 1862.
Orton Pond	North Carolina	Feb. 18, 1865.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Osage*	Missouri	Nov. 26, 1864.
Osage, on the, near Monagan Springs*	Missouri	Apr. 25, 1862.
Osage (see Butler)	Missouri	
Osage Branch of King's River*	Arkansas	Apr. 16, 1864.
Osage Missions*	Kansas	Sept. 26, 1864.
Osage River*	Missouri	Oct. 5–6, 1864.
Osage Springs*	Arkansas	Feb. 28, 1862.
Osborn's and Woolf's Creeks*	Mississippi	June 4, 1862.
Osceola*	Arkansas	Apr. 5–9, Aug. 2, 1864.
Osceola, Monagan Springs*	Missouri	May 27, 1862.
Osceola, destruction of	Missouri	Sept. 22, 1861.
Ossabaw Sound, capture of U. S. gunboat Water Witch.	Georgia	June 3, 1864.
Otter Creek, near Liberty*	Virginia	June 16, 1864.
Ouachita River	Arkansas	Apr. 29, 1864.
Overalls Creek	Tennessee	Dec. 30, 1862.
Overland Stage Road in Kansas and Colorado attacked by Indians.*		June 8–14, 1865.
Owen County	Kentucky	June 20–23, Oct. 15–20, 1862.
Owen's Cross Roads	Tennessee	Dec. 1, 1864.
Owen's Ford, West Chickamauga Creek*	Georgia	Oct. 17, 1863.
Owen's Lake*	California	June 24, 1862.
Owensville*	Missouri	Mar. 31, 1863.
Owensborough*	Kentucky	Sept. 18, 1862.
Owensborough*	Kentucky	Aug. 27, 1864.
Owensborough, guerrilla raid on	Kentucky	Sept. 2, 1864.
Owyhee River*	Idaho	July 17, 1865.
Oxford	Mississippi	Dec. 1–4, 1862.
Oxford*	Kansas	Jan. 31, 1865.
Oxford*	Mississippi	Aug. 9, 1864.
Ox Ford	Virginia	Between May 23 and 26, 1864.
Oxford, expedition to, from La Grange, Tenn.	Mississippi	Aug. 1–30, 1864.
Oxford Bend, White River, Fayetteville.	Arkansas	Oct. 28, 1862.
Ox Hill (see Chantilly)	Virginia	
Oyster Point, near*	Pennsylvania	June 28–29, 1863.
Ozark*	Missouri	Aug. 1, 1862.
Ozark*	Arkansas	Oct. 29, 1863.
Ozark, captured by Confederate troops	Missouri	Jan. 7, 1863.
Ozark to Forsyth, scout, etc	Missouri	Aug. 7–9, 14–17, 1862.
Pace's Ferry*	Georgia	Between July 5 and 17, 1864.
Pace's Ferry, operations at	Georgia	Aug. 26–Sept. 1, 1864.
Pack's Ferry, New River	West Virginia	Aug. 6, 1862.
Padre Island	Texas	Dec. 7, 1862.
Paducah	Kentucky	Aug. 22, 1861.
Paducah*	Kentucky	Apr. 14, 1864.
Paducah, naval	Kentucky	Oct. 30, 1864.
Paducah, expedition to Haddix's Ferry	Kentucky	July 26–27, 1864.
Paducah	Kentucky	Mar. 25, 1864.
Paincourtville, expedition from, to Lake Natchez.	Louisiana	Aug. 15–21, 1864.
Paine's Cross Roads*	Virginia	Apr. 5, 1865.
Painsville (see Jennie's Creek)	Kentucky	
Paint Lick Bridge*	Kentucky	July 31, 1863.
Paint Rock*	Alabama	Jan. 26, 1865.
Paint Rock Bridge*	Alabama	Apr. 8, Dec. 7, 31, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Paint Rock Railroad Bridge*	Alabama	Apr. 28, 1862.
Paint Rock River*	Alabama	Nov. 19, 1864.
Paint Rock Station*	Alabama	July 30, 1864.
Paintsville*	Kentucky	Apr. 13, 1864.
Palatka*	Florida	Mar. 27, 1863.
Palatka, near and at*	Florida	Mar. 16, 31, Aug. 13, 1864.
Palatka, naval	Florida	Mar. 21, 29, 1864.
Palmetto Ranch, near Brazos Santiago*	Texas	Sept. 4, 1864.
Palmetto Ranch*	Texas	May 12–13, 1865.
Palmyra*	Tennessee	Nov. 13, 1863.
Palmyra and Hunnewell	Missouri	Aug. 17, 1861.
Palo Alto*	Mississippi	Apr. 21, 1863.
Pamlico River (see Hill's Point)	North Carolina	
Pamlico River (see Rodman's Point)	North Carolina	
Pamunkey River, near West Point	Virginia	Apr. 16, 1863.
Pamunkey River (see North Anna River)	Virginia	
Panola, near and at*	Mississippi	Aug. 17, 20, June 19–20, 1863.
Panther Creek*	Missouri	Aug. 8, 1862.
Panther Gap*	West Virginia	June 4, 1864.
Panther Springs*	Tennessee	Mar. 5, Oct. 27, 1864.
Paola, near*	Kansas	Aug. 21, 1863.
Papinsville*	Missouri	Sept. 5, 1861.
Papinsville, near*	Missouri	June 23, 1863.
Parajé	New Mexico	May 21, 1862
Paris*	Kentucky	July 19, 1862.
Paris, near and at*	Kentucky	Mar. 11, Apr. 16, July 29, 1863.
Paris, surrender of	Missouri	Oct. 15, 1864.
Paris, Tenn., Lyon's raid from to Hopkinsville.	Kentucky	Dec. 6, 1864.
Paris*	Tennessee	Mar. 11, 1862.
Paris*	Tennessee	Sept. 13, 1863.
Parker's or Rome Cross-Roads	Georgia	May 16, 1864.
Parker's Cross-Roads or Red Mound	Tennessee	Dec. 31, 1862.
Parker's Ford or Snicker's Ferry	Virginia	July 17–18, 1864.
Parker's Store	Virginia	Nov. 29, 1863.
Parker's Store	Virginia	May (about) 5–7, 1864.
Parkersville*	Missouri	Dec. 6, 1862.
Parkersville*	Missouri	July 17–19, 1861.
Parkin's Mill*	Virginia	Nov. 24, 1864.
Park's Gap*	Tennessee	Sept. 4, 1864.
Parkville, attack on	Missouri	July 7, 1864.
Pascagoula*	Mississippi	Apr. 9, 1863.
Pasquotank, near*	North Carolina	Aug. 18, 1863.
Pass Cabello, naval	Texas	Dec. 29–30, 1863.
Pass Christian, naval	Mississippi	Mar. 25, 1862.
Pass Manchac*	Louisiana	June 17, 1862.
Pass Manchac, expedition to	Louisiana	Sept. 13–15, 1862.
Patapsco, U. S. monitor (see Charleston Harbor).	South Carolina	
Patterson (see McKenzie's Creek)	Missouri	
Patterson, at and near	Missouri	Apr. 20,* May —, 1863.
Patterson	Missouri	Sept. 22, 1864.
Patterson Creek*	West Virginia	June 26, 1861.
Patterson's Creek*	West Virginia	Feb. 2, 1864.
Patterson's Creek (see Kelly's Island)	West Virginia	

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Patterson's Creek, near	West Virginia	Mar. 30, 1865.
Patterson's Creek (see Frankfort)	West Virginia	
Patterson's Creek Bridge*	West Virginia	July 4, 1864.
Patterson's Creek Station, near*	West Virginia	Mar. 22, 1865.
Pattersonville, near*	Louisiana	April 11, 1863.
Pawnee Agency	Nebraska	June 23, 1863.
Pawnee Rock, near and at	Kansas	May 20, June 12,* 1865.
Paw Paw Tunnel, capture of Union forces at.	West Virginia	Oct. 4, 1862.
Payne's Farm	Virginia	Nov. 27, 1863.
Payne's Plantation, near Grenada*	Mississippi	Aug. 18, 1863.
Peach Grove, near*	Virginia	Mar. 12, 1865.
Peach Orchard (see Seven Days' battle, Allen's Farm).	Virginia	
Peach Tree Creek*	Georgia	July 19, 1864.
Peach Tree Creek	Georgia	July 20, 1864.
Pea Ridge or Elkhorn Tavern	Arkansas	Mar. 6–8, 1862.
Pea Ridge*	Tennessee	Apr. 15, 27, 1862.
Pea Ridge, prairie*	Missouri	Feb. 23 or 24, 1862.
Pea Vine Creek*	Georgia	Sept. 10, 1863.
Pea Vine Ridge*	Georgia	Sept. 18, 1863.
Pea Vine Valley*	Tennessee	Nov. 26, 1863.
Pearl River*	Mississippi	Feb. 28, 1864.
Pearl River, at Grant's Ferry*	Mississippi	July 16, 1863.
Pearl River, expedition to from Vicksburg.	Mississippi	July 2–10, 1864.
Pearsburg-Giles Court-House	West Virginia	May 10, 1862.
Pease Creek*	Florida	Feb. 13–14, 20, 1864.
Pebbly Run, Gillett's Farm*	North Carolina	Apr. 13, 27, 1862.
Peck's House, near New Market*	Tennessee	Dec. 24, 1863.
Pecos River, near Fort Sumner*	New Mexico	Jan. 5, 1864.
Peebles (see Poplar Spring Church)	Virginia	
Peebles Farm (see Prebles Farm)	Virginia	
Pegram's (Lieut. Col. John) Confederate command, surrender of.	West Virginia	July 13, 1861.
Pegram's Farms (see Poplar Spring Church).	Virginia	
Pekin*	Indiana	July 11, 1863.
Peletier's Mill*	North Carolina	May 5, 1863.
Pelham*	Tennessee	July 2, 1863.
Pemiscot Bayou*	Missouri	Apr. 5, 9, 1864.
Pemiscot County*	Missouri	Between Nov. 13 and 16, 1864.
Pendleton County, expedition from (see Pocahontas County).	West Virginia	
Peninsular campaign	Virginia	Mar. 17–Sept. 2, 1862.
Pensacola, destruction of U. S. dry dock.	Florida	Sept. 2, 1861.
Pensacola, evacuation by Confederate forces.	Florida	May 9–12, 1862.
Pensacola, evacuation by Union forces	Florida	Mar. 20–24, 1863.
Pensacola expedition to Milton	Florida	June 14–15, 1862.
Pensacola, near and at	Florida	June 25, Sept. 14, Nov. 22, 1862.
Pensacola	Florida	Apr. 2,*May 25, 1864.
Pensacola Bar, naval	Florida	Nov. 14, 1863.
Peosi River (Indians)*	Texas	Nov. 1, 1861.
Peralta	New Mexico	Apr. 15, 1862.
Perche Hills*	Missouri	May 5, 1865.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Perkins Mill, on Elk Fork*	Tennessee	Dec. 28, 1862.
Perry County*	Arkansas	Dec. 3, 1864.
Perry, J. D., steamer, attack on, Clarendon.	Arkansas	Sept. 9, 1864.
Perry's Ferry*	Mississippi	Apr. 19, 1863.
Perryville*	Indian Territory	Aug. 26, 1863.
Perryville (see Chaplin Hills)	Kentucky	
Pest house, opposite Port Hudson	Louisiana	May 28, 1864.
Peter's Bluff, naval	Alabama	Sept. 11, 1864.
Petersburg, near	Virginia	Oct. 29, 1862.
Petersburg, near*	Tennessee	Mar. 2, 1863.
Petersburg	Virginia	June 9, 1864.
Petersburg, lines, assault on	Virginia	June 15–18, 1864.
Petersburg, trenches before	Virginia	Sept. 1–Oct. —, 1864.
Petersburg, trenches before	Virginia	Aug. 1–31, 1864.
Petersburg and Richmond, siege of	Virginia	June 19–July 31, 1864.
Petersburg mine explosion	Virginia	July 30, 1864.
Petersburg, assault upon and capture of fortified lines.	Virginia	Apr. 2, 1865.
Petersburg, siege of, in trenches before (see Richmond).	Virginia	June 15, 1864–Apr. 2, 1865.
Petersburg (see Fort Stedman)	Virginia	Mar. 25, 1865.
Petersburg and Richmond occupied by Union forces.	Virginia	Apr. 3, 1865.
Petersburg*	West Virginia	Sept. 12, 1861.
Petersburg*	West Virginia	Oct. 29, 1862.
Petersburg*	West Virginia	Sept. 6, 1863.
Petersburg, at and near*	West Virginia	Jan. 10, 15, Mar. 3, June 19, Oct. 11, 1864.
Petersburg and Burkesville expedition. (See Burkesville.)		
Petersburg Gap*	West Virginia	Sept. 4, 1863.
Petersville, near	Maryland	Sept. 14, 1862.
Petite Anse Island	Louisiana	Nov. 21–22, 1862.
Petit Jean, near*	Arkansas	July 10, 1864.
Peytona, near*	West Virginia	Sept. 12, 1861.
Peyton's Mill*	Mississippi	Sept. 19, 1862.
Phelps Bayou*	Louisiana	Apr. 26, 1863.
Philadelphia	Tennessee	Sept. 27,* Oct. 15,* 20, 25,* 26,* Dec. 2,* 1863.
Philadelphia*	Tennessee	Mar. 1, 1865.
Philippi	West Virginia	Mar. 20, 1862.
Philippi	West Virginia	June 3, 1861.
Phillip's Cross-Roads*	North Carolina	Mar. 4, 1865.
Phillip's Fork, Red Bird Creek*	Kentucky	May 10, 1863.
Philomont*	Virginia	Nov. 1, 9, 19, 1862.
Philomont*	Virginia	July 20, 1864.
Piankatank River, naval	Virginia	Apr. 29, 1862.
Piankatank River, naval	Virginia	Mar. 7, 1864.
Pichacho Pass	Arizona	Apr. 15, 1862.
Pickett's Mills (see New Hope Church)	Georgia	
Piedmont*	Virginia	Apr. 17, 1862.
Piedmont	Virginia	June 5, 1864.
Piedmont, near and at*	Virginia	Feb. 17–18, June 5, Oct. 9, Nov. 28, 1864.
Piedmont Station*	Virginia	May 16, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Pigeon Hill*	Tennessee	Nov. 26, 1863.
Pigeon Mountain*	Georgia	Sept. 15–18, 1863.
Pigeons Ranch (see Apache Canon)	New Mexico	
Piggott's Mills (Big Run?)*	West Virginia	Aug. 25, 1861.
Pig Point	Virginia	June 5, 1861.
Pike County*	Kentucky	July 2, 1863.
Pike County*	Kentucky	May 16, 18, 1864.
Pike Creek, near*	Missouri	Oct. 25, 1862.
Piketon*	Kentucky	Apr. 15, 1863.
Piketon*	Kentucky	Feb. 25, 1865.
Piketon, or Try Mountain*	Kentucky	Nov. 9, 1861.
Piketon*	Kentucky	Nov. 5, 1862.
Pikeville, near	North Carolina	Apr. 11, 1865.
Pillowville*	Tennessee	Nov. 15, 1863.
Pilot Knob	Tennessee	Aug. 20, 1862.
Pilot Knob, scout to Arkansas*	Missouri	Mar. 16–25, 1864.
Pilot Knob (see Fort Davidson)	Missouri	
Pin Hook*	Louisiana	May 10, 1863.
Pinal Mountains, on Gila River*	Arizona	Nov. 4, 1863.
Pinal Mountain, expedition to	Arizona	July 18–Aug. 7, 1864.
Pinckney Island	South Carolina	Aug. 21, 1862.
Pineberry Battery	South Carolina	Apr. 29, 1862.
Pine Bluff, seizure of U. S. stores	Arkansas	Apr. 18, 1861.
Pine Bluff	Arkansas	Oct. 25, 1863.
Pine Bluff, at and near*	Arkansas	May 1, 21, June 17, July 22, 30, Aug. 18, Sept.—, 1864.
Pine Bluff, near*	Arkansas	Jan. 9, Feb. 11, Mar. 4, 1865.
Pine Bluff, capture of steamer Miller near.	Arkansas	Aug. 17, 1864.
Pine Bluff, near, on Arkansas River	Arkansas	Aug. 27 or 28, 1864.
Pine Bluff, expedition from, toward Montecello.	Arkansas	Sept. 9–11, 1864.
Pine Bluff, expedition from, to Arkansas post.	Arkansas	Oct. 13–18, 1864.
Pine Bluff and Little Rock (see Halfway House).	Arkansas	
Pine Bluff to Devalls Bluff, scout with skirmish.	Arkansas	Feb. 9–19, 1865.
Pine Bluff, scout from, to Douglas' Plantation.*	Arkansas	Feb. 21–22, 1865.
Pine Bluff*	Tennessee	Aug. 20, 1864.
Pine Hill (see Marietta)	Georgia	
Pine Island*	South Carolina	May 10, 1864.
Pine Log Creek*	Georgia	May 18, 1864.
Pine Mountain	Tennessee	Aug. 17, 1862.
Pine Mountain Gap	Tennessee	Sept. 7, 1862.
Pineville*	Louisiana	Apr. 24, 1864.
Pineville*	Missouri	June 23, Nov. 19, 1862.
Pineville (Garden Hollow)*	Missouri	Aug. 9, 13, 1863.
Piney, near headwaters of*	Missouri	Feb. 18, 1864.
Piney Branch Church	Virginia	May 8, 15, 1864.
Piney Factory*	Tennessee	Nov. 2, 1863.
Piney Mountains*	Arkansas	Apr. 6, 1864.
Piney River, near Amherst Court-house*	Virginia	June 12, 1864.
Piney River	Missouri	Feb. 18, 1864.
Pink Hill*	Missouri	Mar. 31, June 11, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Pink Hill and Sibley, operations about	Missouri	June 23–July 1, 1862.
Pink Hill (see Miami, Cambridge)	Missouri	
Pinos Altos*	Arizona	Feb. 27, 1864.
Pisgah, near*	Missouri	Sept. 10, 1864.
Pitmans Crossroads*	Kentucky	Oct. 19, 20, 21, 1862.
Pitmans Ferry	Arkansas	Oct. 27, Nov. 25, 1862.
Pitt River Valley (Upper)*	California	Aug. 5. 1861.
Pittsburg	Tennessee	Mar. 1, 1862.
Pittsburg Landing, or Shilo	Tennessee	Mar. 16, Apr. 4,* 6–7, 1862.
Plains Store	Louisiana	May 21, 1863.
Plains Store road* (see Springfield)	Louisiana	May 23, 1863.
Planter, steamer, abduction from Charleston.	South Carolina	May 13, 1862.
Plantersville*	Alabama	Apr. 1, 1865.
Plaquemine	Louisiana	Jan. 3, Feb. 12–28, June 18,* 1863.
Plaquemine	Louisiana	Dec. 29, 31, 1862.
Plaquemine*	Louisiana	Aug. 6, 1864.
Platte Bridge*	Dakota	June 3, 1865.
Platte City*	Missouri	July 10, 1864.
Platte County*	Missouri	July 3, 1864.
Platte Valley, steamer at Price's Landing.	Missouri	Nov. 18, 1861.
Plattsburg, attack on	Missouri	July 21, 1864.
Pleasant Grove*	Utah	Apr. 12, 1863.
Pleasant Grove, also known as Mansfield, Sabine Crossroads.	Louisiana	Apr. 8, 1864.
Pleasant Hill*	Georgia	Apr. 18, 1865.
Pleasant Hill, near*	Louisiana	Apr. 7, 8, 1864.
Pleasant Hill	Louisiana	Apr. 9, 1864.
Pleasant Hill, or Blairs Landing	Louisiana	Apr. 12–13, 1864.
Pleasant Hill Landing*	Tennessee	Apr. 12, 1864.
Pleasant Hill*	Missouri	July 8, 11, 1862.
Pleasant Hill, Big Creek*	Missouri	May 15, 1863.
Pleasant Hill, at and near*	Missouri	May 28, July 25, Aug. 26, 1864.
Pleasant Hill, near*	Missouri	May 3, 1865.
Pleasureville, near	Kentucky	June 9, 1864.
Plentytude*	Mississippi	July 10, 1864.
Plum Butte*	Kansas	June 12, 1865.
Plum Creek, near*	Nebraska	Dec. 8, 1864.
Plum Point Bend, near Fort Pillow, Mississippi, squadron U. S. N. and eight Confederate gunboats. U. S. S. Cincinnati and Mound City disabled.	Tennessee	May 10, 1862.
Plymouth	North Carolina	Aug. 30,* Sept. 2, Dec. 10, 1862.
Plymouth, naval	North Carolina	Oct. 31, 1862.
Plymouth	North Carolina	Mar. 10–13, Nov. 26*, 1863.
Plymouth, naval	North Carolina	Oct. 29–31, 1864.
Plymouth, attack on U. S. naval vessels by Confederate ram Albermarle. The U. S. S. Southfield sunk.	North Carolina	Apr. 19, 1864.
Plymouth	North Carolina	Apr. 1, 17–20, Dec. 10–11,* 1864.
Plymouth, capture of, by Confederate forces.	North Carolina	Apr. 20, 1864.
Plymouth, night expedition, destruction of Confederate ram Albermarle.	North Carolina	Oct. 27–28, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Pocahontas*	Arkansas	Apr. 21, 1862.
Pocahontas*	Missouri	Aug. 22–23, 1863.
Pocahontas*	Arkansas	Feb. 10, 1864.
Pocahontas*	Tennessee	Sept. 26, 1862.
Pocahontas County*	West Virginia	Jan. 22, 1863.
Pocahontas and Pendleton counties, West Virginia, and Highland county, expedition through.	Virginia	June 1–13, 1865.
Pocotaligo (see Beaufort)	South Carolina	
Pocotaligo	South Carolina	May 29, July 9–10 Oct. 22–23, 1862.
Pocotaligo, near*	South Carolina	Jan. 26, 1865.
Pocotaligo Road, near*	South Carolina	Dec. 20, 1864.
Pocotaligo and Salkehatchie River, between.*	South Carolina	Jan. 20, 1865.
Pohick Church	Virginia	Aug. 18, Oct. 3, Nov 12, Dec. 18, 1861.
Pohick Church	Virginia	Feb. 24, Mar. 5, 1862
Pohick Church (Frying Pan Church)	Virginia	Oct. 17, 1863.
Pohick Run, near	Virginia	Jan. 9, 1862.
Poindexter's Farm, Malvern Hill	Virginia	July 1, 1862.
Point Isabel, affair at	Texas	May 30, 1863.
Point Isabel*	Texas	Aug. 9, 1864.
Point Mountain Turnpike*	West Virginia	Between Sept. 11 and 17, 1861.
Point Pleasant	Louisiana	June 25, 1864.
Point Pleasant	Missouri	Mar. 7, 18, 1862.
Point Pleasant*	West Virginia	Sept. 20, 1862.
Point Pleasant*	West Virginia	Mar. 30, Apr. 22, 1863.
Point of Rocks*	Maryland	Sept. 17, 24, Dec. 19, 1861.
Point of Rocks (opposite in Virginia)	Maryland	Aug. 5, 1861.
Point of Rocks*	Maryland	Sept. 4–5, 7, 1862.
Point of Rocks	Virginia	June 26, 1862.
Point of Rocks and Catoctin Creek*	Maryland	June 17, 1863.
Point of Rocks*	Maryland	July 5, 1864.
Point of Rocks or Nine Mile Ridge*	Kansas	Jan. 20, 1865.
Point Washington, near*	Florida	Feb. 9, 1864.
Poison Creek*	Idaho	Mar. 8, 1865.
Poison Spring, near Camden	Arkansas	Apr. 18, 1864.
Pole Cat Creek	Virginia	May 27, 1864.
Polk County*	Missouri	Aug. 28, Sept. 23, 1864.
Polk's Plantation, near Helena*	Arkansas	May 25, 1863.
Pollard, near*	Alabama	July 23, 1864.
Pollocksville	North Carolina	Apr. 21, May 15–16, 1862.
Pollocksville, Mill Creek*	North Carolina	July 26, 1862.
Pollocksville Road, Haughton's Mill	North Carolina	Apr. 27, 1862.
Pollocksville (see Trenton)	North Carolina	
Pomeroy*	Ohio	July 18, 1863.
Pomme de Terre*	Missouri	Oct. 12–13, 1861.
Ponchatoula	Louisiana	Sept. 13–15, 1862.
Ponchatoula	Louisiana	Mar. 24, May 3, 1863.
Ponchatoula, expedition from New Orleans.*	Louisiana	Mar. 21–30, 1863.
Pond Creek, Union County*	Kentucky	July 6, 1863.
Pond Creek, Pike County*	Kentucky	May 16, 1864.
Ponds, The (see The Ponds)	Mississippi	
Ponder's Mill, Little Black River*	Missouri	Sept. 20, 1864.
Pond Gap	Kentucky	Mar. 16, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Pond Gap	Kentucky	May 9, June 1, 1864.
Pond Gap (see Sounding Gap)	Tennessee	
Pond Springs*	Alabama	May 27, June 29, Dec. 29, 1864.
Pontchartrain Lake, expedition to*	Louisiana	July 25–Aug. 2, 1862.
Pontotoc*	Mississippi	Apr. 19, 1863.
Pontotoc, at and near*	Mississippi	Feb. 17, July 11, 12. 1864.
Poney Mountain*	Virginia	Sept. 13, 1863.
Pooler's Station (see Eden)	Georgia	
Poolesville*	Maryland	Sept. 4–5, 8, 1862.
Poolesville	Maryland	July 14, 1864.
Poolesville, raid on	Maryland	Nov. 25, Dec. 14, 1862.
Pope County*	Arkansas	Feb. 5, 1863.
Pope's Island*	South Carolina	May 19, 1863.
Poplar Bluff	Missouri	Oct. 16, 1862.
Poplar Point	North Carolina	Dec. 20–22, 1864.
Poplar Springs*	Maryland	June 29, 1863.
Poplar Spring Church, including Wyatt's, Peeble's, Pegram's farms, Chappell House, Vaughan Road.	Virginia	Sept. 29–Oct. 2, 1864.
Po River	Virginia	May 10, 1864.
Porter's Plantation*	Louisiana	Apr. 13, 1863.
Port Conway, Lamb's Creek Church*	Virginia	Sept. 1, 1863.
Port Conway (see Reliance, U. S. gunboat).	North Carolina	
Port Conway (see Satellite, U. S. gunboat).	Virginia	
Port Deposit, near	Alabama	Aug. 24, 1863.
Port Gibson, or Thompson's Hill, or Magnolia Hill.	Mississippi	May 1, 1863.
Port Gibson*	Mississippi	Oct. 10, Dec. 26, 1863.
Port Gibson*	Mississippi	July 14, Sept. 30, 1864.
Port Hudson	Louisiana	Mar. 14, 1863.
Port Hudson, near*	Louisiana	Nov. 30, 1863.
Port Hudson, occupied by Confederate forces.	Louisiana	Aug. 15, 1862.
Port Hudson, near*	Louisiana	Apr. 7, 1864.
Port Hudson, near (pesthouse)	Louisiana	May 28, 1864.
Port Hudson batteries and Union fleet	Louisiana	Mar. 14–15, 1863.
Port Hudson batteries (see Anglo-American).	Louisiana	
Port Hudson batters and U. S. S. Essex	Louisiana	Sept. 7, 1862.
Port Hudson, operations against and about.	Louisiana	Mar. 7–27, 1863.
Port Hudson, siege of	Louisiana	May 21–July 8, 1863.
Port Hudson, first assault	Louisiana	May 27, 1863.
Port Hudson, second assault	Louisiana	June 14, 1863.
Port Hudson, capture of Confederate outpost.	Louisiana	June 11, 1863.
Port Hudson, capture of Union outpost	Louisiana	June 26, 1863.
Port Hudson, surrender of	Louisiana	July 8, 1863.
Port Hudson (see White Cloud, steamer)	Louisiana	
Portland	Missouri	Oct. 16, 1862.
Portland*	West Virginia	Apr. 26, 1863.
Portopank Creek, York River, naval	Virginia	May 5, 1864.
Port Republic	Virginia	June 8–9, 1862.
Port Republic	Virginia	June 4, Sept. 26, 27, 28, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Port Royal, near (see Garrett's Farm, capture of Booth and Herold).	Virginia	
Port Royal Bay, capture of Forts Walker and Beauregard by U. S. Navy.	South Carolina	Nov. 7, 1861.
Port Royal Ferry	South Carolina	Jan. 1, June 6, July 4, 1862.
Portsmouth, Va., expedition to Edenton.	North Carolina	Aug. 11–19, 1863.
Portsmouth, occupied by Union forces	Virginia	May 10, 1862.
Portsmouth	Virginia	Mar. 4–5, 1864.
Portsmouth, Va., expedition to Hertford.	North Carolina	Dec. 6–10, 1864.
Port Walthall Junction	Virginia	May 6–7, 16, * 1864.
Post Oak, mouth of Brier Creek	Missouri	Mar. 22, * 26, 1862.
Potecasi Creek*	North Carolina	Between July 25 and 31, 1863.
Potomac Creek, with U. S. S. Yankee	Virginia	Aug. 23, 1861.
Potomac (see South Fork of)	West Virginia	
Potosi*	Missouri	Aug. 10, 1861.
Potts's Hill, Sugar Creek	Arkansas	Feb. 16, 1862.
Pound Gap or Sounding Gap	Tennessee	Mar. 16, 1862.
Pound Gap, near*	Kentucky	June 1, 1864.
Powder magazine, explosion of (see Fort Fisher).	North Carolina	
Powder Springs (see Marietta)	Georgia	
Powder Springs, near	Georgia	Oct. 2–3, 1864.
Powder Springs Gap*	Tennessee	June 21, 1863.
Powell County, capture of guerilla camp.	Kentucky	Dec. 26, 1862.
Powell's Big Fort Valley, Fort Furnace	Virginia	July 1, 1862.
Powell's Bridge*	Tennessee	Feb. 22, 1864.
Powell's River	Tennessee	June 30, 1862.
Powell's River, Stickleyville, near	Virginia	Dec. 13, 1863.
Powell's Valley*	Tennessee	June 22, 1863.
Powhatan, near	Virginia	Jan. 25, 1865.
Prairie Chapel*	Missouri	Sept. 4, 1862.
Prairie D'Ane*	Arkansas	Apr. 9–12, 1864.
Prairie Du Roches*	Illinois	Apr. 6, 1864.
Prairie Grove, Fayetteville or Illinois Creek.	Arkansas	Dec. 7, 1862.
Prairie Grove, near*	Arkansas	Apr. 6–7, 1864.
Prairie Station*	Mississippi	Feb. 21, 1864.
Pratt's Landing, naval	Virginia	Dec. 11, 1862.
Preble's Farm	Virginia	Sept. 30, Oct. 1, 1864.
Prentiss*	Mississippi	Sept. 19, 1862.
Preston (see Big North Fork Creek)	Missouri	
Prestonburg, near Middle Creek	Kentucky	Jan. 10, 1862.
Prestonburg	Kentucky	Dec. 4–5, 1862.
Price's Landing, expedition to Commerce, Benton, and Hamburg.	Missouri	Aug. 7–10, 1861.
Price's Landing, Platte Valley, steamer at	Missouri	Nov. 18, 1861.
Price's expedition into	Missouri	Aug. 29–Dec. 2, 1864.
Prim's blacksmith shop, Edmonson Pike	Tennessee	Dec. 25, 1862.
Prince Edward Court-House	Virginia	Apr. 7, 1865.
Prince George Court-House, near*	Virginia	Nov. 24, 1864.
Princeton*	Arkansas	Dec. 8, 1863.
Princeton, near*	Arkansas	Apr. 28, 1864.
Princeton*	West Virginia	May 6, 1864.
Princeton	West Virginia	Sept. 16, 1861.
Princeton	West Virginia	May 5*, 11*, 15–17, 1862.
Pringle, Battery (see Battery Pringle)	South Carolina	
Pritchard's Mills (see Darnestown)	Maryland	

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Proctor's Creek	Virginia	May 12–16, 1864.
Prophet*	Mississippi	Dec. 3, 1862.
Prophet's Island, naval, Mississippi River		Dec. 14, 1862.
Providence, naval	Louisiana	Apr. 8, 1863.
Providence Church	Virginia	Nov. 12, Dec. 28, 1862.
Providence Church	Virginia	Jan. 9, Apr. 12–13, May 17, 1863.
Pueblo, with Indians	Colorado	Aug. 10, 18, 1863.
Pulaski	Tennessee	May 1, 4, 11, 1862.
Pulaski, Richland Creek	Tennessee	Aug. 27, 1862.
Pulaski*	Tennessee	July 15, Oct. 27, Dec. 1, 15, 1863.
Pulaski, at and near*	Tennessee	May 13, Sept. 26, 27, 1864.
Pulliam's*	Missouri	Dec. 25, 1863.
Pumpkin Vine Creek (see New Hope Church.)	Georgia	
Pungo Landing, affair at	North Carolina	Oct. 16–17, 1863.
Purcellville, Confederate wagon train captured.	Virginia	July 16, 1864.
Purdy Road, near Adamsville	Tennessee	Mar. 31, 1862.
Purdy	Tennessee	May 4, 7, 1862.
Purgitsville*	West Virginia	Apr. 6–7, 1863.
Putnam*	Missouri	Sept. 1, 1862.
Quaker and Boydton roads, junction of*	Virginia	Mar. 29, 1865.
Quaker Bridge	North Carolina	July 6, 1863.
Quaker Roads	Virginia	Mar. 31, 1865.
Quantrill's, raid into	Kansas	Aug. 20–28, 1863.
Quarles's Mill	Virginia	Between May 23 and 26, 1864.
Queen of the West. (See Baker, steamer, and Berwick Bay, steamer.)		
Queen of the West, capture of		Feb. 14, 1863.
Queen of the West (see Bolivar)	Mississippi	
Queen of the West (see Yazoo River)	Mississippi	
Queen City, U. S. S., capture of, on White River.	Arkansas	June 24, 1864.
Queen's Hill	Mississippi	July 7, 1863.
Queen's Hill*	Mississippi	Feb. 4, 1864.
Quinn*	Mississippi	Oct. 12, Nov. 1, 3, 1863.
Quincy	Missouri	Sept. 4, 1863.
Quincy expedition (with skirmish, Nov. 1, 2).	Missouri	Oct. 29–Nov. 8, 1864.
Quinn's Mills, on the Cold Water*	Mississippi	June 16, 1863.
Quicksand Creek*	Kentucky	Apr. 5, 1864.
Quitman, near*	Arkansas	Mar. 26, Sept. 2, 1864.
Raccoon Ford, or Muscle Shoals, near Florence.	Alabama	Oct. 30, 1864.
Raccoon Ford*	Virginia	Aug. 20, 1862.
Raccoon Ford, at and near*	Virginia	Apr. 30, Sept. 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 22, Oct. 10, Nov. 26, 27, 30, Dec. 5, 1863.
Raccourci, near Williamsport	Louisiana	Nov. 25, 1864.
Ragland Mills, Bath County*	Kentucky	Jan. 13, 1864.
Railroad Tunnel, near Cowan	Tennessee	Oct. 9, 1863.
Rainford's	Mississippi	Feb. 11, 1864.
Raleigh, near*	Tennessee	Apr. 3, 9, 1864.
Raleigh, N. C., from Fayetteville*	West Virginia	Nov. 14, 1861.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Raleigh road to Silver Run Creek	North Carolina	Mar. 14, 1865.
Raleigh, near and Union forces occupy	North Carolina	Apr. 13, 1865.
Raleigh (see Johnston, General Joseph E., Surrender of).		
Ralley Hill*	Tennessee	Nov. 29, 1864.
Ramer's Crossing, Mobile and Ohio Railroad.*	Mississippi	Oct. 2, 1862.
Rancho Las Rinas*	Texas	June 25, 1864.
Randolph, burning of	Tennessee	Sept. 25, 1862.
Randolph, Belle St. Louis, steamer	Tennessee	Oct. 27, 1864.
Randolph*	Alabama	Apr. 1, 1865.
Rankin's Ferry, near Jasper	Tennessee	June 21, 1862.
Rapidan Station	Virginia	May 1, 13, July 13, Aug. 18, 1862.
Rapidan Station*	Virginia	May 1, Sept. 14–16, 1863.
Rapidan to the James River, Campaign	Virginia	May 4–June 12, 1864.
Rappahannock, along*	Virginia	Aug. 22, 1862.
Rappahannock, near	Virginia	Apr. 1, 1864.
Rappahannock Bridge*	Virginia	Oct. 22, 1863.
Rappahannock River	Virginia	June 24, 1861.
Rappahannock River	Virginia	May 13, 1862.
Rappahannock River, capture of U. S. gunboats Satellite and Reliance.	Virginia	Aug. 23, 1863.
Rappahannock River	Virginia	Dec. 4, 1862.
Rappahannock River (see Leed's Ferry).	Virginia	
Rappahannock River (see Beverly Ford).	Virginia	
Rappahannock Station	Virginia	Mar. 29, Aug. 20,* 23, Nov. 7–9, 1862.
Rappahannock Station, at and near*	Virginia	Feb. 2, Oct. 12, 23, 27, Nov. 7, 1863.
Ratliff's, attack on U. S. gunboats at	Louisiana	June 15–17, 1864.
Ravenswood	West Virginia	May 15, Sept. 3, 1862.
Ravenswood*	West Virginia	May 16, Oct. 26, 1863.
Rawles' Mill	North Carolina	Nov. 2, 1862.
Rawlingsville, destruction of salt-works	Alabama	Sept. 5, 1863.
Ray County (see Carroll)	Missouri	
Ray County, Fredericksburg, near	Missouri	July 17, 1864.
Raymond	Mississippi	May 12, 13, 1863.
Raymond, capture of	Mississippi	May 24, 1863.
Raytown, near*	Missouri	June 23, 1862.
Readsville, near*	Missouri	May 8, 1865.
Readyville*	Tennessee	June 7, 1862.
Readyville	Tennessee	Oct. 5, 6, 1863.
Readyville*	Tennessee	Sept. 3, 1864.
Reams' Station (see Vaughan Road)	Virginia	June 22,* 29, Aug. 23, 24, 1864.
Reams' Station (see Vaughan Road)	Virginia	Aug. 25, 1864.
Rector's Farm*	Arkansas	Dec. 19, 1864.
Rectortown, near*	Virginia	Jan. 1, Oct. 10, 1864.
Red Bank Creek*	South Carolina	Feb. 15, 1865.
Red Bird Creek*	Kentucky	Aug. 25, 1862.
Red Bird Creek (see Phillips Fork)	Kentucky	
Red Bone*	Mississippi	Apr. 21, 1864.
Red Chief, Confederate steamer, capture of.	Louisiana	May 25, 1863.
Red Clay*	Georgia	May 3, 1864.
Red House (see Barboursville)	West Virginia	
Red House Landing	West Virginia	Feb. 3, 1864.
Red Mountain, near Blue Rock Station*	California	Mar. 17, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Red Mound*	Arkansas	Apr. 17, 1864.
Red Mound (see Parker's Cross-Roads)	Tennessee	
Red Oak, near*	Georgia	Aug. 19, 29, 1864.
Red River*	Louisiana	Oct. 14, 1863.
Red River, naval		Nov. 21, 1863.
Red River Campaign	Louisiana	Mar. 10–May 22, 1864.
Red River*	New Mexico	Dec. 1, 1864.
Red River, attack on transport	Louisiana	Apr. 22, 1864.
Red River, and Cave Junction of	Louisiana	Apr. 26–27, 1864.
Red River, Gordon's Landing	Louisiana	Feb. 14, 1863.
Redwood Creek*	California	Sept. 8, 1862.
Redwood Creek*	California	Feb. 29, 1864.
Redwood Mountains*	California	Mar. 1, 1864.
Reed's Bluff, or Watkin's Bluff	Virginia	June 20, 1862.
Reed's Bridge, or Bayou Meto	Arkansas	Aug. 27, 1863.
Reed's Bridge*	Georgia	Sept. 18, 1863.
Reed's Ferry, Nansemond River	Virginia	May 2, 1863.
Reed's Mountain*	Arkansas	Dec. 6, 1862.
Reeves*	Missouri	Nov. 19, 1864.
Reeves Point, abandoned (see Smithville)	North Carolina	
Relay House, occupied by Union forces	Maryland	May 6, 1861.
Reliance, U. S. gunboat, capture of, near mouth of Rappahannock River.	Virginia	Aug. 23, 1863.
Reliance, U. S. gunboat, destruction of, at Port Conway.	Virginia	Sept. 2, 1863.
Remount Camp, near*	Arkansas	Aug. 5, 1864.
Resaca, demonstration against	Georgia	May 8–13, 1864.
Resaca	Georgia	May 14–15, 1864.
Resaca, near*	Georgia	Oct. 12–13, 1864.
Resolute, steamer, attack on White River near Clarendon.	Arkansas	Oct. 11, 1864.
Resolute, Confederate steamer, capture of	Georgia	Dec. 12, 1864.
Reynoldsburg*	Tennessee	Mar. 21, 1864.
Reynold's Plantation or Buck Head Creek.	Georgia	Nov. 28, 1864.
Reynold's Station (on the Nashville and Decatur Railroad).	Tennessee	Aug. 27, 1862.
Rhea's Mills*	Arkansas	Apr. 7, 1864.
Rhea's Mills	Arkansas	Nov. 7, 1862.
Rheatown, at and near*	Tennessee	Apr. 16, Sept. 28, 1864.
Rheatown	Tennessee	Sept. 12, Oct. 11, 1863.
Rich Mountain, near, Camp Garnett	West Virginia	July 10,* 11, 1861.
Rice Station	Virginia	Apr. 6, 1865.
Richard's Ford*	Virginia	Sept. 26, 1863.
Richfield, near, Clay County*	Missouri	May 19, 1863.
Richland, at and near*	Arkansas	Sept. 6, Dec. 24, 1864.
Richland	Tennessee	Oct. 23, 1862.
Richland Creek, at and near*	Arkansas	Apr. 11, 13–14, May 3, 5, Aug. 16, 1864.
Richland Creek, near Pulaski	Tennessee	Aug. 27, 1862.
Richland Creek, near	Tennessee	Oct. 23, 1862.
Richland Creek, near Pulaski	Tennessee	Sept. 26, 1864.
Richland Creek*	Tennessee	Dec. 24, 25, 1864.
Richland Plantation*	Louisiana	Jan. 30, 1865.
Richland Station*	Tennessee	Mar. 19, 1863.
Richmond	Kentucky	Aug. 30, 1862.
Richmond	Kentucky	July 28, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Richmond, near and at	Louisiana	Jan. 29,* Mar. 31,* Apr. 4,* June 6,* 15, 1863.
Richmond, near (operations against Vicksburg, Miss.)	Louisiana	June 6,* 15, 1863.
Richmond, near*	Missouri	July 8, 1864.
Richmond and Big Hill, between*	Kentucky	Aug. 29, 1862.
Richmond and Fredericksburg R. R. bridge, destruction of.	Virginia	May 29, 1862.
Richmond Campaign	Virginia	June 1–July 31, Aug. 1–Dec. 13, 1864.
Richmond, Expedition against	Virginia	Feb. 28–Mar. 4, 1864.
Richmond Campaign	Virginia	Jan. 1–Apr. 3, 1865.
Richmond, expedition, to Staunton and Charlottesville.	Virginia	May 6–14, 1865.
Richmond fortification or Brook Church	Virginia	May 12, 1864.
Richmond, Siege of	Virginia	June 19, 1864–Apr. 3, 1865.
Richmond and Petersburg, Siege of	Virginia	June 19–July 31, 1864.
Richmond and York Railroad (see Disputanta Station).	Virginia	
Richmond and Petersburg occupied by Union forces.	Virginia	Apr. 3, 1865.
Rich Mountain	West Virginia	July 10,* 11, 1861.
Richwoods, near*	Missouri	Oct. 4, 1864.
Riddle's Point	Missouri	Mar. 17, 1862.
Riddle's Shop*	Virginia	June 13, 1864.
Ridgeley*	Missouri	June 11, 1864.
Ridgeley, capture of	Missouri	Oct. 16, 1864.
Rienzi	Mississippi	June 2, Aug. 26,* Sept. 9,* 18,* 1862.
Rienzi*	Mississippi	Aug. 8, 1863.
Riggin's Hill, near Clarksville	Tennessee	Sept. 7, 1862.
Righter	West Virginia	June 23, 1861.
Ringgold*	Georgia	Sept. 11, 17, Dec. 13, 1863.
Ringgold*	Georgia	Feb. 8, 18, 1864.
Ringgold*	Georgia	Mar. 20, 1865.
Ringgold, attack on Union pickets, near	Georgia	Apr. 27, 1864.
Ringgold Gap, Taylor's Ridge	Georgia	Nov. 27, 1863.
Ringgold Gap, near*	Georgia	May 2, 1864.
Rio Bonito*	Dakota	Mar. 27, 1863.
Rio de las Animas, on the, with Indians*	New Mexico	July 19, 1863.
Rio Hondo, on the, with Indians*	New Mexico	July 18, 1863.
Ripley	Mississippi	Oct. 7, Dec. 23, 25, 1862.
Ripley, expedition to, from Pocahontas, Tenn.*	Mississippi	June 12–14, 1863.
Ripley*	Mississippi	July 7, Aug. 3, Dec. 1, 4, 1863.
Ripley, at and near	Mississippi	June 7,* 11, July 7,* 1864.
Ripley, Knob Creek	Tennessee	Jan. 8, 1863.
Rising Sun	Tennessee	June 30, 1862.
Ritchie Court-House, Harrisville	West Virginia	May 7, 1863.
River's Bridge, Salkehatchie River	South Carolina	Feb. 3, 1865.
River's and Broxton's bridges, Salkehatchie River.*	South Carolina	Feb. 2, 1865.
Rixey's Ford, near	Virginia	Sept. 2, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Rixeyville*	Virginia	Nov. 8, 1863.
Rixeyville Ford, near*	Virginia	Aug. 5, 1863.
Roane County	West Virginia	Dec. 15, 1861.
Roane County*	West Virginia	Sept. 12, 1863.
Roanoke	Missouri	Sept. 6, 1862.
Roanoke, near*	Missouri	Sept. 10, 1864.
Roanoke Island	North Carolina	Feb. 8, 1862.
Roanoke River	North Carolina	May 5, Oct. 24, 1864.
Roanoke River, mouth of	Virginia	July 6, 1864.
Roanoke Station, or Staunton River Bridge.	Virginia	June 25, 1864.
Roan's Tanyard*	Missouri	Jan. 8, 1862.
Roaring Springs*	Kentucky	Aug. 22, 1864.
Robert's Ford, Comite River*	Louisiana	May 2, 1863.
Robertson's Ford*	Virginia	Sept. 14–16, 23, 1863.
Robertson's River, along*	Virginia	Oct. 1, 8, 1863.
Robertson's Tavern (see Russell's Ford)	Virginia.	
Robertson's Tavern, or Locust Grove*	Virginia	Nov. 27, 1863.
Robertsville*	South Carolina	Jan. 29, 1865.
Robinson's Mills*	Mississippi	Oct. 17, 1863.
Rocheport, near*	Missouri	June 1, 18, 1863.
Rocheport, near*	Missouri	Aug. 20, 28, Sept. 3, 23, 1864.
Rocheport, near*	Missouri	May 24, 1865.
Rockcastle Creek (see Big Rockcastle)	Kentucky.	
Rockcastle Hills	Kentucky	Oct. 18,* 21, 1861.
Rockcastle River*	Kentucky	Oct. 18, 1862.
Rock Creek*	Dakota	June 30, 1865.
Rock Creek Ford, Elk River*	Tennessee	July 2, 1863.
Rock Cut, near Tuscumbia	Alabama	Apr. 22, 1863.
Rockfish Gap*	Virginia	Sept. 28, 1864.
Rockford*	Tennessee	Nov. 14, 1863.
Rockingham*	North Carolina	Mar. 7, 1865.
Rockport*	Arkansas	Mar. 25, 1864.
Rock Spring	Tennessee	Dec. 30, 1862.
Rock Spring, or Leet's Tanyard, near*	Georgia	Sept. 12, 1863.
Rockville, at and near*	Maryland	June 28, Sept. 22, 1863.
Rockville*	Maryland	July 10, 13, 1864.
Rockville, evacuated by Confederate forces.	South Carolina	Dec. 17, 1861.
Rockville*	Ohio	July 23, 1863.
Rocky Bluff, Platte County	Missouri	Aug. 7, 1862.
Rocky Creek Bridge*	Georgia	Apr. 20, 1865.
Rocky Creek Church*	Georgia	Dec. 2, 1864.
Rocky Creek, near Ellisville*	Mississippi	June 25, 1863.
Rocky Face Ridge, or Crowe Valley*	Georgia	Feb. 24–25, 1864.
Rocky Face Ridge, demonstration against, including Buzzard's Roost, Dug Gap, and Mill Creek Gap.	Georgia	May 8–11, 1864.
Rocky Ford*	Mississippi	June 20, 1863.
Rocky Gap	Kentucky	June 9, 1863.
Rocky Gap, near White Sulphur Springs	West Virginia	Aug. 26–27, 1863.
Rocky Hill	Kentucky	Oct. 17, 1862.
Rocky Hill Station, burning of	Kentucky	July 4, 1863.
Rocky Hock Creek*	North Carolina	Mar. 24, 1863.
Rocky Mount, expedition from Newbern	North Carolina	July 18–21, 1863.
Rocky Mount, near*	South Carolina	Feb. 28, 1865.
Rocky Run, near*	North Carolina	Nov. 4, 1863.
Rodgers' Crossing, White River*	Arkansas	Sept. 14, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Rodgers' Plantation *	Arkansas	Apr. 25, 1865.
Rodman's Point, Pamlico River *	North Carolina	Mar. 30, 1863.
Rodman's Point, naval	North Carolina	Apr. 1, 4–5, 16, 1863.
Rodney Bend, naval	Mississippi	Dec. 11, 1863.
Rodney *	Mississippi	Dec. 17, 24, 1863.
Rodney, Cole's Creek, naval	Mississippi	June 35, 1862.
Rodney,* naval	Mississippi	Sept. 12, 1863.
Rodney *	Mississippi	Mar. 4, 1864.
Rodney and Fayette, expedition to, from Vicksburg.	Mississippi	Sept. 29–Oct. 3, 1864.
Rodney, expedition to Fort Gibson	Mississippi	May 3–6, 1865.
Rogers' and Wilson's Gaps	Tennessee	June 10, 1862.
Rogers' Gap	Tennessee	Aug. 31, 1862.
Rogers' Gap *	Tennessee	June 20, 1863.
Rogersville, near *	Kentucky	July 27, 1863.
Rogersville	Tennessee	Nov. 6, 1863.
Rogersville *	Tennessee	Aug. 21, Oct. 8, 1864.
Rogersville, Big Creek, near	Tennessee	Dec. 12, 1864.
Rolla, expedition from	Missouri	Nov. 1–9, 1861.
Rolla *	Missouri	Aug. 1, Nov. 1, 1864.
Rolla, near *	Missouri	Mar. 24, 1865.
Rolla, expedition from, to Licking	Missouri	Nov. 5–9, 1864.
Rolling Fork *	Kentucky	Dec. 29, 1862.
Rolling Fork, near *	Mississippi	Sept. 22–23, 1864.
Rolling Prairie *	Arkansas	Jan. 23, Feb. 4, 1864.
Rolling Prairie, expedition to Batesville *	Arkansas	Mar. 19–Apr. 4, 1864.
Rome	Tennessee	Nov. 28, 1862.
Rome, or Parker's Cross-Roads	Georgia	May 16, 1864.
Rome	Georgia	May 17, 1864.
Rome, near and at	Georgia	May 15, Oct. 10, 11, 12, 13, 1864.
Romney	West Virginia	June 13, Sept. 23–25, Oct. 26, Nov. 13, Dec. 8, 1861.
Romney, evacuated by Union forces	West Virginia	Jan. 10, 1862.
Romney *	West Virginia	Dec. 1, 1862.
Romney (see Blue Gap)	West Virginia.	
Romney, near	West Virginia	Feb. 16, 1863.
Rosedale, expedition from Indian Village	Louisiana	Feb. 19, 1863.
Rosedale, near *	Louisiana	Sept. 15, 1864.
Rose Hill, near *	Missouri	Between Aug. 25 and 30, 1864.
Roseville *	Arkansas	Nov. 12, 1863.
Roseville *	Arkansas	Mar. 29, Apr. 4–5, 15, 1864.
Roseville Creek *	Arkansas	Mar. 20, 1864.
Ross Landing *	Arkansas	Feb. 14, 1864.
Rossville, near and at *	Georgia	Sept. 11, 21, 1863.
Rossville, toward Dalton *	Georgia	Jan. 22, 1864.
Roswell, near *	Georgia	Sept. 26, 1864.
Rottenwood Creek *	Georgia	July 4, 1864.
Rough and Ready, near *	Georgia	Nov. 15, 1864.
Rough and Ready Station, near *	Georgia	Aug, 31, 1864.
Round Grove	Indian Territory	June 5, 1862.
Round Hill *	Arkansas	July 7, 1862.
Round Mountain	Indian Territory	Nov. 19, 1861.
Round Mountain, near Woodbury	Tennessee	Aug. 27, 1862.
Round Mountain, near *	Alabama	Oct. 25, 1864.
Round Ponds, near Castor River	Missouri	Aug. 1, 1863.
Round Prairie *	Arkansas	Sept. 4–5, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Rouse's Station	North Carolina	Apr. 28, 1863.
Rover*	Tennessee	Jan. 31, Feb. 13, 19, Mar. 4, 13, 15, May 5, June 23, 28, 1863.
Rowanty Creek (see Hatcher's Run)	Virginia.	
Rowell's Run	West Virginia	Sept. 6, 1861.
Rowlesburgh*	West Virginia	Apr. 26, 1863.
Rowlett's Station, Munfordsville or Woodsonville.	Kentucky	Dec. 17, 1861.
Royal Yacht, burning of	Texas	Nov. 7, 1861.
Ruckersville*	Mississippi	Oct. 1, 7, 1862.
Rude's Hill	Virginia	Apr. 17, 1862.
Rude's Hill*	Virginia	Mar. 7, 1865.
Rude's Hill and New Market*	Virginia	May 14, 1864.
Rude's Hill, near Mount Jackson	Virginia	Nov. 22, 1864.
Ruff's Mill*	Georgia	July 4, 1864.
Ruff's Station*	Georgia	Oct. 19, 1864.
Rural Hills	Tennessee	Nov. 18, 1862.
Russell's Ford, Robertson's River	Virginia	Oct. 10, 1863.
Russell House, near Corinth	Mississippi	May 17, 1862.
Russellville, near*	Alabama	July 3, 1862.
Russellville*	Alabama	Dec. 31, 1864.
Russellville*	Arkansas	Between Sept. 9 and 12, 1864.
Russellville, or Sand Mountain*	Alabama	Dec. 26, 1863.
Russellville*	Kentucky	July 29, Sept. 30, 1862.
Russellville*	Kentucky	June 28, 1863.
Russellville*	Missouri	Oct. 9, 1864.
Russellville*	Tennessee	Dec. 10, 12, 13, 1863.
Russellville	Tennessee	Oct. 28,* Nov. 11, 14, 1864.
Rutherford Creek*	Tennessee	Mar. 10–11, 1863.
Rutherford's Creek	Tennessee	Dec. 19, 1864.
Rutledge*	Tennessee	Dec. 7, 16, 18, 1863.
Rutledge*	Missouri	Aug. 4, 1864.
Sabine City, surrender of, to U. S. N	Texas	Oct. 9, 1862.
Sabine Cross-Roads, Mansfield or Pleasant Grove.	Louisiana	Apr. 8, 1864.
Sabine Pass	Texas	Sept. 24–25, Oct. 29, 1862.
Sabine Pass	Texas	Apr. 18, Sept. 8, 1863.
Sacramento	Kentucky	Dec. 28, 1861.
Sacramento Mountains*	New Mexico	Aug. 26, 1864.
Sage Creek*	Colorado	June 8, 1865.
Sage Creek*	Dakota	Apr. 22, 1865.
*Sailor's Creek**	Virginia	Apr. 6, 1865.
St. Andrew's Bay	Florida	Mar. 20, 1863.
St. Andrew's Bay, naval operations in	Florida	Nov. 14–Dec. 9, 1862.
St. Andrew's Bay	Florida	Nov. 30–Dec. 1, 1864.
St. Andrew's Bay	Florida	Apr. 7, 1862.
St. Augustine*	Florida	Mar. 9, Dec. 30, 1863.
St. Augustine Creek, near mouth	Florida	Mar. 28, 1862.
St. Catharine's Creek, near Natchez*	Mississippi	July 31, 1863.
St. Charles (see Union transport)	Arkansas	
St. Charles	Arkansas	June 17, 1862.
St. Charles*	Arkansas	Nov. 24, 1864.
St. Charles*	Arkansas	Apr. 11, 1865.
St. Charles, capture of	Arkansas	Jan. 13, 1863.
St. Charles*	Louisiana	Oct. 5, 1864.
St. Charles Court-House*	Louisiana	Aug. 29, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
St. Francis County*	Arkansas	April 8, 1863.
St. Francis River (see Chalk Bluff)	Arkansas	
St. Francis Road, near Helena*	Arkansas	Dec. 23, 1862.
St. Francisville, Alexanders Creek*	Louisiana	Oct. 5, 1864.
St. Francisville, Mingo Creek*	Missouri	Feb. 24, 1862.
St. Francois County*	Missouri	Oct. 9, 1864.
St. Genevieve, expedition to	Missouri	Aug. 15–16, 1861.
St. George, Tucker County	West Virginia	Nov. 9, 1862.
St. Helena Island	South Carolina	Oct. 24, 1862.
St. James, affair near	Missouri	June 10, 1864.
St. John Baptist Parish	Louisiana	Oct. 19, 1862.
St. John's Bluff	Florida	Sept. 11, 17, 1862.
St. John's Bluff, capture of batteries, by U. S. N.	Florida	Oct. 5, 1862.
St. John's Mill, signal station	Florida	Aug. 19, 1863.
St. John's River (see Columbine, U. S. S.)	Florida	
St. John's River (see Weed, Harriet A., U. S. S.).	Florida	
St. John's River (see Hunter, U. S. transport).	Florida	
St. John's River (see Maple Leaf, U. S. transport).	Florida	
St. John's River*	Florida	Feb. 2, 1865.
St. Joseph's Bay, naval	Florida	Jan. 9, 1863.
St. Joseph, capture of Confederate mail, etc.	Louisiana	Oct. 8, 1864.
St. Joseph's Island	Texas	May 3, 1863.
St. Joseph's (see Hannibal Railroad)		
St. Louis, street riot	Missouri	May 11, 1861.
St. Louis, expedition from, to receive the surrender of Brig. Gen. M. Jeff. Thompson, Confederate Army.	Missouri	Apr. 29–June 11, 1865.
St. Mark's, naval	Florida	June 15, 1862.
St. Mark's, operations near	Florida	Feb. 21–Mar. 7, 1865.
St. Martinsville	Louisiana	Nov. 12, Dec. 3, 1863.
St. Marys, occupied by U. S. N	Florida	Mar. 3, 1862.
St. Marys*	Florida	Mar. 6, 1862.
St. Mary's Church	Virginia	June 24, 1864.
St. Mary's Station*	Colorado	May 27, 1865.
St. Nicholas, steamboat, capture of, in Chesapeake Bay by disguised laborers.		June 28, 1861.
St. Peter's Church, or White House*	Virginia	June 21, 1864.
St. Stephen's Church*	Virginia	Oct. 14, 1863.
Salem*	Indiana	July 10, 1863.
Salem*	Kentucky	Aug. 8, 1864.
Salem	Mississippi	Oct. 8, 1863.
Salem*	Mississippi	June 11, 1864.
Salem*	Missouri	Dec. 3, 1861.
Salem*	Missouri	July 6, Aug. 9, 1862.
Salem, near*	Missouri	July 3, Sept. 13, 1863.
Salem, scout to Curent River	Missouri	Aug. 24–28, 1862.
Salem, capture of wagon train	Arkansas	May 29, 1864.
Salem and Licking, scout from, to Spring River Mills, with skirmish.*	Arkansas	Feb. 23–Mar. 2, 1865.
Salem	Virginia	Apr. 1, Aug. 27, Nov. 4, 1862.
Salem, near*	Virginia	June 21, 1864.
Salem*	West Virginia	Oct. 4, 1864.
Salem Church, or Heights	Virginia	May 3–4, 1863.
Salem Church, Totopotomoy	Virginia	May 27, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Salem, descent upon *	Virginia	Dec. 16, 1863.
Salem *	Tennessee	Mar. 21, May 20, 1863.
Salient or Angle	Virginia	May 12, 1864.
Saline *	Indian Territory	Dec. 2, 1862.
Saline Bottom, near *	Arkansas	Apr. 29, 1864.
Saline County, scout through	Missouri	Dec. 3–12, 1861.
Saline River *	Arkansas	Feb. 15, 1864.
Saline River	Arkansas	Between Jan. 22 and Feb. 4, 1865.
Salineville *	Ohio	July 26, 1863.
Salisbury, Grant's Creek	North Carolina	Apr. 12, 1865.
Salisbury	Tennessee	Aug. 11, 1862.
Salkehatchie River (see River's Bridge)	South Carolina	Feb. 2, 3, 1865.
Salkehatchie River (see Pocotaligo)	South Carolina	
Salt Lake, Great, near, emigrant train	Utah	Aug. 8–9, 1861.
Salt Lick Bridge *	West Virginia	Oct. 11, 14, 1863.
Salt Ponds or Salt Pond Mountain *	Virginia	May 12–13, 1864.
Salt River, Dog Walk, or Chesser's Store	Kentucky	Oct. 9, 1862.
Salt River, near Florida *	Missouri	May 31, 1862.
Salt Springs *	Georgia	Oct. 1, 1864.
Salt Works (see Back Bay)	Virginia	
Salt Works, Clay County, capture of	Kentucky	Sept.—, 1861.
Salt Works (see Matthews County)	Virginia	
Salt Works (see Cochawhalchie Bay)		
Saltville	Virginia	Oct. 2, 1864.
Saltville, capture of Salt Works	Virginia	Dec. 20–21, 1864.
Salyersville *	Kentucky	Oct. 10, 30, Nov. 30, Dec. 1, 1863.
Salyersville *	Kentucky	Apr. 16, 1864.
Sam Gaty (see Sibley's Landing)	Missouri	
Sam Andres Mountains	New Mexico	Jan. 26, Aug. 12, 1864.
San Antonio, capture of Union troops near	Texas	Apr. 23, 1861.
San Augustine Springs, surrender of Union troops.	New Mexico	July 27, 1861.
San Bernardino, expedition to Temecula Ranch and Oak Grove.	California	Sept. 25–Oct. 5, 1861.
San Bois Creek *	Indian Territory	June 15 or 16, 1864.
San Carlos River *	Arizona	June 7–8, 1864.
San Lucas Springs, capture of U. S. troops	Texas	May 9, 1861.
San Luis Pass	Texas	Apr. 5–6, 1862.
Sand Creek (Indians)	Colorado	Aug. 11, Nov. 29, 1864.
Sandersville, near and at *	Georgia	Nov. 25, 26, 1864.
Sanders' raid (see East Tennessee)		
Sand Mountain or Day's Gap	Alabama	Apr. 30, 1863.
Sand Mountain	Alabama	Dec. 26, 1863.
Sand Mountain, near *	Georgia	Oct. 2, 1864.
Sandtown *	Georgia	Aug. 15, 1864.
Sandy Hook	Maryland	Aug. 18, 1861.
Sandy Hook *	Maryland	July 8, 1864.
Sandy Ridge *	North Carolina	Feb. 13, Apr. 17, 18, 20, 27, 28, 1863.
Sandy River, near Elizabeth *	West Virginia	Oct. 27, 1863.
Sandy Swamp or Indiantown *	North Carolina	Dec. 18, 1863.
Sanford	Kentucky	Oct. 14, 1862.
Sangster's Station	Virginia	Mar. 9, 1862.
Sangster's Station, near and at *	Virginia	Nov. 25, Dec. 15, 17, 1863.
San Luis Pass	Texas	Apr. 5–6, 1862.
San Pedro Crossing *	Arizona	Sept. 21, 1862.
San Pedro Crossing *	Arizona	Aug. 22, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Santa Ana Cañon, near	California	Sept. 7, 1861.
Santa Fe, near *	Missouri	July 24, 25, 1862.
Santa Fe Road *	Missouri	Apr. 14, 1862.
Santa Fe Road, near Kansas City	Missouri	May 21, 1863.
Santa Fe Road	New Mexico	June 14, 1865.
Santa Rosa *	Texas	Mar. 16, 1864.
Santa Rosa Island	Florida	Oct. 9, 1861.
Santa Rosa Island	Florida	Mar. 27–31, 1862.
Sappony Church or Stoney Creek *	Virginia	June 28–29, 1864.
Saratoga *	Kentucky	Oct. 26, 1861.
Sarcoxie Prairie *	Missouri	Feb. 10, 1863.
Sar House, near Lexington *	Missouri	May 4, 1865.
Sassacus, U. S. S. (see Albemarle Sound)	North Carolina	
Satartia, near *	Mississippi	Oct. 17, 1863.
Satartia *	Mississippi	Feb. 7, 1864.
Satellite, U. S. gunboat, capture of, near mouth of Rappahannock River.	Virginia	Aug. 23, 1863.
Satellite, U. S. gunboat, destruction of, at Port Conway.	Virginia	Sept. 2, 1863.
Sauk Center (Indians) *	Minnesota	Sept. 10, 1862.
Saunder's	Florida	May 19, 1864.
Saunder's	Florida	Mar. 19, 1865.
Saunder's Farm, near	North Carolina	Apr. 14, 1865.
Savage's Station (see Seven Days' Battles)	Virginia	June 29, 1862.
Savannah, near *	Georgia	Dec. 10, 1864.
Savannah campaign	Georgia	Nov. 15–Dec. 21, 1864.
Savannah Creek *	South Carolina	Feb. 15, 1865.
Savannah River (see General Lee, steamer)	Georgia	
Savannah River, naval	Georgia	Jan. 28, 1862.
Savannah Railroad (see Charleston)	South Carolina	
Scarey Creek or Scarytown	West Virginia	July 17, 1861.
Scatterville *	Arkansas	Aug. 3, 1862.
Scatterville *	Arkansas	July 28, 1864.
Schultz Mill, Cosby Creek *	Tennessee	Jan. 14, 1864.
Scotland County *	Missouri	Sept. 30, 1862.
Scott's, on Barber Creek *	Virginia	Dec. 19, 1863.
Scott County, affair in	Virginia	Oct. 26, 1864.
Scott's Cross Roads	Virginia	Apr. 2, 1865.
Scott's Farm, Washita Cove *	Arkansas	Feb. 14, 1864.
Scott's Ford, expedition (see Sedalia)	Missouri	
Scott's Ford *	Missouri	Oct. 14, 1863.
Scottville *	Alabama	Apr. 2, 1865.
Scottsville, at and near	Kentucky	June 11, Dec. 8, *1863.
Scottsville and Franklin Roads *	Kentucky	Sept. 9, 1862.
Scuppernong River, naval	North Carolina	Sept. 29, 1864.
Scupperton *	North Carolina	July 22, 1863.
Searcy County	Arkansas	Dec. 31, 1863.
Searcy County *	Arkansas	July 4, 1864.
Searcy, at and near *	Arkansas	May 18, June 2, Aug. 13, Sept. 6, 13, 1864.
Searcy Landing	Arkansas	May 19, 1862.
Searcy Landing, expedition to West Point, Searcy, and Bayou Des Arc with skirmish.	Arkansas	May 27, 1862.
Sears Ford, Chariton River *	Missouri	Aug. 9, 1862.
Sear's House *	Missouri	July 11, 1862.
Sebago, U. S. S., attack on Mobile Bay	Alabama	Oct. 9, 1864.
Secessionville, James Island	South Carolina	June 16, 1862.
Secessionville, near *	South Carolina	July 2, 1864.
Second Creek, on road to Union *	West Virginia	Nov. 8, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Sedalia*	Missouri	June 5, 1862.
Sedalia*	Missouri	Apr. 9, 1863.
Sedalia	Missouri	Oct. 15, 1864.
Sedalia, expedition to Scott's Ford on Blackwater.	Missouri	Sept. 2–4, 1864.
Seiver's Ford, Opequon Creek*	Virginia	Sept. 15, 1864.
Selecman's Ford, near Occoquan	Virginia	Mar. 22, 1863.
Selma, C. S. S., capture of, Mobile Bay	Alabama	Aug. 5, 1864.
Selma	Alabama	Apr. 2, 1865.
Seminoles (see Creek)	Indian Territory	
Senatobia, at and near*	Mississippi	May 23, June 20, 1863.
Senatobia, at and near*	Mississippi	Feb. 8, 9, 1864.
Seneca Creek*	Maryland	Sept. 16, 20, 1861.
Seneca Mills, near	Maryland	June 14, 1861.
Seneca Mills*	Maryland	June 10, 1863.
Seneca and Offutt's Cross Roads, between*	Maryland	June 28, 1863.
Seneca Trace Crossing, Cheat River*	West Virginia	Sept. 25, 1863.
Sequatchie Valley*	Tennessee	Feb. 27, 1864.
Serratt's, widow, near Corinth*	Mississippi	May 21, 1862.
Seven Days' Battles, includes Chickahominy, Peach Orchard, Savage Station.	Virginia	June 25 – July 1, 1862.
Seven Pines*	Virginia	May 24, 29, June 15, 1862.
Seven Pines, or Fair Oaks	Virginia	May 31 – June 1, 1862.
Sevierville	Tennessee	Jan. 13, 26, Feb. 18, 1864.
Sevierville Road, near Knoxville*	Tennessee	Feb. 20, 1864.
Sewell's Point	Virginia	May 19, 1861.
Sewell's Point, naval	Virginia	May 8, 1862.
Sewell's Point, capture of	Virginia	May 9, 1862.
Sexton's Station	Virginia	May 27, 1864.
Shadna Church, near Fairburn*	Georgia	Oct. 2, 1864.
Shady Grove (see Millen's Grove)	Virginia	Dec. 1, 1864.
Shady Grove	Virginia	May 30, 1864.
Shallow Creek	Virginia	May 31, 1864.
Shallow Ford, Bayou Meto	Arkansas	Aug. 30, Sept. 2, 1863.
Shallow Ford*	North Carolina	Apr. 11, 1865.
Shallow Ford Gap, near Chattanooga	Tennessee	Sept. 22, 1863.
Shanghai*	Missouri	May 27, 1864.
Shanghai (see Wet Glaze)	Missouri	Oct. 13, Dec. 1, 1861.
Shanghai*	West Virginia	July 16, 1863.
Shannon's (Flemming's) Cross Roads*	Virginia	May 4, 1863.
Sharon*	Mississippi	Feb. 27, 1864.
Sharpsburg*	Kentucky	Dec. 31, 1864.
Sharpsburg, or Antietam	Maryland	Sept. 16–17, 1862.
Sharpsburg	Maryland	Sept. 19, Oct. 1, 1862.
Sharpsburg	Maryland	June 24, 1863.
Shaver Mountain	West Virginia	Sept. 20, 1863.
Shaver's River, raid to	West Virginia	May 30, 1862.
Shawnee Mound (see Black Water Creek).	Missouri	
Shawneetown, near*	Kansas	June 6, 1863.
Shawneetown, about	Illinois	Aug. 13, 1864.
Shawsheen, U. S. gunboat, capture of, at Turkey Island.	Virginia	May 7, 1864.
Shelbina	Missouri	Sept. 4, 1861.
Shelbina, attack on	Missouri	July 26, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Shelby Depot	Tennessee	Oct. 23, 1862.
Shelbyville *	Kentucky	Sept. 4, 1862.
Shelbyville	Tennessee	June 27, 1863.
Shelbyville, Sim's Farm, near	Tennessee	Oct. 7, 1863.
Shelbyville *	Tennessee	Nov. 28, 1864.
Shelbyville Pike *	Tennessee	Jan. 1, 5, 21, Feb. 20, Apr. 23, June 6, 1863.
Shelbyville Road	Tennessee	Apr. 24, 1862.
Sheldon's Place, near, Barran Fork *	Indian Territory	Dec. 18, 1863.
Shellmound	Tennessee	Aug. 21, 1863.
Shellmound, Narrows, near	Tennessee	Aug. 27, 28, 1863.
Shell's Mills	Arkansas	Sept. 9, 1861.
Shell's Mills	Arkansas	Oct. 16, 1862.
Shelter Cove	California	May 9, 1863.
Shenandoah Valley, operations in	Virginia	July 2–25, 1861.
Shenandoah (see South Fork of)	Virginia	
Shenandoah Valley, operations in	Virginia	Feb. 27–Apr. 23, Apr. 26–May 5, 1865.
Shenandoah Valley campaign	Virginia	Aug. 7, Nov. 28, 1864.
Shepherdstown	West Virginia	Sept. 20, Oct. 1, 16, 17, 1862.
Shepherdstown	West Virginia	July 15,* 16, 1863.
Shepherdstown *	West Virginia	Sept. 9, 1861.
Shepherdstown, near	West Virginia	July 30,* Aug. 25, 1864.
Shepherdstown, Blackford's, or Boteler's Ford.	West Virginia	Sept. 19, 1862.
Shepherdsville *	Kentucky	Sept. 7, Oct. 3, 1862.
Shepherdsville *	Kentucky	July 7, 1863.
Shepherdsville Road *	Kentucky	Oct. 2, 1862.
Sherman's army starts from Atlanta	Georgia	Nov. 15, 1864.
Sherman's army reviewed at Washington, D. C.		May 24, 1865.
Sherman expedition. (See Todd's Tavern.)		
Sherwood, at and near *	Missouri	Mar. 9, May 5–9, Aug. 14, 1863.
Sherwood, destruction of, by Union forces.	Missouri	May 19, 1863.
Shilo, near *	Missouri	Apr. 11, 1862.
Shilo (see Pittsburg Landing)	Tennessee	
Shilo Creek, near Wayland Springs	Tennessee	Dec. 12, 1863.
Ship's Gap *	Georgia	Oct. 16, 1864.
Ship Island	Mississippi	July 9, Sept. 17, 1861.
Shippensburg, occupied by Confederates.	Pennsylvania	June 24, 1863.
Shirley's Ford, Spring River *	Missouri	Sept. 20, 1862.
Shirley	Virginia	July 4, 31–Aug. 1, 1862.
Shoal Creek, at and near	Alabama	Jan. 14, Oct. 31, Nov. 5–6, 9, 11, 16–20, 1864.
Shoal Creek, Jasper County *	Missouri	Nov. 18, 1863.
Shoal Creek, near Wayland Springs *	Tennessee	Dec. 12, 1863.
Short Mountain Cross-Roads	Tennessee	Aug. 29, 1862.
Showalter party, pursuit and capture of, at Warner's Ranch, San Jose Valley.	California	Nov. 20–29, 1861.
Shut-in Gap *	Missouri	Sept. 26, 1864.
Sibley, destruction of *	Missouri	June 23, 1863.
Sibley County *	Kentucky	Sept. 3, 1864.
Sibley and Pink Hill, operations about	Missouri	June 23–July 1, 1862.
Sibley's Landing	Missouri	Oct. 6, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Sibley's Landing, massacre on steamer Sam Gaty.	Missouri	Mar. 30, 1863.
Sierra Bonita*	New Mexico	Apr. 7, 1864.
Signal, U. S. S. (see David's Ferry)	Louisiana	
Signal Station (see Vine Tree)	Virginia	
Sikeston, near*	Missouri	Mar. 1, 1862.
Sikeston, at and near*	Missouri	June 7, Sept. 22, Nov. 6, 1864.
Silver Run Creek, near* (see Raleigh Road).	North Carolina	
Silver Springs	Tennessee	Nov. 9, 1862.
Simmon's Bluff	South Carolina	June 21, 1862.
Simpson's Creek	West Virginia	Apr. 30, 1863.
Simpsonsville, near*	Kentucky	June 25, 1865.
Sim's Cove, on Cedar Creek*	Missouri	Oct. 5, 1862.
Sim's Farm (see Shelbyville)	Tennessee	
Simsport, at and near	Louisiana	June 3, 1863.
Simsport, capture of, by United States Navy.	Louisiana	Mar. 12, 1864.
Simsport, Atchalafaya River, naval	Louisiana	June 8, 1864.
Simsport (see Bayou De Glaize)	Louisiana	
Simsport, expedition (see Morganza)	Louisiana	
Sinking Creek, scout on	Missouri	Aug. 4–11, 1862.
Sinking Creek, Lewis' Mill*	West Virginia	Nov. 26, 1862.
Sioux Indians, expedition against	Dakota	July 25–Oct. 8, 1864.
Sipsey Creek (see Lanier's Mills)	Alabama	
Sir John's Run	West Virginia	Jan. 4, 1862.
Sir John's Run*	West Virginia	July 6, 1864.
Sister's Ferry, near	Georgia	Dec. 7, 1864.
Six Mile Creek	Alabama	Mar. 31, 1865.
Sixteenth Army Corps abolished		Nov. 7, 1864.
Skull Creek	South Carolina	Sept. 24, 1862.
Skull Creek	South Carolina	May 18–21, 1863.
Slane's Cross-Roads	West Virginia	Jan. 4, 1862.
Slann's Bluff, naval	South Carolina	Apr. 29, 1862.
Slash Church, Hanover Court House, or Kinney's Farm.	Virginia	May 27, 1862.
Slate Creek, near Mount Sterling*	Kentucky	Mar. 2, 1863.
Slatersville (see New Kent Court-House)	Virginia	
Slaughter Gap	Maryland	Sept. 14, 1862.
Slaughter Mountain (see Cedar Run Mountain).	Virginia	
Slaughter's House, near	Virginia	Aug. 8, 1862.
Slidell (see Mason)		
Smith Briggs, U. S. S., destruction of	Virginia	Feb. 1, 1864.
Smith, Gen. E. Kirby, C. S. A., surrendered troops to Gen. Edward R. S. Canby, U. S. A.		May 26, 1865.
Smithfield	Virginia	Aug. 23, 1862.
Smithfield Crossing, Opequon Creek	West Virginia	Aug. 29, Sept. 1,* 1864.
Smithfield	Virginia	Feb. 12,* Sept. 15, 16,* 19, 1863.
Smithfield	Virginia	Feb. 1, Apr. 14, June 26, Aug. 28, 30, 1864.
Smithfield expedition (see Bermuda Hundred.)	Virginia	
Smithfield, capture of tug near	Virginia	Dec. 5, 1864.
Smithfield, near, and Union forces occupy.	North Carolina	Apr. 11, 1865.
Smith's*	Kentucky	Sept. 11, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Smith's Bridge, near Corinth*	Mississippi	June 11, Oct. 19, 1863.
Smithsburg*	Maryland	July 5, 1863.
Smith's Creek*	North Carolina	Feb. 22, 1865.
Smith's Cross-Roads (see Mountain Gap)	Tennessee	
Smith's Ford, or Snow Hill	Tennessee	Apr. 3, 1863.
Smith's Mills*	Kentucky	Aug. 19, 1864.
Smith's Mills, near, Black River*	North Carolina	Mar. 15, 1865.
Smith's Plantation, or Belle Prairie (Mansura).	Louisiana	May 16, 1864.
Smith's (Dan) Ranch, near Julesburg*	Colorado	May 13, 1865.
Smith, Isaac, U. S. S. (see Stony River)	South Carolina	
Smith's Shoals, Cumberland River*	Kentucky	Aug. 1, 1863.
Smith's Station*	Nebraska	May 12, 1864.
Smith's Store, near*	Virginia	June 15, 1864.
Smithville	Arkansas	June 17, 1862.
Smithville, near	Arkansas	Apr. 13, 1864.
Smithfield, burning of	Missouri	Oct. 17, 1864.
Smithville, near*	North Carolina	Feb. 17, 1865.
Smithville and Reeve's Point abandoned by Confederates.	North Carolina	Jan. 16, 17, 1865.
Smoky Hill, near (Indians)*	Kansas	Aug. 16, 1864.
Smyrna	Florida	Mar. 23, 1862.
Smyrna, naval	Florida	Mar. 2, 1863.
Smyth County*	Virginia	Sept. 14, 1863.
Snake Creek*	Arkansas	Apr. 23, 1865.
Snake Creek Gap (see Resaca)*	Georgia	Between May 8 and 13, Sept. 15, Oct, 15, 1864.
Snapfinger Creek*	Georgia	July 27, 1864.
Sneedville, Clinch Valley	Tennessee	Oct. 21, 1864.
Snicker's Ferry*	Virginia	Apr. 13, 1863.
Snicker's Ferry, or Parker's Ford	Virginia	July 17–18, 1864.
Snicker's Gap	Virginia	Oct. 27, Nov. 3, 1862.
Snicker's Gap, at and near*	Virginia	June 1, July 17, 23, 1863.
Snicker's Gap	Virginia	Aug. 13, Sept. 16,* 17,* Nov. 30,* 1864.
Snickersville, at and near	Virginia	Oct. 22, 31, Nov. 8, 1862.
Snickersville*	Virginia	Mar. 6, 1864.
Sni Hills*	Missouri	Apr. 29, 1864.
Snow Hill or Smith's Ford*	Tennessee	Apr. 3, 1863.
Snow Hill*	Tennessee	June 4, 1863.
Snow Hill, at and near*	North Carolina	Mar. 23, 27, 28, Apr. 1, 1865.
Snow's Pond	Kentucky	Sept. 25, 1862.
Snyder's Mill, Yazoo River	Mississippi	Dec. 27, 1862.
Snyder's Mill, Yazoo River	Mississippi	Apr. 29–May 1, 1863.
Socorro	New Mexico	Apr. 25, 1862.
Solomon's Gap	Maryland	July 5, 7, 1864.
Somerset	Kentucky	Dec. 1–13, 8, 1861.
Somerset, near	Kentucky	Mar. 30, 1863.
Somerton Roads	Virginia	Apr. 12–13, 1863.
Somerville*	Tennessee	Nov. 26, 1862.
Somerville	Tennessee	Jan. 3, Mar. 28,* Dec. 26,* 1863.
Somerville, near and at*	Virginia	Feb. 9, Sept. 14–16, 1863.
Somerville Ford*	Virginia	Sept. 14, 1863.
Somerville Heights	Virginia	May 7, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Somerville Road	Alabama	Aug. 6, 1864.
Sounding Gap or Pound Gap	Tennessee	Mar. 16, 1862.
South Anna Bridge, near Ashland*	Virginia	May 3, 1863.
South Anna Bridge*	Virginia	Mar. 14, 1865.
South Anna Bridge on R. & F. R. R.*	Virginia	July 4, 1863.
South Anna Bridge on V. C. R. R., destruction of.	Virginia	May 28, 1862.
South Branch Bridge	West Virginia	Oct. 26, 1861.
South Branch Bridge*	West Virginia	July 4, 1864.
South Carolina, martial law proclaimed by Gen. David Hunter, U. S. A.	South Carolina	May 9, 1862.
Southerland's Farm*	Kentucky	Sept. 19, 1862.
South Edisto River (see Holman's Bridge)	South Carolina	
South Edisto River (see Binnaker's Bridge).	South Carolina	
South Edisto River (see Cannon's Bridge)	South Carolina	
Southfield, U. S. ship, sunk (see Plymouth)	North Carolina	
South Fork of Bayou Pierre*	Mississippi	May 2, 1863.
South Fork of the Potomac, on the*	West Virginia	Nov. 9, 1862.
South Fork of Shenandoah, near Luray	Virginia	Apr. 19, 1862.
South Mills, Camden County	North Carolina	Apr. 19, 1862.
South Mills*	North Carolina	Sept. 12, 1863.
South Mountain*	Maryland	Sept. 13, 1862.
South Mountain or Boonesborough, Boonesborough Gap or Turner's Pass or Crampton's Pass.	Maryland	Sept. 14, 1862.
South Newport*	Georgia	Aug. 17, 1864.
South Quay*	Virginia	Mar. 10, 1865.
South Quay Bridge	Virginia	May 1, 1863.
South Quay Road, near the Blackwater	Virginia	Apr. 11, 1863.
South River, near*	Georgia	Oct. 24, 1864.
South River*	North Carolina	Mar. 15, 1865.
South Side and Danville Railroad, expedition against.	Virginia	June 22–July 2, 1864.
South Side Railroad (see Southerland's Station).	Virginia	
South Tunnel, near Gallatin	Tennessee	Oct. 10, 1864.
South Union, near*	Kentucky	May 13, 1863.
Southwest, in*	Missouri	Mar. 29, 1865.
Southwest Creek*	North Carolina	Dec. 13–14, 1862.
Southwest Creek	North Carolina	June 22, 1864.
Southwest Creek	North Carolina	Mar. 7, 1865.
Southwest Mountain (see Cedar Run Mountain).	Virginia	
Spangler's Mill, near Jonesborough	Alabama	July 26, 1862.
Spanish Fort, near*	Alabama	Mar. 26, 1865.
Spanish Fort, seige and capture of	Alabama	Mar. 27–Apr. 8, 1865.
Spanish Fork Canyon	Utah	Apr. 4, 15, 1863.
Sparta*	North Carolina	July 20, 1863.
Sparta (see Calf Killer Creek, near)	Tennessee	
Sparta	Tennessee	June 28, Aug. 5, 1862.
Sparta, at and near*	Tennessee	Aug. 9, Nov. 20, 24–26, 27, 1863.
Spaulding's on Sapello River*	Georgia	Nov. 7, 1862.
Spavinaw*	Arkansas	May 13, 1864.
Spencer*	West Virginia	June 16, 1864.
Spencer Court-House, surrender at	West Virginia	Sept. 2, 1862.
Spencer's Ranch near Presidio del Norte*	New Mexico	Apr. 15, 1864.
Spirit Lake	Minnesota	May 16, 1864.
Sporting Hill, near Harrisburg*	Pennsylvania	June 30, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Spottsylvania Court-House, near	Virginia	Apr. 30, 1863.
Spottsylvania Court-House	Virginia	May 8–21, 1864.
Spring Creek *	Georgia	Sept. 18, 1863.
Spring Creek, or Wayman's Mill	Missouri	Aug. 23, 1862.
Spring Creek	Tennessee	Dec. 19, 1862.
Spring Creek	Arkansas	Mar. 18, 1864.
Spring Dale	Mississippi	Dec. 3, 1862.
Sprigg's Ford*	Virginia	Feb. 28, 1864.
Springfield, expedition to Fort Smith*	Arkansas	Nov. 5–16, 1864.
Springfield, near*	Georgia	Dec. 10, 1864.
Springfield*	Kentucky	Oct. 6, Dec. 30, 1862.
Springfield (see Wilson's Creek)	Missouri	Aug. 10, Oct. 25, 1861.
Springfield, expedition to Forsyth	Missouri	July 20–25, 1861.
Springfield*	Missouri	Feb. 12, 1862.
Springfield, at and near	Missouri	Jan. 8, Dec. 16,* 1863.
Springfield, near*	Ohio	July 25, 1863.
Springfield*	West Virginia	Aug. 23, Oct. 26, 1861.
Springfield	West Virginia	Feb. 3, June 26, 1864.
Springfield Landing	Louisiana	July 2, 1863.
Springfield and Plains Store Road*	Louisiana	May 23, 1863.
Springfield Road	Louisiana	May 23, 1863.
Springfield Station	Virginia	Oct. 2, 3, 1861.
Spring Hill*	Georgia	Apr. 20, 1865.
Spring Hill, near*	Missouri	Oct. 27, 1861.
Spring Hill, expedition to	Missouri	May 24, 1862.
Spring Hill	Tennessee	Mar. 19, 1863.
Spring Hill	Tennessee	Mar. 13,* Nov. 29, Dec. 18,* 1864.
Spring Hill, or Thompson's Station	Tennessee	Mar. 5, 1863.
Spring Hill (see Harrisburg)	Pennsylvania	
Spring Island	South Carolina	Mar. 31, 1864.
Spring Place (see Dalton)	Georgia	
Spring Place*	Georgia	Feb. 27, 1865.
Spring River	Arkansas	Mar. 13, 1862.
Spring River Mills (see Salem)	Arkansas	
Spring River, near Smithville*	Arkansas	Apr. 13, 1864.
Spring River*	Missouri	Sept. 1, 1862.
Spring River, Shirley's Ford	Missouri	Sept. 20, 1862.
Spring River Mills*	Missouri	Aug. 6–11, 1863.
Spring Valley*	Missouri	Apr. 23, 1865.
Spurgeon's Mill	Tennessee	Oct. 19, 1863.
Squirrel's Creek, crossing near*	Colorado	Apr. 11, 1863.
Stafford Court-House*	Virginia	Aug. 22, 1863.
Stanard's Mill	Virginia	May 21, 1864.
Stanardsville, at and near*	Virginia	Feb. 29, Mar. 1, 1864.
Standing Stone	West Virginia	Sept. 28, 1862.
Stanford*	Kentucky	Oct. 14, 1862.
Stanford*	Kentucky	July 31, 1863.
Star House, near Lexington*	Missouri	May 4, 1865.
Starlight, Confederate steamer, capture of	Louisiana	May 25, 1863.
Star of the West, U. S. S. (see Charleston Harbor).	South Carolina	
State Line	Missouri	Oct. 22, 1864.
Statesborough*	Georgia	Dec. 4, 1864.
Statesburg, near*	South Carolina	Apr. 15, 1865.
Statesville, near*	North Carolina	Apr. 10, 11, 13, 14, 20, 1865.
Station Four	Florida	Feb. 13, 1865.
Station No. 5, Georgia Central Railroad*	Georgia	Dec. 4, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Staunton River Bridge or Roanoke Station.	Virginia	June 25, 1864.
Staunton, occupation of	Virginia	June 6, 1864, Mar. 2, 1865.
Steele's Bayou, expedition to	Mississippi	Mar. 16–22, 1863.
Steele's Bayou*	Mississippi	Oct. 25, 1864.
Steeleville	Missouri	Aug. 31, 1864.
Stephenson's Depot, near and at	Virginia	July 20, Sept. 5,* 1864.
Stephenson's Mill, operations about	Missouri	Mar. 22–23, 1865.
Stephenson's Station	Virginia	Mar. 11, 1862.
Steubenville, near*	Ohio	July 25, 1863.
Stevensburg*	Virginia	Aug. 20, 1862.
Stevensburg, near and at*	Virginia	Apr. 29, June 9, Sept. 13, Oct. 11, Nov. 8, 1863.
Steven's Furnace, or Caledonia Iron Works.*	Pennsylvania	July 5, 1863.
Steven's Gap*	Georgia	Sept. 6, 18, 1863.
Stevenson*	Alabama	July 28, Aug. 31, 1862.
Stevenson*	Alabama	Sept. 7, 1863.
Stevenson's Gap*	Alabama	Mar. 15–18, 1865.
Stewartsborough*	Tennessee	Apr. 12, 1863.
Stewart's Creek	Tennessee	Dec. 29, 1862.
Stewart's Creek	Tennessee	Jan. 1, 1863.
Stewart's Creek Bridge (see Jefferson Pike and Murfreesborough Pike).	Tennessee	Dec. 27, 1862.
Stewart's Ferry (or Ford), Stone's River	Tennessee	Dec. 4, 1862.
Stewart's Plantation*	Arkansas	June 27, 1862.
Stickleyville, near (see Powell's River)	Virginia	
Stilesborough	Georgia	May 23, 1864.
Stilesborough, near*	Georgia	June 9, 1864.
Stirling's Plantation, near Morganza*	Louisiana	Sept. 12, 1863.
Stirling's Plantation, on the Fordoche	Louisiana	Sept. 29, 1863.
Stockbridge, near*	Georgia	Nov. 15, 1864.
Stock Creek*	Tennessee	Nov. 15, 1863.
Stockton, Macon County*	Missouri	Aug. 8, 1862.
Stockton, Cedar County, and Humansville, between.*	Missouri	Aug. 12, 1862.
Stockton*	Missouri	July 11, Oct. 5, 1863.
Stone Chapel, near*	Virginia	Aug. 10, 1864.
Stone Church, near Catoosa Platform*	Georgia	Feb. 27, 1864.
Stone Church*	Georgia	May 1, 1864.
Stone County*	Missouri	May 9, 1863.
Stone Farm, near Carlisle	Pennsylvania	June 27, 1863.
Stone River, capture of Courier station	Tennessee	Nov. 12, 1862.
Stone River, or Murfreesboro	Tennessee	Dec. 31, 1862–Jan. 3, 1863.
Stone River (see Isaac Smith, U. S. S.)	South Carolina	
Stone River (see Stewart's Ferry)	Tennessee	
Stone River (see Marblehead, U. S. S.)	South Carolina	
Stone's River*	Tennessee	July 17, 1863.
Stone's River Valley (see Camp Creek)	West Virginia	
Stone's Mill*	Tennessee	Dec. 19, 1863.
Stoneman's Raid	Virginia	Apr. 29–May 7, 1863.
Stoneman's Raid in East Tennessee, southwest Virginia, and western North Carolina.*		Mar. 20–Apr. 27, 1865.
Stoneman's Raid to Macon	Georgia	July 27–Aug. 6, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Stoner Bridge*	Kentucky	Feb. 24, 1863.
Stonewall Jackson, Confederate steamer, destruction of.		Apr. 12, 1863.
Stono River, near Wappoo Cut, naval	South Carolina	May 29, 1862.
Stono River, U. S. S. Marblehead, attack on.	South Carolina	Dec. 25, 1863.
Stono River, capture of U. S. S. Isaac Smith.	South Carolina	Jan. 30, 1863.
Stony Creek, near Edenburg*	Virginia	Apr. 2, 1862.
Stony Creek, or Sappony Church	Virginia	June 28–29, 1864.
Stony Creek Station*	Virginia	May 7, Dec. 1, 1864.
Stony Lake	Dakota	July 28, 1863.
Stony Point*	Arkansas	May 20, 1864.
Strasburg	Virginia	Mar. 19, May 24,* June 2,* Dec. 22, 1862.
Strasburg, near Mount Carmel*	Virginia	June 1, 1862.
Strasburg, at and near	Virginia	Feb. 24,* 26,* Apr. 20,* June 2,* Sept. 15, 19, Dec. 12, 13, 1863.
Strasburg, near and at	Virginia	Feb. 2,* May 12, 15, Aug. 13,* 14,* 15,* Sept. 20,* 21,* 1864.
Strasburg, or Hupp's Hill	Virginia	Oct. 14, 1864.
Strawberry Hill	Virginia	May 12, 1864.
Strawberry Plain (see Deep Bottom)	Virginia	July 27–29, 1864.
Strawberry Plains	Tennessee	June 20, 1863.
Strawberry Plains*	Tennessee	Jan. 21, Feb. 20, Nov. 16–17, 1864.
Strawberry Plains, expedition to Church Mountains.	Tennessee	Jan. 28–31, 1865.
Street's Ferry*	North Carolina	July 21, 1863.
Streight's Raid from Tuscumbia, Ala., to Rome.	Georgia	Apr. 26–May 3, 1863.
Strother Fork of Black River, Iron County.*	Missouri	Sept. 13, 1862.
Stroud's Mill, near*	South Carolina	Feb. 26, 1865.
Stroud's Store*	Arkansas	Dec. 23, 1863.
Stuart's, near Chantilly*	Virginia	Oct. 17, 1863.
Stuart's Raid (see Hawe's Shop)	Virginia	June 13–15, 1862.
Stuart's Christmas Raid	Virginia	Dec. 27–29, 1862.
Stumptown*	Missouri	Aug. 2, 1863.
Sturgeon, near*	Missouri	Feb. 27, 1865.
Suffolk, near	Virginia	Dec. 28, 1862.
Suffolk, naval	Virginia	Apr. 14, 1863.
Suffolk, siege of	Virginia	Apr. 11–May 4, 1863.
Suffolk, near (see Deserted House and Kelly's Store.	Virginia	Jan. 30, 1863.
Suffolk, near*	Virginia	June 10, 11, 1863.
Suffolk, evacuated by Union troops	Virginia	July 3, 1863.
Suffolk, raid on	Virginia	Nov. 11, 1863.
Suffolk, near*	Virginia	Mar. 9, 1864.
Suffolk, expedition from Virginia to Murfree's Depot.	North Carolina	Mar. 10–11, 1865.
Sugar Creek	Arkansas	Feb. 17, Oct. 17,* 1862.
Sugar Creek*	Tennessee	Oct. 9, 1863.
Sugar Creek	Tennessee	Dec. 26, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Sugar Loaf, near Federal Point	North Carolina	Feb. 11, 1865.
Sugar Loaf Mountain	Maryland	Sept. 10–11, 1862.
Sugar Loaf Prairie, near	Arkansas	Jan. 12, 1865.
Sugar Valley (see Resaca)	Georgia	Between May 8 and 13, 1864.
Sullivan's Island batteries and U. S. monitors.	South Carolina	Nov. 16, 1863.
Sullivan's Island batteries	South Carolina	Feb. 17, 1865.
Sulphur Branch Trestle, and surrender of.	Alabama	Sept. 25, 1864.
Sulphur Springs*	Arkansas	Jan. 25, 1864.
Sulphur Springs*	Tennessee	Oct. 21, 1863.
Sulphur Springs*	Tennessee	Feb. 26, 1864.
Sulphur Springs, Fauquier White Sulphur and Warrenton Springs.	Virginia	Aug. 23–26, 1862.
Sulphur Springs	Virginia	Nov. 13–14, 1862.
Sulphur Springs or Warrenton*	Virginia	Nov. 15, 1862.
Sulphur Springs or Warrenton Springs	Virginia	Oct. 11–12, Nov. 8, 1863.
Sultana, steamer, loss of, in Mississippi River, near Memphis.	Tennessee	Apr. 27, 1865.
Summerfield*	Alabama	Apr. 2, 1865.
Summertown*	Tennessee	Sept. 23, 1863.
Summerville*	Georgia	Sept. 6–7, 10, 13, 15, 1863.
Summerville, near*	Georgia	Oct. 18, 1864.
Summerville*	Georgia	May 5, 1865.
Summerville (see Cross Lanes)	West Virginia	
Summerville	West Virginia	July 25, 1862.
Summerville, near*	West Virginia	May 12, 1863.
Summit Point*	West Virginia	Oct. 7, 1863.
Summit Point*	West Virginia	Aug. 21, 1864.
Summon's Ranch, near Hydesville*	California	Oct. 21, 1862.
Sumter, C. S. S., capture of, in Lake George.	Florida	May 13, 1864.
Sumterville, Dingle's Mills, near*	South Carolina	Apr. 9, 1865.
Sunnyside Landing*	Arkansas	June 7, 1864.
Surrender of. (See Smith, Gen. E. Kirby.)		
Surrender of. (See Johnston.)		
Sutherland's Station, south side of railroad	Virginia	Apr. 2, 1865.
Sutton, near and at*	West Virginia	Aug. 26, Sept. 8, 1863.
Sutton*	West Virginia	Aug. 24, 1864.
Suttonville (Braxton's Court-House), capture of.	West Virginia	Dec. 29–30, 1861.
Swain's Big Creek, naval	North Carolina	Oct. 27, 1861.
Swallow Bluffs	Tennessee	Sept. 30, 1863.
Swan Lake	Arkansas	Apr. 23, 1864.
Swan Quarters	North Carolina	Mar. 3–4, 1863.
Sweeden's Cove, near Jasper	Tennessee	June 4, 1862.
Sweed's Mill, near	North Carolina	Mar. 14, 1865.
Sweet Sulphur Springs*	West Virginia	June 23, 1864.
Sweet Water, near Powder Springs*	Georgia	Oct. 2–3, 1864.
Sweet Water*	Tennessee	Sept. 6, Oct. 10–11, 23, 26–27, 1863.
Sweet Water Garrison	Tennessee	Feb. 10, 1865.
Sweet Water Station*	Colorado	May 26, 28, June 1, 1865.
Swift Creek	North Carolina	Apr. 12, 13, 17, 19, 1865.
Swift Creek*	North Carolina	Oct. 30, 1862.
Swift Creek*	North Carolina	July 18, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Swifts Creek*	North Carolina	Oct. 7, 1864.
Swift Creek or Arrowfield Church	Virginia	May 9, 1864.
Switzler's Mill*	Missouri	Aug. 10, 1862.
Switzler's Mill, near, Chariton County*	Missouri	July 12, 1863.
Switzler's Mill, Chariton County	Missouri	Feb. 24, May 27,* 1865.
Swoop's Depot	Virginia	Mar. 2, 1865.
Sycamore Church	Virginia	Aug. 3, 1862.
Sycamore Church, at and near	Virginia	Aug. 9, Sept. 2, 1864.
Sycamore Springs*	Arizona	Jan. 1, 1865.
Sylamore	Arkansas	Jan. 25, 1864.
Sylamore Creek*	Arkansas	Jan. 26, 1864.
Sylamore, Kickapoo Bottom	Arkansas	May 29, 1862.
Sylvan Grove*	Georgia	Nov. 27, 1864.
Syracuse, near and at*	Missouri	Oct. 5, 10, 1863.
Taberville*	Missouri	July 20, Aug. 2, 11, 1862.
Tabernacle Church, or Beaver Pond Creek.*	Virginia	Apr. 4, 1865.
Taberville (see Clear Creek)	Missouri	
Table Bluff*	California	Apr. 4, 1862.
Tahkahokuty Mountain (Indians)	Dakota	July 28, 1864.
Tahlequah*	Indian Territory	Mar. 30, 1863.
Tait's Ferry, Kentucky River*	Kentucky	Sept. 1, 1862.
Talasah or Bird Creek (see High School)	Indian Territory	
Talbot's Ferry*	Arkansas	Apr. 19, 1862.
Talbot's Ferry*	Arkansas	Mar. 20, 1865.
Talbott's Station*	Tennessee	Dec. 27, 29, 1863.
Tallahatchie	Mississippi	Nov. 30, 1862.
Tallahatchie*	Mississippi	Feb. 22, 1864.
Tallahatchie Bridge*	Mississippi	June 18, 1862.
Tallahatchie and Coldwater rivers, junction of.	Mississippi	Nov. 28, 1862.
Tallahatchie River (see New Moon, steamer).	Mississippi	
Tallahatchie River*	Mississippi	Aug. 7–9, 10, 1864.
Tallulah	Louisiana	Aug. 19, 1862.
Tampa, bombardment of	Florida	June 30–July 1, 1862.
Tampa	Florida	May 6, 1864.
Tampa Bay, destruction of two blockade runners.	Florida	Oct. 17, 1863.
Tampa Bay, destruction of salt works, etc., expedition.	Florida	July 11, 16, Aug. 2–4, 1864.
Tannery, near Little Rock*	Arkansas	Sept. 2, 1864.
Taps Gap*	Alabama	Sept. 1, 1863.
Tappahannock, naval	Virginia	May 30, 1863.
Tarborough*	North Carolina	July 20, 1863.
Tar River raid	North Carolina	July 18–21, 1863.
Tawah (No. 29) gunboat, destruction of	Tennessee	Nov. 4, 1864.
Taylor's Creek or Crowley's Ridge*	Arkansas	May 11, 1863.
Taylor's Farm on Little Blue*	Missouri	Aug. 1, 1863.
Taylor's Hole Creek (see Averasborough)	North Carolina	
Taylor's Ridge*	Georgia	Apr. 14, 1864.
Taylor's Ridge	Georgia	Nov. 27, 1863.
Taylor's Ridge, attack on Union pickets	Georgia	Apr. 27, 1864.
Taylorsville, near*	Virginia	Feb. 29, 1864.
Taylorsville, near*	Kentucky	Apr. 18, 1865.
Taylortown*	Virginia	Dec. 24, 1864.
Tazewell*	Tennessee	July 22, 26, Aug. 6, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Tazewell*	Tennessee	Sept. 5, 1863.
Tazewell*	Tennessee	Jan. 24, 1864.
Tazewell, Big Springs, near	Tennessee	Jan. 19, 1864.
Tazewell*	Tennessee	Mar. 5, 1865.
Tchefuncta River, naval	Louisiana	May 16, 1864.
Tebb's Bend or Green River Bridge	Kentucky	July 4, 1863.
Teche country, operations in	Louisiana	Oct. 3–Nov. 30, 1863.
Teche road	Louisiana	May 21–26, 1863.
Tecumseh, U. S. monitor, sunk near Fort Morgan (see Mobile Bay).	Alabama	Aug. 5, 1864.
Telford's Station, Limestone Station	Tennessee	Sept. 8, 1863.
Ten Island Ford, Coosa River*	Alabama	July 14, 1864.
Ten Mile Run, near Camp Tinegan*	Florida	Feb. 8, 1864.
Tennessee, east, burning of railroad bridges, etc.		Nov. 8, 1861.
Tennessee, eastern, operations		Sept. 10–Oct. 13, 1864.
Tennessee, east, expedition into southern Virginia.		Dec. 10–29, 1864.
Tennessee River (see Davidson's Ferry)	Tennessee	
Tennessee, the middle, or Tullahoma campaign.		June 23–July 7, 1863.
Tennessee, west, Forrest's raid into. (See Forrest.)		
Tennessee, C. S. S., surrender of (see Mobile Bay).	Alabama	
Terman's Ferry*	Kentucky	Jan. 9, 1864.
Terrell's Texas Cavalry, mutiny in		Sept. 11, 1863.
Terre Noir Creek, or Antoine*	Arkansas	Apr. 2, 1864.
Terre Bonne, expedition from, to Bayou Grand Calillou.*	Louisiana	Nov. 19–27, 1864.
Texas County*	Missouri	Jan. 9–11, 1865.
Texas, department of, Gen. D. E. Twiggs, U. S. A., commanding, surrendered to C. S. A.		Feb. 18, 1861.
Texas Prairie*	Missouri	Aug. 29, 1863.
The Island, Vernon County*	Missouri	Mar. 30, 1863.
The Orchards (see Oak Grove)	Virginia	
The Park (Thibodeaux)	Louisiana	Feb. 4,* Apr. 2–10, 1865.
The Ponds*	Mississippi	Jan. 4, 1865.
Thibodeaux, Camp Hubbard, mutiny	Louisiana	Aug. 29–30, 1863.
Thibodeaux, capture of	Louisiana	June 20, 1864.
Thomas House on Trinity River	California	May 27, 1864.
Thomas's Station*	Georgia	Dec. 3, 1864.
Thomasville*	Missouri	Sept. 18, 1864.
Thompson, General, surrender of (see St. Louis).	Missouri	
Thompson's Bridge*	North Carolina	Dec. 17, 1862.
Thompson's Creek, near Chesterfield*	South Carolina	Mar. 2, 1865.
Thompson's Creek, near Cheraw*	South Carolina	Mar. 3, 1865.
Thompson's Creek, capture of C. S. steamers Starlight and Red Chief.	Louisiana	May 25, 1863.
Thompson's Creek, near Jackson*	Louisiana	Oct. 5, 1864.
Thompson's Cross Roads*	Virginia	May 5, 1863.
Thompson's Hill, or Port Gibson, or Magnolia Hill.	Mississippi	May 1, 1863.
Thompson's Plantation*	Louisiana	Jan. 23, 1865.
Thompson's Station*	Tennessee	Mar. 9, 23, May 2, 1863.
Thompson's Station, or Spring Hill	Tennessee	Mar. 5, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Thompson's Station	Tennessee	Nov. 29, 30, 1864.
Thornburg or Massaponax	Virginia	Aug. 5, 6, 1862.
Thorn Hill*	Alabama	Jan. 4, 1865.
Thorn Hill, near Bean's Station*	Tennessee	Oct. 10, 1864.
Thoroughfare Gap	Virginia	Aug. 28, Oct. 17–18, 1862.
Thoroughfare Gap, at and about Haymarket.*	Virginia	June 17, 21–25, 1863.
Threlkeld's Ferry*	Arkansas	Feb. —, 1863.
Tickfaw Bridge*	Louisiana	May 16, 1863.
Tilton*	Georgia	May 13, 1864.
Tilton, surrender of	Georgia	Oct. 13, 1864.
Timberville, or Forest Hill*	Virginia	Sept. 24, 1864.
Tippah River*	Mississippi	Feb. 24, 1864.
Tipton	Missouri	Oct. 10, 1863.
Tipton, attack on	Missouri	Sept. 1, 1864.
Tiptonville (see Island No. 10)	Tennessee	
Tishomingo Creek, or Brice's Cross Roads, near Guntown.	Mississippi	June 10, 1864.
Tobesofkee Creek	Georgia	Apr. 20, 1865.
Todd's Tavern	Virginia	Between May 5 and 7, and 8 and 21 1864.
Todd's Tavern, Sherman's expedition to James River.	Virginia	May 9–24, 1864.
Togadoo Creek, naval	South Carolina	Feb. 9–10, 1865.
Toll gate, near White Post	Virginia	Aug. 11, 1864.
Tomahawk*	Arkansas	June 22, 1864.
Tomahawk Gap*	Arkansas	Feb. 9, 1864.
Tompkinsville*	Kentucky	June 6, Nov. 19, 24, 1862.
Tompkinsville, capture of	Kentucky	July 9, 1862,
Tom's Brook*	Virginia	June 3, 1862.
Tom's Brook	Virginia	Oct. 8,* 9, 1864.
Toone's Station, or Lower Post Ferry	Tennessee	July 27, 1862.
Toone's Station	Tennessee	Aug. 31, 1862.
Torpedo Station, James River	Virginia	May 10, 1864.
Totopotomay River	Virginia	May 28–31, 1864.
Totopotomay River (see North Anna)	Virginia	
Totten's Plantation, Coahoma County*	Mississippi	Aug. 2, 1862.
Towaliga Bridge	Georgia	Nov. 17, 1864.
Town Creek	Alabama	Apr. 6,*27,*28,1863.
Town Creek*	North Carolina	Feb. 19–20, 1865.
Township	Florida	Jan. 26, 1863.
Tracy City*	Tennessee	Jan. 20, Aug. 4, 1864.
Tracy (see Battery Huger)	Alabama	
Tranter's Creek	North Carolina	May 30,* June 2,* 5, 1862.
Travisville	Tennessee	Sept. 29, 1861.
Treadwell's Plantation*	Mississippi	Oct. 16, 20, 1863.
Trent River, south side*	North Carolina	Between May 4 and 6, 1864.
Trent River*	North Carolina	Mar. 11, 1865.
Trent Road*	North Carolina	Apr. 19, Dec. 11, 1862.
Trent Road*	North Carolina	Between May 4 and 6, 1864.
Trenton*	Arkansas	Oct. 14, 1862.
Trenton*	Georgia	Nov. 18, 1863.
Trenton, capture of, by C. S. A.	Tennessee	Dec. 20, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Trenton, at and near	Tennessee	Apr. 19, June 15, 1863.
Trenton*	North Carolina	May 22, Dec. 12, 1862.
Trenton Bridge*	North Carolina	May 15–16, 1862.
Trenton Free Bridge*	North Carolina	July 6, 1863.
Trenton and Pollocksville Cross-Roads	North Carolina	Apr. 27, May 22, 1862.
Trenton Road (see Deep Gap)	North Carolina	
Trevilian Depot	Virginia	May 2, 1862.
Trevilian Raid	Virginia	June 7–24, 1864.
Trevilian Station	Virginia	June 11–12, 1864.
Trickum's Cross-Roads*	Georgia	Oct. 27, 1864.
Trickum's expedition. (See Atlanta.)		
Trinity	Alabama	July 25,* Aug. 22–23, 1862.
Trinity*	Louisiana	Sept. 2, 1863.
Trinity*	Louisiana	Mar. —, 1864.
Trion*	Alabama	Apr. 1, 1865.
Trion Factory*	Georgia	Sept. 15, 1863.
Triplett's Bridge, Bowen County	Kentucky	June 16, 1863.
Triune	Tennessee	Dec. 27, 1862.
Triune, near*	Tennessee	Mar. 8, 21, June 8, 9, 19, 1863.
Triune	Tennessee	June 11, 1863.
Triune*	Tennessee	Aug. 3–4, 1864.
Triune, near	Tennessee	Feb. 10, 1865.
Triune	Kentucky	June 11, 1863.
Troublesome Creek*	Kentucky	Apr. 27, 1864.
Trout Creek*	Florida	July 15, 1864.
Troy, draft riot	New York	July 13–16, 1863.
Try Mountain (see Piketown)	Kentucky	
Tulip*	Arkansas	Oct. 10, 12, 27, 1863.
Tullahoma*	Tennessee	June 29–30, 1863.
Tullahoma, or Middle Tennessee campaign.	Tennessee	June 23–July 7, 1863.
Tunica Bend, or Bayou Tunica*	Louisiana	Nov. 8, 1863.
Tunica Bend, or Como Landing, naval	Louisiana	June 15–16, 1864.
Tunica Bend, near	Louisiana	Apr. 22, 1864.
Tunica Landing, expedition to Fort Adams.	Mississippi	Oct. 5–8, 1864.
Tunnel Hill*	Kentucky	Nov. 19, 1862.
Tunnel Hill*	Georgia	Sept. 11, 1863.
Tunnel Hill, at and near*	Georgia	Feb. 23–24, 25, May 2, 5, 6–7, 1864.
Tunnel Hill*	Georgia	Mar. 3, 1865.
Tunstall's Station*	Virginia	May 4, 5, 1863.
Tunstall's Station, or Black Creek	Virginia	June 21, 1864.
Tupelo, near Harrisburg	Mississippi	July 14–15, 1864.
Tupelo	Mississippi	May 5, 1863.
Turkey Bridge, or Malvern Cliff (see White Oak Swamp).	Virginia	June 30, 1862.
Turkey Bend, naval	Virginia	July 5, 1864.
Turkey Creek, Jasper County*	Missouri	Nov. 18, 1863.
Turkey Creek, at and near*	Virginia	Jan. 16, July 12, 1864.
Turkey Island (see Shawsheen, U. S. gunboat).	Virginia	
Turkeytown*	Alabama	Oct. 25, 1864.
Turnback Creek*	Missouri	Apr. 26, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Turner's, at and near*	Georgia	Between July 5 and 17, 1864.
Turner's Farm	Virginia	May 31, 1864.
Turner's Ferry, near*	Georgia	Aug. 26, Oct. 19, 1864.
Turner's Mills*	Virginia	Jan. 30, 1863.
Turner's Pass (see South Mountain)	Maryland	Sept. 14, 1862.
Tuscaloosa	Alabama	Apr. 3, 1865.
Tuscaloosa, occupied by Union Troops	Alabama	Apr. 4, 1865.
Tuscumbia	Alabama	Apr. 16, 24–25, 1862.
Tuscumbia	Alabama	Feb. 22, Apr. 23,* Oct. 24–25,* 1863.
Tuscumbia, near*	Alabama	Feb. 20, 1865.
Tuscumbia	Missouri	Dec. 8, 1864.
Tuscumbia Bridge, burning of	Mississippi	May 30, 1862.
Tuscumbia Creek*	Mississippi	May 31, 1862.
Tuskegee, near	Alabama	Apr. 14, 1865.
Twelve Mile Ordinary*	Virginia	Apr. 27, 1864.
Twiggs, David E., Bvt. Maj. Gen. U. S. A., dismissed the service by order of President Buchanan (see Texas).		Mar. 1, 1861.
Two League Cross-Roads, near Lexington*.	South Carolina	Feb. 15, 1865.
Tyler, Naumkeag and Fawn, U. S. S., engagement between Shelby's forces, White River.	Arkansas	June 24–25, 1864.
Tyler, U. S. S. (see Yazoo River)	Mississippi	
Tyler's Mills, Big River	Missouri	Oct. 7, 1864.
Tyree Springs	Tennessee	Nov. 7, 1862.
Tyson's Cross-Roads*	Virginia	Nov. 14, 1863.
Underwood's farm, near Bird's Point*	Missouri	Oct. 14, 1861.
Underwriter, U. S. S., capture of		Feb. 2, 1864.
Undine (No. 55) gunboat, capture of, near Fort Heiman.	Kentucky	Oct. 30, 1864.
Union*	Virginia	Nov. 2–3, 1862.
Union*	Mississippi	Feb. 21, 22, 1864.
Union*	Missouri	Oct. 1, 1864.
Union, capture of by U. S. A	Tennessee	Dec. 30, 1862.
Union, on road to (Second Creek)*	West Virginia	Nov. 8, 1863.*
Union Church*	Mississippi	Apr. 28, 1863.
Union Church*	Missouri	July 30, 1864.
Union Church (see Cross Keys)	Virginia	
Union City*	Kentucky	Sept. 2, 1864.
Union City, near and at*	Tennessee	Mar. 12, 1864.
Union City, descent upon	Tennessee	Mar. 30–31, 1862.
Union City, capture of, by C. S. A	Tennessee	Mar. 24, 1864.
Union City, capture of, by C. S. A	Tennessee	Dec. 21, 1862.
Union City, outpost	Tennessee	July 10, 1863.
Union Cily, Meriwetcher's Ferry, near*	Tennessee	Nov. 19, 1863.
Union County*	Kentucky	July 6, 1863.
Union County, operations in	Kentucky	July 14–18, Aug. 7, 1864.
Union fleet and the C. S. S. Arkansas		July 22, 1862.
Union Mills*	Missouri	Dec. 9, 1861.
Union Mills	Virginia	Feb. 14, 1863.
Union Mills* (see Camden Point)	Missouri	July 22, 1864.
Union Station*	Tennessee	Nov. 1, 1864.
Union Transport, attack on White River near St. Charles.	Arkansas	Oct. 22, 1864.
Uniontown*	Kentucky	Sept. 1, 1862,

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Uniontown*	Missouri	Oct. 18, 1862.
Uniontown*	Tennessee	June 23, 1863.
Unionville*	Tennessee	Jan. 31, Mar. 4, 1863.
United States ford	Virginia	Nov. 16, 1862.
University Depot*	Tennessee	July 4, 1863.
Upperville, near and at	Virginia	Oct. 29, Nov. 3, 1862.
Upperville, at and near	Virginia	May 13,* June 2,* 21, Sept. 25,* Dec. 16,* 1863.
Upperville*	Virginia	Feb. 20, Oct. 29, 1864.
Upshaw's farm, Barry County*	Missouri	Oct. 29, 1864.
Upton Hill*	Kentucky	Oct. 12, 1861.
Urbana*	Maryland	July 9, 1864.
Urbana, near, naval	Virginia	Apr. 21, May 12–13, 1864.
Urbana, near, naval	Virginia	June 12, 1863.
Utica*	Mississippi	July 13, 1864.
Utica, at and near*	Mississippi	May 9–10, 1863.
Utoy Creek, assault	Georgia	Aug. 6, 1864.
Utz's Ford, affair at	Virginia	Oct. 7, 1863.
Vache Grass*	Arkansas	Sept. 26, 1864.
Valley Mines*	Missouri	May 22, 1865.
Valley Road, near Jasper*	Tennessee	Oct. 2, 1863.
Valley Station, near*	Colorado	Oct. 10, 1864.
Valley Station, at and near (Indians)*	Colorado	Jan. 7, 28, 1865.
Valley Woods*	Kentucky	Oct. 17, 1862.
Valley Bridge* (see Walker's Bridge)	South Carolina	
Valverde, or Fort Craig	New Mexico	Feb. 21, 1862.
Van Buren*	Arkansas	Dec. 21, 1862.
Van Buren, capture of	Arkansas	Dec. 28, 1862.
Van Buren, near*	Arkansas	Feb. 10, 1863.
Van Buren*	Arkansas	Apr. 12, July 7, Aug. 12, 1864.
Van Buren, near*	Arkansas	Apr. 2, 1865.
Van Buren, near	Tennessee	Sept. 21, 1862.
Van Buren	Missouri	Aug. 12, 22, 1862.
Van Buren County*	Arkansas	Mar. 25, 1864.
Vanceburg	Kentucky	Oct. 29, 1864.
Vance, Camp (see Camp Vance)	North Carolina	
Vance's Store*	Arkansas	Oct. 2, 1863.
Vanderburg house, Munson's Hill	Virginia	Sept. 28, 1861.
Van Dusen's Creek, near Mad River*	California	Apr. 14–15, 1861.
Van Wert, near*	Georgia	Oct. 9–10, 1864.
Varnell's Station Road*	Georgia	May 4, 1864.
Varnell's Station, at and near	Georgia	May 7, 9, 12, 1864.
Vaught's Hill, near Milton	Tennessee	Mar. 20, 1863.
Vaughan Road*	Virginia	Aug. 22, 1864.
Vaughan Road*	Virginia	Mar. 29, 1865.
Vaughan Road (see Poplar Spring Road)	Virginia	
Vaughan Road, near Reams Station	Virginia	Aug. 24, 1864.
Vaughan Road (see Hatcher's Run)	Virginia	
Velasco, near and at	Texas	July 4, Aug. 11, 1862.
Velasco	Texas	Mar. 21, 1864.
Venus Point	Georgia	Feb. 15, 1862.
Vera Cruz*	Missouri	Nov. 3, 1864.
Verdon	Virginia	July 22, 1862.
Vermillionville*	Louisiana	Nov. 5, 8, 1863.
Vernon	Mississippi	Dec. 25, 1864.
Vernon River (see Fort Beaulieu)	Georgia	
Vernon River (see Fort Rosedew)	Georgia	

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Versailles	Missouri	July 13, 1864.
Via's House	Virginia	June 3, 1864.
Vicksburg, near*	Mississippi	Aug. 27, 1863.
Vicksburg, Miss. (see Richmond)	Louisiana	
Vicksburg, near*	Mississippi	June 4, 1864.
Vicksburg (see Lake St. Joseph)	Louisiana	
Vicksburg (see Lake Providence)	Louisiana	
Vicksburg, bombardment of, and passage of Union fleet.	Mississippi	June 28, 1862.
Vicksburg, C. S. S. Arkansas (ironclad) passed through the combined Union fleet to.	Mississippi	July 15, 1862.
Vicksburg, operations against	Mississippi	Dec. 20, 1862, to Jan. 3, 1863.
Vicksburg, siege of	Mississippi	May 19–July 4, 1863.
Vicksburg, second assault on	Mississippi	May 20, 1863.
Vicksburg, running the batteries	Mississippi	Apr. 16, 1863.
Vicksburg batteries	Mississippi	Mar. 25–Apr. 11, 1863.
Vicksburg expedition, from Baton Rouge, La.	Mississippi	June 20–July 24, 1862.
Vicksburg, expedition to Deer Creek	Mississippi	Sept. 21–26, 1864.
Vicksburg, Miss., expedition to Gaine's Landing and Bayou Macon.	Louisiana	Nov. 6–8, 1864.
Vicksburg, expedition to Grand Gulf	Mississippi	July 10–17, 1864.
Vicksburg, expedition to Jackson	Mississippi	July 3–9, 1864.
Vicksburg, expedition to Meridian	Mississippi	Feb. 3–Mar. 5, 1864.
Vicksburg, expedition to Pearl River*	Mississippi	July 2–10, 1864.
Vicksburg, expedition to Rodney and Fayette.	Mississippi	Sept. 29–Oct. 3, 1864.
Vicksburg, Miss., expedition to Waterproof.*	Louisiana	Jan. 29–Feb. 23, 1864.
Vicksburg, expedition to Yazoo City	Mississippi	May 4–21, Nov. 23, Dec. 4, 1864.
Victoria, sloop, capture of		Dec. 15, 1861.
Vienna	Virginia	June 17, July 9, 17, Nov. 26, 1861.
Vienna*	Virginia	Feb. 22, Sept. 1, 1862.
Vienna, between Leesburg, scout and skirmish.	Virginia	Dec. 25–27, 1863.
Vienna, scout to White Plains, and skirmish.	Virginia	Dec. 28–31, 1863.
Vienna, near*	Alabama	July 8, 1864.
Vidalia, attack on	Louisiana	Sept. 14, 1863.
Vidalia, at and near*	Louisiana	Feb. 7, July 22, 1864.
Village Creek, Waddell's farm*	Arkansas	June 12, 1862.
Village Creek* (see Waddell's farm)	Arkansas	May 21, 1862.
Vincent's Creek, mouth of	South Carolina	Aug. 4, 1863.
Vincent's Cross-Roads, near Bay Springs*	Mississippi	Oct. 26, 1863.
Vinegar Hill*	Kentucky	Sept. 22, 1862.
Vine Prairie, on White Oak River*	Arkansas	Feb. 2–3, 1863.
Vine Tree signal station, capture of	Virginia	Aug. 14, 1863.
Violett's, Mrs., near Occoquan	Virginia	Mar. 22, 1863.
Voche's, Mrs., vicinity of Bayou Meto*	Arkansas	Feb. 23, 1865.
Vogeles, Israel, Brig. Gen., U. S. A. (see Confederate surrendered.)		
Volney, near*	Kentucky	Oct. 22, 1863.
Waccomo Neck	North Carolina	Feb. 7, 1864.
Waccamaw Neck	South Carolina	Jan. 7, 1864.
Waddell's Farm, near Village Creek*	Arkansas	June 12, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Wadesburg*	Missouri	Dec. 24, 1861.
Wadesburg* (see Lotspeich Farm)	Missouri	
Wagner Battery (see Battery Wagner and Gregg.)	South Carolina	
Waitsborough*	Kentucky	June 6, 1863.
Walden's Ridge	Tennessee	July 5, 1862.
Waldron	Arkansas	Sept. 11,* Oct. 6,* Dec. 9, 29, 1863.
Waldron, at and near*	Arkansas	Between Jan. 21 and 25, Feb. 1, June 19, 1864.
Walker's or Valley Bridge, Edisto River*	South Carolina	Feb. 8, 1865.
Walker's Ford, Clinch River*	Tennessee	Dec. 2, 5,* 1863.
Walker's Lake*	Nevada	Mar. 16, 1865.
Walkersville, near*	Missouri	Apr. 2, 1862.
Walkerton, near*	Virginia	Mar. 2, 1864.
Wallace's Cross-Roads	Tennessee	July 15, 1862.
Wallace's Ferry, Big Creek	Arkansas	July 26, 1864.
Wall Hill	Mississippi	Feb. 12, 1864.
Walls Post-office*	Louisiana	May 1, 1863.
Walnut Creek*	Georgia	Nov. 20, 1864.
Walnut Creek*	Kansas	Sept. 25, 1864.
Walnut Creek*	Missouri	Aug. 9, 1862.
Walnut Hills*	Mississippi	May 14, 1863.
Wapping Heights, Manassas Gap	Virginia	July 23, 1863.
Wappoo Cut, naval	South Carolina	May 29, 1862.
Wardensville, at and near*	West Virginia	May 7, 29, Dec. 16, 22, 1862.
Wardensville, near*	West Virginia	Apr. 20, 1863.
Warder's Church*	Missouri	July 10, 1864.
Ware Bottom Church	Virginia	May 9,* 20, 1864.
Ware's Point, Union gunboats, attack on	Virginia	Feb. 21, 1863.
Warfield's, near, Columbia*	Tennessee	Dec. 23, 1864.
Warm Springs, near*	Virginia	Aug. 24, 1863.
Warm Springs*	North Carolina	Oct. 20, 23, 26, Nov. 26, 1863.
Warner, U. S. S. (see David's Ferry)	Louisiana	
Warner's Ranch (see Showalter)	California	
Warrensburg	Missouri	Oct. 18,* Nov. 18, 1861.
Warrensburg*	Missouri	Apr. 8, June 17, Sept.—, 1862.
Warrensburg, near and at*	Missouri	Feb. 22, May 28, 1864.
Warrensburg, near (see Clear Fork)	Missouri	
Warrensburg Road, near Warrensburg	Missouri	Sept. 9, 1864.
Warrensburg, expedition from, to Chapel Hill.	Missouri	July 30–Aug. 2, 1864.
Warrenton, at and near	Virginia	Nov. 5, 6, 8, Dec. 25, 1862.
Warrenton, batteries at	Mississippi	Feb. 2–3, 5, 14, Mar. 23, 27, Apr. 22, May 10, 1863.
Warrenton, at and near*	Virginia	May 6, 11, 23, 31, Oct. 13, 1863.
Warrenton, near*	Missouri	Oct. 29, 1864.
Warrenton, Gunter's Landing, between*	Alabama	July 11, 1864.
Warrenton*	Virginia	Jan. 7, 1864.
Warrenton and Centreville, between*	Virginia	Sept. 22, 1863.
Warrenton Junction, near	Virginia	Oct. 19, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Warrenton Junction*	Virginia	May 3, 1863.
Warrenton or Sulphur Springs	Virginia	Aug. 23–26, Nov. 15, 1862.
Warrenton Springs or Sulphur Springs	Virginia	Oct. 11,* 12, Nov. 8,* 1863.
Warsaw, destruction of U. S. stores	Missouri	Nov. 21, 1861.
Warsaw*	Missouri	Apr. 8, 17, 28, 1862.
Warsaw, near	Missouri	Oct. 7,* 29, 1863.
Warsaw*	North Carolina	July 5, 1863.
Warsaw, near*	Virginia	Mar. 12, 1865.
Warsaw Sound, capture of Confederate ironclad Atlanta by the U. S. S. Weehawken.	Georgia	June 17, 1863.
Wartburg, near Montgomery	Tennessee	June 17, 1863.
Wateree River*	South Carolina	Feb. 22, 1865.
Wartrace	Tennessee	Apr. 11, 1862.
Wartrace*	Tennessee	Sept. 6, Oct. 6, 1863.
Warwick Swamp*	Virginia	July 12, 1864.
Warwick and Yorktown Roads, junction of.*	Virginia	Apr. 5, 1862.
Washington (see Fort Stevens)	District of Columbia	
Washington*	Arkansas	Aug. 29, 1863.
Washington*	Arkansas	May 28, 1864.
Washington*	Arkansas	Mar. 11, 1865.
Washington	Louisiana	Oct. 24, 31, 1863.
Washington*	Louisiana	Apr. 22, Oct. 24, 31, 1863.
Washington occupied by C. S. A.	Missouri	Oct. 2, 1864.
Washington*	Ohio	July 24, 1863.
Washington and Benton Counties, expedition in.*	Arkansas	Aug. 21–27, 1864.
Washington (see Webster County)	Missouri	
Washington County*	Arkansas	Feb. 17, 1865.
Washington, capture of	Tennessee	Feb. 26, 1864.
Washington, destruction of lightship near, by U. S. N.	North Carolina	Dec. 30, 1861.
Washington, naval forces occupy	North Carolina	Mar. 21, June 1,* 5,* Sept. 6, Oct. 30,* 1862.
Washington	North Carolina	Feb. 13,* Mar. 31, Aug. 14,* Nov. 1,* 1863.
Washington, siege of	North Carolina	Mar. 30–Apr. 15, 1863.
Washington, evacuation of, by Union forces.	North Carolina	Apr. 26–30, 1864.
Washington and Issaquena Counties, operations in.	Mississippi	Oct. 24–31, 1864.
Washita Cove (see Scott's Farm)	Arkansas	
Watauga Bridge, destruction of	Tennessee	Dec. 30, 1862.
Watauga River*	Tennessee	Sept. 29, 1864.
Wateree River, near*	South Carolina	Feb. 22, 1865.
Waterford	Virginia	Aug. 27,* Dec. 14, 1862.
Waterford*	Virginia	Aug. 8, 1863.
Waterford, near*	Virginia	May 17, 1864.
Waterford*	Mississippi	Nov. 29–30, 1862.
Waterhouse's Mill*	Tennessee	Apr. 19, 20, 1864.
Waterloo*	Alabama	Feb. 12, 1865.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Waterloo, near *	Louisiana	Oct. 20, 1864.
Waterloo, naval	Louisiana	Feb. 14–16, 1864.
Waterloo	Virginia	Nov. 14, 1862.
Waterloo Bridge	Virginia	Aug. 24–25,30,* Nov. 7, 1862.
Waterproof *	Louisiana	Apr. 20, 1864.
Waterproof, U. S. S. Welcome	Louisiana	Nov. 21, 1863.
Waterproof and Sicily Island, expedition to, from Natchez.	Mississippi	Sept. 26–30, 1864.
Water Valley *	Mississippi	Dec. 4, 18, 1862.
Water Witch, U. S. gunboat, capture of Ossabaw Sound.	Georgia	June 3, 1864.
Watkin's Bluff, or Reeds Bluff, naval	Virginia	June 20, 1862.
Watkin's Ferry	Georgia	May 3, 1862.
Watkin's House	Virginia	Mar. 25, 1865.
Watkin's Plantation	Alabama	July 31, 1864.
Wauhatchie	Tennessee	Oct. 28–29, 1863.
Waverly	Missouri	June 1, 1863.
Waverly (see Miami, operations about)	Missouri	
Waverly	Tennessee	Oct. 23, 28, 1862.
Wayman's Mill * (see Spring Creek)	Missouri	
Wayne County *	Missouri	Apr. 26, 1864.
Wayne Court-House *	West Virginia	Aug. 26, 1861.
Wayne Court-House *	West Virginia	Jan. 27, 1864.
Waynesborough, near and at	Georgia	Nov. 28, Dec. 4, 1864.
Waynesborough, attack on trains	Pennsylvania	July 6, 1863.
Waynesborough *	Virginia	June 10, Sept. 29, 1864.
Waynesborough	Virginia	Mar. 2, 1865.
Waynesville *	Missouri	May 31, 1862.
Wanesville, scout to Big Piney	Missouri	July 6–8, 1862.
Waynesville, near *	Missouri	Aug. 25, 1863.
Waynesville, King's House, near	Missouri	Oct. 26, 1863.
Waynesville *	Missouri	Sept. 30, 1864.
Waynesville (see Big Piney)	Missouri	
Waynesville, near *	Missouri	May 23, 1865.
Weaverville, at and near *	Virginia	Aug. 27, Oct. 31, 1863.
Weaverville, crossing of Mad River *	California	July 9, 1862.
Webb, Confederate steamer, destruction of.		Apr. 24, 1865.
Webber's Falls *	Indian Territory	Apr. 11, 25, Sept. 9, Oct. 12, 1863.
Webster	Missouri	Aug. 23, 1864.
Webster, Washington County, attack on	Missouri	July 19, 1864.
Webster County *	West Virginia	Dec. 29–30, 1861.
Weed, Harriet A., U. S. transport, destruction of, in St. John's River.	Florida	May 9, 1864.
Weehawken, U. S. S. (see Warsaw Sound.)	Georgia	
Weem's Springs *	Tennessee	Aug. 19, 1863.
Welaka	Florida	May 19, 1864.
Welaka *	Florida	Mar. 19, 1865.
Welaka, Braddock's Farm	Florida	Feb. 5, 1865.
Welch's, or Flowing Spring, near Charlestown.*	West Virginia	Aug. 21, 1864.
Weldon, N. C., expedition (see Deep Bottom).	Virginia	
Weldon Railroad, including Globe Tavern, Yellow House, Blick's Station.	Virginia	Aug. 18–21, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Weldon Railroad, Wilson's raid on	Virginia	June 22–30, 1864.
Welford's Ford, near*	Virginia	Aug. 9, 1863.
Wellington, near	Missouri	June 17, Aug. 14, 1863.
Well's Plantation*	Louisiana	May 2, 6, 1864.
Wells's Hill*	Tennessee	Sept. 28, 1864.
Wentzville*	Missouri	July 15–17, 1861.
West Branch, River, mouth of, near Norfleet House, Nansemond River, Army and Navy.	Virginia	Apr. 13–15, 1864.
West Bridge, near Bridgeport	Alabama	Apr. 29, 1862.
Westbrook's, near Fairburn*	Georgia	Oct. 2, 1864.
West Chickamauga Creek (see Owen's Ford).	Georgia	
West Creek*	West Virginia	May 23, 1863.
West Cross-Roads*	South Carolina	Feb. 25, 1865.
Western Bar, naval	North Carolina	Jan. 18–19, 1865.
Westfield, U. S. S., destruction of (see Galveston.)	Texas	Jan. 1, 1863.
West Fork, mouth of	West Virginia	June 10, 1862.
West Harpeth River	Tennessee	Dec. 17, 1864.
West Liberty*	Kentucky	Oct. 23, 1861.
West Liberty	Kentucky	Sept. 26, 1862.
West Liberty*	Kentucky	Oct. 12, 1863.
Westminster*	Maryland	June 29–30, 1863.
Weston, near	Kentucky	Sept. 14, 1864.
Weston	West Virginia	Sept. 3, 1862.
Weston, capture of	West Virginia	Aug. 31, 1862.
Westover	Virginia	July 4, 22, 1862.
West Plains*	Missouri	Feb. 19, 1862.
West Point, scout to Deval's Bluff*	Arkansas	Nov. 16–18, 1864.
West Point*	Arkansas	Aug. 14, 1863.
West Point*	Arkansas	June 16, 1864.
West Point (see Fort Tyler)	Georgia	
West Point, near*	Mississippi	Feb. 20, 21, 1864.
West Point*	Missouri	Aug. 14, 1863.
West Point	Virginia	May 5, 1864.
West Point, Barhamsville or Eltham's Landing.	Virginia	May 7, 1862.
West Point, Pamunkey River	Virginia	Apr. 16, 1863.
West Point, evacuated by U. S. A	Virginia	May 31–June 1, 1863.
West Point, occupied by U. S. A	Virginia	May 7, 1863.
Westport, near*	Missouri	June 17, 1863.
Westport	Missouri	Oct. 23, 1864.
Wests Cross Roads*	South Carolina	Feb. 25, 1865.
West Union*	West Virginia	May 6, 1863.
West Virginia, campaign in		June 25–July 17, 1861.
West Glaze-Henrytown, Monday's Hollow, or Shanghai.	Missouri	Oct. 13, 1861.
Wetumpka*	Alabama	Apr. 13, May 4, 1865.
Weyer's Cave	Virginia	Sept. 26, 27, 1864.
Whaley's Mill, or Bragg's Farm*	Missouri	Sept. 13, 1862.
Wheeler's, near Neosho (see Widow)	Missouri	
Wheeler's raid	Tennessee	Jan. 8–14, 1862.
Wheeler's raid in northern Georgia and eastern Tennessee.		Aug. 10–Sept. 9, 1864.
Whippoorwill Creek*	Kentucky	Dec. 1, 1861.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Whippy Swamp (see Barker's Mill)	South Carolina	
Whippy Swamp Creek*	South Carolina	Feb. 1, 1865.
Whistler, or Eight Mile Creek Bridge*	Alabama	Apr. 13, 1865.
White Cloud, steamer, attack on, on Mississippi River near Port Hudson.	Louisiana	Aug. 29, 1864.
White County	Arkansas	May 27, 1862.
White County*	Arkansas	Feb. 9, 1864.
White County*	Tennessee	Jan. 16, 1864.
White Hall	North Carolina	Dec. 16, 1862.
White Hall Bridge	North Carolina	Dec. 15, 1862.
White Hall Point, naval	Louisiana	July 10, 1863.
White Hare, near*	Missouri	June 15, 1864.
White House, destruction of stores	Virginia	June 28, 1862.
White House, near Hilton Head	South Carolina	June 13, 1862.
White House*	Virginia	June 20, 1864.
White House, naval	Virginia	June 20–23, 1864.
White House, or St. Peter's Church*	Virginia	June 21, 1864.
White House, capture of Confederate steamer.	Virginia	Sept. 25, 1863.
White House Landing	Virginia	Between May 9 and 12, June 12, 1864.
Whiteley's Mills*	Arkansas	Apr. 5, 1864.
Whitemarsh, or Wilmington Island	Georgia	Apr. 16,* 30–31, 1862.
Whitemarsh Island*	Georgia	Feb. 22, 1864.
White Oak	Virginia	May 27, 1862.
White Oak Bayou*	Mississippi	July 24, 1862.
White Oak Creek*	Arkansas	Apr. 14, Aug. 11, Sept. 29, 1864.
White Oak Creek*	North Carolina	Jan. 19, 1863.
White Oak Creek*	Tennessee	Apr. 1, 1865.
White Oak Ridge*	Missouri	Aug. 18, 1862.
White Oak Road*	Virginia	Apr. 1, 1865.
White Oak Road, or *Ridge*	Virginia	Mar. 31, 1865.
White Oak Springs*	Kentucky	Aug. 17, 1864.
White Oak Springs	Tennessee	Oct. 24, 1862.
White Oak Swamp, near	Virginia	July 10, 1862.
White Oak Swamp, Glendale, Charles City Cross-Roads, Nelson's Farm, Frazier's Farm, Turkey Bridge, Willis Church, and New Market, Cross-Roads.	Virginia	June 30, 1862.
White Oak Swamp*	Virginia	June 13, 1864.
White Oak Swamp Bridge	Virginia	Aug. 5, 1862.
White Plains*	Virginia	Sept. 12, 1863.
White Plains, scout from Vienna and skirmish.	Virginia	Dec. 28–31, 1865.
White Plains, near*	Virginia	Oct. 11, 1864.
White Point	South Carolina	Apr. 29, 1862.
White Point, near*	South Carolina	July 3, 1864.
White Point, naval	South Carolina	Jan. 30, 1865.
White Pond, near*	South Carolina	Feb. 8, 1865.
White Post*	Virginia	June 13, 1863.
White Post, near Toll Gate	Virginia	Aug. 11, 1864.
White Range	Tennessee	Nov. 7, 1862.
White River*	Arkansas	May 6, 1862.
White River	Arkansas	Sept. 14, 1864.
White River*	Arkansas	Mar. 6, Apr. 9, 1863.
White River (see Tyler, U. S. S.)	Arkansas	
White River, attack on steamer	Arkansas	Oct. 11, 22, 1864.
White River, near	Arkansas	Mar. 25, 1864.
White River (see Resolute, steamer)	Arkansas	

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
White River (see Union transport)	Arkansas	
White River*	Missouri	Apr. 17, 1863.
White River (see Fawn, U. S. S.)	Arkansas	
White River, expedition from mouth of, to Helena.	Arkansas	Aug. 5–8, 1862.
White River, expedition from Helena, with affair at Kendall's Grist Mill.	Arkansas	Aug. 29–Sept. 3, 1864.
White River, expedition up, from Devall's Bluff.	Arkansas	Dec. 13–15, 1864.
White River, near Forsyth*	Missouri	Aug. 4, 1862.
White River, near head of*	Arkansas	Mar. 22, 1863.
White River, Oxford Bend	Arkansas	Oct. 28, 1862.
White River, operations on	Arkansas	June 10–July 14, 1862.
White River Station*	Arkansas	June 22, 1864.
White River (see Commercial, steamer)	Arkansas	
White River (see Naumkeag)	Arkansas	
White Spring, Boston Mountains*	Arkansas	Jan. 2, 1863.
White Stone Hill, near	Dakota	Sept. 3, 5,* 1863.
White Sulphur Springs (see Sulphur Springs).	Virginia	
White Water Bridge, near*	Missouri	Apr. 27, 1863.
White's Bridge*	Virginia	May 8, 1864.
Whitesburg*	Alabama	May 29, 1862.
White's Farm	Kentucky	Aug. 30, 1862.
White's Ford	Maryland	Oct. 12, 1862.
White's Ford*	Virginia	Sept. 21–22, 1863.
White's Ranch*	Texas	May 13, 1865.
White's Station, near*	Tennessee	June 20, July 26, Dec. 4, 25, 1864.
White Sulphur Springs, Rocky Gap	West Virginia	Aug. 26–27, 1863.
White's Taverns (see Deep Bottom)	Virginia	
Whiteside, Black Creek*	Florida	July 27, 1864.
Whitesville*	Florida	July 24, 1864.
Whitmore's Mill*	Arkansas	Apr. 30, 1864.
Widow Serratt's, near Corinth*	Mississippi	May 21, 1862.
Widow Wheeler's, southwest of Neosho	Missouri	Oct. 4, 1863.
Wiggenton's Mills, Aquia Creek*	Virginia	Feb. 6, 1863.
Wilcox's Bridge (see Wise's Fork)	North Carolina	
Wilcox's Landing	Virginia	Aug. 3, 1864.
Wild Cat*	Kentucky	Oct. 19–20, 1862.
Wild Cat Camp	Kentucky	Oct. 21, 1861.
Wild Cat Mountain, Mount Vernon	Kentucky	Oct. 16, 1862.
Wilderness	Virginia	May 5–7, 1864.
Wilderness Church, capture of wagon train.	Virginia	Nov. 27, 1863.
Wilkesborough*	North Carolina	Mar. 29, 1865.
Wilkinson's Cross Roads*	Tennessee	Dec. 29, 31, 1862.
William's Bridge*	Louisiana	May 1, 1863.
Williamsburg	Virginia	May 4, Sept. 9, 1862.
Williamsburg	Virginia	May 5, 1862.
Williamsburg	Virginia	Mar. 29, Apr. 11, 1863.
Williamsburg	Virginia	Feb. 11, 1865.
Williamsburg*	Kentucky	July 25, 1863.
Williamsburg, expedition to Bottom's Bridge and skirmishes.	Virginia	Aug. 26–29, 1863.
Williamsburg, expedition to Charles City Court-House and skirmishes.	Virginia	Dec. 12–14, 1863.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Williamsburg Road	Virginia	June 29, 1862.
Williamsport, at and near *	Maryland	Sept. 11, 19, 20, 1862.
Williamsport, pickets opposite	Maryland	Oct. 20, 1862.
Williamsport, at and near	Maryland	June 15,* July 6, 8,* 14,*, 1863.
Williamsport *	Maryland	July 25, Aug. 5, 26, 1864.
Williamsport	Louisiana	Sept. 16,* Nov. 25, 1864.
Williamsport	Tennessee	Aug. 11, 1862.
Williamsport, Jones' Cross Roads *	Maryland	July 10–13, 1863.
Williamston *	North Carolina	Nov. 2, 1862.
Williams' Valley *	California	Apr. 9, 1863.
Willis' Church (see Charles City Cross Roads and White Oak Swamp).	Virginia	
Willis' Church, or James River Road	Virginia	June 29, 1862.
Williston *	South Carolina	Feb. 8, 1865.
Willow Creek, near, on Trinity River *	California	Nov. 17, 1863.
Willow Springs *	Mississippi	May 3, 1863.
Wills' Creek	Alabama	Sept. 1, 1863.
Will's Hill *	Tennessee	Sept. 28, 1864.
Willstown	South Carolina	Apr. 29, 1862.
Willstown Bluff, Pou Pou River	South Carolina	July 10, 1863.
Wills' Valley *	Alabama	Aug. 31, 1863.
Wilmington Island (see Whitemarsh Island).	Georgia	
Wilmington Narrows, naval	Georgia	Jan. 26–28, 1862.
Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, expedition against.	North Carolina	June 20–25, 1864.
Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, raid against.	North Carolina	July 3–7, 1863.
Wilmington, Union forces occupy	North Carolina	Feb. 22, 1865.
Wilson Creek Pike	Tennessee	Dec. 12, 21, 25, 1862.
Wilson's Creek, Springfield or Oak Hills	Missouri	Aug. 10, 1861.
Wilson's Gap (see Rogers Gap) *	Tennessee	June 10, 18, 1862.
Wilson's Landing *	Louisiana	May 2, 14, 1864.
Wilson's Plantation, near Pleasant Hill *	Louisiana	Apr. 7, 1864.
Wilson's Plantation, naval	Louisiana	May 4, 1864.
Wilson's Raid on Weldon Railroad	Virginia	June 22–30, 1864.
Wilson's Raid from Chickasaw to Selma, Alabama, and Macon, Georgia.		Mar. 22–April 24, 1865.
Wilson's Store *	South Carolina	Mar. 1, 1865.
Wilsonville, capture of forage train near	Tennessee	Jan. 22, 1864.
Wilson's Wharf	Virginia	May 24, 1864.
Wilson's Wharf, signal station	Virginia	May 6, 1864.
Winchester, near *	Kentucky	July 29, 1863.
Winchester	Tennessee	May 22, 24, June 4, 10, 16, 1862.
Winchester, near *	Tennessee	Sept. 26, Nov. 22, 1863.
Winchester Boiling Fork, near	Tennessee	July 3, 1863.
Winchester *	Tennessee	May 10, 1864.
Winchester, guerrillas at	Tennessee	May 29, 1864.
Winchester, capture of train near	Virginia	Aug. 23, 1862.
Winchester, abandoned by C. S. A.	Virginia	Mar. 11–12, 1862.
Winchester, abandoned by U. S. A.	Virginia	Sept. 2, 1862.
Winchester, near	Virginia	Nov. 22, 1862.
Winchester	Virginia	Mar. 7, May 25, June 18–19, 1862.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Winchester and Kernstown	Virginia	Mar. 22–23, 1862.
Winchester, at and near	Virginia	Feb. 25*–26, Mar. 19*, Apr. 8*, Nov. 13, 1863.
Winchester	Virginia	June 13–15, 1863.
Winchester, at and near	Virginia	Jan. 3,* Feb. 5, Mar. 22,* Apr. 8,* 26,* Aug. 11,* 17, Sept. 7,* 13,* 24,* 1864.
Winchester or Kernstown	Virginia	July 24, 1864.
Winchester, Opequon Creek*	Virginia	June 13, 1863.
Winchester or Opequon	Virginia	Sept. 19, 1864.
Winchester Pike (see Opequon)	Virginia	
Winchester expedition (see Camp Russell and Camp Averell).	Virginia	
Winchester, expedition into Fauquier and Loudoun counties.	Virginia	Nov. 28–Dec. 3, 1864.
Winchester, expedition to near Gordonsville.	Virginia	Dec. 19–28, 1864.
Winchester, expedition to Moorefield	West Virginia	Feb. 4–6, 1865.
Winchester, expedition to front of Petersburg.	Virginia	Feb. 27–Mar. 28, 1865.
Windsor	Virginia	Dec. 22, 1862.
Windsor	Virginia	Mar. 9, 1863.
Windsor*	North Carolina	Jan. 30, 1864.
Winfield*	North Carolina	Mar. 23, 1863.
Winfield	West Virginia	Oct. 26, 1864.
Winter's Gap*	Tennessee	Aug. 31, 1863.
Winton	North Carolina	Feb. 19, 1862.
Winton's Gap*	Alabama	Sept. 8, 1863.
Winyaw Bay, naval operations in	South Carolina	May 21–25, 1862.
Winyaw Bay, naval operations in	South Carolina	April 20–21, 1864.
Wire Bridge	West Virginia	Aug. 16, 1862.
Wire Bridge*	West Virginia	June 26, 1864.
Wisconsin Ranch, near Valley Station*	Colorado	Jan. 15, 1865.
Wise's Cross Roads*	North Carolina	April 28, 1863.
*Wise's Cross Roads**	North Carolina	Dec. 12, 1862.
Wise's Forks, or Kinston	North Carolina	Mar. 8–10, 1865.
Witcher's expedition into West Virginia		Sept. 17–18, 1864.
Wither's Swash, naval expedition to South Carolina.		Apr. 22, 1864.
Wolf Creek*	Arkansas	Apr. 2, 1864.
Wolf Creek	West Virginia	May 15, 1862.
Wolf Creek (see Osborn's)	Mississippi	June 4, 1862.
Wolf Creek Bridge, near Memphis*	Tennessee	Sept. 23, 1862.
Wolf River*	Kentucky	May 18, 1864.
Wolf River	Tennessee	July 13, 1862.
Wolf River Bridge (see Moscow)	Tennessee	
Wolf's Plantation*	South Carolina	Feb. 14, 1865.
Wolftown	Virginia	Aug. 7, 1862.
Woodall's Bridge*	Alabama	Apr. 7, 1864.
Woodburn, at and near*	Kentucky	Sept. 10, 12, 1862.
Woodburn, near and at*	Kentucky	Apr. 27, May 13, July 5, 1863.
Woodbury, at and near*	Kentucky	Oct. 19, 1861.
Woodbury*	Tennessee	Jan. 19, 24, Mar. 1, Apr. 4, May 24, 25, 1863.
Woodbury*	Tennessee	Sept. 10, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Woodbury Pike	Tennessee	Mar. 27, 1863.
Woodbury Pike (see Cripple Creek)	Tennessee	
Woodbury, Round Mountain	Tennessee	Aug. 27, 1862.
Wood Creek *	Missouri	Jan. 11, 1863.
Wood Grove *	Virginia	July 16, 1864.
Wood Lake, near Yellow Medicine (Indians).	Minnesota	Sept. 23, 1862.
Woodson, near *	Missouri	Nov. 26, 1863.
Woodson's Gap	Tennessee	Apr. 17, 1862.
Woodsonville (see Rowlett's Station)	Kentucky	Dec. 17, 1861.
Woodsonville, siege of	Kentucky	Sept. 14–17, 1862.
Wood Springs, near Dyersburg	Tennessee	Aug. 7, 1862.
Woodstock, advance to	Virginia	Apr. 1–2, 1862.
Woodstock *	Virginia	May 18, June 2, 1862.
Woodstock *	Virginia	Feb. 25, 26, Nov. 16, 1863.
Woodstock *	Virginia	Sept. 23, 1864.
Woodstock *	Virginia	Mar. 14, 1865.
Woodville, at and near	Alabama	June 4, Aug. 4, 1862.
Woodville	Alabama	Jan. 23, 1864.
Woodville	Tennessee	Oct. 21, 1862.
Woodville *	Virginia	Sept. 30, Nov. 24, 1863.
Woodville Island, naval	South Carolina	Apr. 27, 1862.
Woodville, expedition. (See Natchez.)		
Wormley's Ferry, Pamunkey River	Virginia	June 2, 1862.
Worsham's Creek *	Mississippi	Nov. 6, 1862.
Worthington	West Virginia	Sept. 2, 1861.
Worthington's Landing *	Arkansas	June 5, 1864.
Wright County *	Missouri	July 22, 1864.
Wrightsville *	Pennsylvania	June 28, 1863.
Wyatt	Mississippi	Oct. 13, 1863.
Wyatt's (see Poplar Spring Church)	Virginia	
Wyerman's Mills, on Indian Creek *	Virginia	Feb. 22, 1864.
Wyoming Court-House *	West Virginia	Aug. 5, 1862.
Wytheville, capture of	Virginia	Dec. 16, 1864.
Wytheville, near	Virginia	May 10, 1864.
Wytheville	Virginia	Apr. 6, 1865.
Yankee, U. S. S. (see Potomac Creek)	Virginia	
Yankeetown	Tennessee	Nov. 25, 30, 1863.
Yazoo Batteries	Mississippi	Dec. 27, 29, 1862.
Yazoo City *	Mississippi	Oct. 31, 1863.
Yazoo City, capture of	Mississippi	July —, 1863.
Yazoo City, naval	Mississippi	May 21, July 18, 1863.
Yazoo City, attack on, and abandoned by U. S. A.	Mississippi	Mar. 5, 6, 1864.
Yazoo City, near *	Mississippi	Feb. 28, 1864.
Yazoo City, naval	Mississippi	Apr. 21–22, 1864.
Yazoo expedition	Mississippi	Feb. 1, Mar. 8, 1864.
Yazoo Pass, near *	Mississippi	Feb. 16, 19, 1863.
Yazoo River, action of the U. S. S. Carondelete, Tyler, and Queen of the West with the C. S. S. Arkansas (ironclad).	Mississippi	July 15, 1862.
Yazoo River, expedition up	Mississippi	Feb. 1–Mar. 8, 1864.
Yazoo River *	Mississippi	May 29, 1864.
Yazoo River (see Snyder's Mill)	Mississippi	
Yell County *	Arkansas	Aug. 22, 1864.
Yell County, scout and skirmish *	Arkansas	July 22–Aug. 11, 1864.

Alphabetical list of the battles (with dates) of the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[All places and dates starred are skirmishes, but all skirmishes may not be starred.]

PLACE.	STATE.	DATE.
Yellow Bayou	Louisiana	May 10, 17, 19, 1864.
Yellow Bayou (Bayou de Gloize, Norwood's plantation or Old Oaks).	Louisiana	May 18, 1864.
Yellow Creek or Muscle Fork, Chariton River.*	Missouri	Aug. 13, 1862.
Yellow Creek*	Tennessee	May 22, July 5, 1863.
Yellow House (see Weldon Railroad)	Virginia	
Yellow Medicine (see Wood Lake)	Minnesota	
Yellow Tavern	Virginia	May 11, 1864.
Yellville, near*	Arkansas	Mar. 13–26, 1864.
Yellville*	Arkansas	June 25, 1862.
Yeocomico River, naval	Virginia	Sept. 16, 1862.
Yocknapatalfa, near Mitchell's Cross Roads.*	Mississippi	Dec. 1, 3, 1862.
Yocum Creek*	Missouri	Nov. 15, 1862.
York, surrendered to the Confederates	Pennsylvania	June 27, 1863.
York, occupied by Union troops	Pennsylvania	June 30, 1863.
Yorktown, expedition from, to West Point.	Virginia	Feb. 23–24, 1865.
Yorktown, naval	Virginia	May 1, 1862.
Yorktown, occupied by Union troops	Virginia	May 4, 1862.
Yorktown, redoubt before	Virginia	Apr. 26, 1862.
Yorktown*	Virginia	Apr. 11, 1862.
Yorktown Road, near	Virginia	Apr. 5, 1862.
Yorktown, siege of	Virginia	Apr. 5, May 4, 1862.
Yorktown, expedition to South Anna Bridge and skirmish.	Virginia	June 23–28, 1863.
Yorktown and Warwick roads, junction of.*	Virginia	Apr. 5, 1862.
Yorkville, near*	Tennessee	Jan. 28, 1863.
Young's Branch (Bull Run)	Virginia	July 21, 1861.
Young's Cross Roads*	North Carolina	May 15, 16, July 27, 1862.
Young's Mills, near Newport News	Virginia	Oct. 21, 1861.
Young's Point	Louisiana	June 7, 1863.
Yreka Road, near Fort Crook*	California	Sept. 21, 1862.
Zapata's banditti, near Mier	New Mexico	Sept. 2, 1863.
Zoar Church*	Virginia	Mar. 30, 1863.
Zollicoffer	Tennessee	Sept. 20–21, 24, Oct. 19, 1863.
Zuni, near and at	Virginia	May 30, Oct. 3, 25, Nov. 14, Dec. 8, 12, 1862.

GETTYSBURG CAMPAIGN, JUNE 3 TO AUGUST 1, 1863.

Gettysburg, Pa., is recognized by all to have been the greatest battle of the civil war. What is known as the "Gettysburg Campaign," from June 3 to August 1, 1863, included sixty-six battles and skirmishes, which will be found in the following list. The casualties are the aggregate loss of the Union forces, including killed, wounded, and missing:

Location.	Date.	Casualties.
Aldie, Virginia	June 17	305
Aldie, near, Virginia	June 22	5
Ashby's Gap, Virginia	July 12	17
Do	July 20	6
Battle Mountain, near Newby's Cross Roads, Virginia	July 24	20
Beaver Creek. (See Benevola.)		
Benevola, or Beaver Creek, Maryland	July 9	25
Berry's Ferry, Virginia	July 20	6
Berryville, Virginia	June 13	4
Do	June 14	3
Beverly Ford. (See Brandy Station.)		
Boonsborough, Maryland	July 8	80
Brandy Station (Fleetwood) and Beverly Ford, Virginia	June 9	837
Brandy Station, Virginia	Aug. 1	145
Bunker Hill, West Virginia	June 13	97
Carlisle, Pennsylvania	July 1	12
Catoctin Creek and Point of Rocks, Maryland	June 17	30
Chester Gap, Virginia	July 21–22	25
Cunninghan's Cross Roads, Pennsylvania	July 5	3
Deep Run. (See Franklin's Crossing.)		
Downsville, Maryland	July 7	2
Emmitsburg, Maryland	July 4	68
Fairfax Court-House, near, Virginia	June 27	73
Fairfax Gap, Pennsylvania	July 4	21
Fairfield, near, Pennsylvania	July 5	7
Falling Waters, Maryland	July 14	121
Fayetteville, near, Virginia	June 3	4
Fleetwood. (See Brandy Station.)		
Franklin's Crossing, Deep Run, Virginia	June 5–13	57
Funkstown, Maryland	July 7	65
Do	July 10–13	97
Gaines Cross Roads, near, Virginia	July 23	6
Gainesville, near, Virginia	June 21	9
Gettysburg, near, Pennsylvania	June 26	176
Gettysburg, Pennsylvania	July 1–4*	23,003
Greencastle, Pennsylvania	June 22	1
Greencastle, near, Pennsylvania	July 5	19
Hagerstown, Maryland	July 6	263
Do	July 10–13	49
Halltown, West Virginia	July 15	5
Hanover, Pennsylvania	June 30	215
Harpers Ferry, near, West Virginia	July 14	25
Harrisburg, near, Pennsylvania. (See Sporting Hill.)		
Hay Market. (See Thoroughfare Gap.)		
Hedgesville and Martinsburg, West Virginia	July 18–19	5
Jones' Cross Roads, Maryland	July 10–13	11
McConnellsburg, Pennsylvania	June 25	10
Manassas Gap. (See Wapping Heights.)		
Manassas Gap, Virginia	July 21–22	29
Martinsburg. (See Hedgesville.)		
Martinsburg, West Virginia	June 14	159
Middleburg, Virginia	June 17–18	270
Do	June 19	99
Monterey Gap, Pennsylvania	July 4	43
Muddy Branch, Maryland	June 29	7
Newby's Cross-Roads. (See Battle Mountain.)		
Opequon Creek, Virginia	June 13	17
Point of Rocks. (See Catoctin Creek.)		
Rockville, near, Maryland	June 28	19
Shepherdstown, West Virginia	July 15	1
Do	July 16	104
Smithburg, Maryland	July 5	10
Snicker's Gap, Virginia	July 17	4
Snicker's Gap, near, Virginia	July 23	4
Sporting Hill, near Harrisburg, Pennsylvania	June 30	9
Stevensburg, Virginia	June 9	29
Thoroughfare Gap and Hay Market, Virginia	June 21–25	48
Upperville, Virginia	June 21	209
Wapping Heights, Manassas Gap	July 23	103
Westminster, Maryland	June 29	49
Williamsport, Maryland	June 15	3
Do	July 6	120
Williamsport, near, Maryland	July 8	4
Do	July 14	7
Winchester, Virginia	June 13–15	4,443
Wrightsville, Pennsylvania	June 28	23
Miscellaneous affairs en route		242

* In Rebellion Record as July 1–3.

The grand total of casualties in the above-named engagements was as follows:

	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Total.
Killed	288	3,271	3,559
Wounded	1,288	15,256	16,544
Captured or missing	406	11,488	11,894
Total	1,982	30,015	31,997

From a document compiled under direction of Gen. R. C. Drum, Adjutant-General U. S. A., 1888.

CASUALTIES OF THE UNION ARMIES, 1861–1865.

The following is the total casualties of the armies of the United States during the war of the rebellion, 1861–1865 (prepared by the Adjutant-General's Office):

Killed in battle	67,058
Died of wounds	43,012
Died of disease	199,720
Died of other causes	40,154
Total died	349,944
Deserted	199,105
Captured	212,608
Paroled on the field	16,431
Died while prisoners	30,156

CASUALTIES OF THE CONFEDERATE ARMY.

Killed in battle	Number not given.
Died of wounds or disease (partial statement)	133,821
Deserted (partial statement)	104,428
Captured	476,169
Paroled on the field	248,599
Died while prisoners	30,152

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF THE NUMBER OF MEN FURNISHED, AND OF THE DEATHS IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY DURING THE WAR OF THE REBELLION.*

[Number of deaths in the Navy and Marine Corps not included.]

States, Territories, &c.	Men furnished.					Aggregate number of deaths.
	White troops.	Sailors and marines.	Colored troops.	Indians.	Total.	
Alabama	2,576				2,576	345
Arkansas	8,289				8,289	1,713
California	15,725				15,725	573
Colorado	4,903				4,903	323
Connecticut	51,937	2,163	1,764		55,864	5,354
Dakota	206				206	6
Delaware	11,236	94	954		12,284	882
District of Columbia	11,912	1,353	3,269		16,534	290
Florida	1,290				1,290	215
Georgia						15
Illinois	255,057	2,224	1,811		259,092	34,834
Indiana	193,748	1,078	1,537		196,363	26,672
Iowa	75,797	5	440		76,242	13,001
Kansas	18,069		2,080		20,149	2,630
Kentucky	51,743	314	23,703		75,760	10,774
Louisiana	5,224				5,224	945
Maine	64,973	5,030	104		70,107	9,398
Maryland	33,995	3,925	8,718		46,638	2,982
Massachusetts	122,781	19,983	3,966		146,730	13,942
Michigan	85,479	498	1,387		87,364	14,753
Minnesota	23,913	3	104		24,020	2,584
Mississippi	545				545	78

*From a statement prepared in the Adjutant-General's Office, July 15, 1885.

Comparative statement of the number of men furnished, and of the deaths in the United States Army during the war of the rebellion—Continued.

[Number of deaths in the Navy and Marine Corps not included.]

States, Territories, &c.	Men furnished.					Aggregate number of deaths.
	White troops.	Sailors and marines.	Colored troops.	Indians.	Total.	
Missouri	100,616	151	8,344	.....	109,111	10,885
Nebraska	3,157	.....	.....	.....	3,157	239
Nevada	1,080	.....	.....	.....	1,080	33
New Hampshire	32,930	882	125	.....	33,937	4,882
New Jersey	67,500	8,129	1,185	.....	76,814	5,754
New Mexico	6,561	.....	.....	.....	6,561	277
New York	409,561	35,164	4,125	.....	448,850	46,534
North Carolina	3,156	.....	.....	.....	3,156	360
Ohio	304,814	3,274	5,092	.....	313,180	35,475
Oregon	1,810	.....	.....	.....	1,810	45
Pennsylvania	315,017	14,307	8,612	.....	337,936	33,183
Rhode Island	19,521	1,878	1,887	.....	23,286	1,321
Tennessee	31,092	.....	.....	.....	31,092	6,777
Texas	1,965	.....	.....	.....	1,965	141
Vermont	32,549	619	120	.....	33,288	5,224
Virginia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	42
Washington	964	.....	.....	.....	964	22
West Virginia	31,872	.....	196	.....	32,068	4,017
Wisconsin	91,029	133	165	.....	91,327	12,301
Indian nations	.....	.....	.....	3,530	3,530	1,018
Colored troops	.....	.....	99,337	.....	*99,337	†36,847
Veteran Reserve Corps	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,672
U. S. Veteran Volunteers (Hancock's Corps)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	106
U. S. Volunteer Engineers and Sharpshooters	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	552
U. S. Volunteer Infantry	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	243
General and general staff officers, U. S. Volunteers	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	239
Miscellaneous U. S. Volunteers (brigade bands, &c.)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	232
Regular Army	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,708
Grand aggregate	2,494,592	101,207	178,975	3,530	2,778,304	359,528

*Number not credited upon the quotas of any State.
†Includes losses in all colored organizations excepting three regiments from Massachusetts.

EXPLANATORY NOTES.

With the exception of three Massachusetts regiments (organized and officered exclusively by the State authorities) whose casualties are included with those of the white troops from that State, all losses in the 178,975 colored troops are reported separately, irrespective of any credits allowed upon the quotas of the States. The deaths in the excepted regiments aggregated 574.

In all other cases the figures in the column of deaths represent only such as occurred among the white troops and Indians. Information relative to the number of deaths in the Navy and Marine Corps belongs to the Navy Department.

The colored soldiers organized under the direct authority of the General Government and not credited to any State were recruited as follows:

In Alabama, 4,969; Arkansas, 5,526; Colorado, 95; Florida, 1,044; Georgia, 3,486; Louisiana, 24,052; Mississippi, 17,869; North Carolina, 5,035; South Carolina, 5,462; Tennessee, 20,133; Texas, 47; Virginia, 5,723.

There were also 5,896 negro soldiers enlisted at large, or whose credits are not specifically expressed by the records.

Of the number of colored troops credited to the States, 5,052 were obtained under the provisions of section 3, act of Congress approved July 4, 1864, from the States that had seceded.

The number of officers and men of the Regular Army among whom the casualties herein noted occurred is estimated at 67,000; the number in the Veteran Reserve Corps was 60,508; and in Hancock's Veteran Corps, 10,883.

The other organizations of white volunteers organized directly by the United States authorities numbered about 11,000.

CHRONOLOGICAL RECORD OF THE REBELLION, 1860–1865.

1860.

MAY.

9. Nomination of John Bell, of Tennessee, for President, and Edward Everett, of Massachusetts, for Vice-President, at Baltimore, Md., by the Union convention.

NOVEMBER.

6. Lincoln and Hamlin chosen President and Vice-President by the electoral votes of seventeen States.
9. An attempt to seize the arms in Fort Moultrie.
11. Senator Hammond, of South Carolina, resigned.
18. Georgia legislature appropriated $1,000,000 to arm the State; Major Anderson sent to Fort Moultrie to relieve Colonel Gardner.

DECEMBER.

1. Great secession meeting in Memphis.
3. Congress met. President Buchanan denied the right of a State to secede.
10. Howell Cobb, Secretary of the Treasury, resigned; Senator Clay, of Alabama, resigned.
13. An extra session of the Cabinet was held to consider the question of reenforcing Fort Moultrie; President Buchanan opposed it, and reenforcements were not sent.
14. Lewis Cass, Secretary of State, resigned because President Buchanan refused to reenforce Fort Moultrie.
18. The Crittenden compromise introduced in the United States Senate.
20. South Carolina convention adopted a secession ordinance by a unanimous vote.
24. South Carolina members of Congress resigned.
26. Major Anderson left Fort Moultrie and took possession of Fort Sumter.
27. The State troops of South Carolina seized the Government property in Charleston and took possession of Castle Pinckney and Fort Moultrie.
29. John B. Floyd, Secretary of War, resigned because the President refused to withdraw the troops from Fort Sumter.
30. United States arsenal at Charleston seized by State troops.

1861.

JANUARY.

2. Governor Ellis, of North Carolina, took possession of Fort Macon.
3. Georgia State troops seized Fort Pulaski.
4. United States arsenal at Mount Vernon, Ala., seized by State troops.
5. Forts Morgan and Gaines, Ala., seized by State troops.
6. United States arsenal at Apalachicola, Fla., seized by State troops.
7. Fort Marion, Fla., seized by State troops.
8. Jacob B. Thompson, Secretary of the Interior, resigned because the *Star of the West* was sent to Charleston with troops.
9. Steamer *Star of the West*, with supplies for Fort Sumter, fired on by Confederate batteries in Charleston Harbor and driven back; Fort Johnston, N. C., seized by the citizens of Smithville; Mississippi adopted the ordinance of secession.

1861.

10. Florida adopted the ordinance of secession; United States troops transferred from Fort Barrancas to Fort Pickens, Fla.; Fort Caswell, N. C., seized by the citizens of Smithville and Wilmington.
11. P. B. Thomas, Secretary of the Treasury, resigned, and was succeeded by John A. Dix, of New York; governor of Louisiana seized Forts Philip, Jackson, Pike, and Macomb, and the United States arsenal at Baton Rouge; governor of South Carolina demanded the surrender of Fort Sumter, which Major Anderson refused; Alabama adopted the ordinance of secession.
12. Florida State troops took possession of Pensacola Navy-Yard and Forts Barrancas and McRee; surrender of Fort Pickens demanded.
13. Lieutenant Slemmer, in command of Fort Pickens, refused to obey Commodore Armstrong's order to surrender the fort to the Florida troops.
16. Colonel Hayne, of South Carolina, demanded of President Buchanan the surrender of Fort Sumter, which was refused.
18. Virginia appropriated $1,000,000 for the defense of the State.
19. Georgia passed the act of secession.
20. Forts on Ship Island, Mississippi, seized by State troops.
21. Jefferson Davis resigned his seat in the United States Senate; members of Congress from Alabama resigned.
23. Members of Congress from Georgia resigned.
24. The Confederates seized the United States arsenal at Augusta, Ga.
26. Oglethorpe Barracks, at Savannah, Ga., and Fort Jackson seized by State troops.
27. John B. Floyd, late Secretary of War, indicted by the grand jury at Washington, D. C., for maladministration of office and for conspiracy.
29. Kansas admitted into the Union.
30. The North Carolina legislature submitted the convention question to the people. This was the first instance of the will of the people being consulted in regard to the question of secession.

FEBRUARY.

1. Texas passed an ordinance of secession to be submitted to the will of the people; Louisiana seized the United States mint and custom-house at New Orleans.
4. Delegates from the seceded States met at Montgomery, Ala., to organize a Confederate government; peace congress met at Washington, D. C., ex-President Tyler being chosen president.
7. The Choctaw Nation declared its adherence to the Southern Confederacy.
8. United States arsenal at Little Rock, Ark., seized.
9. Jefferson Davis and A. H. Stephens were elected provisional president and vice-president of the Confederate States.
13. Lincoln and Hamlin declared elected after the official count.
16. United States arsenal and barracks at San Antonio, Tex., seized by Confederates.
18. General Twiggs surrendered United States Government property in Texas, valued at $1,200,000, to the Confederacy.
19. General Twiggs superseded by Colonel Waite, U. S. A.; Fort Kearny, Nebr., seized.
23. Unexpected arrival of Lincoln in Washington, having traveled from Illinois secretly because of a plot to assassinate him while passing through Baltimore, Md.

MARCH.

1. General Twiggs expelled from the United States Army; the peace congress adjourned; the Confederate government assumed control of military affairs at Charleston, S. C.
3. General Beauregard took command of Confederate troops at Charleston, S. C.
4. Inauguration of Lincoln and Hamlin; the ordinance of secession was passed by the Texas convention after having been submitted to the people.
6. Fort Brown, Tex., surrendered by Captain Hill, U. S. A.
9. Confederate Congress passed an act to establish an army.
11. General Bragg assumed command of the Confederate forces in Florida.
22. Col. William W. Loring, U. S. A., assumed command of the Department of New Mexico.
28. Vote of Louisiana on secession made public; 20,448 for, 17,926 against.
30. Mississippi convention ratified Confederate constitution by a vote of 78 to 70.

1861.

APRIL.

3. South Carolina convention ratified the Confederate constitution by a vote of 114 to 16.
4. Virginia convention, by a vote of 89 to 45, refused to submit an ordinance of secession to the people.
7. All intercourse between Fort Sumter and Charleston, S. C., stopped by order of General Beauregard.
8. The United States Government notified the South Carolina authorities that provisions would be sent to Major Anderson at Fort Sumter by force, if necessary; the State Department refused to recognize the commissioners from the Confederate States.
11. United States troops were stationed at Washington, D. C.; the Confederate commissioners left Washington, D. C.; General Beauregard demanded the surrender of Fort Sumter; Major Anderson refused.
12. Bombardment of Fort Sumter; Fort Moultrie opened fire at 4 o'clock a. m.; Fort Sumter did not reply until 7 o'clock; Major Anderson had under his command 111 men, including officers, musicians, and laborers.
13. The bombardment continued; by noon most of the woodwork was on fire; General Wigfall came with a flag of truce, and arrangements were made for evacuating the fort; the terms were that the garrison should take all its individual and company property; that they should march out with their side arms in their own way, at their own time, and that they should salute their flag and take it with them; Daniel Hough, private, Battery E, First United States Artillery, was killed by the premature explosion of a cannon while saluting the Union flag on Fort Sumter at the evacuation; he was buried on the 15th, with all the honors of war, by order of General Beauregard, C. S. A.; he was the first soldier killed in the war; Col. Harvey Brown, Second United States Artillery, assumed command of the Department of Florida.
14. Major Anderson and his men sailed for New York.
15. President Lincoln issued a proclamation commanding all persons in arms against the Government to disperse within twenty days, and also called for 75,000 troops; President Lincoln called an extra session of Congress to meet July 4; the governor of North Carolina refused to furnish the quota of militia to the United States; Fort Macon, N. C., seized by State troops.
16. Governor Magoffin declared that "Kentucky would furnish no troops for the wicked purpose of subduing her sister States."
16. The Confederate government called for 32,000 men; the governors of Kentucky, Virginia, Tennessee, and Missouri refused to furnish troops under President Lincoln's proclamation.
17. Virginia convention adopted the ordinance of secession to be submitted to the people; Jefferson Davis issued a proclamation offering letters of marque and reprisal to all who wished to engage in privateering.
18. United States arsenal at Harpers Ferry, Va., destroyed by Lieutenant Jones to prevent it falling into the hands of the Confederates; Colonel Cake with 400 men of the Twenty-fifth Pennsylvania Volunteers arrived in Washington, D. C., the first volunteer troops to enter the city for its defense. Governor Jackson, of Missouri, declared that the requisition of President Lincoln for troops was "illegal, unconstitutional, revolutionary, and diabolical."
19. President Lincoln proclaimed the Southern ports in a state of blockade. The Sixth Massachusetts Volunteers was attacked by a mob while passing through Baltimore, Md., and 3 soldiers were killed; the soldiers fired on the mob, killing 11 and wounding many; Maj. Gen. Robert Patterson, Pennsylvania militia, was assigned to command of the States of Delaware, Maryland, Pennsylvania, and District of Columbia; Philadelphia appropriated $1,000,000 to equip volunteers and support their families.
20. Several bridges on the Northern Pennsylvania Railroad destroyed by Maryland Confederates to prevent the passage of troops to Washington; the Fourth Massachusetts arrived at Fortress Monroe, Va.; the Gosport Navy-Yard destroyed, and several war vessels scuttled by General McCauley to prevent them falling into the hands of the Confederates; the *Cumberland* was towed out; General Butler's command arrived at Annapolis, Md.; United States arsenal at Liberty, Mo., seized by Confederates.
21. The Government took possession of the Philadelphia and Baltimore Railroad; Senator Andrew Johnson, of Tennessee, mobbed at Lynchburg, Va.; Colonel Van Dorn, C. S. A., assumed command in Texas; United States mint at Charlotte, N. C., seized.

1861.

22. United States arsenal at Fayetteville, N. C., seized by State troops; governor of Arkansas refused to furnish quota of militia to United States.
23. Fort Smith, Ark., seized by Confederates; Maj. Gen. R. E. Lee assigned to command of the State military and naval forces in Virginia; United States officers at San Antonio, Tex., seized by Confederates as prisoners of war.
25. Major Sibley surrendered 420 United States troops to Colonel Van Dorn, C. S. A., at Saluria, Tex.; Governor Letcher proclaimed Virginia a member of the Southern Confederacy.
26. Maj. Gen. Joseph E. Johnston assigned to command of Virginia State forces in and about Richmond.
27. All officers of the United States Army were required to take the oath of allegiance to the United States; Brig. Gen. B. F. Butler, Massachusetts militia, assigned to command of Department of Annapolis; Col. K. F. Mansfield, U. S. A., assigned to command of Department of Washington; the Naval Academy at Annapolis, Md., ordered to Fort Adams, R. I.
29. Maryland house of delegates rejected the ordinance of secession by a vote of 63 to 13.

MAY.

1. Governor Letcher, of Virginia, called for volunteers for the Confederate army.
3. Président Lincoln called for 42,000 three-years volunteers, 22,000 for the Regular Army and 18,000 seamen; 14 companies of Kentucky volunteers offered their services to the United States Secretary of War, notwithstanding the governor's refusal; Connecticut legislature appropriated $2,000,000 for military purposes.
4. United States ordnance stores seized at Kansas City, Mo.
5. General Butler took possession of the Relay House, Maryland; Alexandria, Va., abandoned by Confederates.
6. Confederate capital removed to Richmond, Va.; ordinance of secession adopted by Arkansas and Tennessee.
7. Route between Philadelphia, Harrisburg, and Washington, via Baltimore, reestablished; Governor Harris, of Tennessee, placed all the State troops under Confederate control, although the State had not yet seceded.
10. Confederate force of 800 men surrendered to Captain (afterward General) Lyon at St. Louis.
11. Riot at St. Louis, Mo.; blockade of Charleston, S. C., established by steamer *Niagara*.
13. Gen. George B. McClellan, U. S. A., assumed command of Department of the Ohio; Baltimore, Md., occupied by United States troops.
14. Vessel loaded with arms for the Confederate States and a large number of guns seized at Baltimore by Gen. B. F. Butler; Ross Winans, of Baltimore, Md., imprisoned in Fort McHenry.
15. Queen Victoria ordered her subjects to take no part in the war.
16. A bridge on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad destroyed; General Scott ordered that Arlington Heights, Virginia, be fortified.
17. Confederate spies arrested in Washington; Adams Express Company prohibited from carrying letters or packages south of Washington.
20. Governor Magoffin declared the neutrality of Kentucky; ordinance of secession adopted by North Carolina; United States officers took possession of all the telegraphic messages sent during the past year, in order to discover who had been corresponding with the Confederates.
21. Jefferson Davis approved the act compelling payment into the Confederate treasury of all moneys due Northern creditors.
22. Gen. B. F. Butler assigned to command of Fortress Monroe, Va.
24. Thirteen thousand United States troops crossed the Potomac into Virginia; Alexandria and Arlington Heights occupied; Col. E. E. Ellsworth, of the Eleventh New York Infantry (First Fire Zouaves), killed at Alexandria, Va., by Jackson, a hotel keeper, who was instantly shot by Francis E. Brownell.
25. Union troops destroyed 7 bridges and 5 miles of railroad between Alexandria and Leesburg, Va.
26. Western Virginia gave a large majority in favor of the Union; New Orleans blockaded by United States sloop of war *Brooklyn;* all postal service in the seceded States suspended.
28. Brig. Gen. Irwin McDowell, U. S. A., assumed command of Department of Northeastern Virginia.
31. The steamers *Freeborn* and *Anacosta* engaged the Confederate batteries at Aquia Creek, Virginia.

1861.

JUNE.

2. General Beauregard assumed command of the Confederate forces at Manassas Junction, Virginia.
3. Hon. Stephen A. Douglas died at Chicago; the voluntary contributions in the Northern States to carry on the war amounted to over $32,000,000.
6. A company of Confederate cavalry captured at Alexandria, Va., took the oath of allegiance.
8. Virginia State troops transferred to Confederate States.
11. Colonel Canby, U. S. A., reported that Colonel Loring had abandoned the command of the Department of New Mexico.
15. Confederates evacuated Harpers Ferry, armory machinery taken to Richmond; the brig *Perry* arrived at New York with the privateer *Savannah*, captured June 4.
17. Wheeling convention unanimously declared western Virginia independent of the Confederate portion of the State; a train of cars with 275 Ohio volunteers was fired into near Vienna, Va., and 8 men killed and 12 wounded.
20. Union convention elected Frank D. Pierpont governor of Virginia; General McClellan assumed command in person of the army in western Virginia.
23. Forty-eight locomotives, valued at $400,000, and belonging to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, were destroyed by the Confederates.
26. President Lincoln acknowledged the Wheeling government of Virginia.
27. George P. Kane, marshal of Baltimore police, arrested by General Banks and sent to Fort McHenry.
29. Confederates made a dash at Harpers Ferry, destroying several boats and the railroad bridge.

JULY.

1. Congressional election in Kentucky; Union majority nearly 60,000; arrest of Baltimore police commissioners; orders issued for raising United States troops in Kentucky and Tennessee.
4. Congress met in extra session; Confederates seized the Louisville and Nashville Railroad.
8. Brig. Gen. Henry H. Sibley, C. S. A., ordered to Texas to expel Union forces from New Mexico.
11. The following members were expelled from the United States Senate: J. M. Mason and R. M. Hunter, of Virginia; T. L. Clingman and Thomas Bragg, of North Carolina; L. T. Wigfall and J. U. Hemphill, of Texas; C. B. Mitchell and W. K. Sebastian, of Arkansas, and A. O. F. Nicholson, of Tennessee.
15. Military forces, stores, etc., of Arkansas, transferred to Confederate States.
16. President Lincoln authorized to call the militia and accept the services of 500,000 men.
20. Confederate congress met at Richmond.
21. General Banks superseded General Patterson in the command of the Department of the Shenandoah, headquarters in the field.
22. The three-months volunteers began to return home.
23. Department of Maryland created and Gen. John A. Dix placed in command, headquarters at Baltimore; Brig. Gen. W. S. Rosecrans assumed command of the Department of Ohio, embracing a portion of western Virginia.
25. General Frémont appointed to command of Western Department, headquarters at St. Louis; Gen. John A. Dix assumed command of Department of Pennsylvania.
26. Fort Fillmore, N. Mex., treacherously surrendered to the Confederates by Major Lynde, U. S. A.
27. General McClellan took command of the Department of the Potomac.

AUGUST.

1. Gen. R. E. Lee, C. S. A., commanding in western Virginia.
3. Congress passed the confiscation bill and a bill to raise $20,000,000 by direct taxation.
5. The *Alvarado* burned off Fernandina, Fla., by the United States vessel *Vincennes*.
6. Extra session of Congress closed.
7. Village of Hampton, Va., burned by Confederates.

1861.

8. Brig. Gen. U. S. Grant assumed command of the district of Ironton, Mo.; a public dinner and serenade at Baltimore to John C. Breckenridge, of Kentucky; an attempt to address the people prevented by the noise and outcries of Union men.
10. General Lyon killed at the battle of Wilson Creek, Missouri.
14. General Frémont declared martial law in St. Louis.
15. Jefferson Davis ordered all Northern men to leave the South in forty days.
16. President Lincoln issued a proclamation declaring the seceding States in a state of insurrection and prohibiting all intercourse with them.
17. General Wool took command at Fortress Monroe.
20. Major-General McClellan assumed command of the Army of the Potomac.
26. The first naval expedition sailed from Fortress Monroe.
30. Emancipation proclamation issued by General Fremont. (See September 11.)

SEPTEMBER.

1. General Grant assumed command in southern Missouri.
2. Destruction of United States dry dock at Pensacola, Fla.
4. Kentucky invaded by Confederate troops, who commenced fortifications at Heichman, Chalk Cliffs, and Columbus.
6. Paducah, Ky., occupied by Union troops.
7. Kentucky house of representatives directed the stars and stripes to be hoisted over the State house.
11. President Lincoln modified General Fremont's emancipation proclamation, issued August 30; Kentucky house of representatives adopted a resolution directing the Confederate troops to leave the State.
12. Col. J. A. Washington, proprietor of Mount Vernon, killed at battle of Cheat Mountain, West Virginia.
12–17. Arrest of members of Maryland legislature and other citizens of that State.
13. Arrest of several members of the Maryland legislature, by which means the plot to vote the State out of the Union was frustrated.
14. Descent upon Pensacola Navy-Yard by United States gunboats.
18. Col. Frank Blair arrested by order of General Fremont; Maryland legislature closed by provost-marshal—secession members sent to Fort McHenry; Bowling Green, Ky., occupied by Confederates.
19. Governor Morehead, Reuben Merritt, and M. A. Barr arrested in Louisville, Ky., for treason.
21. John C. Breckenridge fled from Frankfort, Ky., to join the Confederates; Gen. A. S. Johnston, C. S. A., called upon Tennessee to furnish 30,000 men.
22. Arkansas and Mississippi called upon to furnish 10,000 men each for the Confederate army.

OCTOBER.

1. Department of New England constituted, General Butler, U. S. A., in command.
7. The Confederate ironclad steamer *Merrimac* made its first appearance in sight of Fortress Monroe.
8. Brig.-Gen. W. T. Sherman superseded General Anderson in command of Department of the Cumberland.
9. Colonel Geary with 400 Pennsylvania troops crossed the Potomac at Harper's Ferry and seized 21,000 bushels of wheat.
11. The Confederate steamer *Theodore* escaped from Charleston, S. C., with Mason and Slidell on board, the Confederate commissioners to Europe; Brig.-Gen. W. S. Rosecrans assumed command of the Department of Western Virginia.
21. Colonel Baker killed at battle of Balls Bluff, Virginia.
29. The second naval expedition, consisting of 80 vessels and 15,000 men, sailed from Fortress Monroe, commanded by Commodore Dupont and Gen. W. T. Sherman.

NOVEMBER.

1. General Scott resigned as commander in chief of the armies of the United States; General McClellan appointed in his place.
2. General Hunter superseded General Fremont in command of the Western Department.
5. Gen. R. E. Lee, C. S. A., assigned to command the Department of South Carolina, Georgia, and eastern Florida.

1861.

8–18. Revolt of Unionists in East Tennessee.
10. By order of the Confederate government, certain United States officers, prisoners at Richmond, Va., were chosen by lot to stand as hostages for the Confederate privateersmen in prison in Philadelphia and New York City.
15. United States frigate *San Jacinto* arrived at Fortress Monroe with Mason and Slidell.
18. Confederate congress met; Capt. A. H. Foote, U. S. N., appointed flag officer of the Western fleet, giving him a rank equal to major-general.
19. Gen. A. S. Johnston, C. S. A., called upon Tennessee to furnish all the troops that could be armed.
20. Review of 70,000 troops near Washington, D. C., by General McClellan; Governor Taylor, of North Carolina, issued a proclamation calling upon the people to return to their allegiance to the United States Government.
27. General McClellan directed the observance of the Sabbath in all the camps of the United States Army; the United States Government assumed control of the Mississippi River below St. Louis, Mo.
29. The British Government forbade the shipment of saltpeter.
30. General Price called upon the people of Missouri for 50,000 volunteers to aid him in securing the State to the Confederacy.

DECEMBER.

3. Congress met; the name of the new State changed from Kanawha to Western Virginia.
4. Queen Victoria issued a proclamation forbidding the shipment of nitrate of soda, brimstone, lead, and firearms from British ports; General Halleck ordered that persons giving aid to the rebels be imprisoned; that those giving information be treated as spies, and that the Union refugees in St. Louis be maintained at the expense of the secessionists of the city; John C. Breckenridge expelled from the United States Senate.
9. Confederate congress passed a bill admitting Kentucky into the Southern Confederacy.
12. Great fire at Charleston, S. C., totally destroying the business portion of the city.
18. General Pope captured 1,300 Confederates, a number of horses and wagons, and 1,000 stand of arms at Milford, Mo.
20. Stone fleet sunk in Charleston Harbor by Union forces; also see January 23, 1862.
21. Brig. Gen. Henry A. Wise assigned to command of Confederate forces in North Carolina.
22. General Halleck ordered that persons who burn bridges and destroy telegraph lines and railroads shall be shot if found guilty, and that the cost for the necessary repairs shall be assessed upon the towns and counties where the destruction is committed.
26. About 200 Government horses burned at Washington, D. C.
27. Mason and Slidell surrendered to the British minister.

1862.

JANUARY.

1. Mason and Slidell left Fort Warren for England, in the British steamer *Rinaldo*.
11. Simon Cameron resigned as Secretary of War, and E. M. Stanton appointed.
19. Battle of Millsprings, Ky., General Zollicoffer, C. S. A., killed.
23. The second stone fleet sunk in Charleston Harbor.
31. Congress passed an act giving the President the authority to take possession of all the railroads and telegraph lines in the United States whenever he thought the public safety required it.

FEBRUARY.

3. Confederate steamer *Nashville* allowed to leave Southampton, England, and the Union gunboat *Tuscarora* detained twenty-four hours, until the *Nashville* escaped.
5. Jesse D. Bright, of Indiana, expelled from the United States Senate.
8. Battle of Roanoke Island, General Burnside captured six forts, taking about 3,000 small arms and destroying all the Confederate fleet except two vessels; 2,500 prisoners and a large quantity of ammunition captured.

1862.

9. Gen. C. P. Stone arrested for treason and sent to Fort Lafayette.
13. General Curtis took possession of Springfield, Mo.
16. Tennessee Iron Works, near Dover, destroyed by the United States gunboat *St. Louis*.
17. Two Confederate regiments of Tennesseeans, unaware of the capture of Fort Donelson, marched into the fort with colors flying and drums beating to reenforce Floyd and Pillow, and were all taken prisoners.
22. Jefferson Davis inaugurated president, and A. H. Stephens, vice-president, of the Southern Confederacy.
23. Forty-two officers and men of the Missouri Cavalry poisoned at Fayetteville, Ark., by a quantity of poisoned meal left behind by the Confederates.
25. Nashville, Tenn., occupied by Union troops.

MARCH.

3. Gen. R. E. Lee's army called to Richmond, Va.
4. Andrew Johnson appointed military governor of Tennessee.
5. Gen. G. T. Beauregard assumes command of the Confederate Army of the Mississippi.
6. President Lincoln recommended that the Government cooperate with any State that would abolish slavery, by giving whatever pecuniary aid was necessary to compensate them for the inconvenience of the change.
8. The Army of the Potomac was divided into five corps by order of the President, the first commanded by Major-General Sumner, the second by Major-General McDowell, the third by Brigadier-General Heintzelman, the fourth by Brigadier-General Keyes, and the fifth by Major-General Banks. Confederate steamers *Merrimac*, *Jamestown*, and *Yorktown* attacked the Union fleet in Hampton Roads, destroying the *Cumberland* and *Congress*, and damaging several other vessels.
9. Duel of the *Monitor* and *Merrimac* in Hampton Roads. After three hours' fighting the *Merrimac* was towed under the protection of the battery at Sewell's Point, but did not renew the contest. The *Monitor* was uninjured.
11. General McClellan relieved of the command of the armies of the United States, but retained command of the Army of the Potomac.
11–12. Winchester, Va., abandoned by Confederates and occupied by Union forces.
13. Gen. R. E. Lee charged with the military operations of the armies of the Confederacy.
14. Brigadier-General Rosecrans assumed command of the Mountain Department.
16. General Garfield, with 600 Ohio and Kentucky Volunteers, surprised and routed the enemy at Pound Gap, Tenn., burned the camp, with arms and munitions, and returned without loss or damage to a single man.
17. Embarkation of the Army of the Potomac for the Peninsula commenced at Alexandria, Va.
18. Jefferson Davis recommended that all paroled Confederate soldiers be released from parole and compelled to reenter the service.
20. Gen. Benjamin F. Butler assumed command of the Department of the Gulf.
24. Anti-Secession meeting at Jacksonville, Fla., which condemned the State Secession convention.
29. Maj. Gen. John A. Dix assigned to command of the Middle Department, headquarters at Baltimore, Md.

APRIL.

2. All United States recruiting officers ordered to return to their respective regiments, the force in the field being deemed sufficient for the speedy termination of the war.
7. Maj. Gen. A. S. Johnston, C. S. A., killed at the battle of Shiloh, Tenn.
9. Jacksonville, Fla., evacuated by Union forces.
10–11. Fort Pulaski, commanding the approach to Savannah, surrendered after a bombardment of thirty hours. The *Merrimac* made her second appearance in Hampton Roads and destroyed 3 small vessels. Congress abolished slavery in the District of Columbia.
17. Grierson's raid. (See May 2.)
18–28. Bombardment and capture of Forts Jackson and St. Philip on the Mississippi. (See April 28.)
24. The Union fleet, having removed the obstructions in the Mississippi, passed Forts Jackson and St. Philip on the way to New Orleans.

1862.

25. Commodore Farragut arrived at New Orleans and took possession of the city; Gen. C. F. Smith died at Savannah, Tenn.
28. Surrender of Forts Jackson and St. Philip, Miss.; while the terms of surrender were being settled the Confederates set fire to the ram *Louisiana* and sent it down against the Union fleet, but it exploded prematurely.

MAY.

9. Major-General Hunter, commanding Department of the South, declared Georgia, Florida, and South Carolina under martial law, and the slaves in those States free. (See May 19th.)
9–12. Confederates evacuated Pensacola, Fla., and destroyed the navy-yard.
10. The Union forces took possession of Norfolk, Va.; the result of this movement was the destruction of the ironclad *Merrimac* and the capture of a number of guns and a large amount of ammunition; Gosport Navy-Yard destroyed by Confederates; naval engagement on the Mississippi above Fort Wright, during which an attempt to board the United States gunboat *Cincinnati* was twice repulsed by the use of hot water and steam.
11. Robert Small, a slave, navigated an armed Confederate steamer with a crew of slaves and their families from Charleston, S. C., and surrendered to the United States blockading fleet.
19. President Lincoln declared General Hunter's proclamation of May 9 to have been issued without authority and therefore void.
30. Union troops took possession of Corinth, Miss.

JUNE.

3. Confederate officers ordered to wear fatigue dress and not to expose themselves unnecessarily in battle, as it is unsoldierlike.
6. Gunboat engagement on the Mississippi, near Memphis; seven Confederate boats were destroyed or captured; after the naval battle Memphis surrendered to the Union troops; General Ashby, C. S. A., killed near Harrisonburg, Va.
7. William B. Mumford hung at New Orleans, by order of Gen. B. F. Butler, for high treason in tearing down the American flag.
18. Union troops occupied Cumberland Gap, Tennessee.
23. Maj. Gen. Henry W. Halleck assumed command of the armies of the United States.
26. General Pope assigned to the command of the Army of Virginia; Maj. Gen. N. P. Banks and Irvin McDowell, U. S. A., assumed command of the Second and Third Corps, Army of Virginia; Commodore Farragut's fleet passed Vicksburg and joined Commodore Davis's fleet above.
27. Bombardment of Vicksburg commenced; General Fremont relieved of his command.
29. Maj. Gen. Franz Sigel, U. S. A., assumed command of the First Corps, Army of Virginia.

JULY.

1. Battle of Malvern Hill and last of the Richmond battles; President Lincoln called for 300,000 additional volunteers.
11. General Halleck appointed commander of all the land forces of the United States; Confederate General Morgan entered Glasgow, Ky., and called upon the Kentuckians to rise.
18. A band of Confederates entered Newburg, Ind., destroyed hospital stores, and captured 250 stand of arms; General Twiggs died.
21. John S. Phelps appointed military governor of Arkansas.
22. Siege of Vicksburg abandoned.

AUGUST.

3. The Confederate General Jeff Thompson defeated near Memphis, Tenn.; General Halleck ordered General McClellan to evacuate the peninsula of Virginia.
4. The Secretary of War ordered a draft of 300,000 men; Confederate ram *Arkansas* destroyed by her crew; General Butler ordered that the subscribers to the Confederate loan fund of $1,250,000 for the defense of New Orleans against the United States Government should be assessed at the rate of one-fourth their subscription, for the support of the poor of the city.

1862.

5. Gen. Robert McCook killed by Confederates while wounded and riding in an ambulance.
8. United States War Department ordered the arrest of all persons who discouraged volunteer enlistments.
16. General McClellan evacuated Harrisons Landing, Virginia.
19. General Wright placed in command of the Department of the Ohio; Col. Rodney Mason surrendered Clarksville, Tenn., to an inferior force without firing a gun, and was cashiered for cowardice.
27. Federal gunboats destroyed the Confederate works at City Point, Va.
28. General Scofield, commanding at St. Louis, assessed $500,000 on the Secessionists of that county to equip the militia enrolled for the defense of the State, and to support their destitute families.

SEPTEMBER.

1. The Union troops evacuated Lexington, Ky.
2. General McClellan appointed to the command of the troops for the defense of Washington; martial law declared in Cincinnati, Ohio, and Newport and Covington, Ky.
5. Confederates began crossing the Potomac into Maryland.
6. Colonel Lowe recaptured Clarksville, Tenn.
7. General Banks assigned to the command of the fortifications in and around Washington; General McClellan took the field at the head of the Army of the Potomac.
11. Governor Curtin, of Pennsylvania, called out 50,000 citizens for immediate service to repel an expected advance of the Confederates into that State.
14. Battle of South Mountain, Maryland; General Reno killed.
15. Harpers Ferry surrendered, after two days' fighting, to the enemy, with all the garrison, consisting of 8,000 men.
16. Mumfordsville, Ky., captured by the Confederates; about 4,000 prisoners taken.
18. Confederates recrossed the Potomac into Virginia, having been in Maryland two weeks; Confederates evacuated Harpers Ferry.
19. General McCook recaptured Mumfordsville, Ky.
22. President Lincoln's emancipation proclamation issued; ten citizens of Missouri who had violated their oath of allegiance to the United States shot at Hudson, Mo., by order of a court-martial.
29. General Nelson was shot by Gen. Jeff. C. Davis at Louisville, Ky.

OCTOBER.

3. Army of the Potomac reviewed by President Lincoln near Harpers Ferry, Va.
10. Confederate cavalry, under General Stuart, entered Chambersburg, Pa., and captured a quantity of small arms and clothing.
18. General Morgan, C. S. A., occupied Lexington, Ky.
22. Confederate salt works in Florida destroyed.
30. General Rosecrans assumed command of the Army of the Cumberland; General Mitchell died at Port Royal, S. C.

NOVEMBER.

1. Ex-President Buchanan published in the Washington National Intelligencer a defense of his administration in regard to the anticipated rebellion in the cotton States.
5. General McClellan relieved of the command of the Army of the Potomac and General Burnside put in his place.
11. Under the cartel the following United States officers were exchanged: Brigadier-generals, 3; colonels, 18; lieutenant-colonels, 19; captains, 431; lieutenants, 545. Confederate officers: Colonels, 27; lieutenant-colonels, 17; captains, 467; lieutenants, 1,085. About 24,000 privates were also exchanged, leaving a balance due the United States of 6,000 privates.
16. President Lincoln enjoined on the United States forces the orderly observance of the Sabbath.
17. Jefferson Davis issued a proclamation that unless General McNeill, of the Missouri Militia, who had hanged 10 guerrillas accused of the murder of a Union citizen, was delivered up to him he would hang 10 United States officers who might fall into his hands.
22. All political State prisoners released by order of the Secretary of War.

1862.

DECEMBER.

1. Third session of Thirty-seventh Congress; President's message recommended the passage of a law guaranteeing compensation to each loyal State that would emancipate its slaves before the year 1900.
6. General Banks's expedition sailed for New Orleans.
7. Confederate General Morgan captured the One hundred and fourth Illinois, the One hundred and sixth and One hundred and eighth Ohio, and a number of the Second Indiana Cavalry at Hartsville, Tenn.; California steamer *Ariel*, captured by the *Alabama*, was released upon a ransom of $228,000, to be paid at the close of the war.
1. The city of Fredericksburg bombarded by Union troops, under cover of which they crossed the Rappahannock.
3. An expedition under Commodore Parker destroyed the Confederate salt works; also five schooners and two sloops in Mob Jack Bay.
4. General Banks's expedition arrived at New Orleans, and Major-General Butler was superseded.
8. Certain Republican Senators having accused Secretaries Seward and Chase of being responsible for the disaster at Fredericksburg, the latter tendered their resignations; but while they were under advisement, General Burnside wrote to General Halleck assuming the responsibility of the failure, and the resignations were not accepted.
9. Holly Springs, Miss., taken by Confederate cavalry, who captured 1,950 officers and men and destroyed commissary stores worth $2,000,000.
3. Proclamation of Jefferson Davis denouncing the conduct of General Butler at New Orleans, and the hanging of Munford and threatening to hang Butler if caught, or any of his officers, and prohibiting any exchange of Federal officers taken prisoner thereafter.
8. Thirty-eight Sioux Indians, convicted of murdering the inhabitants of Minnesota, hanged at Mankato.
1. West Virginia admitted into the Union as a State, taking effect June 20; steamer *Monitor* foundered on the coast of South Carolina.

1863.

JANUARY.

1. The steamer *Harriet Lane* captured by the Confederates at the attack on Galveston, Tex.; the *Westfall*, which had got aground, destroyed to prevent her falling into their hands, Commodore Renshaw and Lieutenants Green and Zimmeran perishing with the vessel by reason of premature explosion; Richard Yeadon, of Charleston, S. C., offered $10,000 (Confederate currency) to any one who would capture and deliver Maj. Gen. Benjamin F. Butler, U. S. A., dead or alive, to any Confederate authority.
6. Jefferson Davis stated in his message to the Confederate congress that, in retaliation for the emancipation proclamation, he would deliver to the State authorities all United States officers captured thereafter, to be treated as criminals.
2. Three Federal transports on the Cumberland River were captured by the enemy; the gunboat *Slidel*, which was in company, surrendered without firing a gun.
1. President Lincoln approved the sentence of the court-martial dismissing Gen. Fitz-John Porter from the Army for disobedience of orders in not reenforcing General Pope at the battle of Manassas, and in neglecting to execute certain maneuvers which would probably have gained the battle.
3. Secretary Stanton authorized the recruiting in Massachusetts of persons of African descent for military duty.
8. General Burnside relieved of the command of the Army of the Potomac and General Hooker appointed in his place; General Sumner and General Franklin were relieved from duty in the Army of the Potomac.

FEBRUARY.

2. The Federal ram *Queen of the West* ran the blockade at Vicksburg, Miss., but was captured April 22 by the Confederates.
5. The United States ram *Queen of the West* destroyed three steamers on the Mississippi, below Vicksburg, laden with stores and munitions of war.

1863.

13. The ironclad *Indianola* ran the blockade at Vicksburg, and was captured.
18. Gunboats commenced the bombardment of Vicksburg.
26. A train of 28 cars on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad captured by the rebels at Woodburn, Ky., and destroyed; conscription bill passed Congress.
27. The Confederate steamer *Nashville*, while attempting to run the blockade, got aground near Fort McAllister, Ga., and was destroyed by the blockading fleet.

MARCH.

3. Confederates blew up their ironclad gunboat *Indianola*, being frightened by the approach of a sham monitor rigged on a flatboat, which had been fitted up to draw the fire of the batteries at Vicksburg in order to ascertain the number and location of the guns.
9. A band of Confederate cavalry passed through the Union lines, entered Fairfax, Va., and captured General Stoughton and a few privates.
10. President Lincoln issued a proclamation warning all deserters to return to service before April 1.
14. Commodore Farragut's fleet attempted to pass the Confederate batteries at Port Hudson, La., but only a part of the vessels succeeded; the *Mississippi* got aground and was destroyed.
17. Two hundred cavalry, under command of General Averill, crossed the Rappahannock, near Kellys' Ford, where but a single horseman could cross at once, and, in the face of a terrible fire from rifle pits and sharpshooters, charged the Confederates in their intrenchments, killing or capturing nearly the whole force; they then encountered Stuart's cavalry and, after a desperate hand-to-hand fight of five hours, routed them, with great loss, capturing 80 prisoners.
20. Major-General Burnside appointed to command of the Department of the Ohio; negro brigade took Jacksonville, Fla.

APRIL.

1. Bread riot in Richmond, Va., by a mob of 3,000 women, who broke open government and private stores, and took bread, clothing, and provisions.
2. An iron steamship, *The Japan*, ostensibly built for the Emperor of China, left Greenock, Scotland, for the coast of France, where she took on 12 Whitworth guns with ammunition, and then hoisted the Confederate flag and became the privateer *Georgia*.
6. General Mitchell, with 300 cavalry, dashed into a Confederate camp near Nashville on a saber charge, capturing 5, killing 15, and capturing all their tents, arms, horses, and equipments.
7. Attack on Charleston; Federal fleet was composed of 9 ironclad vessels, under the command of Commodore Dupont; the fight began on the afternoon of the 7th and lasted about two hours; the *Keokuk* was so badly damaged that she sank in a few hours; several other vessels were temporarily disabled; the fleet was then withdrawn; Colonel Streight's command of 1,700 men captured by Forrest's cavalry, 2 miles from Cedar Bluff, Ga., after severe fighting; Confederate General Van Dorn killed by Dr. Peters, in Maury County, Tenn.
13. General Burnside at Cincinnati, Ohio, issued an order denouncing the penalty of death against all persons found guilty of aiding the rebels, and declaring that all rebel sympathizers should be arrested and sent beyond the lines. New York riot; Irish laborers attacked the negroes.
17. General Banks's command left Baton Rouge, fought three battles, two on land and one on Grand Lake, capturing 2,000 prisoners; six vessels of Porter's fleet ran by the Confederate batteries at Vicksburg, Miss.
18. Fayetteville, Ark., attacked by 3,000 Confederates, with four pieces of artillery; Union forces numbered but 2,000; Confederates were repulsed.
22. Federal ram *Queen of the West* captured in Grand Lake, with Captain Fuller and all her officers and crew, numbering 90; General McClellan's staff disbanded; Baltimore and Ohio Railroad destroyed between Cumberland and Grafton; advance guard of Marmaduke's army, under command of Colonel Newton, was surprised, the entire regiment being either killed or captured by the Union forces under Vandever.

1863.

MAY.

2. Grierson's raid; on the morning of the 17th of April, 1863, the Sixth and Seventh Illinois Cavalry, 900 strong, under Colonel Grierson of the Sixth (together with 6 pieces of artillery), set out from Lagrange, Tenn., and pursuing in the main a southerly course, marched through the center of Mississippi, destroying as they went railroads, bridges, cars, locomotives, and stores of all kinds belonging to the Confederates. They traveled on an average of 40 miles per day; reached Baton Rouge, La., on the evening of May 2; traveled nearly 800 miles in sixteen days, and traversed seventeen counties; brought into Baton Rouge over 1,000 horses and a large number of cattle; 500 negroes followed them.
3. Fredericksburg, Va. Second attempt to capture Fredericksburg was made by the Army of the Potomac under General Hooker and failed.
5. Clement L. Vallandigham arrested at his home in Dayton, Ohio, by order of General Burnside, for uttering disloyal sentiments in a public speech; tried by court-martial and sentenced to close confinement at Fort Warren, Boston, Mass.; President Lincoln changed the sentence to transportation beyond the enemy's lines; while in banishment, June 11, 1863, he was nominated for Democratic governor of Ohio and returned to his home June 15, 1864; office of the Dayton Journal destroyed by the mob; Suffolk, Va., abandoned by the Confederate troops and the fortifications destroyed; one hundred prominent secessionists of St. Louis sent south.
8. Proclamation by the President that all foreigners who had declared their intention to become citizens would be liable to enrollment and draft if they remained in the country sixty-five days.
10. Confederate General Stonewall Jackson died at Richmond, Va., of wounds and pneumonia.
11. Buell court of inquiry adjourned after a session of one hundred and sixty-five days.
14. Grant defeated Joseph E. Johnston and captured Jackson, Miss., with 17 cannon and large quantities of military stores, besides 400 prisoners; the State capitol was destroyed by fire.
24. Austin, Miss., burned by Colonel Ellet's marine brigade.
25. Confederate navy-yard at Yazoo City destroyed.
28. The gunboat *Cincinnati* sunk by the Confederate batteries near Vicksburg; went down with her flag flying; 25 men were killed and wounded and 15 drowned.
29. An immense train, consisting of 600 wagons, 3,000 horses and mules, 1,500 head of cattle, and 6,000 negroes from the Teche country, Louisiana, arrived within General Banks's lines.

JUNE.

1. General Hunter removed from the command of the Department of the South; General Gilmore succeeded him.
3. Colonel Montgomery, of the Second South Carolina (colored) regiment, made a brilliant raid at the head of 200 men, up the Coosaw River, and about 25 miles into the interior, bringing back 725 negroes, a fine lot of blooded horses, and other property valued at $600,000.
9. Col. Lawrence William Orten, formerly Lawrence Williams, United States Cavalry, and Lieutenant Dunlop, both of the Confederate Army, were arrested at Franklin, Tenn., in full Federal uniform, with forged orders and passes from Adjutant-General Townsend and General Rosecrans, as inspectors of the United States Army; they were hung as spies.
11. The famous blockade runner *Herald* was sunk at midnight by a broadside from our blockading fleet off Charleston.
15. President Lincoln called upon Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Maryland to furnish 100,000 men to protect those States against a threatened invasion.
17. Two hundred Confederate cavalry which had made a raid into Indiana were captured on their return at the Ohio River. The Confederate ram *Atlanta* was decoyed into Wilmington waters, off the coast of South Carolina, and captured, after a brief fight, by the *Weehawken*, commanded by Capt. John Rodgers.
21. General McClernand removed by Grant and General Ord put in his place.
26. Rear-Admiral Foote died in New York City.
27. York, Pa., surrendered to the Confederates by the chief burgess, David Strong, and a "committee of safety."

1863.

28. General Hooker was relieved of his command of the Army of the Potomac at his own request; General Meade succeeded him.

JULY.

1. Gettysburg, Pa.: In the latter part of June the Confederate Army, under Genl eral Lee, invaded Pennsylvania; on July 1 they were attacked by Genera Meade, near Gettysburg, and, after a three days' battle, were driven from the field. Missouri passed the ordinance of emancipation. Rosecrans drove Bragg from Tullahoma, Tenn.
4. The siege of Vicksburg by the Union Army under Grant commenced May 18, and was pressed forward with almost unprecedented vigor until July 4, when Pemberton surrendered to General Grant 27,000 prisoners, 132 cannon, and 50,000 stands of arms.
5. John Morgan captured Lebanon, Ky., with 400 prisoners.
8. Morgan, with 5,000 cavalry and 4 pieces of artillery, crossed the Ohio River into Harrison County, Ind., and marched rapidly through the southern part of the State into Ohio, committing numerous depredations; on the 18th he was overtaken by the troops under Colonels Hobson and Judah, near Pomeroy, who captured all his artillery and 1,300 prisoners; with a mere fragment of his command he retreated to Columbiana County, Ohio, where, on the 20th, he surrendered to General Shackleford.
13. Riot in New York City against the draft, which lasted four days; soldiers were beaten, negroes were hung, houses were burned, and much valuable property was destroyed; Colonel O'Brien, a militia officer, was hung by the mob; total killed, 150.
17. General Sherman attacked Jackson, Miss., routed Johnson and occupied the city; large stores were captured, also 40 locomotives and all the rolling stock of three railroads. General Ransom occupied Natchez, Miss.
20. A cavalry force, sent out by the Union General Foster, struck the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, in North Carolina, burned the bridge over Tar River, and seized a large quantity of cotton.
23. Kentucky again invaded by the Confederates. Kit Carson, with a part of the First New Mexico Regiment, defeated the Navajo Indians near Fort Canby.
30. Proclamation of President Lincoln that the United States will protect its troops of all colors, and that for every United States soldier killed in violation of the laws of nations a Confederate soldier should be executed, and for every one enslaved a Confederate soldier should be placed at hard labor on the public works.

AUGUST.

17. An immense quantity of Confederate stores at Grenada, Miss., were destroyed by Lieutenant-Colonel Phillips, of the Ninth Illinois Mounted Infantry; he burned the depot and machine shops, tore up the railroad track, and destroyed 57 locomotives and more than 400 cars.
20. The town of Lawrence, Kans., was surprised in the midde of the night by 300 guerrillas, who had collected in Cass County, Mo., under the leadership of Quantrill; the town was set on fire and 182 buildings burned to the ground, and $2,000,000 worth of property destroyed; 191 persons were killed, many of whom were helpless women and children; 581 were wounded; after the departure of the guerrillas the citizens organized under Gen. James H. Lane, and pursued them to their headquarters, at Grand River, Mo., where they scattered in various directions; about 80 of the murderers were killed.
22. Colonel Woodson's cavalry made a successful onslaught upon numerous guerrilla bands in Arkansas, capturing Jeff. Thompson, with his entire staff.

SEPTEMBER.

1. Little Rock, Ark., abandoned by the Confederates.
2. Forts Wagner and Gregg and the batteries on Morris Island, Charleston Harbor, abandoned by the Confederates.
4. General Burnside occupied Knoxville, Tenn., and was hailed with delight by the inhabitants. Bread riot by women at Mobile, Ala.; a regiment of soldiers refused to quell it, and a company of cadets who attempted to do so were put to rout by the rioters.

1863.

OCTOBER.

6. Unsuccessful attempt to blow up the United States frigate *Ironsides* in Charleston Harbor by means of a torpedo.
9. General Crittenden's division of Rosecrans's army entered Chattanooga, Tenn.
10. General Burnside captured Cumberland Gap, with 2,000 prisoners and 14 pieces of artillery, under the command of Major-General Frazer. General Steele took possession of Little Rock, Ark.
17. Proclamation by President Lincoln for 300,000 men for three years or the war, the deficiency to be supplied by a draft.
20. The departments of the Cumberland and Mississippi were consolidated and placed under the command of General Grant. General Rosecrans was removed and General Thomas appointed in his place.

NOVEMBER.

10. The British minister, Lord Lyons, informed the United States Government of a plot by Canadian secessionists to release the Confederate prisoners on Johnsons Island, Lake Erie.
17. General Longstreet commenced the siege of Knoxville, Tenn., which lasted until December 4, when the attempt was abandoned.
27. Confederate General John H. Morgan and six of his officers escaped from the penitentiary at Columbus, Ohio.

DECEMBER.

8. President Lincoln's proclamation of amnesty, offering a full pardon and a restoration of all property, except slaves, to all Confederates, with certain exceptions, who would take the oath of allegiance to the United States.

1864.

JANUARY.

29. James A. Bayard, of Delaware, resigned his seat in the United States Senate, after having taken the oath of allegiance, which he had hitherto refused to do, although it had been taken by every other Senator.

FEBRUARY.

3. Major-General Sherman, with the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Army Corps, left Vicksburg for a raid through Mississippi, and returned February 27, having marched 400 miles and having destroyed railroads, bridges, cars, locomotives, cotton, and 2,000,000 bushels of corn.
5. The Sixteenth and Seventeenth Army Corps entered Jackson, Miss., the enemy offering but little resistance; this was one of the initial movements in the great Southwestern campaign.
6. An attempt to surprise Richmond and release the prisoners at Belle Isle was defeated by a deserter, who revealed the plot to the enemy.
9. A large number of prisoners, including Colonel Streight, escaped from Libby prison.
15. Gen. W. T. Sherman, with his command, arrived at Meridian, Miss., on his great raid into the heart of the South; after destroying railroads and stores he returned to Vicksburg, Miss., with immense booty, on the 27th.

MARCH.

1–4. Failure of a second attempt to surprise Richmond, in which Colonel Dahlgren was shot from an ambush while on the retreat; his body was stripped and horribly mutilated, and buried secretly so that it should not be recovered.
8. General Grant was formally presented by President Lincoln with his commission as lieutenant-general, and on the 12th was assigned to the command of the armies of the United States.
14. The Union forces under Gen. A. J. Smith captured Fort DeRussey, La., on Red River, with 325 prisoners, 12 pieces of artillery, 2,000 barrels of powder, etc.
23. The Army of the Potomac reduced to three corps by order of General Grant.

1864.

25. About 5,000 Confederates under Forrest captured Paducah, Ky., and fired the place.
28. The Fifty-fourth Illinois Regiment attacked by Coles County copperheads, at Charleston, Ill.

APRIL.

9. Speaker Colfax offered a resolution to expel Alex. Long, of Ohio, from the House of Representatives for declaring himself in favor of acknowledging the independence of the Southern Confederacy.
12. General Forrest overpowered the Union forces at Fort Pillow; compelled them to surrender, and immediately after commenced an indiscriminate massacre of wounded, both colored and white, not excepting women and children who had taken refuge in the fort.
17, 18. At Plymouth, N. C., the Confederate ram and a battery sunk three Union gunboats.
23. The governors of Ohio, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, and Indiana offered to raise for the General Government 85,000 men for one hundred days.
26. The Government accepted the services of the one hundred days' men and appropriated $20,000,000 for their payment.

MAY.

5. Draft ordered in Massachusetts, New Jersey, Ohio, Minnesota, Kentucky, and Maryland.
6. General Grant crossed the Rapidan and Lee fell back toward Richmond.
7. After three days' hard fighting Lee's forces retreated leaving 3,000 killed and 10,000 wounded on the field.
8. Maj. Gen. John Sedgwick killed by a sharpshooter while riding near the front of the army, no battle being in progress.
11. General Grant in making his report to Secretary Stanton used his since famous expression, "I propose to fight it out on this line if it takes all summer."
13. General Sheridan with cavalry reached the rear of the enemy near Hanover Junction, Va., breaking two railroads, capturing several locomotives, and destroying Lee's depot of supplies at Beaver Dam, Va., containing over 1,000,000 rations.
15. Sherman after two days' fighting forced Johnson to evacuate Resaca, Ga.
18. The offices of the New York World and Journal of Commerce were seized by General Dix for having published a fraudulent proclamation from the President calling for 400,000 more troops; the forgery was perpetrated by two speculators, Howard and Mallison, in order to profit by the anticipated rise in gold.
23. The Confederate General John Morgan entered Kentucky with 4,000 men.

JUNE.

5. Sherman flanked Johnson and captured Ackworth, Ga.
7. Union convention at Baltimore.
8. Abraham Lincoln and Governor Andrew Johnson were nominated for President and Vice-President.
11. Morgan demanded of Governor Bramlette the surrender of Frankfort, Ky., which the governor refused.
12. General Hancock drove the Confederates from Bottoms Bridge, Va., at the point of the bayonet.
15. Gen. A. J. Smith attacked by a force of 15,000 men.
19. The rebel privateer *Alabama* sunk off Cherbourg on the coast of France by the U. S. cruiser *Kearsarge* after an action of two hours.
23. Confederates attacked Wright and Hancock; captured three full regiments, after which they were repulsed.
24. The Maryland convention passed an amendment to the State constitution abolishing slavery.
27. General Sherman made an unsuccessful attack on the enemy, losing from 2,000 to 3,000 men, at Kenesaw Mountain, Georgia.
30. Secretary Chase resigned and Hon. William P. Fessenden was appointed to fill the vacancy.

1864.

JULY.

5. Gen. Bradley T. Johnson, with a force of about 3,000 rebels, crossed the Potomac into Maryland.
10. The Confederates under Gen. J. A. Early moved toward Washington, D. C., by way of Rockville, Md., and Seventh Street pike.
11. Confederates approached Washington, D. C., and had a skirmish near Tenallytown; Confederates burned the mansion of Governor Bradford, of Maryland, in retaliation for the burning of Governor Letcher's house.
11–12. Fort Stevens (Brightwood), D. C. Confederates arrived at the fortifications around Washington early in the morning of the 11th. Skirmishing at Fort Stevens, D. C., was quite severe and lasted all day and well into the night. On the morning of the 12th firing was renewed with considerable vigor, and continued during the day. The last shot was fired about 10 o'clock p. m., the remainder of the night being spent in strengthening the position, burying the dead, caring for the wounded, and relieving the skirmishing line, which had been two days in front constantly under fire. On the morning of the 13th the enemy moved in the direction of Rockville, Md.

This was the only battle of the civil war that took place in the District of Columbia and in sight of the Dome of the Capitol. It is also the only battle in which President Lincoln was present during the engagement.[1] Asst. Surg. C. C. V. A. Crawford, of the One hundred and second Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, was wounded while on the parapet of the fort, but a few feet from where President Lincoln stood, anxiously watching the progress of the battle.

Troops engaged were the First and Second Divisions, Sixth Corps; Twenty-second Corps, convalescents, marines, Home Guards, and citizens, commanded by Major-General Augur. Union losses were about 54 killed, 319 wounded; the Confederate loss about 500 killed and wounded. During the retreat of the Confederates they burned the house at Silver Springs of Montgomery Blair, Postmaster-General.

13, 15. The Confederates under General Forrest defeated in five different battles near Pontotoc, Miss.
17. The Confederate army was driven within the fortifications at Atlanta.
22. A great battle was fought before Atlanta, resulting in the complete defeat of the Confederates.
25. General Crook overtook the Confederates retreating from the Maryland raid and recaptured a large amount of stores; after a severe fight on the 23d and 24th General Averill was compelled to fall back to Harpers Ferry.
30. A mine containing 6 tons of powder under the Confederate forts at Petersburg was exploded, destroying the fort and garrison; Chambersburg, Pa., occupied by a force of 500 Confederates under McCausland, who demanded a ransom of $500,000; the people being unable to raise the sum he set fire to the town and plundered the houses, destroying over $1,000,000 worth of property.

AUGUST.

5. The Confederate ram *Tennessee* was captured and several other vessels destroyed; shortly after Fort Gaines, Ala., surrendered and Fort Powell was evacuated.
7. Gen. P. H. Sheridan appointed to the command of the Army of Northern Virginia.

---

[1] The compiler recalls having seen President Lincoln and Secretary of War Edwin M. Stanton, accompanied by a military officer unknown to him, at Fort Stevens on the forenoon of July 11. Arriving by the Fourteenth street road, their carriage stopped and they alighted about 100 feet from the Brightwood Hotel and crossed the Seventh street road in the rear of the fort, or near where the car barn is now situated. They halted on a small knoll or rise of ground located on the right and not quite abreast of the fort. As they were crossing the Seventh street road they were joined by an officer from the fort with a pair of field glasses, with which he swept the country until he evidently located the object sought. He then handed the glasses to the President, at the same time pointing in the direction that he desired him to look. The glasses were in turn passed to Mr. Stanton and to the unknown officer before mentioned.

The distinguished party had been there but a very short time before the officer from the fort appeared anxious to have them move from their exposed position. The compiler was not near enough to hear the conversation, but the uneasiness of the officer to get them to return was very plain, as shown by his gestures and movements. He finally rather abruptly took the glasses from the President's hand and returned them to their case, starting in the direction of the carriage, the party followed, but rather reluctantly. I believe Mr. Stanton accompanied the officer from the fort on his return to the carriage, the President and the other officer following.

The party passed within a few feet of the compiler both in going and returning to their carriage, and were in full view during their entire stay, which did not exceed thirty minutes. It was afterwards learned that the anxiety of the officer from the fort to get the party to a less exposed position was on account of several shots having struck but a short distance from where they were standing.

1864.

13. A Union supply train captured by Moseby's Cavalry, near Berryville, Va.
18. The Weldon Railroad seized by General Grant.
21. Confederate General Forrest with 3,000 cavalry made a dash into Memphis, Tenn., expecting to capture several field officers, but was unsuccessful.
23. Fort Morgan, Ala., surrendered.
30. Democratic convention at Chicago adopted a "peace plank" in their platform in which they declared the four years' war to be a failure.
31. Democratic convention nominated George B. McClellan, of New Jersey, for President, and George H. Pendleton, of Ohio, for Vice-President.

SEPTEMBER.

2. Federals took possession of Atlanta.
3. President issued a proclamation returning thanks to Admiral Farragut, and Generals Canby, Granger, and Sherman, their officers and men, for the recent victories at Mobile and Atlanta.
4. General Sherman issued an order declaring that the city of Atlanta was to be held exclusively for warlike purposes, and ordering all the inhabitants to remove to the North or South as they might desire.
5. The Confederate Gen. John Morgan was killed near Greenville, Tenn.
16. Five thousand Confederate cavalry, under Wade Hampton, made a dash on the cattle pens of the Army of the Potomac, and ran off 2,485 beeves and some horses and mules, and took 300 prisoners.
19. The merchant steamers *Island Queen* and *Parsons*, on Lake Erie, were seized by secessionists in the guise of passengers; the *Island Queen* sank and the *Parsons* was abandoned, and the whole party was captured by the U. S. gunboat *Michigan*.
26. Henry W. Allen, governor of Louisiana, in a letter to the rebel Secretary of War, says: "The time has come for us to put into the Army every able-bodied negro as a soldier."
27. Twenty-one discharged veterans returning home from Atlanta were captured at Centralia by Price's guerrillas; they were shot and their bodies horribly mutilated; Mayor Johnson with 150 militia started in pursuit, but was ambushed and killed with 91 of his men.
28. General Grant advanced his lines on the north side of the James River to within 7 miles of Richmond; Confederates under General Price invaded Missouri.
29. Hood's rebel army commenced a grand flanking movement on General Sherman to get in his rear and drive him out of Atlanta.

OCTOBER.

7. The pirate vessel *Florida* was captured by the U. S. S. *Wachusett;* Gen. P. H. Sheridan reported that he had moved back to Woodstock, Va., having made the whole country from the Blue Ridge to the North Mountain untenable for a Confederate Army; he destroyed over 2,000 barns filled with hay and grain, over 70 mills filled with flour and wheat, and took over 3,400 head of cattle and sheep.
12. Roger B. Taney, Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court, died at Washington, D. C.; Major-General Butler ordered 110 Virginia prisoners to be set to work on the Dutch Gap Canal exposed to the rebel fire, in retaliation for an equal number of colored soldiers who had been placed in a similar position by the Confederates.
13. Dalton, Miss., disgracefully surrendered by Colonel Johnson, Eighth United States colored troops, without firing a gun.
18. A fair for the benefit of Confederate soldiers was opened at St. George's Hall, Liverpool, England, by several ladies of the nobility.
19. Twenty-five armed men came to St. Albans, Vt., and robbed the banks of $223,000; they shot five citizens; some were arrested and professed to be Confederate soldiers.
30. General Hood made three attacks on Decatur, Ala., but was repulsed each time.

NOVEMBER.

2. Secretary Seward notified the mayors of New York City and Buffalo of a conspiracy to set fire to the principal Northern cities on election day.
3. The Confederate ram *Albemarle* destroyed by Lieutenant Cushing.

1864.

8. The Presidential election took place; Lincoln and Johnson received 212, McClellan and Pendleton 21 electoral votes.
10. Acceptance of George B. McClellan's resignation, dated November 8.
12. General Sherman started on his march through Georgia, prepared for a fifty days' campaign.
14. Incendiary fires, kindled by rebel emissaries, occurred at 12 large hotels and 3 theaters in New York City at the same hours; the damage was small.
16. General Sherman left Atlanta and began his march to the sea.
19. General Beauregard issued a proclamation to the people of Georgia to obstruct all roads in Sherman's front, flank, and rear, "and his army would soon starve in their midst."

DECEMBER.

13. Large naval expedition, under Admiral Porter and General Butler, left Fortress Monroe for an attack on Fort Fisher, at the mouth of Cape Fear River; Fort McAllister, Ga., captured by General Sherman.
20. The Confederates under General Breckenridge defeated in southwestern Virginia, and the salt works were destroyed.
21. General Sherman entered the city of Savannah, capturing 150 cannon, 30,000 bales of cotton, and other stores; Admiral Farragut was promoted to Vice-Admiral, a new rank just created by Congress.
29. Hood's army recrossed the Tennessee River, thus ending the Tennessee campaign.

1865.

JANUARY.

1. The Richmond Sentinel in an editorial acknowledged the exhausted condition of the country and suggested that it would be better to surrender to Great Britain, France, or Spain, than yield to the United States.
3. Massachusetts ratified the constitutional amendment.
8. General Butler was removed from the command of the Army of the James and was succeeded by General Ord.
11. Missouri State convention passed an ordinance giving immediate freedom to all slaves in that State.
16. Fort Fisher, near Wilmington, N. C., was captured with all its equipments. Two hundred and forty officers and men were killed by the explosion of the magazine at Fort Fisher, caused by Federal soldiers who were wandering through the works.
20. Confederates evacuated Corinth, Miss.; left wing of General Sherman's army left Savannah on a campaign against North and South Carolina.
27. Confederate incendiaries set fire to the city of Savannah, Ga.
31. Gen. R. E. Lee appointed Commander in Chief of the Confederate forces by Jefferson Davis; Congress passed the amendment to the Constitution, abolishing slavery.

FEBRUARY.

1. Illinois ratified the constitutional amendment.
2. Maryland, Michigan, New York, and Rhode Island ratified the constitutional amendment.
4. Illinois black law was repealed.
6. John C. Breckinridge became the Confederate Secretary of War.
7. Gold sold in Richmond, Va., at 4.600, in Philadelphia, Pa., at 2.12½; Maine ratified the amendment.
9. Governor Bramlette, of Kentucky, advised the ratification of the constitutional amendment upon condition that the United States would pay Kentucky $34,000,000 for her slaves.
12. General Sherman occupied Branchville, S. C.
13. Indiana ratified the amendment.
17. Louisiana ratified the amendment; General Sherman's forces entered Columbia, S. C., and burned the city.
18. Charleston, S. C., evacuated by the Confederates and taken possession of by General Gilmore; a great amount of valuable property was destroyed, together with 6,000 bales of cotton; ammunition stored in the railroad depot exploded, and many lives were lost; General Gilmore hoisted the Union flag over Fort Sumter.

1865.

19. Fort Anderson, N. C., taken.
21. Fort Armstrong, N. C., taken; Wisconsin ratified the amendment.
22. Wilmington, N. C., captured.

MARCH.

1. Admiral Dahlgren's flagship, *The Harvest Moon*, blown up by a torpedo in the Santee River.
2. General Sheridan captured Confederate General Early, with 1,800 men, between Staunton and Charlottesville, Va.
4. Abraham Lincoln inaugurated President for the second time, and Andrew Johnson, Vice-President.
10. General Sherman occupied Fayetteville, N. C.
11. President Lincoln issued a proclamation warning deserters to return to their commands within sixty days with promise of pardon if they served out their original term of enlistment.
12. Mobile attacked.
13. General Schofield occupied Kingston, N. C.
25. Robert C. Kennedy was executed at Fort Lafayette, New York Harbor, as one of the incendiaries who attempted to burn New York City, he having confessed to setting fire to four buildings.
28. Commencement of the advance on Richmond.
31. *The General Lyon*, a United States transport steamer, burned off Cape Hatteras; only 29 persons saved out of 600.

APRIL.

3. Evacuation of Richmond. Major-General Weitzel, of the Twenty-fifth Army Corps, entered Richmond; the necessity for the evacuation had been announced in the churches on Sunday and all the leading men left the city that evening; General Ewell set the city on fire and destroyed the bridges; four ironclads and five wooden vessels were exploded and the *Virginia* was sunk in the river.
4. President Lincoln held a levee in Jefferson Davis's house.
7. General Grant sent a letter to General Lee suggesting that a surrender of his armies would prevent further bloodshed, and offering honorable terms; General Lee asked what terms would be offered.
8. General Grant replied that he should only require that the surrendered men should be disqualified for taking up arms against the United States until properly exchanged.
9. General Lee replied that the time had not come to surrender his army, but that he would like to consult with General Grant in regard to a general restoration of peace; General Grant said that was out of his power and that an interview would be useless; General Lee accepted General Grant's first proposition; General Lee surrendered—26,000 Confederates missing; Mobile, Ala., taken.
11. Lynchburg, Va., surrendered to a lieutenant and a scouting party.
12. Secretary of War decided to stop all recruiting, to curtail purchases of army supplies, to reduce the number of officers, and to remove all restrictions upon trade and commerce so far as consistent with public safety; Salisbury, N. C., and Columbus, Ga., taken.
13. Raleigh, N. C., taken; Governor Vance taken prisoner.
14. President Lincoln shot at Ford's Theater, Washington, D. C. by John Wilkes Booth, the actor; Secretary Seward was also assaulted at his residence and severely stabbed, but recovered from his wounds; Arkansas ratified the constitutional amendment; the old flag was raised again on Fort Sumter by Major Anderson, assisted by as many of his old garrison as had survived the battles of the four years which had passed since it was hauled down April 14, 1861; Mobile, Ala., surrendered to General Granger, of the Thirteenth Army Corps, and Admiral Thatcher.
15. President Lincoln died at the house of Mr. Peterson, No. 516 Tenth street, NW., Washington, D. C., at 7.22 a. m.
16. Andrew Johnson took the oath of office, and was declared President of the United States.
17. General Mosby surrendered at Berryville, Va.—700 Confederates missing.
19. The funeral services of Abraham Lincoln were held in Washington, D. C., and it was a day of general mourning throughout the United States.
21. Macon, Ga., captured by Wilson's Cavalry.

1865.

24. Fifty-one Confederate flags captured by General Sheridan's Cavalry were presented to the War Department.
26. Gen. J. E. Johnston surrendered with 27,500 men.
27. J. Wilkes Booth, the murderer of President Lincoln, shot and captured.

MAY.

4. Remains of President Lincoln were interred at Springfield, Ill.; General Taylor surrendered—10,000 Confederates missing.
6. Commencement of the trial of those engaged in the conspiracy to murder President Lincoln.
9. President Johnson issued a peace proclamation declaring the war at an end.
10. Sam Jones surrendered at Tallahassee, Fla.—8,000 Confederates missing. Pursuit and capture of Jefferson Davis.
11. Jeff Thompson surrendered at Chalk Bluff, Ark.—7,454 Confederates missing.
22. President Johnson removed the blockade from the ports of all Southern States except Texas.
23. Grand review Army of the Potomac at Washington, D. C.
24. Grand review of General Sherman's army at Washington, D. C.
26. Kirby Smith surrendered, 20,000 Confederates missing; this was the last armed Confederate organization to surrender; the grand jury of Washington, D. C., indicted Jefferson Davis and John C. Breckinridge for high treason.
29. President Johnson issued a proclamation granting amnesty and pardon to all persons who had been engaged in the rebellion, with certain exceptions.
31. General Hood and staff surrendered.

JUNE.

1. A day of humiliation and prayer on account of the murder of President Lincoln.
8. The Sixth Corps, Army of the Potomac, reviewed by President and General Meade, Washington, D. C.
17. Gen. Robert E. Lee and Vice-President Alexander H. Stephens applied to the President of the United States for pardon.

JULY.

7. A writ of habeas corpus was issued by Judge Wylie in case of Mrs. Surratt, but the writ was suspended by a special indorsement by the President.
10. Ford's Theater, where President Lincoln was killed, was to be reopened, but was taken possession of by United States soldiers, under the order of the War Department, and has not since been used as a theater.

AUGUST.

1. Secretary of the Treasury issued an official statement of the public debt, which amounted to $2,757,253,275.86.
18. A military commission was appointed for the trial of Capt. Henry Wirtz, charging him with barbarous treatment of Union prisoners.

SEPTEMBER.

11. Capt. J. B. Jones brought about $200,000 in gold and silver to Washington, which was captured at Augusta, Ga., and supposed to be a part of the spoils carried off by Jefferson Davis.

PURSUIT AND CAPTURE OF JEFFERSON DAVIS, MAY 1–10, 1865.

The expedition was in command of Lieut. Col. B. D. Pritchard, of the Fourth Michigan Volunteer Cavalry. The party was surprised in camp about daylight near Abbeville, Ga., the morning of the 10th. In the confusion the First Wisconsin and Fourth Michigan Cavalry fired upon each other, killing one officer and two men and wounding three others of the First Wisconsin. The prisoners captured were as follows:

Jefferson Davis, President Confederate States of America.
John H. Reagan, postmaster-general.

1865.

Colonel Johnson, aid-de-camp, President's staff.
Colonel Lubbock, aid-de-camp.
Col. Burton N. Harrison, private secretary to the President.
Maj. Victor Maurin, Richardson's Battalion Light Artillery.
Capt. George V. Moody, Madison's Light Artillery.
Lieutenant Hathaway, Fourteenth Kentucky Cavalry.
Midshipman Jeff. D. Howell, Confederate States Navy.
Twelve privates.

The family of Mr. Davis consisted of Mrs. Davis, with four children, Miss Maggie Howell, sister of Mrs. Davis, two maids, and several servants.

The disguise worn by Mr. Davis at the time of his capture consisted of a lady's waterproof cloak or robe and a shawl. These articles were brought to Washington and turned over to the Secretary of War by Lieutenant-Colonel Pritchard, from whose official report the above was taken.

SOLDIERS' HOMES.

United States Soldiers' Home, Washington, D. C. Address, Governor.

THE NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

Central Branch, National Military Home, Montgomery County, Ohio.
Northwestern Branch, National Home, Milwaukee County, Wis.
Eastern Branch, National Home, Togus, Me.
Southern Branch, National Soldiers' Home, Elizabeth City County, Va.
Western Branch, National Military Home, Leavenworth County, Kans.
Pacific Branch, Soldiers' Home, Los Angeles County, Cal.
Marion Branch, National Military Home, Grant County, Ind.
Danville Branch, Danville, Ill.
(There is a post-office at each of the National Homes.)

The National Homes are governed by a Board of Managers of which Gen. Martin T. McMahon is president (post-office address, New York Life Building, New York City, N. Y.) and Col. George W. Steele is secretary (post-office address, Marion, Ind., term expires 1902). Agent in Washington, D. C., Capt. Thomas D. Yeager; office, room 17, Pacific Building, No. 624 F street NW.; residence, 925 O street NW.

STATE SOLDIERS' HOMES.

State.	Location.	Title of officer.
California	Yountville	Commandant.
Colorado	Monte Vista	Do.
Connecticut	Noroton	Superintendent.
Idaho	Boise	Commandant.
Illinois	Quincy	Superintendent.
Indiana	Lafayette	Commandant.
Iowa	Marshalltown	Do.
Kansas	Dodge City	Do.
Massachusetts	Chelsea	Superintendent.
Michigan	Grand Rapids	Commandant.
Minnesota	Minneapolis	Do.
Missouri	St. James	Superintendent.
Montana	Columbia Falls	Commandant.
Nebraska	Grand Island and Milford	Do.
New Hampshire	Tilton	Do.
New Jersey	Kearny	Superintendent.
New York	Bath	Do.
Do	Oxford	Do.
North Dakota	Lisbon	Commandant.
Ohio	Sandusky	Do.
Oregon	Roseburg	Do.
Pennsylvania	Erie	Commander.
Rhode Island	Bristol	Commandant.
South Dakota	Hot Springs	Do.
Vermont	Bennington	Superintendent.
Washington	Orting	Commandant.
Wisconsin	Waupaca	Superintendent.
Wyoming	Cheyenne	Commandant.

LIST OF NATIONAL CEMETERIES, WITH POST-OFFICE ADDRESS.

Name.	Post-office.
Alexandria, La	Pineville, La.
Alexandria, Va	Alexandria, Va.
Andersonville, Ga	Andersonville, Ga.
Annapolis, Md	Annapolis, Md.
Antietam, Md	Sharpsburg, Washington County, Md.
Arlington, Va	Fort Myer, Va.
Barrancas, Fla	Warrington, Escambia County, Fla.
Baton Rouge, La	Baton Rouge, La.
Battle Ground, D. C	Brightwood, D. C.
Beaufort, S. C	Beaufort, S. C.
Beverly, N. J	Beverly, Burlington County, N. J.
Brownsville, Tex	Fort Brown, Tex.
Camp Butler, Ill	Riverton, Sangamon County, Ill.
Camp Nelson, Ky	Camp Nelson, Jessamine County, Ky.
Cave Hill, Ky	1309 Baxter avenue, Louisville, Ky.
Chalmette, La	Station F, New Orleans, La.
Chattanooga, Tenn	Chattanooga, Tenn.
City Point, Va	City Point, Va.
Cold Harbor, Va	Cold Harbor, Hanover County, Va.
Corinth, Miss	Corinth, Miss.
Culpeper, Va	Culpeper, Va.
Cypress Hills, N. Y	Station E, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Danville, Va	Danville, Va.
Fayetteville, Ark	Fayetteville, Washington County, Ark.
Finns Point, N. J	Salem, Salem County, N. J.
Florence, S. C	Florence, S. C.
Fort Donelson, Tenn	Dover, Tenn.
Fort Gibson, Ind. T	Fort Gibson, Ind. T.
Fort Harrison, Va	Varina Grove, Henrico County, Va.
Fort Leavenworth, Kans	Fort Leavenworth, Leavenworth County, Kans.
Fort McPherson, Nebr	Maxwell, Lincoln County, Nebr.
Fort Scott, Kans	Fort Scott, Kans.
Fort Smith, Ark	Fort Smith, Sebastian County, Ark.
Fredericksburg, Va	Fredericksburg, Spottsylvania County, Va.
Gettysburg, Pa	Gettysburg, Adams County, Pa.
Glendale, Va	Glendale, Henrico County, Va.
Grafton, W. Va	West Grafton, Taylor County, W. Va.
Hampton, Va	Hampton, Va.
Jefferson Barracks, Mo	Jefferson Barracks, Mo.
Jefferson City, Mo	Jefferson City, Cole County, Mo.
Keokuk, Iowa	Keokuk, Lee County, Iowa.
Knoxville, Tenn	Knoxville, Tenn.
Lebanon, Ky	Lebanon, Marion County, Ky.
Little Rock, Ark	Little Rock, Ark.
Loudon Park, Md	Station D, Baltimore, Md.
Marietta, Ga	Marietta, Cobb County, Ga.
Memphis, Tenn	Cemetery, Shelby County, Tenn.
Mexico City, Mex	P. O. Sucursal E, Mexico City, Mexico.
Mill Springs, Ky	Nancy, Pulaski County, Ky.
Mobile, Ala	Mobile, Ala,
Mound City, Ill	Mound City, Ill.
Nashville, Tenn	Madison, Davidson County, Tenn.
Natchez, Miss	Natchez, Miss.
New Albany, Ind	New Albany, Floyd County, Ind.
Newbern, N. C	Newbern, N. C.
Philadelphia, Pa	Station 26, Pittville, Philadelphia, Pa.
Poplar Grove, Va	Petersburg, Va.
Port Hudson, La	Port Hudson, La.
Raleigh, N. C	Raleigh, Wake County, N. C.
Richmond, Va	Substation 2, Richmond, Va.
Salisbury, N. C	Salisbury, Rowan County, N. C.
San Antonio, Tex	San Antonio, Tex.
San Francisco, Cal	Presidio of San Francisco, Cal.
Seven Pines, Va	Seven Pines, Henrico County, Va.
Shiloh, Tenn	Pittsburg Landing, Tenn.
Soldiers' Home, D. C	Soldiers' Home, D. C.
Springfield, Mo	Springfield, Green County, Mo.
Staunton, Va	Staunton, Va.
Stone River, Tenn	Murfreesboro, Rutherford County, Tenn.
Vicksburg, Miss	Vicksburg, Miss.
Wilmington, N. C	Wilmington, N. C.
Winchester, Va	Winchester, Va.
Yorktown, Va	Yorktown, Va.
Balls Bluff, Va	Depot quartermaster, Washington, D. C.
Crown Hill, Ind	Depot quartermaster, Jeffersonville, Ind.
Custer Battlefield, Mont	Crow Agency, Mont.
Danville, Ky	Depot quartermaster, Jeffersonville, Ind.
Lexington, Ky	Do.
Quincy, Ill	Depot quartermaster, St. Louis, Mo.
Rock Island, Ill	Do.
St. Augustine, Fla	Depot quartermaster, New Orleans, La.
Woodlawn, N. Y	Depot quartermaster, New York City.
Sante Fe, N. Mex	Sante Fe, N. Mex.

PRESIDENTS' PROCLAMATIONS IN REGARD TO DESERTERS.

March 10, 1863.—By President Lincoln, warning deserters from the Army and Navy to return to service, promising to all who did so before April 1, 1863, a remission of punishment, except pay and allowance during the time of their absence, and mentioning the severest penalty of the law against those who did not return to duty.

March 11, 1865.—By President Lincoln, warning deserters to return to their respective commands within sixty days, with promise of pardon, if they served out their original terms of enlistment.

October 10, 1873.—By President Grant, commanding it to be made known that all soldiers who have deserted their colors and who shall on or before the 1st day of January, 1874, surrender themselves at any military station shall receive a full pardon, only forfeiting the pay and allowance due them at the time of desertion, and shall be restored to duty without trial or punishment on condition that they faithfully serve through the term of their enlistment.

DESERTION.—ACT TO REMOVE LIMITATION OF TIME WITHIN WHICH TO APPLY FOR RELIEF.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That chapter eight hundred and ninety, volume twenty-five, of the United States Statutes at Large, entitled "An act to relieve certain appointed or enlisted men of the Navy and Marine Corps from the charge of desertion," approved August fourteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, be, and the same is hereby, revived and reenacted.

SEC. 2. That section five of the said act be, and is hereby, so amended as to remove the limitation of time within which applications for relief may be received and acted upon under the provisions of said act.

Approved, May 24, 1900.

LIST OF STATES SHOWING THE DATE SLAVERY WAS ABOLISHED BY PROCLAMATION AND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

Alabama (proclamation)	Jan. 1, 1863
Arkansas (proclamation)	Jan. 1, 1863
Delaware (amendment to constitution)	Dec. 18, 1865
District of Columbia (act of Congress)	Apr. 16, 1862
Florida (proclamation)	Jan. 1, 1863
Georgia (proclamation)	Jan. 1, 1863
Kentucky (amendment to constitution)	Dec. 18, 1865
Louisiana[1] (proclamation)	Jan. 1, 1863
Maryland (State ordinance)	Sept. 4, 1864
Mississippi (proclamation)	Jan. 1, 1863
Missouri (State ordinance)	Jan. 11, 1863
North Carolina (proclamation)	Jan. 1, 1863
South Carolina (proclamation)	Jan. 1, 1863
Tennessee (State ordinance)	Feb. 22, 1865
Texas (proclamation)	Jan. 1, 1863
Virginia[2] (proclamation)	Jan. 1, 1863
West Virginia (amendment to constitution)	Dec. 18, 1865

[1] Except parishes of St. Bernard, Plaquemines, Jefferson, St. John, St. Charles, St. James, Ascension, Assumption, Terrebonne, La Fourche, St. Marys, St. Martin, Orleans (including city of New Orleans).

[2] Except counties of Accomac, Berkeley, Elizabeth City, Northampton, Norfolk (including cities of Norfolk and Portsmouth), Princess Anne, and York. Slavery was abolished in the above-named counties by the amendment to the United States Constitution which became effective December 18, 1865.

SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR,

PHILIPPINE INSURRECTION,

AND

TROUBLES IN CHINA.

LIST OF BATTLES, WITH DATES, SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR AND THE PHILIPPINE INSURRECTION, SHOWING NUMBER KILLED AND WOUNDED.

[All engagements occurred in the Philippine Islands unless otherwise indicated.]

Name.	Date.	Losses.	
		Killed.	Wounded.
Abra River	June 23, 1900		
Abucay, near	Jan. 17, 1900		
Do	May 16, 1900		
Abucay	May 25, 1900		
Acan	July 24, 1900	1	
Acan Valley	Sept. 13, 1899		
Agsarab, near	Apr. 17, 1900		1
Aguadores (*see* Santiago), Cuba.	July 1-3, 1898		
Agusan	May 14, 1900	2	3
Alaminos, near	Jan. 18, 1900	2	7
Alaminos	Feb. 25, 1900		
Alang-Alang	Apr. 29, 1900		
Albay	Jan. 30, 1900		1
Do	Jan. 31, 1900		1
Do	Feb. 6, 1900		5
Albay, near	Feb. 12, 1900		1
Alcala, near	Feb. 15, 1900		
Alfonso, near	May 15, 1900		
Aliaga, near	Nov. 2, 1899	1	1
Do	Feb. 11, 1900		
Do	Mar. 18, 1900		
Alian	May 17, 1900		2
Alimodian, near	Nov. 14, 1899		1
Alos, near	Dec. 21, 1899		1
Alwayan	May 12, 1900		
Amontoc	May 15, 1900		1
Anatora	Apr. 12, 1900		
Andangan, near	Feb. 25, 1900		
Angat	Apr. 25, 1899		1
Do	Apr. 26, 1899		
Do	May 21, 1899		
Angeles, near	Aug. 10, 1899		1
Do	Aug. 11, 1899		1
Do	Aug. 13, 1899		1
Angeles	Aug. 16, 1899	3	14
Do	Aug. 17, 1899		
Do	Aug. 18, 1899		2
Angeles, near	Aug. 19, 1899	1	1
Do	Sept. 23, 1899	1	5
Angeles	Oct. 11, 1899		5
Do	Oct. 13, 1899		1
Do	Oct. 16, 1899	1	9
Angono	May 9, 1900		
Angono, near	Feb. 11, 1900		
Anilao	June 10, 1900	1	
Anisloe	June 20, 1900		1
Antipoline	Feb. 18, 1900		
Antipolo	June 3, 1899	2	4
Do	June 4, 1899		1
Antique	Jan. 18, 1900		1
Do	June 19, 20, 1900		
Apalit, near	Apr. 3, 1900	3	
Apalit	Apr. 27, 1899	1	13
Aravila	Feb. 19, 1899		
Arayat	Sept. 9, 1899		
Arayat, near	Oct. 1, 1899		
Arayat	Oct. 4, 1899		1
Do	Oct. 12, 1899		2
Arayat, near	Dec. 3, 1899		1
Do	Dec. 4, 1899		
Arbonito Pass, near, Porto Rico.	Aug. 12, 1898	2	5
Argogula	Aug. 30, 1899		
Aringay, near	Nov. 19, 1899		
Aritos, near	Dec. 23, 1899		
Asingan	Nov. 12, 1899		
Do	Apr. 11, 12, 1900		
Atimonan, near	Mar. 3, 4, 9, 10, 19, 1900.		
Atimonan	Mar. 15, 1900		
Babuluz, near	Jan. 10, 1900		
Bacolor	June 10, 1899		2
Do	July 27, 1899		1
Do	Aug. 9, 1899	2	7
Bacolor, near	Aug. 15, 1899		
Bacon	Apr. 16, 1900		
Bacoor	June 13, 1899	2	13
Do	June 21, 1899		
Bacoor, near	Jan. 2, 1900		
Baeza	Mar. 25, 1899		1
Badoc, near	Mar. 9, 1900	1	1
Do	May 29, 1900		
Bagbag Bridge	Oct. 12, 1899		
Bagbag River	Apr. 24, 1899	1	
Do	Apr. 25, 1899		5
Bagnotan	Mar. 14, 1900	1	1
Balamban, near	Mar. 31, 1900		
Do	May 30, 1900		
Balanga	Dec. 6, 19, 1899		
Balanga, near	Jan. 5, 1900		
Do	Mar. 14, 1900		
Balanga	Apr. 8, 1900		
Balanga, near	June 27, 1900		
Balangiang	Nov. 21, 1899		6
Baler	Apr. 14, 1900		
Balincaguing, near	Dec. 20, 1899	1	
Balincaguing	Jan. 22, 1900		3
Balioang, near	Apr. 6, 1900		
Do	May 16, 1900		
Balinag	May 2, 1899		2
Balinag, near	May 26, 1899		2
Do	July 12, 28, 1899		
Do	Dec. 27, 1899		
Balodan	June 11, 1900		
Balubad	June 4, 1900		4
Do	June 11, 1900		
Balungas	May 31, 1900		1
Bamban, near	Nov. 9, 1899		
Bamban	Nov. 11, 1899	1	1
Banati	Nov. 25, 1899		
Bangar, near	Apr. 23, 1900		
Bangued, near	Mar. 7, 1900	1	1
Bangued	June 23, 26, 1900		
Bangued, near	June 28, 1900		
Bantiyan	Apr. 21, 26, 1900		
Baog	Oct. 19, 1899		
Barabo, near	June 27, 1900		
Barangban	Feb. 15, 1900		1
Do	Feb. 17, 1900		2
Barauen River	June 9, 1900		
Barbaret	May 6, 1900		
Barbasa, near	June 15, 1900		
Barbasa	June 16, 1900		1
Barboza	Mar. 30, 1900		
Barcelona, near	Apr. 19, 1900		

List of battles, with dates, Spanish-American war and the Philippine insurrection, showing number killed and wounded—Continued.

Name.	Date.	Losses.	
		Killed.	Wounded.
Bardoc, near	Mar. 13, 1900		
Barotac, near	June 5, 1900		
Barotac Nuevo	June 3, 1900		3
Barotoc, near	Feb. 14, 1900		
Barrio, Abass	May 8, 1900		
Barrio Aguilar	Feb. 22, 1900		
Barrio Antipolo	Mar. 2, 1900		
Barrio Ayson	Apr. 6, 1900	1	
Barrio Balabago	Mar. 17, 1900		
Barrio Balaon	Apr. 29, 1900	1	
Barrio Bartoleme	Feb. 13, 1900		
Barrio Bartolome	Apr. 6, 1900		
Barrio Bayambayana	May 24, 1900	1	
Barrio Becola	Nov. 26, 1899		
Barrio Brabscal	May 24, 1900		
Barrio Cabalitocan	Apr. 6, 1900		
Barrio Cabaritan	May 1, 1900		
Barrio Cabog	Dec. 16, 1899		1
Barrio Capat	Apr. 17, 1900		
Barrio Carasucan	Apr. 14, 1900		
Barrio Guimball	Feb. 27, 1900		2
Barrio Holang	June 24, 1900		
Barrio Ibus	Mar. 13, 1900		
Barrio Isabong	June 1, 1900		
Barrio Lauco	June 4, 1900	1	5
Barrio Lumbaro	Jan. 7, 1900	1	6
Barrio Mabaling	Apr. 19, 1900	1	
Do	June 2, 1900		
Barrio Nagbuguel	Apr. 15, 1900		
Barrio Nana	Mar. 16, 1900		
Barrio Oranda	Dec. 11, 1899		
Barrio Putol	Jan. 7, 1900		9
Do	Jan. 28, 1900		
Barrio San Antonio	May 5, 1900		
Barrio Sauchez	Apr. 13, 1900		
Barrio Santa Cruz	May 20, 1900		
Barrio Santol	Dec. 2, 1899		
Barrio Talumpoc	Feb. 2, 1900		
Barrio Tamboilan	Feb. 24, 1900		
Barrio Tinuba	Mar. 4, 1900	1	
Barrio Uggula	May 29, 1900		1
Bartolome	Apr. 22, 1899		
Baruso, near	Mar. 30, 1900		1
Batac	Apr. 2, 21, 1900		
Do	Apr. 16, 1900	2	3
Batac River	Apr. 25, 1900		1
Batac River, near	Apr. 28, 1900		
Batangas	Jan. 16, 1900		
Batangas, near	Mar. 25, 1900	1	
Batauan	Mar. 31, 1900	1	
Batayan	May 4, 1900		
Bato	Apr. 25, 1900		
Bauan, near	Feb. 9, 1900		
Bautista	Jan. 6, 1900	1	
Bay, near	Mar. 10, 1900		4
Biaan Valley	June 7, 1900		
Biacao, near	Dec. 11, 12, 1899		
Biac-na-bato, near	June 1, 1900		1
Do	June 4, 1900		1
Bicol River	Apr. 4, 1900		
Bimmanya	Jan. 14, 1900	1	
Binacayan	Oct. 5, 1899		1
Do	Oct. 6, 1899		1
Binan	Apr. 10, 1899		1
Do	Jan. 2, 1900		
Binan, near	Jan. 6, 1900	1	3
Do	Jan. 7, 1900		1
Do	Jan. 11, 1900		
Binangonan	Mar. 20, 1899		
Bintog	Jan. 10, 1900		
Boao, near	June 24, 1900		
Boa River	June 7, 1900		1
Boljoon	May 19, 1900		
Boljoon Mountains	May 21, 1900		1
Bolong	June 30, 1900		1
Bonanguran	May 4, 1900		3
Bonbong	July 19, 1899	1	1
Bongabong	Nov. 12, 1899		
Do	Dec. 29, 1899		2
Bong Bong	Feb. 9, 1900		1
Bonloc	Mar. 25, 1899		1
Botolan	Dec. 8, 1899		1
Do	Feb. 18, 1900		2
Botolan, near	Feb. 22, 1900		
Boyes	Oct. 28, 1899		
Buenavista	Jan. 28, 1900		
Bugason	Mar. 9, 11, 1900		
Bugason, near	Mar. 13, 14, 25, 1900.		
Do	Apr. 3, 1900		
Bulacan	Jan. 25, 1900		1
Bulacan Mountain	June 3, 1900	2	
Bulong	July 1, 1899	1	1
Bulusan	Apr. 25, 1900		1
Do	June 24, 1900		
Buranen, near	Apr. 26, 1900		1
Bustos	May 2, 1899		1
Bustos, near	June 3, 1900		
Byoo	Nov. 10, 1899		
Cabagan Nuevo	May 29, 1900		
Cabanatuan	Nov. 5, 1899		
Do	Jan. 1, 1900		
Cabanatuan, near	Feb. 7, 1900		
Cabatuan	June 9, 1900		
Cabang Cunjua	Mar. 17, 1900		
Cabaruan	Dec. 17, 1899		1
Cabiao	May 18, 19, 1899		
Do	Oct. 19, 1899		
Cabu, near	Mar. 7, 1900		
Cabugao	Mar. 5, 1900		1
Cabug-Cabug	Mar. 18, 1900		
Do	Mar. 22, 1900	1	2
Cadanglovan	May 1, 1900		
Cagayan	Apr. 7, 1900	3	11
Do	Apr. 26, 1900	1	
Cagayan, near	June 14, 1900	9	12
Caimanera, on Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.	June 7–8, 1898.		
Cainta	Mar. 16, 1899	2	13
Do	June 3, 1899		
Calabanga	Feb. 20, 1900	1	
Do	May 10, 1900		1
Calamba	July 26, 1899	4	12
Do	July 27, 1899		3
Do	July 28, 29, 1899		
Do	July 30, 1899	2	6
Calamba, near	Sept. 15, 1899		
Calamba	Oct. 3, 1899	2	7
Do	Oct. 20, 1899		
Do	Oct. 23, 1899	1	4
Do	Nov. 13, 1899		
Calamba, near	Nov. 14, 1899		
Calamba	Dec. 6, 1899		
Calamba, near	Dec. 24, 1899		
Do	Jan. 1, 1900		
Calatrava, near	Oct. 25, 1899		
Calbayog	Jan. 26, 1900		
Do	Mar. 26, 1900	1	3
Do	Apr. 25, 1900		
Do	May 8, 1900		1
Do	June 8, 17, 1900		
Calbayog, near	June 12, 1900		
Calibabagan	June 18, 1900		
Calinog	Feb. 21, 1900		
Do	Feb. 23, 1900	3	
Calivo	June 19, 1900		1
Caloocan	Feb. 7, 1899		1
Do	Feb. 10, 1899	5	45
Do	Feb. 11, 1899		6
Do	Feb. 12, 1899		2
Do	Feb. 13, 1899		2
Do	Feb. 17, 1899		1

List of battles, with dates, Spanish-American war and the Philippine insurrection, showing number killed and wounded—Continued.

Name.	Date.	Losses. Killed.	Losses. Wounded.
Caloocan	Feb. 23, 1899	4	24
Do	Feb. 24, 1899	.....	6
Do	Feb. 25, 1899	.....	1
Do	Feb. 26, 1899	.....	4
Caloocan, near	Feb. 27, 1899	.....	2
Caloocan	Feb. 28, 1899	1	3
Do	Mar. 2, 1899	.....	1
Do	Mar. 10, 1899	1	1
Do	Mar. 12, 1899	.....	1
Do	do	1	.....
Do	Mar. 15, 1899	1	.....
Do	Mar. 23, 1899	1	1
Do	Mar. 24, 1899	.....	3
Do	Mar. 25, 1899	2	29
Do	Mar. 26, 1899	.....	1
Caloocan, near	Oct. 9, 1899	.....	.....
Culucut, near	Oct. 3, 1899	.....	.....
Calulut	Aug. 9, 1899	1	18
Calulut, near	do	.....	.....
Calulut	Sept. 11, 1899	.....	.....
Calumpit	Apr. 4, 1899	.....	.....
Do	Apr. 25, 1899	5	34
Do	Apr. 26, 1899	.....	1
Calumpit, near	do	4	11
Camalig	Feb. 22, 1900	.....	1
Camalig, near	Mar. 20, 1900	1	1
Camalig	Mar. 23, 1900	.....	.....
Camalig, near	Apr. 20, 1900	.....	2
Do	May 13, 1900	.....	1
Do	June 20, 26, 1900	.....	.....
Camalig	June 27, 1900	.....	1
Camarines, near	June 20, 1900	.....	.....
Cameva	Dec. 18, 1899	.....	.....
Canayan, near	May 5, 1900	.....	.....
Canayan	June 28, 1900	.....	.....
Candaba	Apr. 22, 1900	.....	.....
Do	May 26, 1900	1	.....
Candelaria, near	Feb. 6, 1900	.....	.....
Candelaria	May 6, 1900	.....	.....
Candon, near	May 4, 1900	.....	.....
Canlaon	July 19, 1899	.....	.....
Cantapang	Dec. 20, 1899	.....	.....
Capintalan	Dec. 18, 1899	.....	.....
Caraballos Pass	Jan. 14, 1900	1	2
Caranim, near	June 12, 21, 1900	.....	.....
Caratan, near	Mar. 23, 1900	.....	.....
Cardenas Harbor, Cuba.	May 11, 1898	5	[1]
Carmen, near	Nov. 30, 1899	.....	.....
Carmona	Jan. 3, 1900	.....	.....
Carranglan, near	Nov. 24, 1899	.....	.....
Do	Dec. 11, 1899	.....	.....
Do	Dec. 20, 1899	1	.....
Casaibos	Sept. 19, 1899	.....	.....
Castel Jose	Dec. 12, 1899	.....	.....
Castellana, near	Oct. 22, 1899	.....	.....
Do	Feb. 17, 1900	.....	.....
Castellejos, near	Jan. 29, 1900	4	5
Castro, near	Apr. 23, 1900	.....	.....
Catarman	May 1, 1900	.....	2
Catbalogan	Jan. 27, 1900	1	2
Catbalogan, near	Jan. 29, 1900	.....	.....
Catbalogan	June 3, 13, 21, 24, 26, 28, 1900.	.....	.....
Catubig	Apr. 14–19, 1900.	18	5
Cautero	Feb. 5, 1900	.....	2
Cavinti	Jan. 28, 1900	.....	.....
Cavinti, near	Feb. 1, 1900	.....	.....
Do	Mar. 22, 1900	.....	.....
Cavitan	Jan. 27, 1900	.....	4
Do	Feb. 15, 1900	.....	3
Cavitan, near	Feb. 16, 1900	.....	1
Cavitan	Feb. 17, 1900	.....	.....
Do	Apr. 3, 1900	.....	.....
Cavite	May 20, 1899	.....	1
Cebu, near	Aug. 25, 1899	3	1
Cebu, near	Sept. 22, 1899	1	4
Do	Sept. 23, 1899	.....	.....
Chinese Hospital	Feb. 5, 1899	.....	6
Coamo, near P. R.	Aug. 9, 1898	.....	6
Colasi, near	Mar. 31, 1900	.....	1
Colasi	Apr. 16, 17, 18, 19, 1900.	.....	.....
Comansi	Jan. 5, 1900	1	2
Comogisongalan	Feb. 22, 1900	.....	.....
Concepcion, near	Jan. 19, 1900	.....	2
Conowai	June 30, 1900	.....	.....
Consolacion, near	Feb. 5, 1900	.....	1
Cruznaligas	Feb. 24, 1899	.....	1
Cuenca	Mar. 15, 1900	.....	2
Cullebeng	Apr. 15, 1900	.....	1
Currimaoa	Apr. 12, 1900	.....	.....
Dablain, near	May 3, 1900	.....	.....
Daet	Apr. 27, 1900	.....	.....
Daet, near	May 2, 1900	.....	.....
Dagami	Mar. 11, 1900	1	.....
Dagami, near	Mar. 31, 1900	.....	1
Dagami	June 13, 1900	.....	.....
Daiquiri (*see* Santiago), Cuba.			
Darago	Jan. 25, 1900	1	2
Do	Feb. 6, 1900	2	3
Do	Feb. 8, 1900	.....	1
Do	Feb. 14, 1900	1	.....
Do	Feb. 22, 1900	.....	.....
Do	Mar. 20, 1900	.....	.....
Dasmarinas	June 19, 1899	2	16
Do	June 20, 1899	.....	2
Dasol	Jan. 25, 1900	1	.....
Do	Feb. 7, 1900	.....	.....
Dasol, near	Feb. 9, 1900	.....	.....
Dasol	Mar. 6, 1900	.....	1
Delcarmen	Dec. 1, 1899	.....	3
Dinalupijan	Dec. 4, 1899	8	.....
Dinalupijan, near	Dec. 22, 1899	.....	1
Do	Jan. 2, 1900	.....	1
Do	Jan. 3, 1899	.....	.....
Dingle	Feb. 18, 1900	1	.....
Dingras	Dec. 8, 1899	.....	.....
Dingras, near	Dec. 9, 16, 1899	.....	.....
Dolores	Aug. 16, 1899	.....	1
Do	Sept. 1, 1899	.....	.....
Dolores, near	Oct. 17, 1899	1	1
Dongon Pass	May 6, 1900	.....	4
Doninglay	Jan. 24, 1900	.....	1
Donsol	Jan. 22, 26, 29, 30, 31, 1900.	.....	.....
Donsol, near	Apr. 9, 14, 1900	.....	.....
Do	May 6, 16, 1900	.....	.....
Donsol	June 7, 8, 1900	.....	.....
Donsol River	Feb. 21, 1900	1	.....
Dulag	May 12, 1900	.....	.....
Dumandan	Jan. 17, 1900	.....	1
Dumangas	June 7, 1900	1	1
Dumangas, near	June 14, 1900	1	.....
Dumangas	June 18, 1900	1	.....
Dumangas, near	June 22, 1900	.....	.....
Dumangas	June 24, 1900	.....	1
Durago, near	June 19, 1900	.....	.....
Echague, near	June 9, 1900	1	.....
El Pardo	Aug. 23, 1899	.....	1
Escalante	May 27, 1899	1	.....
Fishers Point, Cuba	June 11, 20, 1898	6	16
Florida Blanca	Oct. 9, 1899	.....	.....
Florida Blanca, near	Jan. 2, 1900	.....	.....
Fort Amia	Feb. 4, 1900	.....	1
Gandara	Mar. 27, 1900	.....	.....
Gapan, near	May 31, 1900	.....	.....
Ginigaran	Dec. 8, 1899	.....	2
Gomain River	June 23, 1900	.....	1
Gondos	Sept. 22, 1899	.....	.....
Guadaloupe	Feb. 13, 1899	.....	1

[1] Wounded not given.

List of battles, with dates, Spanish-American war and the Philippine insurrection, showing number killed and wounded—Continued.

Name.	Date.	Losses.	
		Killed.	Wounded.
Guadaloupe	Feb. 15, 1899		
Do	Feb. 17, 1899		1
Do	Mar. 14, 1899		
Do	June 9, 1899		
Do	June 10, 1899	1	18
Guadaloupe Church	Feb. 20, 1899	2	
Do	Feb. 22, 1899	2	4
Do	Mar. 13, 1899	3	20
Guadaloupe River	Mar. 23, 1900		
Guagua	Aug. 16, 1899		
Do	Sept. 15, 1899		
Do	Oct. 3, 1899	2	
Guanica road, Porto Rico.	July 25, 1898		4
Guantanamo Bay (see Caimanera), Cuba.			
Guayamo, Porto Rico.	Aug. 5, 1898		4
Guayamo, 4 miles north of, Porto Rico.	Aug. 8, 1898		5
Guiguinto	Mar. 29, 1899	5	58
Do	Apr. 10, 1899	1	1
Do	Apr. 11, 1899	1	11
Do	Apr. 20, 1899		4
Guiguinto, near	Apr. 21, 1899		1
Do	Oct. 15, 1899		
Do	Oct. 18, 1899		2
Guinagaan, near	June 15, 1900		
Guinobatan	Feb. 23, 1900		
Do	Mar. 14, 1900		2
Do	Apr. 10, 13, 1900		
Guinobatan, near	Apr. 11, 1900		1
Guinobatan	June 12, 1900		
Do	June 18, 1900		1
Guinobatan, near	June 30, 1900	1	
Guisijan	Mar. 15, 1900		
Guisijan, near	Mar. 25, 1900		
Guisijan	Apr. 1, 1900		1
Gurinica, Porto Rico.	July 20, 1898		
Habana, before (Matanzas), Cuba.	Apr. 27, 1898		
Hacienda Carmie	Oct. 27, 1899		
Hacienda Tongal	Dec. 19, 1899		
Hiaboug, near	Mar. 24, 1900		2
Hilongos	Mar. 12, 1900		1
Do	May 6, 1900		4
Do	June 24, 1900	2	
Do	June 28, 1900		
Hormigueros, Porto Rico.	Aug. 10, 1898	1	16
Humingan	Nov. 11, 1899		
Do	Jan. 14, 1900		
Humingan, near	Jan. 17, 1900		
Iba	Dec. 9, 1899		1
Do	Dec. 18, 1899		1
Do	Jan. 1, 5, 6, 1900		
Do	Jan. 3, 1900	1	
Ibaan, near	Jan. 15, 1900		
Igburi	Mar. 10, 1900		1
Iligan, near	Feb. 28, 1900	1	
Illaya, near	Nov. 21, 1899	4	21
Iloilo	Feb. 11, 1899		
Do	Nov. 11, 1899		1
Imus	June 19, 1899	2	5
Imus, near	Sept. 19, 1899		
Do	Sept. 29, 1899		4
Imus	Sept. 30, 1899		
Imus, near	Oct. 2, 1899	3	7
Do	Oct. 3, 1899		2
Imus	Oct. 6, 1899		2
Imus, near	Nov. 18, 1899		7
Do	Nov. 20, 1899		2
Imus	Nov. 25, 1899		3
Imus River	Dec. 4, 1899		1
Do	Dec. 6, 1899		1
Indan, near	June 30, 1900		
Indang, near	Jan. 7, 1900	1	1
Isabela	Sept. 16, 1899		1
Isabela, near	Oct. 21, 27, 1899		
Jaen	May 3, 1900		
Jalang, near	May 30, 1900	3	
Jaro	Feb. 12, 1899		4
Do	Feb. 14, 1899	1	1
Do	Mar. 1, 1899	1	
Do	Oct. 19, 1899		
Jaro, near	Mar. 16, 1900	1	
Jaro	Apr. 15, 1900		
Jaro Bridge	Mar. 16, 1899	1	15
Jaro River	Nov. 18, 1899		1
Jibuan	Nov. 10, 1899		1
Jimenez	May 2, 1900		
Jolo	Feb. 15, 1899		
Jolo Bridge	Feb. 13, 1899		
Labo, near	May 26, 30, 1900		
Labo	May 28, 1900	3	9
La Granja	Dec. 7, 1899	1	2
Do	Mar. 21, 1900		1
Lagonoy	June 24, 27, 1900		
Laguna de Bay	Mar. 19, 1899	1	1
Do	Mar. 4, 1900	1	1
Lagundi	Apr. 24, 1899		1
Lake Bombon, near	Feb. 2, 1900	1	1
Lake Taal, near	Feb. 5, 1900		
La Loma	Oct. 8, 1899	1	
Do	Oct. 9, 1899		1
La Loma Church	Feb. 5, 1899	10	41
Do	Mar. 25, 1899	8	52
Do	Mar. 17, 1899		
La Lud, near	Mar. 1, 1900	2	1
Lambong, near	June 12, 1900		
Lambunao	Apr. 5, 1900		
Do	May 31, 1900		2
Lanan	Mar. 11, 1900	1	
Lanot	Feb. 3, 1900		
Laoag	Apr. 17, 1900		
Do	May 29, 1900		
La Paz	Feb. 24, 1899		
Do	Mar. 3, 1899		
La Paz, near	Aug. 15, 1899		
Do	Sept. 15, 1899	1	
Do	Mar. 8, 1900	1	
La Paz	Apr. 26, 1900	2	17
Lapo, near	Apr. 6, 1900		
La Quasima, Cuba	June 24, 1898	16	50
Las Alteres (See Santiago), Cuba.			
Las Guasimas (See La Quasima), Cuba.			
Las Pinas	June 10, 1899	1	11
Lavezares	Apr. 10, 1900		
Layog	June 12, 18, 1900		
Lechina Hill	Jan. 3, 1900		
Legaspi	Jan. 23, 1900		3
Do	Feb. 2, 1900	1	4
Legaspi, near	Feb. 9, 1900		
Legaspi	Apr. 27, 1900		1
Legoa Pass	Mar. 19, 1900		
Lemery, near	Jan. 18, 1900	1	3
Do	Feb. 24, 1900		
Leon, near	June 18, 1900		
Libmanan	Feb. 20, 1900		9
Do	May 21, 1900		2
Libog	Mar. 2, 1900		
Ligao, near	Apr. 12, 1900		1
Ligao	Mar. 1, 1900	2	6
Ligao, near	June 17, 1900		
Do	June 24, 1900		1
Lipa, near	Jan. 13, 1900	1	2
Do	Jan. 15, 1900	1	
Do	Jan. 16, 1900		1
Do	Jan. 25, 1900		
Do	May 22, 1900		1

List of battles, with dates, Spanish-American war and the Philippine insurrection, showing number killed and wounded—Continued.

Name.	Date.	Losses.		Name.	Date.	Losses.	
		Killed.	Wounded.			Killed.	Wounded.
Lipicat, near	May 24, 1900			Manduriao	Feb. 25, 1899		
Llana hermosa, near	Feb. 5, 1900	6		Mangatarem	Nov. 25, 28, 1899.		
Loculan	May 14, 1900	7	4				
Los Banos, near	Sept. 29, 1899		1	Mangatarem, near	Jan. 19, 1900	1	
Do	Nov. 18, 1899	1		Manguirin	June 19, 1900		
Lubao, near	Oct. 22, 1899			Manichen	Nov. 24, 1899		
Lubao	Oct. 29, 1899	1	8	Manila	Feb. 4, 1899	1	6
Lubao, near	Nov. 2, 1899			Manila, near	Feb. 7, 1899	3	8
Lucban, near	June 23, 1900			Do	Feb. 9, 1899		2
Lucban	Feb. 19, 1900			Do	Feb. 11, 1899		3
Lucena, near	Feb. 2, 1900			Manila	Mar. 6, 1899		1
Luisiana, near	Mar. 4, 1900			Manila, assault on	Aug. 13, 1898	4	35
Do	June 23, 24, 1900			Manila Bay (naval)	May 1, 1898	(1)	
Lulas Mountains	Oct. 19, 1899			Manila, trenches before.	July 30		
Lumbal, near	May 13, 1900			Do	Aug. 5, 1898	13	64
Lumbang	Feb. 13, 1900			Matanzas (*See* Habana) Cuba.			
Maasin	May 4, 1899		3	Mapotas	Mar. 20, 1900		
Do	May 8, 1899		1	Maricabon, near	Jan. 2, 1900		1
Do	May 23, 1899			Marilao	Mar. 28, 1899	9	25
Do	Dec. 6, 1899			Do	Apr. 11, 1899	3	2
Mabalacat	Nov. 7, 8, 1899			Do	Apr. 15, 1899		1
Mabalacat, near	Nov. 28, 1899		1	Marilao Bridge	Oct. 17, 1899		
Mabalacat	Jan. 6, 1900			Manilao River	Mar. 27, 1899	5	40
Mabalacat, near	Feb. 2, 1900	1		Mariquina	Feb. 7, 1899		
Mabalacat	Mar. 28, 1900			Do	Feb. 15, 1899		1
Mabalacat, near	Mar. 31, 1900			Do	Mar. 16, 1899		4
Mabaleng	Apr. 22, 1900			Do	May 23, 1899	1	
Macton	Apr. 20, 1900			Do	June 3, 1899		5
Madalag, near	Feb. 13, 1900			Mariquina road	Feb. 17, 1899		8
Madelay	Jan. 30, 1900		1	Do	Mar. 5, 1899		
Magaan, near	May 11, 1900			Do	Mar. 6, 1899		5
Magaan	June 30, 1900			Do	May 14, 1899		1
Magalang	Nov. 5, 1899		11	Do	Mar. 21, 1899		1
Magalang, near	Nov. 6, 1899		1	Do	Mar. 25, 1899	1	17
Magallanes, near	Jan. 10, 1900			Do	Mar. 30, 1899		1
Do	Jan. 19, 1900		2	Mariquina Valley	Mar. 31, 1899	1	17
Do	Jan. 24, 1900		1	Mariveles	Dec. 16, 1899		
Magdalena, near	Feb. 7, 1900		3	Marora	June 13, 1900		
Do	Feb. 16, 1900		1	Marunco	Apr. 27, 1899		
Do	Feb. 28, 1900		1	Masapinit	Nov. 10, 1899		3
Do	Mar. 7, 1900		1	Masin	June 10, 1900		
Do	Mar. 14, 1900		2	Matignao, near	May 11, 1900.	3	4
Magdalena	May 29, 1900			Matuguinao, near	Mar. 8, 1900	1	5
Magdalena, near	June 3, 1900			Mavitac	July 17, 1899		1
Mainet	June 15, 1900			Mayantoc, near	Apr. 7, 1900		1
Majayjay	Jan. 23, 1900			Melinto	Mar. 26, 1899	3	13
Do	Feb. 23, 1900		1	Do	Mar. 29, 1899	2	27
Malabog	Mar. 8, 11, 1900.			Do	Apr. 1, 1899		
Do	Apr. 10, 1900			Mexico, near	Sept. 27, 1899		
Do	May 1, 1900			Do	May 9, 1900		
Do	June 21, 1900			Mexico	June 13, 1900		
Malabon	Feb. 11, 1899		2	Meycauayan	Mar. 26, 1899	3	26
Do	Feb. 12, 1899			Do	Oct. 9, 1899		
Do	Mar. 25, 1899	11	58	Mina	June 6, 1900		1
Do	Mar. 26, 1899		1	Minglenilla	June 22, 1900		2
Do	Apr. 29, 1900			Moalboal, near	Sept. 17, 1899	2	2
Malaboquin	June 21, 1900		1	Moncada, near	Jan. 23, 1900		
Malasiqui	Jan. 16, 1900			Montalban	Dec. 27, 1899		4
Malitbloc	Mar. 29, 1900		1	Morong	June 3, 4, 1899		
Malitbog	Apr. 14, 1900		2	Do	June 5, 1899	1	
Malitcong	May 21, 1900			Morong, near	June 6, 1899		1
Malolos	Mar. 30, 1899	4	25	Morong	June 9, 1899	1	
Do	Mar. 31, 1899	1	19	Do	June 16, 1899		1
Malolos, near	Apr. 4, 1899	1	3	Do	Dec. 17, 1899		
Malolos	Apr. 9, 1899			Mount Agsarab	Apr. 13, 1900		
Do	Apr. 13, 1899	2	6	Mount Arayat	June 5, 1900	2	3
Malolos, near	Mar. 24, 1900		1	Do	Jan. 15, 1900		
Malunu	June 3, 1900		2	Mount Bingain	June 27, 1900		
Manaling	Jan. 1, 1900			Monte Maradudon	June 15, 1900		1
Manaoag, near	Apr. 30, 1900			Monte Paruyan	June 21, 1900	1	1
Do	May 31, 1900		1	Mount Samal, near	Apr. 27, 1900		
Manauan	Mar. 18, 1900		1	Mount Samal	May 7, 1900		
Mandagore	Jan. 28, 1900			Munoz, near	Jan. 17, 1900		
Mandilla, near	Feb. 20, 1900			Muntinlupa	June 26, 1899	1	
Mandoag	Nov. 14, 1899						
Mandoag, near	Feb. 5, 1900						

[1] See summary of events.

List of battles, with dates, Spanish-American war and the Philippine insurrection, showing number killed and wounded—Continued.

Name.	Date.	Losses.	
		Killed.	Wounded.
Muntinlupa, near	July 11, 1899		2
Do	Oct. 12, 1899	3	2
Muntinlupa	Apr. 28, 1900		
Murcia	Feb. 2, 1900		
Nabua, near	Apr. 18, 1900		
Nagbrecan	June 3, 1900		
Nagcarlang	Mar. 16, 1900		1
Naguilan	Dec. 7, 1899		4
Naic	Jan. 9, 1900	1	2
Do	May 4, 1900		1
Nainil	June 30, 1900		
Nalupa Nuero, near	June 15, 1900		
Najpora, near	Feb. 3, 1900		1
Naiagaro	Feb. 13, 1900		
Nippero, near	Apr. 12, 1900		1
Nomong, near	May 19, 1900		
Norzagaray	Apr. 24, 1899		3
Do	Apr. 25, 1899		2
Novaleta	June 16, 1899		
Novaleta, near	Aug. 11, 1899	1	
Novaleta	Oct. 8, 1899	1	11
Novaliches	Apr. 22, 1899		1
Nueva Caceres	Apr. 8, 1900	1	
Obando	Nov. 21, 1899		
O'Donnell	Nov. 18, 1899		
Olongapo	Dec. 8, 1899		
Ondong, near	Apr. 16, 1900		
Orani	Dec. 5, 1899		
Orani, near	Dec. 21, 1899		
Orion, near	Apr. 11, 1900	2	
Do	Apr. 16, 27, 1900		
Do	Apr. 18, 1900		1
Do	May 8, 1900		
Paete	Apr. 10, 1899		
Do	Apr. 12, 1899	5	2
Paete, near	Feb. 23, 1900		
Paete	Mar. 4, 1900		1
Do	Mar. 21, 1900		
Paete, near	Mar. 29, 1900		
Do	Apr. 21, 1900		
Pagsajan	Apr. 11, 1899		
Pagsajan, near	Feb. 4, 1900		2
Pagsajan	Feb. 15, 1900	2	
Do	Mar. 2, 1900		1
Pagsajan, near	Mar. 7, 1900		
Pagsajan	June 16, 1900		1
Palanig	May 13, 1900		1
Palanoz	May 2, 1900		
Palasi Pass	Jan. 19, 1900		1
Do	Feb. 22, 1900	1	1
Pambujan, near	May 6, 1900		1
Pampanga River	Apr. 27, 1899		1
Do	Mar. 17, 1900		
Pamplona	May 7, 1900	1	1
Panaga	May 8, 1900		
Paniqui	Dec. 31, 1899	1	
Panitan, near	Jan. 11, 1900	1	
Papaya	June 5, 1900		2
Do	June 14, 1900	1	1
Paquil	Feb. 5, 1900		2
Do	Feb. 7, 1900		
Paquil, near	Feb. 19, 1900		
Do	Mar. 7, 1900		
Paquil	Mar. 8, 1900		
Paquil, near	Apr. 14, 25, 1900		
Paranaque	Feb. 11, 1899		
Do	Feb. 15, 1899		1
Do	June 10, 1899		3
Paranas	Mar. 11, 1900		3
Paransas	May 12, 1900		1
Do	May 16, 1900		1
Do	May 18, 1900		1
Pasacao, near	Apr. 15, 1900		2
Do	Apr. 16, 1900		
Pasay	Feb. 5, 1899	10	35
Pasay, near	June 4, 1899		1
Pasay, near	June 6, 1899		
Pasig	Mar. 14, 1899		4
Do	Mar. 15, 1899	1	3
Do	Mar. 26, 1899	2	6
Pasigay	May 22, 1900		2
Passi	Nov. 26, 1899	2	
Pateros	Feb. 9, 1899		
Do	Feb. 14, 1899		7
Do	Feb. 15, 1899		
Pateros, near	Feb. 16, 1899		
Pateros	Mar. 14, 1899	1	5
Patnongon	Feb. 6, 1900	1	
Do	Feb. 15, 1900	1	
Do	Apr. 28, 1900	2	2
Payato	June 28, 1900		
Penaranda	Mar. 6, 1900		1
Do	Apr. 19, 1900		
Penaranda River	Mar. 24, 1900		2
Pilar, near	Apr. 20, 1900		
Pililla	July 5, 1899		1
Pindangan	May 23, 1900		
Point Arbolitos, Cuba	May 12, 1898		
Polanqui	Mar. 18, 1900		1
Polo	Oct. 6, 1899		
Do	May 5, 1900		1
Do	May 29, 1900		1
Polumgubat	Mar. 18, 1900		
Ponce, surrender of Porto Rico.	July 28, 1898		
Porac	Aug. 10, 1899		
Porac, near	Aug. 17, 1899		
Do	Sept. 3, 1899	1	1
Do	Sept. 9, 28, 1899		
Porac	Sept. 28, 1899		8
Do	Nov. 2, 1899	1	2
Porac, near	Nov. 3, 1899		1
Do	Nov. 4, 1899		
Do	Jan. 13, 18, 1900		
Pozorrubio	Nov. 15, 1899		
Pozorrubio, near	Feb. 16, 17, 1900		
Pozorrubio	Mar. 21, 1900		
Do	May 12, 1900	1	
Prenca, near	June 13, 1900		
Puente Julien	Jan. 7, 1900	3	1
Puerta Rivas	Mar. 13, 1900		
Pulanlay	Jan. 11, 1900		
Pulilan	Apr. 24, 1899	5	15
Do	May 2, 1899		1
Pulilan, near	Apr. 17, 1900	1	1
Pumping Station	Feb. 6, 1899	2	2
Do	Feb. 22, 1899		3
Do	Mar. 6, 1899		1
Do	Mar. 7, 1899	2	8
Do	June 3, 1899		
Quingua	Apr. 23, 1899	7	45
Quingan	Jan. 11, 1900	1	
Quiem	May 7, 1900		1
Quingua, near	Aug. 13, 14, 1899		1
Rabon River	Nov. 14, 1899		4
Rio Grande River	Oct. 22, 1899	1	
Rio Prietoat, crossing of, near Marias, Porto Rico.	Aug. 13, 1898		
Romblon	Dec. 16, 1899	1	
Rosario	June 15, 1899		
Rosario, near	Jan. 17, 1900	1	1
Rosario	Jan. 19, 1900		
Rosario, near	May 7, 1900		
Sagajon River	Oct. 7, 1899		
Sagay	May 29, 1899		
Salacot	May 15, 1899		1
Salcedo	Apr. 16, 1900		
Salcedo, near	Apr. 19, 1900		1
Do	Apr. 23, 30, 1900		
Do	Apr. 24, 1900		1
Sampaloc	Jan. 29, 1900		1

List of battles, with dates, Spanish-American war and the Philippine insurrection, showing number killed and wounded—Continued.

Name.	Date.	Losses.	
		Killed.	Wounded.
Sampaloc, near	Feb. 4, 1900		2
Sampaloc	Mar. 17, 1900		
Sampaloc, near	Mar. 18, 1900		
Samponong	Dec. 19, 1899		
San Antonio	May 20, 1899		
San Antonio, near	Apr. 23, 1900		
Do	June 26, 1900		
San Antonio	June 13, 1900		
San Augustin	Oct. 7, 1899		2
Do	Dec. 11, 1899		
Do	Apr. 13, 1900		
San Augustin, near	Apr. 14, 1900		
San Blas, near	Nov. 12, 1899		
San Blas	Nov. 20, 1899		4
San Blas, near	June 30, 1900	1	2
San Carlos, near	Oct. 21, 1899		
San Cristobal	Jan. 1, 1900		
San Cristobal River	Jan. 1, 1900		5
San Diego Hill	Mar. 16, 1900		
San Domingo	June 14, 1900	1	1
San Fabian	Nov. 7, 1899		1
San Fabian, near	Nov. 10, 1899		
San Felipe, near	Dec. 6, 1899		1
San Fernando	May 5, 1899		1
Do	May 8, 1899		1
Do	May 18, 1899		5
Do	May 23, 1899		
Do	May 24, 25, 1899	2	18
Do	May 26, 1899		1
Do	May 31, 1899		3
Do	June 3, 1899		1
Do	June 16, 1899		13
Do	June 22, 1899		2
Do	June 30, 1899	1	3
Do	July 4, 1899		1
Do	July 11, 1899		1
San Fernando, near	Apr. 19, 1900		
San Fernando de Rivera.	Dec. 7, 1899		1
San Fernando de Union.	Nov. 20, 1899		
San Francisco	Mar. 3, 1900	2	1
San Francisco del Monte.	Mar. 25, 1899	2	22
San Francisco de Malabon, near.	Oct. 10, 1899		3
San Ildefonso	May 8, 1899		1
Do	May 12, 1899		1
Do	May 23, 1899	2	14
Do	Nov. 24, 1899	1	1
Do	Dec. 4, 1899		4
San Ildefonso, near	Dec. 5, 1899		
San Ildefonso	Dec. 10, 11, 1899		
Do	Jan. 15, 1900		
San Isidro, near	May 16, 1899	1	
San Isidro	May 17, 1899		2
Do	Oct. 19, 1899	1	4
Do	Nov. 10, 1899		1
San Isidro, near	Jan. 31, 1900	1	
San Isidro	June 10, 1900		
San Jacinto	Nov. 8, 1899		
Do	Nov. 11, 1899	7	16
San Jacinto, near	Apr. 9, 1900		
San Jacinto	Apr. 19, 1900		
San Jose, near	Jan. 14, 1900		
Do	Feb. 2, 27, 1900		
Do	Mar. 31, 1900		2
San Jose de Buenavista.	Mar, 27, 1900		1
San Juan, P. R	May 12, 1898	4	7
Do	June 22, 1898		
San Juan (*see* Santiago), Cuba.	July 1–3, 1898		
San Juan, near	Feb. 18, 1900		
Do	Feb. 26, 1900	1	
San Juan de Guimba, near.	May 6, 1900		
San Juan del Monte	Mar. 7, 1899		
San Juan Hill	Feb. 5, 1899	4	16
San Luis	May 14, 1899	1	
Do	May 17, 1899		1
San Luis, near	July 19, 1899	1	
San Luis	Aug. 12, 1899	1	1
Do	Dec. 3, 1899		1
Do	Jan. 27, 1900		3
Do	Apr. 17, 1900		
San Luis, near	May 29, 1900	3	2
San Manuel, near	Mar. 14, 1900		
Do	Apr. 9, 1900		1
San Manuel	Apr. 16, 1900		
San Manuel, near	Apr. 17, 1900		
Do	May 6, 1900	1	
Do	May 12, 1900		
Do	June 4, 1900		
San Mateo	Aug. 12, 1899	4	14
Do	Oct. 8, 1899		1
San Mateo, near	Oct. 9, 1899		
San Mateo	Oct. 10, 1899		
San Mateo, near	Nov. 11, 1899		1
Do	Nov. 22, 1899		3
Do	Nov. 24, 1899		1
San Mateo	Dec. 19, 1899	1	
Do	Dec. 19, 1899	1	13
San Mateo Mountains	Dec. 27, 1899		3
San Miguel	May 5, 1899		
Do	May 13, 1899		1
San Miguel, near	Nov. 29, 1899		
Do	Dec. 5, 11, 13, 1899.		
San Miguel	Apr. 17, 1900		
San Miguel, near	Apr. 18, 1900		
Do	Apr. 18, 1900		1
San Miguel	May 14, 26, 1900		
San Miguel, near	May 24, 1900		
Do	June 11, 1900		
San Miguel de Mayumo, near.	June 8, 1900		
San Nicolas	Apr. 1, 1899		3
San Nicolas, near	Oct. 8, 1899		3
Do	Nov. 13, 1899		1
Do	Nov. 17, 1899		
Do	Nov. 19, 1899	1	
Do	Apr. 2, 1900		
San Nicolas	Apr. 21, 1900		
San Pablo, near	Jan. 14, 1900		1
Do	Jan. 21, 1900	1	10
San Pedro Macati	Feb. 6, 1899		2
Do	Feb. 14, 1899		1
Do	Feb. 15, 1899		1
Do	Feb. 16, 1899		1
Do	Feb. 19, 1899		1
Do	Feb. 20, 1899		5
Do	Feb. 21, 1899	1	1
Do	Feb. 24, 1899		1
Do	Feb. 27, 1899		1
Do	Feb. 28, 1899		2
Do	Mar. 3, 1899		3
Do	Mar. 4, 1899		3
Do	Mar. 6, 1899		2
Do	Mar. 7, 1899	1	1
Do	Mar. 10, 11, 1899		2
Do	Mar. 12, 1899		
Do	Mar. 16, 1899		1
Do	Apr. 11, 1899		1
Do	May 22, 1899	1	
San Quentin, near	May 5, 1900		1
San Quentin	June 26, 1900		
San Quentin, near	May 19, 1900		
San Rafael	Apr. 29, 1899		4
Do	May 1, 1899	1	4

List of battles, with dates, Spanish-American war and the Philippine insurrection, showing number killed and wounded—Continued.

Name.	Date.	Losses. Killed.	Losses. Wounded.
San Ramon	Jan. 2, 1900		1
San Roque	Feb. 9, 1899		
Do	Mar. 2, 1899		1
San Roque, near	Oct. 13, 1899		2
Santa Ana	Feb. 5, 1899	15	77
Do	Feb. 6, 1899		
Santa Ana, near	Oct. 3, 1899		
Santa Ana	Oct. 6, 1899		
Do	May 29, 1900		
Do	June 25, 1900		
Santa Barbara	Nov. 22, 1899		
Do	May 9, 1900		
Santa Clara	Feb. 12, 1900		3
Santa Cruz	Apr. 9, 1899		5
Do	Apr. 10, 1899		4
Do	Apr. 11, 1899		3
Do	May 10, 1899		
Santa Cruz, near	Oct. 3, 1899	1	
Santa Cruz	Oct. 10, 1899		1
Santa Cruz, near	Jan. 26, 1900		
Do	Feb. 11, 1900		1
Do	May 3, 1900	1	1
Santa Cruz	June 11, 1900		2
Santalon	Feb. 22, 1898		
Santa Lucia	May 29, 1900		1
Santa Marguerita	Apr. 7, 1900		
Santa Maria	Apr. 7, 1899		
Do	Apr. 12, 1899		1
Santa Mesa	Feb. 5, 1899	4	5
Santa Rita	May 23, 1899		3
Do	May 25, 1899		
Do	Aug. 10, 1899		
Do	Aug. 12, 1899		2
Santa Rita, near	Nov. 11, 1899	2	1
Santa Rosa	Oct. 23, 1899		
Santa Rosa, near	June 14, 1900		
Santiago, Cuba	May 18, 1898		1
Santiago, Aguadores, Las Alteres, and Daiquiri, Cuba.	June 22, 1898	1	9
Santiago, Cuba	July 10, 11, 1898	2	4
Santiago, Cuba[1]	July 1–12, 1898	244	1,381
Santiago, Cuba[2]	July 17, 1898		
Santiago, mouth of harbor, Cuba.[3]	May 31, 1898		
Santiago Harbor, Cuba.[4]	June 3, 1898		2
Santiago Harbor, Cuba.[5]	July 3, 1898	1	2
Santo Tomas	May 4, 1899	5	25
Santo Tomas, near	Nov. 19, 1899		7
Santo Tomas	Jan. 9, 1900	1	3
Santo Tomas, near	Jan. 11, 1900	1	
Do	Jan. 12, 1900		
Santo Tomas	May 30, 1900		
San Vicente, near	Apr. 4, 1900		
San Vicente	Apr. 28, 1900		
San Victor, near	June 3, 1900		
San Vicente	May 5, 1900		
Sapao	June 24, 1900		
Sapao River	June 27, 1900		1
Sapian	Jan. 13, 1900		
Sapong Maragul	Feb. 9, 1900		
Sara	Dec. 22, 1899		1
Sariago	Jan. 19, 1900	2	4
Do	Jan. 21, 1900		3
Sariago, near	Mar. 6, 23, 1900		
Sedupin	Jan. 12, 1900	2	3
Sevilla	Feb. 24, 1900	1	
Sexmoan, near	Mar. 22, 1900		
Sibalon	Apr. 28, 1900		
Do	June 26, 1900		
Sibul, near	June 8, 1900		
Sibul Mountains	June 11, 1900		
Sibul trail	Dec. 10, 1899		2
Silay	July 30, 1899	2	
Simali	May 17, 1900		
Similoan, near	May 25, 1900		
Sindalon	Aug. 9, 1899	3	9
Sinirozo de la Cruz	June 30, 1900		
Singalon	Feb. 5, 1899		
Siniloan	May 30, 1900	1	
Sogod	Jan. 29, 1900		
Solsona	Dec. 19, 1899		1
Somocat	Feb. 28, 1900		1
Sorsogon, near	June 27, 1900		
Sual	Dec. 19, 1899		
Subig, near	Dec. 13, 1899		
Do	Dec. 24, 1899		2
Subig	Feb. 9, 1900		
Subig Bay	Dec. 10, 1899		
Sudlon Mountain	Oct. 25, 1899		2
Do	Jan. 6, 1900		1
Do	Jan. 8, 1900		5
Sugod, near	May 28, 1900		
Sulipa	Feb. 1, 1900		
Taal	Jan. 19, 1900		7
Do	Feb. 4, 1900	1	
Tabaco	Feb. 9, 1900		
Do	Feb. 13, 1900		1
Do	May 22, 1900		1
Taboatin River	May 15, 1900		
Tabuan, near	Aug. 18, 19, 1899		5
Do	Oct. 1, 1899	1	4
Tacloban	Apr. 26, 1900		1
Tagatay, near	June 14, 1900	1	1
Tagudin	Feb. 17, 1900	1	
Tagufin, near	Mar. 18, 1900		1
Taguig	Mar. 15, 1899		
Do	Mar. 18, 1899	3	17
Do	Mar. 19, 1899		5
Do	Apr. 9, 1899		1
Do	Apr. 27, 1899	2	15
Taguig, near	May 19, 1899		
Tagun	Feb. 28, 1900	1	2
Taisan	Mar. 14, 1900		1
Do	Apr. 16, 1900		1
Talambang	Feb. 5, 1900		
Talavera, near	Nov. 3, 7, 1899		
Talavera road	Dec. 28, 1899		
Talisay, near	June 8, 1900		
Talisay	Jan. 11, 1900		
Do	June 1, 1900		
Tamorang	Apr. 29, 1900		
Tanauan	June 10, 1900		
Tanay, near	Jan. 25, 1900	1	1
Do	Feb. 15, 1900		
Tanay	Apr. 20, 1900		
Tangadan, near	May 13, 1900		
Tangadan Mountain	Dec. 4, 1899	1	12
Tangadan, near	Feb. 24, 1900		4
Tarlac, near	Nov. 13, 27, 1899		
Taui Taui Island	Jan. 29, 1900	2	2
Tayabas	Jan. 28, 1900		2
Tayabas, near	Feb. 5, 11, 1900		
Do	Mar. 5, 1900		
Taytay	Mar. 31, 1899		
Do	May 9, 1900		

[1] Embracing the actions at San Juan, El Caney, and Aguadores, July 1–3, and around Santiago, July 10–12; 18,216 troops engaged.
[2] See summary of events.
[3] And first week of June.
[4] Lieut. R. P. Hobson and 7 men sunk the *Merrimac* in entrance of the harbor; all captured.
[5] Great naval battle; destruction of Cervera's fleet. See summary of events.

List of battles, with dates, Spanish-American war and the Philippine insurrection, showing number killed and wounded—Continued.

Name.	Date.	Losses. Killed.	Losses. Wounded.	Name.	Date.	Losses. Killed.	Losses. Wounded.
Taytay	June 3, 1899	2		Topaz, near	Dec. 24, 1899		
Taying	Nov. 11, 1899			Tubur	Jan. 22, 1900		
Teres, near	June 8, 1900			Tugucgarao	May 20, 1900		
Teresa	July 12, 1899			Tuwedteelted Mountain.	Dec. 12, 1899	2	1
Tiaon	Jan. 15, 1900		1	Urdaneta, near	Feb. 24, 1900		
Do	Feb. 5, 1900			Valderrama	Mar. 10, 1900		1
Ticona	Mar. 23, 1900			Do	May 11, 1900		
Tigaon, near	Feb. 27, 1900	1	3	Valdez	July 27, 1899		
Tila Pass	Dec. 2, 1899	2	9	Valle Hermoso	Nov. 17, 1899		
Tinagaya, near	Apr. 29, 1900		1	Vigan	Dec. 4, 1899		3
Tingalon, near	June 10, 1900			Villasis	May 6, 1900		
Tinuba	Feb. 14, 1900			Vintar	Apr. 15, 1900		
Toboatin Bridge	Nov. 24, 1899	1		Vintar, near	Apr. 16, 1900		
Toboatin River	Oct. 27, 1899	2	1	Do	May 15, 1900		
Tolon, near	July 20, 1899			Zapote River	June 13, 1899	8	37
Tondo	Feb. 22, 1899		3				
Do	Feb. 23, 1899	1	10				

The following shows the losses between May 1, 1898, and June 30, 1899:

	Officers.	Enlisted men.
Killed in action	41	458
Died of wounds	10	192
Died of disease	165	5,344
Died from other causes	11	401
Total	227	6,395

There were wounded between May 1, 1898, and June 30, 1899:

	Regular Army.	Volunteer service.	Total.
Officers	109	88	197
Enlisted men	1,586	1,178	2,764

The number of deaths from all causes between May 1 and September 30, 1898, inclusive:

	Killed.	Died of wounds.	Died of disease.	Total.
Officers	23	4	80	107
Enlisted men	257	61	2,485	2,803

Being an aggregate of 2,910 out of a total force of 274,717 officers and men, or a percentage of 1.059.

TROUBLES IN CHINA.

In the spring of 1900 the perilous situation of the members of the American legation at Pekin and their complete isolation in the midst of an unruly and murderous populace demanded prompt action for their relief. The commanding general, Division of the Philippines, was therefore instructed by cable, June 16, 1900, to send at once a regiment of infantry to Taku, and six days later Maj. Gen. Adna R. Chaffee, U. S. Volunteers, was selected to command the United States troops to compose the China relief expedition.

SUMMARY OF EVENTS FROM JULY 3 TO AUGUST 28, 1900, WITH TABLE SHOWING CASUALTIES.

The following events occurred in China subsequent to the firing by the Taku forts on foreign war vessels which resulted in the surrender of the forts June 17, and to the capture of the east arsenal at Tientsin by the allied forces on the 27th of the same month:

July 3.—Headquarters and eight troops of the Sixth Cavalry sailed from San Francisco on the *Grant* for China.

July 6.—Ninth Infantry landed at Taku.

July 11.—Two battalions Ninth Infantry reached Tientsin.

July 13.—Severe engagement at Tientsin between the allied forces and the Chinese. The Ninth Infantry suffered heavily, losing Colonel Liscum and 17 men killed and 5 officers and 72 men wounded.

July 14.—Tientsin captured by the allies; Third Battalion, Ninth Infantry, reached that place.

July 15.—Light Battery F, Fifth Artillery, and two battalions Fourteenth Infantry sailed from Manila for China.

July 17.—Headquarters and four companies Fifteenth Infantry sailed from San Francisco on the *Sumner* for China.

July 26.—Two battalions Fourteenth Infantry, on the *Indiana*, arrived at Taku.

July 27.—Light Battery F, Fifth Artillery, on the *Flintshire*, arrived at Taku.

July 28.—General Chaffee, with headquarters and eight troops Sixth Cavalry, arrived at Taku.

July 29.—Four batteries Third Artillery sailed from San Francisco on the *Hancock* for China.

August 5.—Pietsang captured by the allied forces. No casualties to the United States troops.

August 6.—Light Battery F, Fifth Artillery, Ninth and Fourteenth Infantry, participated in battle of Yangtsung, sustaining a loss of 7 men killed and 1 officer and 62 men wounded.

August 9.—Japanese, British, Russian, and American troops advanced to Ho-si-wu, the Chinese flying after firing first shots.

August 14.—Pekin entered at 5 p. m. by the allied forces.

August 14–15.—Capture of Pekin by the allied forces, in which Light Battery F, Fifth Artillery, and the Ninth and Fourteenth Infantry sustained a loss of Capt. Henry J. Reilly and 5 men killed and 30 men wounded.

August 16.—Brig. Gen. Thomas H. Barry, U. S. Volunteers, and four companies Fifteenth Infantry arrived at Taku.

August 19.—Action near Tientsin, in which Sixth Cavalry had 6 men wounded.

August 21.—Four batteries Third Artillery, on the *Hancock*, arrived at Taku

August 28.—The allied forces formally entered the palace grounds at Pekin.

The relief of the American legation, following the capture of the Chinese capital, transferred to the domain of diplomacy the settlement of the proper redress for the outrages to the representatives of the American Republic and to its citizens residing in that country. It was therefore determined to withdraw the United States troops, leaving only a legation guard, to consist of four troops of cavalry, one light battery, and one regiment of infantry, under command of Major-General Chaffee, U. S. V., he being instructed to send the remainder of his force to Manila.

The casualties in the several actions in China between July 1 and October 1, 1900, were as follows:

Organization.	Killed.		Wounded.		Total.		Aggregate.
	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	Officers.	Enlisted men.	
Hospital Corps	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	1
Sixth United States Cavalry	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	6	6
Fifth United States Artillery	1	.....	.....	3	1	3	4
Ninth United States Infantry	1	19	7	81	8	100	108
Fourteenth United States Infantry	.....	11	.....	79	.....	90	90
Total	2	30	7	170	9	200	209

1898-1900.

SUMMARY OF EVENTS OF THE SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR.

[Began April 21, 1898, and ended, by the signing of the peace protocol, August 12, 1898. The ratifications were exchanged and the treaty proclaimed April 11, 1899.]

1898.

JANUARY.

1-12. The assembling in the Gulf of Mexico, near Dry Tortugas, of the North Atlantic Squadron.
15-20. The Governor-General established a guard around the United States consulate on account of the hostilities of Spanish volunteers against the Americans at Habana.
18. An attempt to force a recognition of Cuban belligerency is defeated in the House of Representatives.
24. The U. S. S. *Maine* is ordered to the harbor of Habana.
25. The U. S. S. *Maine* arrived in the harbor of Habana.

FEBRUARY.

9. De Lome, Spanish minister at Washington, wrote a letter in which he spoke disparagingly of President McKinley, and on its publication on the 9th or 10th of February he tendered his resignation to his Government.
15. The U. S. S. *Maine* was blown up in the harbor of Habana and 260 American sailors were killed. The destruction of this battle ship was supposed to have been caused by a floating mine.
20. A naval court of inquiry had been appointed by the President to investigate the cause of the destruction of the *Maine*, and its first session is held at Habana.
23. Several United States war ships assemble at Key West, Fla.

MARCH.

7. An emergency appropriation of $50,000,000 was introduced in the House of Representatives.
8. The above bill passed the House.
9. The above bill passed the Senate and was signed by the President.
11. The mobilization of the Army is commenced by the War Department.
14. The Spanish fleet leaves Cadiz, bound for the Canary Islands.
19. Report of the court of inquiry into the destruction of the *Maine* completed.
25. The command of the flying squadron at Hampton Roads, Virginia, is given to Commodore Schley.
28. The court of inquiry submits to Congress its report in regard to the destruction of the U. S. S. *Maine*.
29. Resolutions declaring war with Spain and recognizing the independence of Cuba introduced in both Houses of Congress.

APRIL.

5. Recall of the United States consuls in Cuba.
7. The President receives the diplomatic representatives of the great powers of Europe, who call with a plea for peace.
11. The President submits to Congress a message, in which he outlines the situation, asks recognition of Cuba, and requests action by Congress.
19. Resolutions are adopted in Congress declaring Cuba independent, and requesting the President to put an end to Spanish authority in Cuba by the forces of the United States.
20. The above resolution was approved.
21. The United States minister to Spain, Mr. Woodford, is given his passport by the Spanish Government, thus beginning the Spanish-American war; an act is passed in Congress increasing the military establishment of the United States.
22. The North Atlantic Squadron begins blockade of Cuba; the Spanish war ship *Buena Ventura*, in the Gulf of Mexico, is captured by the U. S. S. *Nashville;* the first gun in the war fired; the President issues a proclamation, under resolution of Congress approved April 20, demanding that Spain at once relinquish her authority and government over the island of Cuba.

1898.

23. The President calls for 125,000 volunteers.
24. Spain declares that war exists with the United States; the U. S. S. *Wilmington*, *Dupont*, *Detroit*, and *Winona* capture, in the Gulf of Mexico, the following Spanish ships: *Sofia*, *Candita*, *Catalina*, and *La Cumina*.
25. Congress declares that war with Spain has existed since April 21; Commodore Dewey's fleet left Hongkong for the Philippine Islands.
26. An act increasing the Regular Army to 63,106 men is passed by Congress.
27. The *New York* (flagship), *Puritan*, and *Cincinnati*, Sampson's fleet, engage the enemy's fortifications at Matanzas, Cuba. No casualties.
30. The Spanish fleet, under command of Admiral Cervera, left the Cape de Verde Islands for Cuba.

MAY.

1. Spanish fleet at Manila is completely destroyed by Commodore Dewey, the only casualties on the American side being 6 men slightly wounded.
11. Commodore Dewey made rear-admiral; Ensign Bagley and four men on the torpedo boat *Winslow* were killed in an attack on Cienfuegos and Cardenas; Ensign Willard, of the U. S. S. *Machias*, during the engagement at Cardenas, captures the first Spanish flag of the war; first American flag erected over the enemy's works in Cuba.
12. Spanish gunboat *Callao*, in attempting to run the blockade at Manila, captured by Admiral Dewey; the United States vessels *Manning*, *Dolphin*, and *Gussie* reach Mariel, on the Cuban coast; Admiral Sampson, with his 9 warships, arrived at San Juan, Porto Rico, and bombarded the fortifications, doing immense damage and sustaining small loss; Admiral Dewey telegraphs that 2 more ships than first reported were destroyed in Manila Harbor—*El Correo*, *Argos*, and probably *El Cano;* Point Arbolitos, Cuba, Companies E and G, First United States (?) Infantry engaged, no casualties.
14. The cruiser *Wilmington* bombards the Spanish works at Cardenas and demolishes them without sustaining loss or injury; 4 boats' crews from the cruiser *Marblehead* and the gunboat *Nashville* cut the cables at Cienfuegos, losing 1 man killed and several officers and men wounded; 500 Indians enlisted under Douglas Dorland, of the Cheyenne Agency, and offered their services to the War Department.
15. Information obtainable to this date shows that the Spanish losses during the Manila engagement were 321 killed and 700 wounded.
16. Fire rages for half a day in the coal bunkers of the cruiser *St. Paul*, while lying in Key West Harbor, but is extinguished without material damage to the vessel.
17. The U. S. S. *New York* captures the *Carlos F. Rosas*, a Spanish vessel of 750 tons, off Habana.
19. The German consul at Manila tries to land provisions from a German ship, and, when forbidden by Admiral Dewey, threatens to force a landing by the aid of 2 German cruisers, whereupon the Admiral informs him that the vessels making the attempt will be fired upon, but the attempt is not pressed; estimated cost to United States of the previous twenty-nine days of the Spanish war, $80,000,000; Colonel Cortijo and Surgeon Julian, 2 of the 22 Spanish prisoners confined at Fort McPherson, Atlanta, are started to Habana, to be exchanged for the newspaper correspondents Thrall and Jones.
21. In the United States prize court the Spanish prizes *Mathilde*, *Candilo*, *Soña*, and *Argonauta* (no one appearing to claim them) were formally condemned and ordered to be sold. The rifles and ammunition found in a secret chamber on the *Argonauta* were valued at $5,600. They were condemned and ordered sold. Major-General Shafter assumes command of the Fifth Army Corps, General Wade being transferred.
22. The census of Spanish troops in the Philippines, just made public, is as follows: 7,000 in Manila, 2,000 in Cebu, 1,500 in Iloilo, 1,000 in Mindanao, and 800 in Layte; Spanish gunboat *Isabel II* fires a shot into the hull of the British steamer *Roth* in the harbor of San Juan de Porto Rico; the commander of the *Isabel* alleges that it was accidental; cruiser *Charleston* leaves San Francisco with munitions of war and supplies for Admiral Dewey's fleet at Manila.

1898.

23. Commander Hemphill, at Washington, in charge of naval enlistment, reports that to date recent recruiting has added new men to the navy from various States, as follows:

Maine	99	Wisconsin	32
New Hampshire	22	Minnesota	154
Massachusetts	1,474	Missouri	54
Rhode Island	150	Virginia	255
New York	1,780	North Carolina	95
New Jersey	318	South Carolina	115
Pennsylvania	406	Georgia	17
Maryland	444	Tennessee	8
District of Columbia	401	Louisiana	151
Ohio	67	Texas	81
Michigan	304	California	605
Illinois	182	Florida	113

A special train on the Florida Central and Peninsular Railway, carrying North Carolina troops to the coast, collided with a north-bound vegetable train, and in the smashup one private soldier of the First North Carolina Infantry is killed and another fatally injured. Red Cross ship *State of Texas*, with Miss Clara Barton, representative of the Red Cross Society of America, and a corps of surgeons and trained nurses, arrives at Port Tampa, prepared to follow the army of invasion to Cuba.

24. Adjutant-General Corbin reports that at this date 122,000 men have been mustered into the Volunteer Army. Two hundred naval reserves leave Chicago for Key West to serve in Sampson's fleet.

25. The President issues a call for 75,000 additional volunteers. The first expedition to reenforce Admiral Dewey at Manila sails from San Francisco; the *Australia*, *City of Pekin*, and *City of Sydney* sail, with arms, ammunition, supplies, and 2,500 men.

26. The U. S. S. *Oregon* arrives at Key West, Fla., having made the voyage from San Francisco since March 19, a distance of more than 13,000 miles, which was covered in sixty-five days of actual travel. Post-Office Department rules that hereafter second and third class mail will be forwarded to soldiers in the same manner as letters, papers and packages being sent from place to place to reach soldiers on the move.

27. Orders reach Charleston, S. C., to release the passengers and crew of the Spanish prize *Rita*, the Spaniards on board not to be held as prisoners of war. Maj. Gen. Fitzhugh Lee announces the members of his personal and corps staff, as follows: Aids, Lieut. Algernon Sartoris, Lieut. Fitzhugh Lee, jr., and Lieut. Carlos Carbonal, formerly a Habana banker. The corps staff includes Lieut. Col. Joseph H. Dorst, Capt. R. E. L. Michie, assistant adjutant-general; Lieut. Col. W. R. Livermore, chief engineer, and Lieut. Col. Curtis Gould, inspector-general; in Habana, Cortijo, and Julian Spanish prisoners are exchanged for Charles Thrall and Haydon Jones, newspaper correspondents.

28. The U. S. tugs *Uncas* and *Leyden* demolished a Spanish blockhouse 5 miles east of Cardenas.

31. The *Massachusetts*, *Iowa*, *New Orleans*, and *Vixen* exchange shots with land batteries in the harbor of Santiago de Cuba, and with such of Cervera's vessels as appeared.

JUNE.

2. Of the 125,000 volunteers called for by the President 124,000 have been mustered in.

3. Santiago Harbor fortifications bombarded by the United States fleet under command of Sampson and Schley; *Merrimac* sunk in channel of Santiago Harbor by Lieut. Richmond P. Hobson and a crew of seven men, who were all taken prisoners.

4. Letter written by Lieutenant Carranza, formerly an attaché of the Spanish legation, to the Spanish minister of marine in Madrid, is made public, disclosing the fact that a Spanish spy system is operated from Montreal, Canada.

6. Hon. William Jennings Bryan is appointed colonel of Third Nebraska Infantry; resolution introduced in Congress appropriating $500 and authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to have suitable medals of honor prepared for Lieutenant Hobson and his crew for heroic service in sinking the *Merrimac* to obstruct the Santiago harbor.

1898.

7, 8. Five of Sampson's vessels bombard shore batteries and force their way into the bay at Fishers Point, where the first United States troops landed on the 10th. The *St. Louis* cut gulf cable near shore.

10. The war-revenue bill is passed by the Senate; 600 United States marines land at Caimanera, Guantanamo Bay.

11. The invasion of Cuba begins, 800 marines landing at Guantanamo; there is fighting, during which the Americans lose 4 men killed and 1 wounded. U. S. S. *Monterey* and collier *Brutus* sail from San Diego, Cal., for Honolulu, en route to Manila.

12. United States marines encamped at Guantanamo are again attacked; 2 Americans are killed and 7 wounded.

14. General Fitzhugh Lee ordered to prepare an army of 40,000 to move on Habana. Last of the transports, with about 18,000 men on board, sails from Tampa, Fla., to Cuba.

14, 15. Guantanamo Bay and fort at Caimanera bombarded by war ships; also fighting between marines and Spaniards.

15. Second Manila expedition sails from San Francisco. *Vesuvius* fires her dynamite guns for the first time at Santiago. Spaniards routed from Guantanamo.

17. Report of Admiral Dewey, under date of June 12, received, stating that the insurgents under Aguinaldo have practically surrounded Manila and captured 2,500 Spaniards. Congress provided for a hospital corps for the Navy.

20. Congress amends the volunteer-army act of April 22, 1898, concerning officers assigned to staff duty. The Ladrone Islands taken by the United States squadron bound for Manila. General Shafter's army arrives off the Cuban coast near Daiquiri.

22. Captain Sigsbee sinks Spanish destroyer *Terror* with the *St. Paul*, near San Juan, Porto Rico; no casualties. General Shafter's army begins landing at Daiquiri.

23. Landing of Shafter's army shifted to Siboney and continued through the night by aid of the searchlights on the *St. Louis*.

24. Train carrying the Torrey Cowboy regiment from Fort D. A. Russell to Jacksonville, Fla., is derailed at St. Joseph, Mo., killing the engineer and badly scalding the fireman.

24. 1,114 United States troops defeat 3,000 Spaniards, at La Quasima, Cuba. About 64 Americans killed and wounded, including Capt. Allen K. Capron and Sergt. Hamiltion Fish, jr., of the Rough Riders. Spain lost about 200 killed and wounded.

25. General Chaffee takes Sevilla.

26. The first section of the train bearing the Torrey regiment of Rough Riders is run into, at Tupelo, Miss., by the second, and 5 men are instantly killed and 15 injured. General Shafter occupies Sevilla.

27. General Shafter advances upon Santiago.

28. The third Philippine expedition sails from San Francisco. President proclaims a blockade of southern Cuba, from Cape Frances to Cape Cruz; also of Porto Rico.

29. The first Philippine expedition lands at Manila, having captured the Spanish garrison of the Ladrone Islands en route. General Merritt sails from San Francisco to take command of land forces at Manila.

30. Santiago's water supply is cut off from the city.

JULY.

1. Assault on Santiago outworks. General Lawton's division carries El Caney, and the Roosevelt Rough Riders, with the First, Sixth, and Tenth Regular Infantry, take San Juan, after desperate fighting and considerable loss. Vessels of the American fleet bombard the harbor defenses. (See Santiago—alphabetical list.) The Spaniards make an unsuccessful effort to retake San Juan. Sampson's fleet continues to shell Morro Castle and other forts.

3. Admiral Cervera's squadron makes a dash from Santiago harbor, but is sighted; Sampson's fleet promptly attacks, and all the Spanish vessels are sunk or destroyed; practically the entire naval force of Cervera is killed or captured. Spain's losses were 300 killed, 150 wounded, and 1,600 captured. The surrender of Santiago is demanded.

5. Congress passes an act to increase the strength of the Engineer Corps of the Army.

6. The Spanish cruiser, Alphonso XII, attempts to escape from Habana harbor and is sunk. Lieutenant Hobson and his men are exchanged.

1898.

7. An act of Congress supplying deficiencies in appropriations carries war appropriations, to be expended under the Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Navy, and the Secretary of Agriculture, to the total amount of $226,604,261. Major-General Miles leaves Washington for Santiago. Dewey takes Isla Grande and 1,300 Spanish prisoners.
8. Congress passes the following acts: (1) To increase the number of quartermaster-sergeants; (2) to authorize the assignment of a staff signal officer, with the rank of lieutenant-colonel, to each army corps; (3) to fix the pay and allowance of regimental chaplains of volunteers; (4) to reimburse governors of States and Territories for expenses incurred in aiding the United States to raise and equip men for the volunteer army.
10. General Linares refuses to surrender Santiago.
13. The U. S. S. *St. Louis* reaches Portsmouth, N. H., with 692 Spanish prisoners, taken when Cervera's fleet was destroyed, among whom are the admiral and Captain Eulate of the *Vizcaya*.
14. Santiago surrendered to the United States.
17. The Spanish army under General Toral having marched out and laid down its arms, the United States flag is raised over Santiago at noon. Losses to Spain, about 25,000 men, 23,892 rifles, 1,247 carbines, 97 cannon, and large quantities of small arms and ammunition.
18. Manzanillo is shelled and Spanish vessels destroyed.
20. United States troops land at Gurinica, Porto Rico, the town having surrendered after a few shots from a war vessel. No casualties. General Miles sails for Porto Rico. The Government awards a Spanish company the contract for transporting to Spain the soldiers surrendered in Cuba.
21. General Wood becomes military governor of Santiago. The report reaches Washington that the second Philippine expedition has arrived at Cavite.
22. General N. A. Miles reports progress of the Porto Rico expedition from Mole St. Nicholas, Haiti. General Anderson, at Manila, reports that Aguinaldo has declared himself dictator of the Philippines.
23. Another expedition for the Philippine Islands sails from San Francisco.
25. General Miles, with 3,500 soldiers, begins landing on Porto Rican soil, near Ponce, Guanica road, Porto Rico. (See alphabetical list.)
26. Spain, through the French ambassador at Washington, asks President McKinley to name terms upon which the United States would be willing to make peace.
27. The American forces in Porto Rico advanced to Yauco, meeting with little opposition from Spanish troops.
28. General Brooke, with soldiers on the *St. Louis*, *St. Paul*, and *Massachusetts*, leaves Newport News to join General Miles in Porto Rico. (See Ponce, alphabetical list.)
29. In the British parliament Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, says that Señor Du Bose, the former Spanish charge d'affaires at Washington, had been notified by the Canadian premier to leave Canada. The British Government had reason to believe that he was using Canada for belligerent operations against the United States.
30. Report is received that General Merritt has arrived at Cavite. The President communicates to Cambon, French ambassador, the conditions with which Spain must comply before the United States will begin negotiations for peace.
31. The battle ship *Texas* reaches New York from Guantanamo. At Malate, near Manila, a battle is fought, in which the Americans lose 11 killed and 44 wounded, while the Spanish loss is estimated at 500 killed and wounded.

AUGUST.

2. Arroyo and Guayamo, Porto Rico, surrender to the American Army. The terms, on fulfillment of which the United States would discuss peace with Spain, are made public. They include the immediate evacuation of every Spanish dependency in the Western Hemisphere; the relinquishment of all Spanish claim to sovereignty in Cuba; the cession of Porto Rico and other islands, except Cuba, to the United States; the holding by the United States of Manila, city and bay, pending settlement by commissioners of the future disposition and government of the Philippines; and the cession of an island (Guam) in the Ladrones; the United States asks no money indemnity.
4. Secretary Alger orders General Shafter to send the Santiago army to Montauk Point, Long Island, as fast as possible. The monitor *Monterey* arrives in Manila Bay.

1898.

5. The Madrid Government orders Spanish soldiers in Porto Rico not to resist. General Shafter's troops begin embarking at Santiago for New York. Guayamo, P. R., engagement. (See alphabetical list.)
7. Roosevelt's Rough Riders embark at Santiago for Montauk Point, Long Island. Nearly all the American troops in Porto Rico advance upon San Juan.
8. Ambassador Cambon receives Spain's reply to the terms proposed by the United States. Guayamo, P. R., engagement 4 miles north of. (See alphabetical list.)
9. Spain's full reply to peace propositions is received by President McKinley, in which American demands are acceded to, but with conditions. Coamo, in Porto Rico, is captured by the American army. (See alphabetical list.)
10. New peace protocol is submitted to Spain. Sampson and Schley are promoted to be rear-admirals. Hormigueros, P. R., engagement. (See alphabetical list.)
11. Mayaguez, P. R., is captured by General Schwan's troops.
12. The Madrid Government signs the protocol and hostilities cease. Arbonito Pass, near Porto Rico. (See alphabetical list.)
13. The American troops under General Anderson assault Manila, and the Spanish garrison capitulates and surrenders the city and suburbs. (See alphabetical list.) Rio Prieto, at crossing of, near Las Marias, P. R. (See alphabetical list.) The total casualties in Porto Rico from July 25 to August 13 were 7 killed and 36 wounded.
16. The President appoints commissions to arrange with like commissions on the part of Spain for the evacuation of Cuba and Porto Rico. They are as follows: For Cuba—Maj. Gen. James F. Wade, Rear-Admiral W. T. Sampson, and Maj. Gen. Matthew C. Butler; for Porto Rico—Maj. Gen. John R. Brooke, Rear-Admiral Winfield Scott Schley, and Brig. Gen. William W. Gordon.
17. The President decides to muster out of the service from 75,000 to 100,000 volunteers of the various arms.
20. Sampson's great warships, home from Santiago, parade up New York Harbor and are greeted by thousands of people, who cheer wildly at the sight. The battle ships that participated in this demonstration were the *Iowa*, *Indiana*, *Massachusetts*, *Oregon*, *Texas*, and cruisers *New York* and *Brooklyn*.
22. All the troops of General Merritt's department remaining at San Francisco ordered to Honolulu, to be held there until further orders.
23. General Merritt assumes the duties of governor of Manila.
26. The President announces his peace commission, as follows: Secretary of State Day, Senator Davis, of Minnesota; Senator Frye, of Maine; Whitelaw Reid, of New York, and Justice E. D. White of the Supreme Court. The last of Shafter's army leaves Santiago for the United States.
28. Near Newcastle, Ala., a train bearing the Sixty-ninth New York Infantry is wrecked, killing 3 and seriously injuring many others.
29. For the first time in the history of the American Army a woman, Mrs. Anita McGee, is commissioned as assistant surgeon. Adjutant-General Corbin issues orders providing for the furloughing of soldiers for sixty and thirty days. Lieutenant Hobson arrives at Santiago to superintend the raising of the sunken Spanish cruisers *Cristobal Colon* and *Maria Teresa*. Maj. Gen. Elwell S. Otis, U. S. Volunteers, relieved Major-General Merritt, in command of the Eighth Corps.
30. The Secretary of War orders a sixty-day furlough to be granted to the Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth regiments Michigan Volunteers, and that they be mustered out at expiration of furlough.

SEPTEMBER.

9. The peace commission is completed by the appointment of Senator Gray, of Delaware, Justice White having declined. The battle ship *Massachusetts*, returning from Cuba, arrives in New York Harbor.
11. Admiral Cervera expresses his warm gratitude for the sympathy and generous treatment he has received from the American people. At Camp Hamilton, near Lexington, Ky., 33 nurses of the division hospital desert their posts and return to their regiments, leaving 461 soldiers without care. The Porto Rico evacuation commission meet in San Juan, and the Americans present their plans, in accordance with the instructions of the Government. Admiral Cervera and those who survived the engagement of July 3 embark on the steamship *City of Rome*, off Portsmouth, N. H., to return to Spain.
13. Roosevelt's Rough Riders are mustered out.

1898.

14. The evacuation of Porto Rico begins. The Spanish war vessels take their departure.
17. The evacuation commission for Cuba, on the part of Spain, has arrived at Habana and held a preliminary meeting; the names given are Admiral Manterola, General Gonzales Parrado, and the Marquis of Montero.
19. The advance supply ships of the expedition for Manila leave Fortress Monroe.
20. Habana, Cuba, the first American flag is hoisted over the headquarters of the evacuation commission, Trocha Hotel. The evacuation of the outlying ports of Porto Rico by the Spanish begins.
21. Four hundred sailors are ordered from San Francisco to Manila to take the place of Dewey's men, whose time is about to expire.
24. The jurisdiction of Military Governor Wood is extended to embrace the province of Santiago de Cuba. The first meeting of the war investigation commission is held at the White House. It consists of the following: Gen. Grenville M. Dodge, Gen. A. McD. McCook, Gen. John M. Wilson, Col. Charles Denby, Col. J. A. Sexton, Hon. Urban A. Woodbury, Judge J. A. Beaver, Capt. Evan P. Howell, and Dr. Phineas Connor.
25. The United States cutter *Hugh McCulloch* captures the insurgent steamer *Abbey* near Manila. Lieutenant Hobson floats the *Maria Teresa*, sunk July 3, and starts her in tow of another vessel to Guantanamo.
27. The battle ships *Iowa* and *Oregon* ordered to Manila. The American peace commissioners meet in Paris.

OCTOBER.

4. In the vicinity of Cienfuegos, Cuba, 2,000 irregular Spanish troops openly revolt and take up arms because they have not been paid, and lay down their arms only after payment is made. At Newport News the great battle ship *Illinois* is launched.
10. The American flag is hoisted over Manzanillo, Cuba.
12. The battle ships *Iowa* and *Oregon* leave New York Harbor on their way to Manila.
13. Dispatch from Manila says that Dewey has raised the Spanish naval vessel *Bulucan*, which was sunk in the Pasig River when the city was captured.
15–16. Spanish transports sail from San Juan for Spain, carrying General Macias and staff and about 4,300 soldiers who have served in Cuba and Porto Rico.
16. The war investigation commission leaves Washington to visit army camps in the South.
17. The United States troopship *Senator* sails from San Francisco with 772 soldiers to reenforce General Otis at Manila.
18. The United States takes formal possession of Porto Rico.
19. Military Governor Wood appoints a Spaniard mayor of Santiago. Under instructions issued by Lieutenant Hobson, efforts are making to raise the *Cristobal Colon*.
25. Philadelphia's great peace jubilee begins with a grand review of the war ships in the harbor.
27. Military day of the Philadelphia peace jubilee, and also a day of prayer and thanksgiving under proclamation of Governor Hastings. Admiral Sampson requests the Navy Department to send the *Vesuvius* to Habana, as a precaution against any outbreak on the part of either Spanish soldiers or Cubans.

NOVEMBER.

5. The ocean tug *Merritt* arrives at Charleston, S. C., and reports that the *Maria Teresa*, which was being towed north, was lost, November 1, off San Salvador Island, West Indies, in a furious storm.
6. The Spaniards in Habana are found to be active in promoting broils between Americans and Cubans.
8. The Navy Department receives a report that the *Maria Teresa* is ashore on a reef at Cat Island. A leading British journal, the Daily Mail, urges the American people to pronounce boldly in favor of retaining the Philippines, "otherwise there will be a scramble for coaling stations, which will endanger the peace of the world."
15. The Navy Department receives a message from Captain McCalla, who was sent to report the condition of the stranded *Maria Teresa*, that he and experienced engineers—Hobson, Blow, Craven, and Crittenden—believe the rescue of the ship wholly impracticable.
26. The battle ship *Wisconsin*, christened by Miss Elizabeth Stephenson, is launched in San Francisco Harbor.

1898.

DECEMBER.

10. The treaty of peace was signed in Paris.
13. The remains of Christopher Columbus are transferred from the cathedral in Habana to the ship *Conde de Venadito*, on board which they are to be conveyed to Cadiz, Spain.
21. Preliminary orders are issued by Adjutant-General Corbin providing for mustering out 50,000 volunteers in January.
22. Rear-Admiral Schley receives a handsome and costly sword, presented to him by the people of Pennsylvania, New Jersey, and Delaware.
23. Commander Taussig, of the war ship *Bennington*, at Honolulu, is ordered to the Ladrone Islands, to take possession of all the property on the island of Guam which belonged to Spain, and establish a naval station there.

The last formal meeting of the United States and Spanish evacuation commissioners is held in Habana.

1899.

JANUARY.

1. General Brooke, military governor of Cuba, issues a proclamation to the inhabitants, assuring them of protection, and advising them to resume all peaceful pursuits. The sovereignty of Cuba passes from Spain to the United States at noon.
26. The work of putting Habana in proper sanitary condition begins, under direction of American officers.

FEBRUARY.

1. Guam Island. (See February 28.)
6. Ratification of peace treaty advised by the United States Senate and ratified by the President.
20. Bill to pay Spain $20,000,000 under the terms of the peace treaty passed the House of Representatives. (See March 1 and April 15.) Manila insurgents attack San Pedro Mascati.
22. Manila, incendiarism in, resulting in heavy loss of property; grade of Admiral revived; bill passed House of Representatives with amendment. (See March 2.)
24. Dewey cabled request that the *Oregon* be sent to Manila at once for "political reasons;" Manila, skirmishes at, several Americans wounded; General Gomez entered Habana escorted by American and Cuban troops.
25. Cebu, a Philippine town, surrendered to gunboat *Petrel*.
27. Army reorganization bill passed the Senate.
28. Guam Island, announced that Commodore Taussig, of cruiser *Bennington*, took formal possession of, on February 1; battle ship *Oregon* leaves Honolulu for Manila. (See March 18.) German Government orders all its war ships from Philippine waters.

MARCH.

1. Senate passed naval appropriation bill and bill to pay Spain $20,000,000 under the terms of the peace treaty. (See April 15.)
2. President signs bill creating rank of Admiral in the Navy. (See February 22.) General Toral is imprisoned preparatory to being court-martialed for his surrender of Santiago.
3. Senate confirms nomination of George Dewey as Admiral; General Otis is promoted to rank of major-general.
4. Manila, near, gunboats shell the rebels, causing heavy loss; one American soldier killed and two wounded; the civil members of the United States Philippine commission reach Manila on cruiser *Baltimore;* Admiral Dewey raises his flag on the *Olympia*. (Negros—see March 9.)
5. Chairman Cannon, House of Representatives, issued statement that appropriations made by Fifty-fifth Congress aggregate $1,566,890,016, of which sum $482,562,082 is directly chargeable to the war, or incident thereto.
6. Filipinos and Americans continue fighting.
8. Manila, American soldiers suffer severely from the heat.
9. Negros, reported that American troops landed at, March 4, and were well received.

1899.

10. Manila, 2,000 infantry arrived with Major-General Lawton on transport *Grant*. The total number of deaths in the Army since May 1, 1898, are reported as follows: Killed in action, 329; died of wounds, 125; died of disease, 5,277; total, 5,731. The losses in the Navy are reported as follows: Killed in battle, 17; died of wounds, 1; total, 18.
11. General Gomez impeached and removed from command of the Cuban army by Cuban military assembly; General Wheaton's brigade advanced from Manila against the Filipinos.
13. Pasig, city of, captured by General Wheaton.
15. Pasig, General Wheaton attacks and defeats a force of 3,000 Filipinos.
16. Gaitai, near Pasig, captured by General Wheaton.
18. The *Oregon* arrived at Manila. (See February 28.) Taguig attacked by Filipinos, but latter are repulsed; signing of peace treaty at Madrid; formal notice given State Department by M. Cambon, French ambassador.
19. Peace treaty signed by the Queen Regent; General Wheaton attacks Filipinos and pursues them for 11 miles; riot between police and people at Habana; forty persons wounded.
20. Iloilo, insurgents repulsed at.
21. The Cuban government reports they have an army of 13,219 men, exclusive of officers.
22. M. Cambon, the French ambassador at Washington, is designated by the Queen Regent to act for Spain in the exchange of ratifications of the peace treaty.
25. Troops advance in Luzon; defeat of the Filipinos; three towns captured, including Mallabon and Malinta; Secretary Alger and party arrive at Habana.
26. Polo, town of, captured after a fierce fight by General Wheaton's brigade. Twelfth Regiment New York Volunteers returns from Cuba and parades in New York City.
28. Luzon, advance on, continues. Filipinos burn the town of Bulacan.
29. The Spanish Government establishes a credit for the payment on April 1 of the interest on the Cuban debt.
30. Malolos, the seat of the Filipino government, captured by General MacArthur.
31. Malolos occupied by General MacArthur's division.

APRIL.

1. The Cuban military assembly decides to postpone dissolution.
3. It is announced that since occupation by the Americans the total revenue of the Philippine Islands has been $2,900,000.
4. Cuban military assembly voted to dissolve and to disband the army.
8. Expedition sent by General Otis against Santa Cruz, Philippine Islands.
9. Filipinos make a night attack on General Ludlow's line, south of Manila, and are repulsed.
10. Santa Cruz, two towns captured in, by General Lawton.
11. Peace treaty, ratification of, at White House, Washington, D. C., by President McKinley and M. Cambon, the French ambassador, acting for Spain.
12. As the result of an ambush by the adherents of Mataafa, near Apia, Samoa, 3 American officers, 1 English officer, and 3 English sailors are killed. Manila, north of, Filipinos driven back by General Wheaton, who captured a fleet from the Santa Cruz River.
13. Cuban army rolls given to General Brooke, and General Gomez is appointed Cuban representative in the negotiations.
14. Secretary of State directs United States consuls to Spain who were obliged to leave on account of the war to return. The Cuban muster rolls show 48,000 names.
15. Spanish Government notified that the United States is ready to pay the $20,000,000 indemnity for the Philippines. (See April 28.)
17. A dispatch from Manila announces that a committee of Filipinos has been appointed to confer with the United States commission, with a view to bringing about peace.
18. Admiral Dewey reports the capture by the Filipinos of a lieutenant and 14 men of the gunboat *Yorktown*.
19. General Gomez declared himself in favor of American protection over Cuba.
20. The last Spanish garrison withdraws from the Philippines.
22. General Lawton with a strong force takes the field against the Filipinos.
23. Malolos, fight near; 6 Americans killed and 43 wounded.

1899.

26. Peace treaty delivered in Paris to the Spanish ambassador and forwarded to Madrid.
27. Reported that Aguinaldo intends to hold all Spanish and American prisoners.
28. Filipino agents bearing a flag of truce go to Manila and ask for an armistice until the Filipino congress can act in the matter. General Otis declines to recognize the Filipino government. Brig. Gen. George W. Davis appointed governor of Porto Rico to succeed General Henry. Treasury transmits warrants for the $20,000,000 due Spain under peace treaty. (See April 15.)
29. The army beef court of inquiry finishes its work and adjourns.

MAY.

1. Admiral Dewey reports that the men of the *Yorktown* captured by the Filipinos are safe at the insurgents' headquarters. Warrants for the $20,000,000 due to Spain under the terms of the peace treaty are delivered to the French ambassador.
2. General Lawton's column captured several Filipino villages. Col. Frederick Funston, of the Twentieth Kansas Regiment, appointed brigadier-general of volunteers.
4. General Lawton's forces drive the Filipinos from their intrenchments at Maasin. General MacArthur captures the town of Santo Tomás. Governor-General Brooke signed the commission of the justices of the supreme court of Cuba.
5. General MacArthur's division occupies the Filipino town of San Fernando. The insurgents make an ineffectual effort to break through General Ovenshine's lines south of Manila.
6. A Manila dispatch says that the American troops are about to attack the Philippine town of Bacalor.
8. Rear-Admiral John C. Watson ordered to Manila to relieve Admiral Dewey.
9. General Gomez makes the request of General Brooke for a Cuban standing army of 15,000 men.
10. It is reported from Manila that the Filipino congress held a meeting at San Isidro.
12. The First Nebraska Regiment presents a petition to General MacArthur, asking to be relieved from duty at the front.
15. Admiral Kautz's report on the killing of American sailors in Samoa is made public. The Supreme Court decides the first naval prize-money case of the Spanish war, holding that the French steamer *Olinde Rodriquez* must be returned to her owners. General Gomez withdraws his support from the work of distributing pay to the Cuban soldiers and General Brooke takes charge. The Filipino attack upon gunboat near Calumpit is repulsed.
16. General Lawton moves on the Filipino capital, San Isidro.
17. President McKinley cables to Manila his congratulations to General Lawton and his command for their capture of the Filipino capital.
19. General Luna arrests Aguinaldo's envoys to prevent their reaching the American lines.
20. The Secretary of War approves General Brooke's plan for disposing of the arms of the Cuban soldiers and orders that payment of $3,000,000 be begun at once. The Filipino peace envoys reach Manila and ask General Otis for an armistice; he refuses, but orders all aggressive movements "suspended until further orders."
21. President McKinley announces important changes in the tariff laws of Cuba, Porto Rico, and the Philippines. The Spanish cruiser *Reina Mercedes*, one of Cervera's fleet sunk in Santiago Harbor, and raised by a wrecking company, arrives in Hampton Roads.
22. President Schurman, of the Philippine commission, makes definite offers of peace to the insurgents.
23. The U. S. cruiser *Olympia*, with Admiral Dewey on board, arrives at Hongkong.
24. A report from General MacArthur, showing the responsibilities of the Filipinos for beginning the outbreak at Manila, is made public.
25. The Navy Department receives word from Admiral Kautz of the arrival of the joint high commission in Samoa.
26. Admiral Dewey informs the Navy Department that he will reach New York City about October 1. T. Estrada Palma issues a statement of the money collected and expended by the Cuban junta. The payment of $3,000,000 to the Cuban army begins.
27. Seven Cuban ex-insurgents appear in Habana to accept payment from the American fund of $3,000,000.

1899.

28. Reports of operations in the Philippines are received from Generals Otis and Hale. One hundred and eleven Cubans apply for payment from the $3,000,000 fund.
29. The Spanish system of courts in the Philippines is revised under the sovereignty of the United States with some prominent Filipinos as members of the supreme court.
30. Memorial Day honors are paid to the American dead at Habana and Manila.
31. Report of General Otis in regard to the Philippines is made public. The Duke of Arcos, the new Spanish minister, arrives at Washington.

JUNE.

1. General Otis informs the Secretary of War that 30,000 men are needed to control the Philippines. The report of the commission on affairs in Porto Rico is made public.
2. The Cabinet decides that "there is no present necessity for the enlistment of volunteers." In the Queen Regent's speech from the throne at the opening of the Spanish Cortes it is announced that the Marianne, Caroline, and Palos islands have been ceded to Germany.
3. Diplomatic relations with Spain are resumed with the reception of the new Spanish minister, the Duke of Arcos, by President McKinley. General Lawton begins a general forward movement against the Filipinos to the west of Manila.
4. Admiral Dewey leaves Hongkong.
5. The Filipino town of Morong is captured by the Americans.
6. General Gomez issues a farewell manifesto to the Cubans, in which he pleads for political harmony.
7. Gonzalo de Quesada is appointed commissioner for Cuba at Washington. General Otis announces that he is in control of the Morong Peninsula, Luzon.
8. It is reported in London that Aguinaldo has dissolved the Philippine cabinet, proclaiming himself dictator.
10. A forward movement against the Filipinos south of Manila is begun by Generals Lawton, Wheaton, and Ovenshine. The cruiser *Olympia*, with Admiral Dewey on board, arrives at Singapore. Bellamy Storer, the United States minister to Spain, arrives at Madrid.
12. It is semiofficially announced that no more volunteers will be requested for service in the Philippines.
13. A fierce engagement takes place to the south of Manila, the Filipinos making a desperate resistance to the American advance. It is reported that General Luna, second in command in the Filipino army, has been assassinated.
14. The insular commission begins the drafting of the new code of laws for Porto Rico. General Lawton captures the town of Bacoor. The Spanish Senate adopts the bill ceding Spain's Pacific islands to Germany.
16. An insurgent attack on the town of San Fernando, north of Manila, is repulsed by Generals Funston and Hale; it is reported that Aguinaldo has been assassinated. The American minister, Bellamy Storer, is presented to the Queen Regent of Spain. President McKinley issues an order permitting a limited use of the American flag by Cuban vessels.
19. The Secretary of the Navy receives the report of Captain Chadwick of the Schley-Hodgson controversy. A severe engagement takes place at Imus, in the Philippines. It is decided that every man who participated in the battle of Manila Bay will receive a medal of honor. The Spanish Chamber of Deputies approves the bill ceding Spain's Pacific islands to Germany.
20. Admiral Watson arrives at Manila and raises his flag on the *Baltimore*. General Wheaton occupies the Filipino town of Perez das Marinas.
21. The Independencia, the Filipinos' organ, says that the Filipinos are "incited to continue fighting by antiexpansion speeches in America." Admiral Dewey arrives at Colombo, Ceylon, and is enthusiastically received.
23. It is announced that the War Department has decided to maintain the army canteen system, "regarding it as for the best interests of the soldiers." Aguinaldo takes command of General Luna's army.
24. General Leonard Wood gives his views on the cause of yellow fever and the general sanitary condition in Santiago. The Spanish Queen Regent signs the bill for the cession to Germany of the Caroline Islands.
25. Three American officers, by resisting arrest, precipitate a riot in Cienfuegos, Cuba. The Cortes fixes the strength of the Spanish army for the ensuing year at 108,000 men.

1899.

26. A report from General Otis on conditions in the Philippines is received at the War Department.
28. Yellow fever is spreading in Santiago.
30. It is announced that the President has given assurances to General Otis "that he can have all the troops he considers necessary for operations in the Philippines." The treaty ceding the Spanish Pacific islands to Germany is signed at Madrid.

JULY.

1. The Filipinos make a night attack on the American lines at San Fernando.
2. Rioting continues in Spanish cities. It is reported from Habana that Major-General Brooke is to assume command of the Philippines and that Robert P. Porter is to become governor-general of Cuba.
5. The American delegates at the peace conference secure a unanimous vote in favor of having the question of private property at sea in time of war dealt with at a special conference to be summoned hereafter.
6. The War Department makes public a formal order for the enlistment of ten regiments of volunteers for service in the Philippines. Maj. Gen. Joseph Wheeler and his son, Lieut. John Wheeler, jr., are assigned to Philippine commands.
7. The assassins of the Filipino General Luna are acquitted on the ground of self-defense.
8. The insular commission renders an opinion that "the islands acquired from Spain as a result of the war are not United States territory."
10. The President appoints officers to the new volunteer regiments.
11. The President issues an order extending the protection of the American flag to vessels owned by residents of Porto Rico and Philippines.
12. Secretary of War Alger again denies rumors of his intended resignation and declares that he will remain in the Cabinet for the full length of his term. Aguinaldo makes a speech in which he declares that "many of the people and many statesmen censure President McKinley for having ordered his representatives to seek means to bring about hostilities with the Filipinos."
15. The transport *City of Para* sails from San Francisco for the Philippines with 44 officers and 978 men.
19. Secretary of War Alger presents his resignation, to take effect at the pleasure of the President. A Manila dispatch says that the total rainfall there thus far in July has been 35 inches, and in the last thirty-one hours 12 inches of rain have fallen.
20. The President accepts the resignation of Secretary Alger, to take effect August 1. General Otis reports that the whole country around Manila is flooded and the troops on the outposts have suffered severely.
21. A company of the Sixth Infantry surprised a force of 450 natives on the island of Negros, and killed 115 and wounded many. The American loss was 1 killed and 1 wounded. General Otis cabled a denial of the charges of the newspaper correspondents. The floods around Manila will stop extensive military operations for some time.
22. A Manila dispatch via Hongkong says that many sick and wounded are in the hospitals and that General Otis has disapproved a request for more surgeons.
25. Gen. Joseph Wheeler sails on the transport *Tartar* from San Francisco for Manila. At the meeting of the Cabinet Secretary Alger took his farewell, and his successor, Mr. Root, was formally presented.
27. Brigadier-General Hall, with 1,000 men, captured Calamba, a town on the south shore of Laguna de Bay. Our force lost 4 killed and 12 wounded; the Filipinos left 3 dead and 12 were captureed. The transports *Ohio*, *Newport*, and *Tacoma* sail from San Francisco for Manila.
28. The cruiser *New Orleans* and the gunboat *Machias* ordered to San Domingo to protect American interests there in case of trouble following the assassination of President Heureaux.
29. Rapid progress in filling up the new volunteer regiments is reported at the War Department. Capt. C. F. Goodrich has been assigned to command the battle ship *Iowa*, which is at San Francisco.
31. Admiral Sampson brings suit in the District of Columbia supreme court for prize money in behalf of the officers of his fleet. The Filipinos attack Calamba, a town captured last week by General Hall.

1899.

AUGUST.

1. Elihu Root takes the oath of office as Secretary of War. The court-martial of General Toral for surrendering Santiago is held in Madrid.
2. Ex-Secretary of War Alger arrives at his home in Detroit and is enthusiastically welcomed.
4. The cruiser *New Orleans* is sent to San Domingo.
5. The steamer *Saturnus*, coasting under the American flag, is captured and burned by insurgent Filipinos.
7. It is announced that 46,000 men will be placed in the Philippines in the fall.
8. Secretary of War, after an interview with the President, announces that "operations in the Philippines will be actively pushed from now on." Aguinaldo appeals to the powers for "recognition" of Filipino independence.
9. General MacArthur advances against the Filipinos and drives them from Angeles.
11. General Sanger is made supervisor of the Cuban census, which is to be completed by January 1. American troops take possession of the Filipino town of Angeles.
12. American forces push to the outskirts of Angeles north of Manila.
13. General Young drives back Filipino insurgents from San Mateo.
16. Dispatches from Porto Rico announce the loss of life in the recent hurricane to have been at least 2,000, and many sections still to be heard from; Americans capture the Filipino town of Angeles (see 11th inst).
17. War Department orders that 10 new regiments of volunteers be enlisted for service in the Philippines.
18. The first 10 regiments of volunteers for service in the Philippines are completed.
19. Three of the new volunteer regiments have been ordered to the Philippines.
21. Secretary Root appoints Lieut. Col. Joseph P. Sanger director of census for Cuba; twenty-five hundred victims of the tornado have been buried at Ponce; there are 1,000 injured and 2,000 still missing.
23. In a fight between gendarmes and Cuban soldiers near Santiago 5 men were killed and 10 wounded.
24. An agreement is reached between American authorities in the Philippines and the Sulu Sultan by which "American sovereignty over the Moros is acknowledged."
26. A Manila dispatch says that 4 men of the Twenty-third Regulars have been ambushed at Cebu and 3 of them killed.
27. Several natives, mayors of Filipino towns, have been arrested for "treachery with the insurgents."
28. The Tenth Pennsylvania Regiment is enthusiastically received at Pittsburg, and President McKinley makes a speech in honor of the American troops in the Philippines; the correspondent of the Associated Press at Habana writes that "the Cubans are ripe for annexation"; Admiral Dewey is enthusiastically received at Nice, France.
29. It is announced that the taking of the Cuban census will be begun October 1; the battle ship *Alabama* makes her trial trip; the insular commission submits to Secretary Root a code of laws providing for the establishment of a civil government in Porto Rico.
31. Secretary of the Navy Long asks for $18,000,000 for the coming year.

SEPTEMBER.

1. It is announced that Admiral Sampson, at his own request, will be relieved of the command of the North Atlantic Squadron after the Dewey celebration.
2. The Sixth Infantry captures the Filipino town of Argogula; President Schurman, of the Philippine commission, holds a long conference with the President and Secretary of State.
3. General Otis reports the completion of the railroad from Manila to Angeles; General Brooke reports from Habana that the Cuban army has been paid at the rate agreed upon, and that of the $3,000,000 set apart for that purpose there is a balance of $400,000; the Secretary of War designates the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation as depository of the Department of the Philippine Islands.
6. The Filipino insurgent government issues $3,000,000 in paper money, the acceptance of which has been made obligatory.

1899.

7. It is announced from Washington that "there will be a vigorous renewal of the campaign in Luzon as soon as the rainy season ends; there is no intention of superseding General Otis"; General Otis cables to the War Department that the inhabitants of the island of Negros have accepted the sovereignty of the United States, and have expressed a desire for the establishment of a republican form of government.
8. General Shafter, in a letter to a friend in Chicago, makes his first public denial of the charge that he was not under fire at Santiago.
11. Rear-Admiral Farquhar is appointed commander of the North Atlantic Squadron in place of Rear-Admiral Sampson, who will be assigned to command the Boston Navy-Yard.
14. Admiral Watson cables from Manila that the gunboat *Paragua* has captured and destroyed a Filipino schooner and silenced a rebel force at Balemao.
15. Rear-Admiral Schley is assigned to command the South Atlantic Station.
22. Insurgents wreck a train near Angeles, Luzon, 2 Americans being killed and 5 wounded.
24. The *Charleston*, *Monterey*, and *Concord* shell the fort at Subig Bay, and troops are landed, who dismount a Krupp gun.
25. Dispatches received from General Otis announce that the insurgents on the island of Negros are about to surrender, and that the American flag is to be raised on Sulu Island. The official trial of the battle ship *Kearsarge* takes place near Boston.
26. Admiral Dewey arrives at New York early in the morning, with the *Olympia*, two days ahead of the time expected. General Otis cables that General Snyder attacked the insurgents 5 miles west of Cebu and destroyed seven forts and a number of smoothbore cannon. The War Department decides to create four military departments in the Philippines.
27. Capt. A. H. McCormick, commandant of the Washington Navy-Yard, is promoted to the grade of rear-admiral.
28. Generals MacArthur and Wheeler capture Porac, a town 8 miles from Bacolor, in Luzon.
30. The land parade in honor of Admiral Dewey is held, about 30,000 men being in line and marching from Grant's Tomb to the Triumphal Arch at Washington square. The pageant is declared the most magnificent in the history of this country. Fourteen Americans, taken prisoners by Aguinaldo, are released.

OCTOBER.

1. The German Government pays Spain 25,000,000 pesetas as the price of the Caroline Islands.
2. An American expedition starts from Manila to bombard Orani and raise the gunboat *Urdaneta*. The conference of Filipino envoys with General Otis is fruitless. Admiral Dewey arrives in Washington, and is driven to the White House, where he is received by the President, members of the Cabinet, and other officials.
3. The sword voted by Congress is presented to Admiral Dewey at the Capitol in Washington, with addresses by President McKinley and Secretary Long, after which the military and naval escort is reviewed.
4. The Filipinos again assume the aggressive, and several engagements are fought north of Manila. As the result of a conference with Admiral Dewey, President McKinley orders a number of war ships, including the cruiser *Brooklyn*, to proceed immediately to the Philippines. Admiral Dewey is formally detached from the *Olympia*, at his own request.
5. The Navy Department orders the cruisers *New Orleans*, *Nashville*, and *Badger* to proceed to Manila.
7. The *Brooklyn* and *New Orleans* receive orders to go to Manila.
8. An American force under General Schwan, assisted by a naval force, drive the Filipinos from the towns of Cavite, Viejo, and Noveleta, south of Manila.
9. It is announced that the press censorship at Manila has been removed. General Schwan's column advances south of Manila and encamps within sight of San Francisco de Malabon, a Filipino stronghold.
10. A sword is presented to Captain Chadwick, of the cruiser *New York*, at Morgantown, W. Va.
15. General Otis cables that Schwan's movement south of Manila was very successful, inflicting heavy loss on the Filipinos.

1899.

16. General Magbabba, with 12,000 Filipinos, prepares to attack Iloilo.
18. General Otis receives messages purporting to come from Gen. Pio del Pilar, offering to sell out his army and deliver Aguinaldo into the hands of the Americans.
25. A house on Rhode Island avenue, Washington, is presented to Admiral Dewey by the home-fund committee.
27. Brig. Gen. Guy V. Henry dies from pneumonia at his home in New York.
28. It is reported that the Philippine commission will probably return to Manila after drawing up a preliminary report. The Forty-seventh Volunteer Regiment is ordered to proceed to the Philippines.
30. In the Philippines, Colonel Bell's regiment encounters a force of the insurgents and kills 4 officers and 8 men.
31. The report of Gen. George W. Davis, military governor of Porto Rico, is made public.

NOVEMBER.

1. General Young makes a rapid move northward in Luzon, and many insurgents flee to the hills.
2. The Philippine commission submits a preliminary report to the President, reviewing the situation in the islands at great length; the members unite in saying that the Filipinos are unfit for self-government.
3. Active operations against the insurgents in Luzon continue; Lieutenant Boutelle is killed in an engagement. At a Cabinet meeting the question of a civil government for Cuba, which is soon to be established, is discussed.
4. General Ludlow, military governor of Habana, returns to the United States in connection with the proposed change in the government of Cuba.
5. An important expedition leaves Manila on a transport under command of General Wheaton.
6. Further military operations in Luzon result in the defeat of the insurgents. The first autonomous government of the Filipinos is installed on the island of Negros.
10. Active operations in Luzon result in the driving back of the Filipinos into a smaller territory.
11. General Brooke issues a proclamation for the observance of Thanksgiving Day in Cuba.
12. Colonel Bell's regiment and a force of American cavalry enter Tarlac, in Luzon, without opposition. Assistant Secretary Allen, in his annual report to Secretary Long, recommends the establishment of a national naval reserve.
13. The United States cruiser *Charleston* is wrecked off Luzon; all on board are saved.
14. A sharp encounter at San Pabian, in Luzon, results in the defeat of the Filipinos and the death of Maj. John A. Logan. The annual report of General Miles pays tribute to the efficiency of the Army under special circumstances.
16. General Ludlow, governor of Habana, speaks in New York City on conditions in Cuba.
17. The Navy Department makes public the account of a gallant exploit performed by Ensign W. R. Gherardi in Porto Rico.
18. The columns of Generals Lawton and MacArthur continue to advance in northern Luzon and occupy several towns.
20. The American column, under General MacArthur, occupies Dagupan, in Luzon, Aguinaldo and his army having fled.
23. The Postmaster-General extends domestic rates of postage to Porto Rico, the Philippines, and Guam.
24. General Otis reports that the last claim to existence of the insurgent government in Luzon has vanished; the president of the Filipino congress surrenders to General MacArthur.
25. Rear-Admiral Schley, commander in chief of the South Atlantic Squadron, sails from New York City on his flagship, the *Chicago*, for Buenos Ayres.
26. Admiral Watson cables from Manila of the unconditional surrender of the whole province of Zamboanga to Commander Very, of the *Castine*.

DECEMBER.

6. The President nominates Brig. Gen. Leonard Wood to be major-general of volunteers.
7. The pursuit of Aguinaldo continues. General Young reaches Vigan on the coast.
8. In the mutiny of native police in Negros, Lieut. A. V. Ledyard is killed. General Young kills 25 Filipinos in an engagement. A demonstration in honor of Maceo at Santiago de Cuba takes the form of an outburst of anti-Americanism.

1899.

10. An expedition, headed by the battle ship *Oregon*, leaves Manila for Subig. General del Pilar is killed in an engagement.
12. The disintegrated Filipino army scatters throughout Luzon. General Lawton occupies San Miguel.
13. Notable successes attend the American campaign in Luzon. The province of Cagayan is surrendered to Captain McCalla. The President appoints Gen. Leonard Wood military governor of Cuba.
16. Maj. Peyton C. Marsh abandons the pursuit of Aguinaldo and reaches Bagnen, in Luzon.
17. The battle ship *Texas* arrives at Habana to receive the disinterred bodies of the victims of the *Maine* disaster. Lieut. T. H. Brumby, flag lieutenant of Admiral Dewey, dies of typhoid fever at Washington.
19. Maj. Gen. Henry W. Lawton is killed by a Filipino sharpshooter while attacking San Mateo, in Luzon.
21. Major-General Wood arrives in Habana and, amid much enthusiasm, assumes his duties as governor of the island.
22. A farewell banquet is given to General Brooke in Habana. General Wood enters upon his office as governor of Cuba.
26. Small engagements take place in the Philippines, resulting in native loss and capture of military supplies.
27. Colonel Lockett routs a Filipino force near San Mateo, Luzon.
28. The bodies of the *Maine* dead are buried in Arlington National Cemetery in presence of the President and members of the Cabinet.
29. A detachment of American troops captures a Filipino stronghold beyond Matalban and takes 24 prisoners.

1900.

JANUARY.

1. A general advance of the American troops in southern Luzon results in the capture of Cabuyac after a sharp engagement.
5. Lieutenant Gilmore and other American prisoners are recaptured from the Filipinos, and are at Vigan. The American flag is hoisted over Sibuta Island, near Borneo.
7. The Filipino stronghold Commanche, on Mount Aragat, is captured by Captain Leonhauser. Lieutenant Gilmore and party arrive at Manila.
9. Active operations continue south of Manila. The Filipinos are defeated at Silang and Imus.
21. General Wood, accompanied by Generals Chaffee and Ludlow, sets out on a two weeks' trip through Cuba.
22. American troops in Luzon capture the town of Taal, in the province of Batangas, defeating 800 Filipinos.
30. The bodies of General Lawton and Major Logan arrive at San Francisco.

FEBRUARY.

3. Brigadier-General Kobbé occupies the islands of Samar and Leyte, of the Philippine group. Several new hemp ports are opened in the islands.
5. General Wood and his party arrive at Habana, having completed a tour of the island. In Congress a bill is introduced by Senator Foraker providing a form of government for Porto Rico.
6. Skirmishes in the Philippines are reported, the natives making several attacks on United States troops. The President appoints Judge William H. Taft, of Cincinnati, head of a new Philippine commission which is to establish civil government in the islands.
9. Funeral services over the body of General Lawton are held in the Church of the Covenant, Washington, and the burial takes place at Arlington Cemetery.
10. Professor Worcester and Colonel Denby are selected as members of the new Philippine commission in addition to Judge Taft.
12. The *Princeton* takes possession of the Batan and Calayan islands, of the Philippine group.
15. A severe engagement with Filipinos, resulting in their repulse, takes place in Daroga, Luzon.
16. A strong expedition against the Filipinos, under Generals Bates and Bell, leaves Manila.

1900.

22. The last two places on the new Philippine commission are filled by the appointment of Gen. Luke E. Wright, of Memphis, Tenn., and Henry Clay Ide, of Vermont.

MARCH.

2. Secretary Root starts for Cuba, where he will confer with General Wood and personally inspect the Cuban situation.
6. Rear-Admiral John C. Watson is relieved from command of the American fleet at Manila; Rear-Admiral George C. Remey succeeds him.
7. Secretary Root arrives in Habana on the United States transport *Sedgwick*.
13. Brig. Gen. William A. Kobbé has been appointed military governor of the province of Albay, Luzon, and temporarily of the islands of Samar and Leyte.
17. Captain Leary, governor of Guam, issues a proclamation abolishing slavery on the island.
27. Secretary Root issues an order making the Philippine Archipelago the military division of the Pacific; the new Philippine commission holds its first meeting.
29. Secretary Hay and the Spanish minister sign a protocol extending for six months the time allowed for Spanish residents of the Philippines to declare their allegiance.
30. The new Philippine commission holds its last meeting and receives its final instructions before starting for Manila.

APRIL.

3. In the Senate the Porto Rican tariff and civil government bill is passed by a vote of 40 to 31, 6 Republicans voting against it.
11. In the House of Representatives the Senate amendments to the Porto Rican bill are concurred in by a vote of 161 to 153 after an exciting debate.
12. The Porto Rican tariff and civil government bill becomes a law by the signature of President McKinley. Charles H. Allen, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, is appointed governor of Porto Rico.
13. The *Holland*, submarine torpedo boat, is purchased by the United States Government. Secretary Gage decides that the tariff feature of the new Porto Rican law shall go into effect on May 1.
17. Montenegro, an insurgent general in Luzon, surrenders with his forces. An attack on United States barracks in Mindanao is repulsed.
22. The Filipino insurrection during the past week results in about a thousand rebels being killed, wounded, or captured.
30. Brig. Gen. George W. Davis, U. S. Volunteers, commanding the Department of Porto Rico, establishes six civil executive departments to facilitate the transfer of the civil duties of the military government of the island.

MAY.

1. Hon. Charles H. Allen inaugurated as governor of Porto Rico. General Davis formally announced the transfer of the government of Porto Rico from the military to the civil government. M. Dupuy de Lôme, former Spanish minister at Washington, is appointed ambassador to Italy.
3. An American force is surrounded by insurgents on the island of Panay, Philippines, and suffers severe loss.
5. General Otis is relieved of his command in the Philippines and General MacArthur is designated to succeed him. General Otis sailed for San Francisco the following day.
8. The Samoan Island of Tutuila has been ceded to the United States, and Manua will also be annexed.
13. Natives in Manila plan an uprising, but lack courage to carry it out.
22 Two complete companies of Filipinos surrender at Tarlos to the American forces.
29. The President nominates Brig. Gen. Elwell S. Otis to be major-general in the Regular Army, in place of General Merritt, who retires on June 16.
31. In Luzon, Corino, governor of Benguet Province, an active partisan of Aguinaldo, is captured by American troops.

1900.

JUNE.

3. The Philippine Commission arrives at Manila.
5. In the island of Tabias, one of the Philippine group, a number of rebels are put to flight and a large quantity of ammunition captured.
8. General Funston discovered in a forest around Luzon almost all the archives of the Aguinaldo government and a quantity of war material.
12. General Grant reported the capture of a rebel stronghold in Luzon.
20. General MacArthur will formally announce President McKinley's decree of amnesty to-day; dispatches from Shanghai state that Admiral Seymour's international column of marines reached Pekin on June 17; the Chinese attacked the column on the march.
21. Persistent fighting is reported at Tientsin, where the American consulate had been destroyed; American marines are dispatched from Taku by Admiral Kempff to Tientsin.
22. President McKinley takes steps to safeguard American interests.
23. Confirmation of heavy fighting around Tientsin is received, the Chinese forces being led by Prince Tuan.
24. Admiral Kempff cables loss of 4 marines at Tientsin; Secretary Long instructs Admiral Remey to sail to Taku from Manila with the *Brooklyn;* dispatches from Manila announce that American troops were ambushed in Mindanao, 9 being killed, 12 wounded.

AUTHORITY FOR INCREASE AND REORGANIZATION OF THE REGULAR AND VOLUNTEER MILITARY FORCES.

[From report of the Adjutant-General.]

On the passage of the joint resolution, approved April 20, 1898, demanding that Spain relinquish its authority and government in the island of Cuba and to withdraw its land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters, the Army of the United States consisted of 2,143 officers and 26,040 enlisted men.

Under the above resolution and the act of April 22, 1898, the President issued a proclamation April 23, 1898, calling for 125,000 volunteers. This was followed on May 25, 1898, by a proclamation calling for 75,000 volunteers.

The approval of the act of April 26, 1898, increased the Regular Army to 63,106 men, to be reduced at the end of the war to a peace basis, namely, 26,610 enlisted men. Meeting this instruction of the Congress, the men enlisted under the above act (practically for the war with Spain) were informed, in General Orders, No. 40, May 10, 1898, that they would be granted their discharge, if desired, at the close of the war, upon individual application.

By the act approved May 11, 1898, Congress authorized, in addition to the volunteers provided by the act of April 22, the organization of a volunteer brigade of engineers of not more than 3,500 men. The same act authorized the organization of an additional volunteer force not exceeding 10,000 men, possessing immunity from disease incident to tropical climates.

The protocol was signed August 12, 1898, and on September 5, 1898, the first organization of volunteers was mustered out of the service. This was followed immediately by orders for the muster out of nearly one-half of the Volunteer Army.

On the signing of the treaty of peace, April 11, 1899, it at once became necessary to muster out all the volunteer organizations, but, as stated heretofore, the volunteers in the Philippines cheerfully remained and rendered service until the Government was able to send regular and volunteer regiments to relieve them.

The act of March 2, 1899, authorized the President to "enlist" from the nation at large 35,000 volunteers, or so much thereof as might be necessary. Under the same act Congress authorized the recruitment of the Regular Army to 65,000 men.

Under the act of March 2, 1899, authority was given the commanding general, Department of Porto Rico, to recruit a battalion of volunteers (400) from among the Porto Ricans, and such recruiting began on March 24, 1899.

On July 5, 1899, the President, through the Secretary of War, ordered the organization of ten regiments of volunteer infantry; on July 18, 1899, of two regiments of volunteer infantry and a regiment of volunteer cavalry (the three regiments last named to be organized and recruited in the Philippine Islands); on August 17, 1899, of ten additional regiments of volunteer infantry; and on September 9, 1899, of two additional regiments of volunteer infantry (the enlisted men and company officers of the last two regiments to be colored).

STRENGTH OF THE ARMY IN OCTOBER, 1899.

The following shows the actual strength of the Army of the United States in October, 1899:

Major-generals	7
Brigadier-generals	32
Colonels	93
Lieutenant-colonels	125
Majors	457
Surgeons (majors)	25
Captains	955
Assistant surgeons (captains)	25
Adjutants (extra captains)	67
Regimental quartermasters (extra captains)	67
Regimental quartermasters (extra lieutenants)	60
Squadron or battalion adjutants (extra lieutenants)	181
Assistant surgeons (first lieutenants)	25
First lieutenants	876
Second lieutenants	701
Additional (second lieutenants)	2
Chaplains	34
Military storekeepers	1
Ordnance storekeepers	1
Total	3,734
Noncommissioned officers and privates	95,426
Grand total	99,160

List of principal camps, United States troops, giving date established, number of deaths, etc., to September 30, 1898.

[From report of Adjutant-General.]

Camps.	Date established	Deaths.
	1898.	
Camp Thomas, Chickamauga Park, Ga	Apr. 14	425
Camp Cuba Libre, Jacksonville, Fla	May 26	246
Tampa, Fla	May 2	56
Cuba (not including killed or died of wounds)	June 22	427
At sea, en route from Cuba to Montauk Point	Aug. Sept	
Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, N. Y	Aug. 7	257
Manila, Philippine Islands	June 30	63
Porto Rico	July 25	137
Camp Alger, near Falls Church, and vicinity	May 18	107
Camps in San Francisco	May 7	139
Camp Poland, Knoxville, Tenn	Aug. 21	23
Camp Shipp, Anniston, Ala	Sept. 3	12
Camp Meade, near Middletown, Pa	Aug. 24	64
Camp Hamilton, Lexington, Ky	Aug. 23	29
Camp Wheeler, Huntsville, Ala	Aug. 17	35
At posts, minor camps, etc		378
Total		2,485

The following is a list of the expeditions to the Philippines and Porto Rico, showing date of sailing, date of arrival, the various commands, number of officers and men, and name of transport when same could be ascertained:

[From report of the Adjutant-General.]

PHILIPPINE EXPEDITION.

Date of sailing.	Transport.	Commanding officer.	Command.	Strength.		Date of arrival at Manila.
				Officers.	Enlisted men.	
1898.						1898.
May 25	.....	Gen. T. M. Anderson, U. S. Vols.....	1st Cal. Inf., 2d Oreg. Inf., 5 cos. 14th U. S. Inf., and a detachment of Cal. Art.	115	2,386	June 30
June 15	.....	Gen. F. V. Greene, U. S. Vols	1st Colo., 1st Nebr., 10th Pa. Inf., 4 cos. 18th and 4 cos. 23d U. S. Inf., 2 battys. Utah Art., and detachment U. S. Engrs.	158	3,428	July 17
June 27, 29	.....	Gen. Merritt, U. S. A., commanding corps, and Gen. MacArthur, U. S. Vols.	4 cos. 18th and 4 cos. 23d U. S. Inf., 4 battys. of 3d U. S. Art., 1 co. U. S. Engrs., 1st Idaho, 1st Wyo., 13th Minn., and 1st N. Dak. Inf., the Astor Batty., and detachments of Hospital and Signal Corps.	197	4,650	July 25, 31
July 15	.....	Gen. E. S. Otis, U. S. Vols.....	6 troops 4th U. S. Cav., 2 battys. 6th U. S. Art., 5 cos. 14th U. S. Inf., and detachments of recruits.	42	1,640	Aug. 21
July 19	.....	Col. H. C. Kessler, 1st Mont. Inf	1st Mont. Inf and detachments of recruits	54	1,294	Aug. 24
July 23	.....	Gen. H. G. Otis, U. S. Vols.....	8 cos. of 1st S. Dak. and detachments.....	50	846	Do.
July 29	.....	Lt. Col. Lee Stover, 1st S. Dak. Inf ...	4 cos. of 1st S. Dak. and detachments of recruits.....	25	814	Aug. 31
Aug. 21	Arizona	Brig. Gen. Chas. King.....	I, K, L, and M, 18th U. S. Inf., and detachments 1st Nebr., 10th Pa., and 1st Colo.	18	1,006	Nov. 25
Oct. 17	Senator.....	Maj. G. A. Goodale, 22d Inf.....	A, I, K, and M, 23d U. S. Inf.; D, Cal. Art., and det. recruits for 2d Oreg ...	16	778	Nov. 21
Oct. 19	Valencia	Lt. Col. W. J. Fife, 1st Wash	F, G, I, and L, 1st Wash. Inf., and det. Battn. Cal. Art	17	484	Do.
Oct. 27	Indiana	Col. F. Funston, 20th Kans.....	Hdqrs. and band, C, D, E, G, H, I, K, and M., 20th Kans.....	31	725	Dec. 1
Oct. 28	Ohio	Col. J. H. Wholley, 1st Wash	A, B, C, D, E, H, K, and M, 1st Wash. Inf., and det. Cal. Art	28	779	Nov. 26
Oct. 30	Zealandia	Col. W. C. Smith, 1st Tenn.....	Band, hdqrs., A, B, C, E, F, L, and M., 1st Tenn. Inf	24	543	Nov. 29
Nov. 3	Pennsylvania	Col. J. C. Loper, 51st Iowa	51st Iowa Inf.....	47	987	Dec. 5
Nov. 6	City of Puebla.....	Lt. Col. Gracey Childers, 1st Tenn.....	D, G, H, I, and K, 1st Tenn. Inf.; det. Cal. Art., and 1st Troop Nev. Cav..	27	571	Do.
Nov. 9	Newport.....	Brig. Gen. M. P. Miller	A, B, F, and L., 20th Kansas, and Wyoming Batty.....	24	466	Dec. 6
1899.						1899.
Jan. 19	Grant (from New York City).	Maj. Gen. H. W. Lawton	4th U. S. Inf. and B, G, I, and M, 17th U. S. Inf.....	42	1,716	Mar. 10
Jan. 26	Scandia and Morgan City.	Brig. Gen. Loyd Wheaton.....	20th U. S. Inf	41	1,213	Feb. 23
Feb. 1	Ohio and Senator.....	Col. H. C. Egbert, 22d Inf.....	22d U. S. Inf	37	1,230	Mar. 4
Feb. 3	Sherman (from New York City).	Col. J. H. Page, 3d Inf.....	3d U. S. Inf. and D, H, K, and L., 17th U. S. Inf.....	34	1,702	Mar. 22
Feb. 19	Sheridan (from New York City).	Lt. Col. J. H. Smith, 12th Inf.....	12th U. S. Inf., and hdqrs., and A, C, E, and F, 17th U. S. Inf.....	57	1,796	Apr. 14
Mar. 24	City of Puebla.....	Capt. Jas. Regan, 9th Inf.....	Hdqrs., A, F, G, I, L, and M, 9th U. S. Inf	20	693	Apr. 22
Mar. 28	Zealandia	Capt. C. M. Rockefeller, 9th Inf	B, C, D, E, H, and K, 9th U. S. Inf	14	599	Apr. 26
Apr. 18	Hancock	Col. J. Kline, 21st Inf.....	21st U. S. Inf., Lt. Batty. E, 1st U. S. Art.....	39	1,451	May 11

Apr. 20	Newport	Maj. J. L. Tiernon, 1st Art	Lt. Batteries F, 4th, and F, 5th Art	8	223	May 23
Do	Warren	Brig. Gen. E. B. Williston	Hdqrs., B, C, E, F, H, L, M, and O, 6th Art., and det. of recruits	23	1,205	May 18
Apr. 28	Senator	Col. A. T. Smith, 13th Inf	Hdqrs., A, C, F, G, H, and I, 13th U. S. Inf	19	724	May 29
Do	Ohio	Capt. J. H. H. Peshine, 13th Inf	B, D, E, K, L, and M, 13th U. S. Inf	13	729	Do.
May 22	Sherman	Brig. Gen. J. C. Bates	6th U. S. Inf. and recruits	41	1,858	June 19
May 30	Grant	Lt. Col. W. F. Spurgin, 16th Inf	16th U. S. Inf. and recruits	40	1,665	June 27
June 22	Zealandia	Maj. J. M. Thompson, 24th Inf	C, E, G, and I, 24th U. S. Inf	8	573	July 22
June 24	Sheridan	Brig. Gen. S. B. M. Young	A and F, 4th U. S. Cav.; B and H, 14th U. S. Inf., and recruits	35	1,629	July 24
June 28	Valencia	Maj. Chas. Morton, 4th Cav	Hdqrs., B and M, 4th U. S. Cav.; E and H, 25th U. S. Inf	10	454	July 29
July 1	Pennsylvania	Col. A. S. Burt, 25th Inf	Hdqrs., B, F, I, K, L, and M, 25th Inf	22	917	Aug. 1
July 11	Conemaugh	First Lt. E. B. Winans, jr., 4th Cav	Det. 4th U. S. Cav. and 275 horses	1	33	Aug. 18
July 13	City of Para	Brig. Gen. T. Schwan	D and H, 4th U. S. Cav.; hdqrs. A, F, H, and K, 24th U. S. Inf., and B, Engr. Battn.	36	911	Aug. 11
July 25	Tartar	Col. S. Snyder, 19th Inf	Hdqrs., B, D, F, G, H, I, K, and M, 19th U. S. Inf	41	1,163	Aug. 20
July 26	Ohio	Maj. O. J. Sweet, 23d Inf	C and L, 19th U. S. Inf., and recruits	11	726	Aug. 25
Do	Tacoma (sailing ship)	Capt. G. O. Cress, 4th Cav	Det. 4th U. S. Cav. and 200 horses	1	39	Oct. 13
Do	Newport	Capt. F. H. French, 19th Inf	A and E, 19th Inf., and recruits	11	489	Aug. 24
Aug. 2	Indiana	Col. C. C. Hood, 16th Inf	Recruits and casuals	10	807	Sept. 1
Aug. 10	Morgan City	Maj. W. Wittich, 21st Inf	Det. recruits	8	689	Sept. 19
Aug. 15	Senator	Lt. Col. E. M. Hayes, 4th Cav	do	10	660	Sept. 10
Aug. 18	City of Sydney	Capt. F. H. Albright, 25th Inf	do	2	351	Sept. 19
Aug. 20	Garrone (from Seattle, Wash.).	First Lt. E. M. Suplee, 3d Cav	Det. 3d Cav. and 389 horses	2	74	Sept. 30
Aug. 25	St. Paul (from Seattle, Wash.).	Lt. Col. H. W. Wessels, jr., 3d Cav	A, C, E, F, K, L, and M, 3d U. S. Cav	18	705	Oct. 1
Do	Athenian (from Seattle, Wash.).	Capt. G. F. Chase, 3d Cav	Troop D, 3d U. S. Cav	3	102	Oct. 3
Aug. 29	City of Puebla	Capt. B. D. Devore, 23d Inf	Det. recruits	6	659	Sept. 25
Sept. 1	Victoria (from Tacoma, Wash.).	First Lt. W. T. Johnston, 3d Cav	Det. 3d U. S. Cav	3	80	Oct. 9
Sept. 2	Leelawna	Second Lt. B. H. Dorcy, 4th Cav	Det. 4th U. S. Cav. and 250 horses	1	16	.....
Do	Warren	Capt. T. W. Moore, 21st Inf	Det. Signal Corps and recruits	10	1,056	Oct. 9
Sept. 8	Columbia	Col. L. W. V. Kennon, 34th Vol. Inf	Hdqrs., band, E, F, G, H, and L, 34th Vol. Inf., and 3 Hospital Corps men	19	566	Oct. 11
Sept. 16	Belgian King	Lt. Col. R. L. Howze, 34th Vol. Inf	A, B, C, D, I, K, and M, 34th Vol. Inf., 9 Hospital Corps men, and det. recruits.	26	779	Oct. 14
Do	Aztec	First Lt. H. A. Sievert, 4th Cav	Det. 4th U. S. Cav. and 366 horses	1	9	Oct. 25
Sept. 21	S. S. Tacoma	Col. J. M. Bell, 27th Vol. Inf	Hdqrs., band, A, B, C, D, I, K, and L, 27th Vol. Inf., and 6 Hospital Corps men.	26	735	Oct. 27
Do	George W. Elder	Lt. Col. A. S. Cummins, 27th Inf	E, F, G, H, and M, 27th Vol. Inf., and 6 Hospital Corps men	20	494	Oct. 21
Sept. 23	Sherman	Col. C. Gardener, 30th Vol. Inf	30th Vol. Inf., dets. recruits, Hospital Corps men, and 2 casuals	54	1,658	Do.
Sept. 25	Grant	Col. E. Rice, 26th Vol. Inf	26th Vol. Inf., dets. officers, Hospital Corps men, and recruits	55	1,631	Oct. 24
Sept. 27	Centennial		Det. casuals and 300 horses	1	15	.....
Sept. 30	Sheridan	Col. L. R. Hare, 33d Vol. Inf	33d Vol. Inf.; B, H, and I, 32d Vol. Inf.; dets. officers, Hospital Corps men, and recruits.	64	1,663	Oct. 27
Oct. 1	Charles Nelson	Maj. C. E. Cabell, 32d Vol. Inf	Field and staff, C and D, 32d Vol. Inf	21	209	.....
Do	Glenogle	Col. L. A. Craig, 32d Vol. Inf	Hdqrs., A, E, F, G, H, K, L, and M, 32d Vol. Inf., and det. men for 31st and 33d Vol. Inf.	31	718	.....
Oct. 4	Sikh (from Portland, Oreg.).	Maj. R. D. Walsh, 35th Vol. Inf	Det. 35th Vol. Inf., Hospital Corps, and recruits	21	637	.....
Do	Rio de Janeiro (from Portland, Oreg.).	Lt. Col. E. H. Plummer, 35th Vol. Inf	Det. 35th Vol. Inf. and 21 female Red Cross nurses	28	692	.....

PHILIPPINE EXPEDITION—Continued.

Date of sailing.	Transport.	Commanding officer.	Command.	Strength.		Date of arrival at Manila.
				Officers.	Enlisted men.	
1899.						1899.
Oct. 5	City of Para	Col. E. E. Hardin, 29th Vol. Inf	Hdqrs., and A, B, C, I, K, L, and M, 29th Vol. Inf., det. Hospital Corps, and recruits.	32	788	.....
Do	Zealandia	Lt. Col. H. H. Sargent, 29th Vol. Inf	D, E, F, G, and H, 29th Vol. Inf., and det. Signal Corps and recruits	21	557	.....
Do	Valencia	Capt. C. B. Hardin, 18th Inf	Det. recruits	13	432	.....
Oct. 26	Tartar	Lt. Col. R. W. Leonard, 28th Inf	A, B, C, D, E, F, G, and H, 28th Inf	31	829	Nov. 23
Do	Manauense	Lt. Col. W. C. Hayes, 31st Inf	Field and staff I, K, L, M, 31st Inf	15	380	Nov. 27
Do	Newport	Maj. J. B. Porter, 28th Inf	I, K, L, M, 28th Inf., dets. offs. Hosp. Corps and Sig. Corps	27	431	Nov. 23
Oct. 28	City of Peking	Col. J. S. Pettit, 31st Inf	Hdqrs., A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, 31st Inf., dets. offs. Hosp. Corps and rects	39	938	Nov. 27
Nov. 3	Pennsylvania (from Portland, Oreg.).	Col. R. L. Bullard, 39th Inf	A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, 39th Inf., det. offs. Hosp. Corps and rects	33	989	Dec. 7
Do	Olympia (from Portland, Oreg.).	Maj. J. H. Parker, 39th Inf	I, K, L, M, 39th Inf., L, M, 45th Inf., det. Hosp. Corps	24	680	Do.
Nov. 4	Thomas (from New York City).	Col. Walter Howe, 47th Inf	47th Inf. and det. rects	52	1,323	Dec. 22
Nov. 14	City of Sidney	Col. W. S. Schuyler, 46th Inf	Hdqrs., A, B, C, D, E, F, 46th Inf., dets. offs. and rects	35	668	Dec. 15
Do	Pathan	Maj. S. W. Miller, 46th Inf	G, H, I, K, L, M, 46th Inf	22	614	Do.
Nov. 16	Meade (from New York City).	Col. A. Murray, 43d Inf	Hdqrs., A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, K, 43d Inf., det. Hosp. Corps	41	1,080	Dec. 31
Do	Senator	Col. J. H. Dorst, 45th Inf	Hdqrs., E, F, G, H, I, 45th Inf., dets. offs. Hosp. Corps and rects	21	605	Dec. 21
Do	Benmohr	Maj. D. A. Frederick, 45th Inf	A, B, C, D, K, 45th Inf., A, N, 6th Art., dets. off. and rects	24	716	Do.
Nov. 20	Hancock	Col. E. J. McClernand, 44th Inf	Hdqrs., A, E, F, G, H, I, K, L, M, 44th Inf., dets. off. and Hosp. Corps	40	981	Dec. 19
Do	City of Pueblo	Maj. H. Hale, 44th Inf	B, C, D, 44th Inf., L, M, 43d Inf., dets. off. and Hosp. Corps	25	572	Do.
Do	Logan (from New York City).	Col. E. T. C. Richmond, 41st Inf	41st Inf	52	1,313	1900. Jan. 5
Nov. 21	St. Paul	Col. G. S. Anderson, 38th Inf	Hdqrs., E, F, G, H, K, L, 38th Inf., dets. offs. and rects	29	664	1899. Dec. 26
Do	Duke of Fife	Maj. C. H. Muir, 38th Inf	A, B, C, D, I, M, 38th Inf., dets. off. and men	22	723	Do.
Nov. 24	Ohio	Col. E. A. Godwin, 40th Inf	Hdqrs., A, B, C, D, L, M, 40th Inf., dets. off. Hosp. Corps and rects	28	881	Dec. 26
Do	Indiana	Maj. W. E. Craighill, 40th Inf	E, F, G, H, I, K, 40th Inf., dets. off. and rects	29	720	Do.
Nov. 30	Dabney Vostock	Maj. W. C. Brown, 42d Inf	A, B, C, D, E, F, G, 42d Inf., det. Hosp. Corps	26	725	Dec. 31
Do	Columbia	Lt. Col. J. H. Beacom, 42d Inf	Hdqrs., H, I, K, L, M, 42d Inf., dets. Hosp. Corps	21	549	Do.
Dec. 2	Warren	Col. W. H. Beck, 49th Inf	Hdqrs., A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, 49th Inf., det. Hosp. Corps	35	863	1900. Jan. 2
Dec. 6	Sherman	Maj. G. W. Kirkman, 49th Inf	I, K, L, M, 49th Inf., dets. offs. Hosp. Corps, Sig. Corps rects	26	622	Do.
Dec. 13	Victoria	Capt. J. S. Michael, A. Q. M. Vols	Det. with 28 horses, 316 mules	1	12	Jan. 6
Dec. 21	Grant	Col. W. P. Duvall, 48th Inf	48th Inf., dets. off. men, Hosp. Corps	51	1,314	Jan. 25
Dec. 23	Westminster	2d Lt. W. H. Winters, 3d Cav	Det. with 226 horses, 80 mules	1	7	Feb. 6
1900.						
Jan. 10	Aztec	Capt. G. H. G. Gale, 4th Cav	Det. with 165 horses, 185 mules	2	2	Feb. 23
Jan. 11	Tartar	Col. H. B. Freeman, 24th Inf	Det. off. and rects	16	458	Feb. 7
Jan. 17	Sheridan (from Tacoma, Wash.).	Maj. L. H. Roudiez, Q. M. Vols	Det. off. and men	1	11	Feb. 18

Jan. 19	Port Albert (from Seattle, Wash.).	Capt. W. S. Wood, A. Q. M	Civ. employees, 400 horses, 115 mules	1	1	Mar. 16
Jan. 25	Pennsylvania	1st Lt. T. B. Seigle, 38th Inf	Dets. off. and men, Hosp. and Sig. Corps	5	30	Feb. 24
Feb. 17	Sherman	Maj. C. D. Cowles, 17th Inf	Dets. off., Hosp. Corps, Sig. Corps, and recruits	9	353	Mar. 14
Mar. 1	Thomas	Capt. E. F. Glenn, 25th Inf	Det. off., Hosp. Corps, Sig. Corps, and recruits	9	88	Mar. 27
Mar. 17	Meade	Lt. L. R. Burgess, 5th Art	Dets. off., Hosp. Corps, Signal Corps, and recruits	9	98	Apr. 15
Mar. 31	Sumner (from New York City).	Col. Wirt Davis, 3d Cav	Dets. off. and recruits	46	695	May 23
Apr. 1	Grant	Capt. C. D. Palmer, A. Q. M	Dets. off. men, Hosp. Corps, Sig. Corps	2	141	Apr. 30
May 1	Warren	Capt. E. L. King, 11th Cav	Dets. off. men, Hosp. and Sig. Corps and recruits	16	467	May 28
May 16	Logan	Col. C. C. C. Carr, 4th Cav	Det. off. and men	7	161	June 14
June 1	Sherman	Maj. M. C. Foote, 9th Inf	Det. off., Hosp. Corps, and enl. men	3	22	June 28
June 16	Thomas	Maj. C. A. Williams, 17th Inf	Det. off., Hosp. Corps, and rects	7	392	July 17
July 1	Conemaugh[1]	1st Lt. E. R. Heiberg, 6th Cav	Det. with 147 horses, 94 mules	2	24	Aug. 5
Do	Leelawna[1]	1st Lt. C. D. Rhodes, 6th Cav	Det. with 252 horses	2	32	Aug. 8
July 3	Grant[1]	Gen. A. R. Chaffee, U. S. Vols	A, B, C, D, I, K, L, M, 6th Cav., and rects	27	1,090	July 28
July 6	Lennox (from Portland, Oreg.).[1]	1st Lt. F. C. Marshall, 6th Cav	Det. with 370 horses, 100 mules	2	43	Aug. 2
July 17	Sumner[1]	Col. E. Moale, 15th Inf	Hdqrs., A, B, C, D, 15th Inf., and offs	30	542	Aug. 16
July 29	Hancock[1]	Maj. R. Dickens, Marine Corps	A, D, I, O, 3d Art., and rects	13	476	Aug. 21
Aug. 1	Meade	Lt. Col. Constant Williams, 15th Inf	I, K, L, M, 15th Inf., B, G, H, I, 3d Cav., E, Engrs., dets. off., Hosp. Corps, and recruits.	40	1,057	Sept. 4
Aug. 7	Garrone (from Seattle, Wash.).	Lt. Col. T. C. Lebo, 1st Cav	Hdqrs., A, B, C, D, I, K, L, M, 1st Cav., det. Hosp. Corps	22	762	Sept. 7
Aug. 11	Pakling (from Seattle, Wash.).	Lt. E. A. Hickman, 1st Cav	Det. with 889 horses and 12 mules	2	97	Sept. 9
		Col. T. McGregor, 9th Cav	Hdqrs., A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, 9th Cav., dets. off., Hosp. Corps, and rects	39	987	Sept. 16
Aug. 16	Warren	Lt. C. A. Hedekin, 3d Cav	Det. with 452 horses and 50 mules	2	53	Sept. 20
Do	Aztec					
Do	Athenian (from Seattle, Wash.).	Capt. L. C. Baker, A. Q. M. Vols	Det. 1st and 9th Cav	2	28	Sept. 24
Aug. 21	Sherman	Maj. G. P. Borden, 15h Inf	E, F, G, H, 2d Inf., I, K, L, M, 15th Inf., I, K, L, M, 8th Inf., dets. Hosp. Corps and Sig. Corps.	37	1,546	Sept. 16
Aug. 22	Strathgyle	Lt. C. E. Stoddert, 9th Cav	Det. with 676 horses and 44 mules	2	80	Oct. 4
Sept. 1	Logan	Col. A. A. Harbach, 1st Inf	1st and 2d Battn. 1st Inf. and 3d Battn. 2d Inf	41	1,625	Oct. 1
Sept. 3	Rosecrans	Maj. G. G. Greenough, 7th Art	C, M, 7th Art., and det	7	534	Oct. 8
Sept. 4	Federica	Lt. L. G. Berry, 7th Art	Det. 7th Art	3	35	Oct. 15
Sept. 18	Thomas	Col. R. Comba, 5th Inf	1st Battn. 5th Inf., and 2d Battn. 8th Inf., and det	39	1,538	
Sept. 25	Lennox (from Portland, Oreg.).	Lt. A. M. Ferguson, 36th Inf	40 civ. employees, 370 horses, and 40 mules	2	1	
Oct. 1	Hancock	Maj. J. C. Dent, 24th Inf	B, D, M, 24th Inf., A, C, D, G, 25th Inf., and det	15	903	
	Total			3,190	95,891	

[1] Sent to China; place of arrival, Taku.

Transports sailed from San Francisco unless otherwise indicated.

PORTO RICO EXPEDITION.

Date of sailing.	Transport.	Commanding officer.	Command.	Strength.		Date of arrival at Manila.
				Officers.	Enlisted men.	
1898. July 21		Maj. Gen. J. R. Brooke, U. S. A	6th Mass. Inf., 6th Ill. Inf., of Gen. G. A. Garretson's brigade of Gen. G. V. Henry's div., and Battys. C and F. 3d U. S. Art., Batty. B. 4th U. S. Art., Batty. D, 5th U. S. Art., a prov. battln. of engrs. formed from Co. H, 1st D. C. Vols, a prov. co. formed from 1st Ill. Vols., a detachment of 34 privates of the Battln. of Engrs., U. S. Army, and a detachment of recruits, Signal and Hospital Corps, sailed from Guantanamo, Cuba, and landed at Guanica, Porto Rico.	.....	[1] 3,554	1898. July 25
Do		Maj. Gen. Jas. H. Wilson	16th Pa. Inf., 2d and 3d Wis. Inf., Cos. D and M, 6th Ill. Inf., sailed from Charleston, S. C., and landed at Guanica.	162	3,150	July 27
July 23		Brig. Gen. Theo. Schwan, U. S. V	11th and 19th U. S. Inf., Battys. C and M, 7th U. S. Art., Troop B, 2d Cav., and Batty. B, 5th Art., sailed from Tampa, Fla., and landed at Ponce.	80	2,831	July 31
Do		Maj. Gen. John R. Brooke, U. S. A	Philadelphia City Troop, Pa. Cav., A and C, N. Y. Cav., B, Pa. Art., 27th Ind. Lt. Batty., A, Ill. Art., A, Mo. Art., Troop H, 6th U. S. Cav., Co. F, 8th U. S. Inf., sailed from Newport News and landed at Guayama. (Number of troops not given.)	.....	.....	Do.
July 28		Brig. Gen. Peter C. Hains, U. S. V	3d Ill. Inf., 4th Ohio Inf., 4th Pa. Inf., sailed from Newport News, Va., and landed at Arroya.	145	3,581	Aug. 3
Aug. 10		Brig. Gen. F. D. Grant, U. S. V	1st Ky. Inf., Battys. A and C, Pa. Vol. Art., Sheridan's Troops, Pa. Cav., Governor's Troop, Pa. Cav., sailed from Newport News, Va., and landed at Ponce.	48	1,109	Aug. 16

[1] Total officers and men.

List of volunteer organizations returned to the United States from Manila.

[From report of the Adjutant-General.]

Date of sailing from Manila.	Transport.	Command.	Commanding officer.	Date of arrival at San Francisco, Cal.
1889.				1899.
June 14	Ohio and Newport	2d Oregon	Col. Owen Summers	July 12
July 1	Hancock	1st Nebr., and A and B, Utah Art.	Col. H. B. Mulford	July 30
Do	Senator	10th Pennsylvania	Lieut. Col. J. E. Barnett	Aug. 1
July 17	Warren	1st Colorado	Col. H. B. McCoy	Aug. 16
July 26	Sherman	1st Cal., and A and D, Cal. Art.	Col. V. D. Duboce	Aug. 23
July 31	Grant	1st Wyo., 1st N. Dak., Wyo. Batty., and 1st Idaho	Lieut. Col. W. C. Frenman	Aug. 29
Aug. 11	Sheridan	13th Minn. and 1st S. Dak	Col. A. S. Frost	Sept. 7
Aug. 23	Valencia and Zealandia.	1st Montana	Col. H. C. Kessler	Sept. 22 / Sept. 24
Sept. 3	Tartar	20th Kansas	Col. W. S. Metcalf	Oct. 10
Sept. 5	Pennsylvania	1st Washington	Col. J. H. Wholley	Oct. 9
Sept. 22	Senator	51st Iowa	Col. J. C. Loper	Oct. 22
Sept. 29	Ohio	Troop Nevada Cavalry	Capt. F. M. Linscot	[1] Oct. 29
Oct. 8	Indiana	1st Tennessee	Col. Gracey Childers	[1] Nov. 8

[1] Probable date of arrival.

Table showing strength of volunteer forces called into service of the United States during

RECAPITULATION

	Strength at muster in.		Strength at muster out.		Total number accounted for on muster-out roll.		Losses while in service.		
							Officers.		
	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Promoted or transferred.	Resigned or discharged.	Dismissed.
General officers and staff	[1]1,010	1,329	254	.....	1,010	1,329	33	703	....
Alabama	141	3,061	144	3,007	158	3,864	3	10	....
Arkansas	91	1,934	92	2,049	108	2,728	....	15	....
California	186	4,441	196	4,587	232	5,587	....	35	....
Colorado	49	1,076	49	1,041	70	1,367	7	13	....
Connecticut	100	2,436	103	2,850	124	3,127	....	20	....
District of Columbia	49	922	49	810	53	937	....	3	....
Delaware	47	969	43	836	51	977	....	8	....
Florida	48	956	48	1,135	54	1,296	....	5	....
Georgia	142	3,389	144	3,094	165	4,218	....	20	....
Idaho	32	644	32	444	50	678	....	17	....
Illinois	489	10,453	487	11,667	547	13,100	4	49	1
Indiana	260	5,564	259	6,408	281	7,142	1	18	....
Iowa	206	3,354	202	4,403	230	5,464	1	23	....
Kansas	167	3,735	166	3,957	229	4,795	....	55	1
Kentucky	186	4,559	199	4,756	217	5,397	1	17	....
Louisiana	101	2,255	96	2,223	122	2,794	2	17	....
Maine	61	1,444	61	1,668	67	1,826	1	3	....
Maryland	91	1,979	98	2,299	114	2,597	....	15	....
Massachusetts	277	5,515	274	6,100	321	6,792	2	37	....
Michigan	233	5,185	231	5,655	262	6,579	....	26	....
Minnesota	196	4,222	196	4,462	229	5,151	....	30	....
Mississippi	108	2,512	115	2,695	125	3,036	....	8	....
Missouri	271	6,234	278	6,978	327	8,083	1	45	....
Montana	48	976	48	673	78	1,054	....	28	....
Nebraska	137	3,232	136	2,938	200	3,846	23	36	....
Nevada	15	481	16	327	17	505	....	1	....
New Hampshire	47	952	47	1,234	60	1,309	....	10	....
New Jersey	184	4,163	193	4,522	237	5,264	....	44	....
New York	705	15,924	717	17,238	927	19,937	29	171	....
North Carolina	145	2,840	139	3,263	164	3,802	1	23	....
North Dakota	27	658	31	507	48	671	....	17	....
Ohio	485	9,557	508	12,407	573	13,682	10	47	....
Oregon	56	1,182	50	1,234	62	1,508	....	12	....
Pennsylvania	619	11,696	614	14,636	709	16,739	3	82	....
Rhode Island	54	1,170	51	1,251	76	1,578	7	18	....
South Carolina	90	2,060	99	2,077	104	2,514	....	4	....
South Dakota	46	983	46	622	70	1,064	....	20	....
Tennessee	187	4,148	183	3,993	235	6,031	9	40	....
Texas	231	5,054	230	4,824	259	6,506	1	27	....
Utah	15	429	16	443	23	555	....	7	....
Vermont	48	980	49	925	52	992	....	2	....
Virginia	164	3,709	166	4,249	194	5,029	5	21	....
Washington	60	1,379	60	1,180	87	1,767	....	25	....
West Virginia	88	2,245	92	2,196	110	2,584	....	17	1
Wisconsin	198	4,293	195	4,863	211	5,242	1	11	2
Wyoming	17	446	17	296	23	453	....	5	....
United States Volunteers	763	16,992	780	14,499	1,003	18,717	53	155	3
Total	8,970	173,717	[1]8,299	183,521	[2]10,668	[2][3]220,213	198	2,015	8

[1] On the lines of the general officers and staff corps, in the column under the heading, "Strength at muster in," the total number appointed or enlisted is shown, and in the column under the heading, "Strength at muster out," the number remaining in service November 30, 1899, is stated.

[2] From this total should be deducted the number of officers and enlisted men accounted for under the headings, "Promoted" or "Transferred," as they were promoted or transferred in their own regiments or to other organizations in the volunteer service, therefore being no loss; also 453 officers of the Regular Army who held commissions in the volunteers.

[3] From this total should be deducted 891, this number having been appointed to be commissioned officers, and so accounted for.

[4] Includes 4 Regular Army officers holding volunteer commissions.

the war with Spain, with losses from all causes, etc., as shown by muster-out rolls.

BY STATES, ETC.

Losses while in service.																										
Officers.								Enlisted men.																		
Died.								Discharged.			Died.															
Killed in action.	Of wounds.	Disease.	Accident.	Drowned.	Suicide.	Murdered.	Total.	Transferred.	Disability.	By sentence of general court-martial.	By order.	Killed in action.	Of wounds received in action.	Of disease.	Accident.	Drowned.	Suicide.	Murdered or homicide.	Deserted.	Total.
3	...	15	1	...	1	...	756	.....	9	....	1,297	....	....	19	3	....	....	....	1	1,329
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	14	410	78	4	147	....	....	37	3	1	....	3	174	857
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	16	135	115	2	313	....	....	49	2	....	....	....	63	679
...	1	...	...	...	...	...	36	104	145	7	615	8	1	60	2	1	2	1	54	1,000
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	32	53	5	198	5	6	22	....	1	1	....	3	326
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	21	13	24	12	132	....	....	38	....	....	....	....	58	277
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	4	32	8	....	65	....	....	22	....	....	....	....	.....	127
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	2	8	3	74	....	....	8	....	....	....	....	46	141
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	6	24	31	1	57	....	....	27	....	....	....	2	19	161
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	21	131	79	5	754	....	....	50	3	....	....	....	102	1,124
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	22	25	8	156	4	2	13	1	1	....	....	2	234
...	...	5	1	...	...	...	60	285	239	6	582	....	....	274	6	....	....	1	40	1,433
...	...	3	...	...	...	...	22	214	132	....	274	....	....	66	2	....	....	1	45	734
...	...	3	...	...	1	...	28	133	120	....	642	1	....	158	1	....	....	....	6	1,061
3	...	4	...	...	...	...	63	129	177	9	385	19	11	78	1	....	....	1	28	838
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	120	95	8	197	....	....	84	3	....	....	2	132	641
...	...	7	...	...	...	...	26	163	166	5	154	....	....	24	2	1	....	1	55	571
...	...	2	...	...	...	...	6	22	16	1	30	....	....	49	....	....	....	....	40	158
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	16	28	40	7	135	....	....	31	1	....	....	....	56	298
1	...	7	...	...	...	...	47	111	95	1	180	4	4	265	1	....	....	....	31	692
...	...	5	...	...	...	...	31	160	93	4	426	2	1	200	1	1	....	....	36	924
...	1	2	...	...	...	...	33	90	114	5	371	4	2	80	2	1	1	....	19	689
...	...	3	...	...	...	...	10	68	28	1	115	....	....	56	1	....	....	....	72	341
...	...	3	...	...	...	...	49	198	184	3	470	....	....	107	6	2	....	....	135	1,105
1	...	1	...	...	...	...	30	71	29	4	232	12	8	14	....	1	....	....	10	381
2	1	2	...	...	...	...	64	35	78	3	667	19	13	84	....	1	....	....	8	908
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	.....	4	3	166	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	4	178
...	...	3	...	...	...	...	13	14	6	....	13	....	....	29	....	....	....	....	13	75
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	44	73	81	10	458	....	....	38	1	1	....	....	80	742
...	...	10	...	...	...	...	210	290	310	20	1,148	12	3	380	15	2	3	2	514	2,699
...	...	...	1	...	...	...	25	25	182	8	184	....	....	59	1	....	....	3	77	539
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	23	18	....	105	6	1	9	1	1	....	....	.....	164
...	...	8	...	...	...	...	65	252	186	5	534	1	....	219	4	....	....	1	73	1,275
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	45	36	....	135	13	3	38	1	....	....	....	3	274
...	...	10	...	...	...	...	95	288	165	9	1,338	12	4	216	4	2	1	....	64	2,103
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	78	35	13	100	....	....	11	1	....	....	....	89	327
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	5	49	45	4	206	....	....	38	....	....	....	1	94	437
3	...	...	...	1	...	...	24	58	59	6	255	20	4	35	1	....	....	....	4	442
...	...	3	...	...	...	...	52	808	186	8	708	1	....	71	4	....	2	1	249	2,038
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	29	168	235	6	1,114	....	....	57	3	....	....	1	98	1,682
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	.....	28	....	69	6	2	6	....	....	....	....	1	112
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	30	.....	.....	9	....	....	26	....	....	....	....	2	67
...	...	2	...	...	...	...	28	112	101	8	461	....	....	64	....	1	1	2	30	780
1	...	1	...	...	...	...	27	87	81	2	345	17	8	18	....	1	....	....	28	587
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	67	34	3	169	....	....	31	3	....	....	....	81	388
...	...	2	...	...	...	...	16	118	21	13	91	2	....	126	....	....	....	....	8	379
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	6	17	18	5	86	1	2	12	....	....	....	....	16	157
2	...	9	1	...	...	...	223	770	532	38	2,192	21	3	330	17	2	....	7	306	4,218
[4]18	3	119	4	1	3	...	[2]2,369	6,104	4,544	265	[3]18,554	190	78	3,729	97	21	11	30	3,069	[2]36,692

The total number therefore furnished was—

Officers	10,017
Enlisted men	213,218
Total	223,235

Vessels used by the Government in transporting troops between the United States and Cuba and Porto Rico. (*Complete to May 14, 1900.*)

[Those printed in *italics* are Army transports owned by the Government. All others were under charter.]

Adria.
Alamo.
Allegheny.
Aransas.
Arkadia.
Berkshire.
Breakwater.
Buford.
Burnside.
Catania.
Cherokee.
Clinton.
Comal.
Comanche.
Concho.
Crook.[1]
Cumberland.
Florida.
Gate City.
Grant.[1]
Gussie.
Hooker[2] (cable ship).
Hudson.
Ingalls.
Iroquois.
Kanawha.
Kearney.
Kilpatrick.
Knickerbocker.
La Grande Duchess.
Lampasas.
Leona.
Logan.[1]
Louisiana.
Macon, City of.
Manteo.
Matteawan.
McClellan.
McPherson.
Meade.[1]
Miami.
Miller, D. H.
Missouri[1] (hospital ship).
Morgan.
Nueces.
Olivette.
Orizaba.
Rawlins.
Relief[1] (hospital ship).
Rio Grande.
Saratoga.
San Marcos.
Santiago.
Sedgwick.
Seguranca.
Seneca.
Sheridan.[1]
Sherman.[1]
Specialist.
Stillwater.
Sumner.[1]
Tarpon.
Terry.
Thomas.[1]
Unionist.
Vigilancia.
Wanderer.
Washington, City of.
Whitney.
Wright.
Yucatan.

Vessels used in transporting troops between the United States and Philippine Islands. (*Complete to May 14, 1900.*)

[Those printed in *italics* are Army transports owned by the Government. All others were under charter.]

Arthenian.
Australia.
Aztec.
Belgian King.
Benmohr.
Centennial.
China.
Cleveland.
Colon.
Columbia.
Conemaugh.
Dalny Vostock.
Duke of Fife.
Elder, George W.
Egbert.
Flintshire.
Garonne.
Glenogle.
Hancock.
Indiana.
Lawton.
Leelanaw.
Lennox.
Mananense.
Morgan City.
Nelson, Charles.
Newport.
Ohio.
Olympia.
Para, City of.
Pathan.
Peking, City of.
Pennsylvania.
Peru.
Port Albert.
Portland.
Port Stephens.
Pueblo, City of.
Rio de Janeiro, City of.
Roanoke.
Rosecrans.
Senator.
Seward.
Siam.
Sikh.
St. Paul.
Sydney, City of.
Tacoma.
Tacoma (sailing ship).
Tartar.
Tealandia.
Valencia.
Victoria (1).
Victoria (2).
Westminster.
Warren.
Wyefield.

[1] Transferred to Pacific.

[2] Wrecked August 11, 1899.

List of naval vessels. (*Complete to July 1, 1900.*)

[Compiled from official records of the Navy Department.]

Name.	Type.	Officers.	Men.	Remarks.
Abarenda	Collier	9	60	Commissioned May 20, 1898.
Accomac	Tug	1	11	Commissioned Apr. 2, 1898.
Active	do		21	Commissioned July 6, 1898.
Adams	Steam vessel (wood), training service.	20	160	Commissioned 1876.
Aileen	Yacht	3	30	Commissioned May 14, 1898.
Alabama	First-class battle ship	40	453	To be completed Feb., 1901.
Albany	Small gunboat			Purchased by War Department.
Do	Cruiser	24	341	Purchased Mar. 16, 1898.
Alert	Steam vessel	21	125	Commissioned 1875.
Alexander	Collier	8	60	Commissioned June 1, 1898.
Alice	Tug			Commissioned Apr. 6, 1898.
Alliance	Steam vessel (wood)	18	160	Commissioned 1876.
Alvarado	Small steel gunboat			Captured from Spain.
Amphitrite	Double-turret monitor	26	156	Commissioned Apr. 23, 1895.
Annapolis	Gunboat	11	124	Commissioned July 20, 1897.
Apache	Tug	4	44	Commissioned June 11, 1898.
Arethusa	Tank steamer	5	79	Commissioned ——.
Arkansas	Single-turret monitor	7	124	To be completed Mar. 11, 1901.
Atlanta	Cruiser	19	277	Commissioned July 19, 1886.
Badger	Merchant vessel, cruiser	19	216	Commissioned Apr. 22, 1898.
Bagley	Torpedo boat	3	26	Nearly complete Jan., 1901.
Bailey	do	3	60	Do.
Bainbridge	Torpedo-boat destroyer	4	69	To be completed July 15, 1901.
Baltimore	Cruiser	36	350	Commissioned Jan. 7, 1890.
Bancroft	Steel gunboat	10	113	Commissioned Mar. 3, 1893.
Barcelo	Torpedo boat			
Barney	do	3	26	Complete.
Barry	Torpedo-boat destroyer	4	69	To be completed Sept. 1, 1901.
Belknap	Small gunboat			Purchased by War Department.
Bennington	Steel gunboat	16	181	Commissioned June 20, 1891.
Biddle	Torpedo boat	3	26	Nearly complete Jan., 1901.
Blakely	do	3	26	Do.
Boston	Cruiser	19	270	Commissioned May 2, 1887.
Brooklyn	Armored cruiser	46	471	Commissioned Dec. 1, 1896.
Brutus	Collier	9	55	Commissioned May 27, 1898.
Buffalo	Merchant vessel, cruiser	29	210	
Cæsar	Collier	6	84	Commissioned May 13, 1898.
Calamianes	Small gunboat			Purchased by War Department.
California	Armored cruiser			Particulars not yet fixed.
Callao	Small steel gunboat			Captured from Spain.
Canonicus[1]	Single-turret monitor			
Cassius	Collier	8	68	Commissioned June 6, 1898.
Castine	Steel gunboat	11	142	Commissioned Oct. 22, 1894.
Catskill[1]	Single-turret monitor			
Celtic	Supply ship	16	87	Commissioned May 27, 1898.
Charleston	Cruiser	20	289	Commissioned Dec. 26, 1889.
Chattanooga	do	30	263	Building.
Chauncey	Torpedo boat destroyer	4	69	To be completed Oct. 4, 1901.
Chesapeake	Training ship, Naval Academy.			
Cheyenne	Tug	2	15	Commissioned ——.
Chicago	Cruiser	33	426	Commissioned Apr. 17, 1889.
Chickasaw	Tug	2	15	Commissioned ——.
Choctaw	do	2	22	Commissioned Apr. 19, 1898.
Cincinnati	Cruiser	20	319	Commissioned June 16, 1894.
Cleveland	do	30	263	Building.
Columbia	do	30	447	Commissioned Apr. 23, 1894.
Concord	Steel gunboat	13	181	Commissioned Feb. 14, 1891.
Connecticut	Single-turret monitor	7	124	To be completed Mar. 19, 1901.
Constellation	Sailing vessel, training ship, Newport, R. I.			Commissioned 1854.
Constitution	Sailing vessel (wood), unfit for sea.			Commissioned 1797.
Craven, T. A. M	Torpedo boat	4	26	Commissioned Oct. 6, 1900.
Culgoa	Supply ship		40	
Cushing	Torpedo boat	3	20	Commissioned Apr. 22, 1890.
Dahlgren	do	3	26	Commissioned Mar. 27, 1900.
Dale	Torpedo-boat destroyer	4	69	To be completed May 10, 1901.
Do	Sailing vessel (wood), unfit for sea.			Commissioned 1839.
Davis	Torpedo boat	3	21	Commissioned May 10, 1899.
Decatur	Torpedo-boat destroyer	4	69	To be completed May 16, 1900.
De Long	Torpedo boat	3	26	To be completed May 25, 1901.
Denver	Cruiser	30	263	Building.
Des Moines	do	30	263	Do.
Detroit	do	20	245	Commissioned July 20, 1893.
Dixie	Merchant vessel, cruiser	14	167	Commissioned Apr. 19, 1898.
Dolphin	Steel, special class	7	110	Commissioned Dec. 8, 1885.

[1] Old; stationed at League Island Navy-Yard, Pa.

List of naval vessels—Continued.

Name.	Type.	Officers.	Men.	Remarks.
Don Juan de Austria.	Iron gunboat			Captured from Spain.
Dorothea	Yacht	6	63	Commissioned June 1, 1898.
Du Pont	Torpedo boat	3	28	Commissioned Sept. 23, 1897.
Eagle	Yacht	4	60	Commissioned Mar. 26, 1898.
El Cano	Small gunboat			Captured from Spain.
Elfrida	Yacht	4	15	Commissioned June 30, 1898.
Enterprise	Steam vessel (wood), Public Marine School, Boston.			Commissioned 1876.
Ericsson	Torpedo boat	3	20	Commissioned Feb. 18, 1897.
Essex	Steam vessel (wood), training service.	15	172	Commissioned 1876.
Farragut	Torpedo boat	6	60	Commissioned June 5, 1899.
Fern	Steam vessel (wood), unfit for sea.	5	45	Commissioned 1871.
Florida	Single-turret monitor	7	124	To be completed Nov. 15, 1901.
Foote	Torpedo boat	4	21	Commissioned ——7, 1897.
Fortune	Tug			
Fox	Torpedo boat	3	21	Building.
Franklin	Steam vessel (wood), unfit for sea.		108	Commissioned 1865.
Frolic	Yacht	7	37	Commissioned July 6, 1898.
Galveston	Cruiser	30	263	Building.
Georgia	First-class battle ship			Particulars not yet fixed.
Glacier	Refrigerator ship	8	74	Commissioned July 5, 1898.
Gloucester	Yacht	9	85	Commissioned May 20, 1899.
Goldsborough	Torpedo boat	3	53	Nearly completed.
Guardoqui	Small gunboat			Purchased by War Department.
Gwin	Torpedo boat	3	17	Commissioned Apr. 4, 1898.
Hannibal	Collier	8	42	Commissioned June 7, 1898.
Hartford	Steam vessel (wood)	32	212	Commissioned 1858. Rebuilding, California, 1899.
Hawk	Yacht	4	46	Commissioned Apr. 5, 1898.
Helena	Light-draft gunboat	10	166	Commissioned July 8 1897.
Hercules	Tug	1	15	Commissioned ——.
Hist	Yacht	6	50	Commissioned May 13, 1898.
Hopkins	Torpedo-boat destroyer	4	69	To be completed Apr. 15, 1901.
Hornet	Yacht	4	51	Commissioned Apr. 12, 1898.
Hull	Torpedo-boat destroyer	4	69	To be completed July 15, 1901.
Huntress	Yacht	4	16	Commissioned July 1, 1898.
Illinois	First-class battle ship	40	453	To be completed Aug. 1, 1901.
Inca	Yacht	3	18	Commissioned Aug. 1, 1898.
Independence	Sailing vessel (wood), unfit for sea.			Commissioned 1837.
Indiana	First-class battle ship	32	465	Commissioned Nov. 20, 1895.
Iowa	First-class battle ship	36	474	Commissioned June 16, 1897.
Iris	Distilling ship	8	102	Commissioned Aug. 1, 1898.
Iroquois	Tug	2	37	Commissioned July 6, 1898.
Iroquois	Steam vessel (wood), unfit for sea.			Commissioned 1858.
Isla de Cuba	Steel gunboat			Captured from Spain.
Isla de Luzon	do			Do.
Iwana	Tug			
Jamestown	Sailing vessel, transferred to Marine-Hospital Service.			Commissioned 1845.
Jason[1]	Single-turret monitor			
Justin	Collier	6	47	Commissioned Apr. 27, 1898.
Kanawha	Yacht	3	22	Commissioned July 26, 1898.
Kearsarge	First class battle ship	40	513	Commissioned Aug. 28, 1900.
Kentucky	do	40	514	Commissioned Oct. 27, 1900.
Lancaster	Steam vessel (wood), training service.		265	Commissioned 1858.
Lawrence	Torpedo-boat destroyer	4	69	Nearly completed Jan., 1901.
Lebanon	Collier	5	53	Commissioned Apr. 16, 1898.
Lehigh[1]	Single-turret monitor			
Leonidas	Collier	5	45	Commissioned May 21, 1898.
Leyden	Tug			
Leyte	Small iron gunboat			Captured from Spain.
Macdonough	Torpedo-boat destroyer	4	69	Nearly completed Jan., 1901.
Machias	Steel gunboat	11	143	Commissioned July 20, 1893.
Mackenzie	Torpedo boat	3	13	Commissioned May 1, 1899.
Mahopac[1]	Single-turret monitor			
Maine	First-class battle ship	40	478	To be completed Dec., 1902.
Manhattan[1]	Single-turret monitor			
Manila	Transport			Captured from Spain.
Manileño	Small gunboat			Purchased from Spain.
Manly	Torpedo boat			Purchased during Spanish war.
Marblehead	Cruiser	20	242	Commissioned Apr. 2, 1894.
Marcellus	Collier	6	62	

[1] Old; stationed at League Island Navy-Yard, Pa.

List of naval vessels—Continued.

Name.	Type.	Officers.	Men.	Remarks.
Marietta	Gunboat	11	133	Commissioned Sept. 1, 1897.
Marion	Steam vessel (wood), unfit for sea.	18	190	Commissioned 1875.
Mariveles	Small gunboat			Captured from Spain.
Massachusetts	First-class battle ship	32	463	Commissioned June 10, 1896.
Massasoit	Tug			Commissioned June 21, 1898.
Mayflower	Yacht	8	193	
McKee	Torpedo boat		13	Commissioned May 16, 1898.
Miantonomoh	Double-turret monitor	13	136	Commissioned Oct. 27, 1891.
Michigan	Steam vessel		89	Commissioned 1844.
Mindanar	Small wooden gunboat			Captured from Spain.
Mindoro	Small gunboat			Purchased by War Department.
Minneapolis	Cruiser	30	447	Commissioned Dec. 13, 1894.
Minnesota	Steam vessel (wood), unfit for sea.			Commissioned 1855.
Missouri	First-class battle ship	40	478	To be completed Jan., 1903.
Modoc	Tug			
Mohawk	....do			Commissioned Apr. 23, 1898.
Mohican	Steam vessel (wood), training service.	21	186	Commissioned 1883.
Monocacy	Steam vessel	12	146	Commissioned 1863.
Monadnock	Double-turret monitor	26	187	Commissioned Feb. 20, 1896.
Monongahela	Sailing vessel, practice ship, Annapolis, Md.			Commissioned 1862.
Montauk[1]	Single-turret monitor			
Montery	Double-turret monitor	19	199	Commissioned Feb. 13, 1893.
Montgomery	Cruiser	20	250	Commissioned June 21, 1894.
Morris	Torpedo boat	3	23	Commissioned May 11, 1898.
Nahant[1]	Single-turret monitor			
Nanshan	Collier	1	44	
Nantucket[2]	Single-turret monitor			
Narkeeta	Tug			
Nashville	Light-draft gunboat			Commissioned Aug. 19, 1897.
Nebraska	Armored cruiser			Particulars not yet fixed.
Nero	Collier	9	71	Commissioned June 8, 1898.
Newark	Cruiser	34	359	Commissioned Feb. 2, 1891.
New Hampshire	Sailing vessel, unfit for sea			Commissioned 1818.
New Jersey	First-class battle ship			Particulars not yet fixed.
New Orleans	Cruiser	24	341	Purchased Mar. 16, 1898.
Newport	Gunboat	11	124	Commissioned Oct. 5, 1897.
New York	Armored cruiser	40	522	Commissioned Aug. 1, 1893.
Nezinscot	Tug	2	13	Commissioned Apr. 2, 1898.
Nicholson	Torpedo boat	3	26	Nearly complete Jan., 1901.
Nina	Tug			
Nipsic	Steam vessel (wood), unfit for sea.			Commissioned 1879.
Number 16	Steel gunboat			Building.
O'Brien	Torpedo boat	3	26	Nearly complete Jan., 1901.
Ohio	First-class battle ship	35	478	To be completed Mar. 5, 1902.
Olympia	Cruiser	34	412	Commissioned Feb. 5, 1895.
Omaha	Steam vessel (wood), unfit for sea.			Commissioned 1869.
Oneida	Yacht	2	22	Commissioned Apr. 30, 1898.
Oregon	First-class battle ship	32	462	Commissioned July 15, 1896.
Osceola	Tug	3	27	
Pampango	Small gunboat			Purchased from Spain.
Panay	....do			Purchased by War Department.
Panther	Merchant vessel, cruiser	13	185	Commissioned Apr. 22, 1898.
Paragua	Small gunboat			Purchased by War Department.
Paul Jones	Torpedo-boat destroyer	1	69	To be completed Apr. 5, 1900.
Pawnee	Tug			Commissioned Apr. 27, 1898.
Pawtucket	....do			
Penacook	....do			
Pennsylvania	First-class battle ship			Particulars not yet fixed.
Pensacola	Steam vessel (wood), unfit for sea.			Commissioned 1862.
Peoria	Special class	6	46	Commissioned May 15, 1898.
Perry	Torpedo-boat destroyer	4	69	To be completed Apr. 5, 1900.
Petrel	Steel gunboat	10	122	Commissioned Dec. 10, 1889.
Petrelito	Tug			
Philadelphia	Cruiser	34	358	Commissioned July 28, 1890.
Pinta	Steam vessel	8	77	Commissioned 1865.
Piscataqua	Tug	5	32	Commissioned June 2, 1898.
Plunger	Submarine torpedo boat			Building, Jan., 1901.
Pompey	Collier	5	38	Commissioned May 26, 1898.
Pontiac	Tug			Commissioned Apr. 5, 1898.
Porter	Torpedo boat	4	28	Commissioned Feb. 20, 1897.
Portsmouth	Sailing vessel, naval militia, New Jersey.			Commissioned 1843.
Potomac	Tug	2	31	Commissioned Apr. 5, 1898.

[1] Old; stationed at League Island Navy-Yard, Pa.
[2] Old; stationed at Port Royal Naval Station.

List of naval vessels—Continued.

Name.	Type.	Officers.	Men.	Remarks.
Powhatan	Tug	2	33	
Prairie	Merchant vessel, cruiser	18	267	Commissioned Apr. 14, 1898.
Preble	Torpedo-boat destroyer	4	69	To be completed Apr. 5, 1900.
Princeton	Gunboat	11	136	Commissioned May 27, 1898.
Puritan	Double-turret monitor	22	208	Commissioned Feb. 10, 1896.
Rainbow	Distilling ship	3	52	Commissioned July 18, 1898.
Raleigh	Cruiser	20	293	Commissioned Apr. 17, 1894.
Ranger	Steam vessel	21	127	Commissioned 1876.
Rapido	Tug			
Reina Mercedes	Cruiser			Captured from Spain.
Resolute	Transport	9	111	Commissioned May 11, 1898.
Restless	Yacht	3	30	Commissioned May 14, 1898.
Richmond	Steam vessel (wood), unfit for sea.			Commissioned 1858.
Rocket	Tug			For sale June 30, 1899.
Rodgers	Torpedo boat	4	21	Commissioned Apr. 2, 1898.
Rowan	....do	4	28	Commissioned Apr. 1, 1899.
St. Louis	Sailing vessel (wood), unfit for sea.			Commissioned 1828.
St. Mary's	Sailing vessel, public marine school, New York City.			Commissioned 1844.
Samar	Small gunboat			Purchased by War Department.
Samoset	Tug			
Sandoval	Small steel gunboat			Captured from Spain.
San Francisco	Cruiser	33	350	Commissioned Nov. 15, 1890.
Saratoga	Sailing vessel, public marine school, Philadelphia.			Commissioned 1842.
Saturn	Collier	7	67	Commissioned Apr. 11, 1898.
Scindia	....do	10	98	Commissioned May 21, 1898.
Scorpion	Yacht	8	105	Commissioned Apr. 11, 1898.
Seminole	Tug	3	16	Commissioned July 23, 1898.
Shearwater	Yacht			
Shubrick	Torpedo boat	3	26	Nearly complete Jan., 1901.
Sioux	Tug	1	3	Commissioned Apr. 9, 1898.
Siren	Yacht	5	37	Commissioned June 24, 1898.
Solace	Hospital ship	12	110	Commissioned Apr. 14 1898.
Somers	Torpedo boat			Purchased during Spanish war.
Southery	Collier	6	56	Commissioned Apr. 30, 1898.
Standish	Tug			
Sterling	Collier	8	52	Commissioned Apr. 16, 1898.
Stewart	Torpedo-boat destroyer	4	69	To be completed July 15, 1901.
Stiletto	Wooden torpedo boat		5	
Stockton	Torpedo boat	3	26	Nearly complete Jan., 1901.
Stranger	Yacht	8	94	Commissioned June 30, 1898.
Stringham	Torpedo boat	6	56	To be completed Jan. 29, 1899.
Supply	Supply ship	10	96	
Sureste	Tug			
Sylph	Yacht	3	24	
Sylvia	....do	5	31	Commissioned June 20, 1898.
Tacoma	Cruiser	30	268	Building.
Takoma	Tug		22	
Talbot	Torpedo boat	3	13	Commissioned Apr. 4, 1898.
Tecumseh	Tug	2	13	Commissioned Apr. 6, 1898.
Terror	Double-turret monitor	26	151	Commissioned Apr. 15, 1896.
Texas	Second-class battle ship	30	413	Commissioned Aug. 15, 1895.
Thornton	Torpedo boat	3	26	Nearly complete Jan., 1901.
Tingey	....do	3	26	Do.
Topeka	Iron gunboat	14	153	Purchased Apr. 2, 1898.
Traffic	Tug			
Triton	....do			
Truxtun	Torpedo-boat destroyer	4	69	To be completed Mar. 15, 1901.
Unadilla	Tug			
Uncas	....do	2	26	Commissioned Apr. 6, 1898.
Urdaneta	Small gunboat			Purchased by War Department.
Vasco	....do			Do.
Vermont	Sailing vessel (wood), unfit for sea.			Commissioned 1818.
Vesuvius	Steel, special class	6	63	Commissioned June 7, 1890.
Vicksburg	Gunboat	11	124	Commissioned Oct. 23, 1897.
Vigilant	Tug	2	30	Commissioned Apr. 6, 1898.
Viking	Yacht	3	40	Commissioned May 11, 1898.
Vixen	....do	6	61	Commissioned Apr. 11, 1898.
Waban	Tug	1	15	
Wabash	Steam vessel (wood), unfit for sea.		116	Commissioned 1854.
Wahneta	Tug			
Wasp	Yacht	4	51	Commissioned Apr. 11, 1898.
West Virginia	Armored cruiser			Particulars not yet fixed.
Wheeling	Gunboat	11	131	Commissioned Aug. 10, 1897.
Whipple	Torpedo-boat destroyer	4	69	To be completed Mar. 15, 1901.
Wilkes	Torpedo boat	3	26	Nearly complete Jan., 1901.
Wilmington	Light-draft gunboat	10	188	Commissioned May 13, 1897.

List of naval vessels—Continued.

Name.	Type.	Officers.	Men.	Remarks.
Winslow	Torpedo boat	4	21	Commissioned Dec. 29, 1897.
Wisconsin	First-class battle ship	35	453	Nearly complete Jan., 1901.
Wompatuck	Tug	2	30	Commissioned Apr. 6, 1898.
Worden	Torpedo-boat destroyer	4	68	To be completed Mar. 15, 1901.
Wyoming	Single-turret monitor	7	127	To be completed Mar. 6, 1901.
Yankee	Merchant vessel, cruiser	15	267	Commissioned Apr. 14, 1898.
Yankton	Yacht	8	70	Commissioned May 16, 1898.
Yantic	Steam vessel (wood), unfit for sea.	20	131	Commissioned 1864.
Yorktown	Steel gunboat	14	181	Commissioned Apr. 23, 1889.
Yosemite	Merchant vessel, cruiser	18	267	Commissioned Apr. 13, 1898.
Zafiro	Supply ship			

Number of vessels in the United States Navy.

REGULAR NAVY.

First-class battle ships	14
First-class battle ships, sheathed	3
Second-class battle ship	1
Armored cruisers	5
Armored cruisers, sheathed	3
Armored ram	1
Steel single-turret monitors	4
Double-turreted monitors	6
Iron single-turret monitors	8
Protected cruisers	15
Protected cruisers, sheathed	8
Unprotected cruisers	4
Gunboats	13
Light-draft gunboats	3
Composite gunboats	6
Training ship (Naval Academy)	1
Special class	2
Gunboats under 500 tons	22
Torpedo-boat destroyers	16
Steel torpedo boats	35
Submarine torpedo boat	8
Wooden torpedo boat	1
Iron cruising vessels	5
Wooden cruising vessels	7
Sailing vessels, wooden	6
Tugs	39
Wooden steam vessels unfit for sea service	11
Wooden sailing vessels unfit for sea service	6
Total	254

AUXILIARY NAVY.

Merchant vessels converted into auxiliary cruisers	6
Converted yachts	23
Steamers converted into colliers	16
Special class	11
Total	56
Grand total	310

PAY TABLE OF THE ARMY.

OFFICERS.

Grade.	Active service.[1]		Retired.[2]	
	Yearly.	Monthly.	Yearly.	Monthly.
Lieutenant-general	$11,000.00	$916.67	$8,250.00	$687.50
Major-general	7,500.00	625.00	5,625.00	468.75
Brigadier-general	5,500.00	458.33	4,125.00	343.75
Colonel[3]	3,500.00	291.67	2,625.00	218.75
Lieutenant-colonel[3]	3,000.00	250.00	2,250.00	187.50
Major	2,500.00	208.33	1,875.00	156.25
Captain, mounted	2,000.00	166.67	1,500.00	125.00
Captain, not mounted	1,800.00	150.00	1,350.00	112.50
Regimental adjutant (captains, mounted)	2,000.00	166.67	.....	.....
Regimental quartermaster (captain, mounted)	2,000.00	166.67	.....	.....
Battalion and squadron adjutant	1,800.00	150.00	.....	.....
Regimental commissary	1,800.00	150.00	.....	.....
First lieutenant, mounted	1,600.00	133.33	1,200.00	100.00
First lieutenant, not mounted	1,500.00	125.00	1,125.00	93.75
Second lieutenant, mounted	1,500.00	125.00	1,125.00	93.75
Second lieutenant, not mounted	1,400.00	116.67	1,050.00	87.50
Chaplain	1,500.00	125.00	1,350.00	112.50

[1] Ten per cent is added for each five years of service for all grades below that of brigadier-general.
[2] The pay of all officers below the grade of brigadier-general that are eligible for retirement depends upon the length of their service prior to date of retirement.
[3] The maximum pay of a colonel is $4,500 and that of a lieutenant-colonel is $4,000.

ENLISTED MEN.

Rank and service.	First five years.
COMPANY.	
Cook—Engineers and Signal Corps	$20 to $23
Cook—Artillery, Cavalry, and Infantry	18 to 21
Private—Artillery, Cavalry, and Infantry	
Private—(Second class)Engineers and Ordnance and Signal Corps	
Musician—Engineers, Artillery, and Infantry	13 to 16
Trumpeter—Cavalry	
Wagoner—Cavalry	14 to 17
Artificer—Infantry and Field Artillery	
Corporal—Artillery, Cavalry, and Infantry	
Farrier and blacksmith—Cavalry	15 to 18
Saddler—Cavalry	
Mechanic—Heavy Artillery	
Sergeant—Artillery, Cavalry, and Infantry	18 to 21
Private—(first class) Engineers and Ordnance and Signal Corps	17 to 20
Corporal—Engineers, Ordnance, and Signal Corps	20 to 23
First Sergeant—Artillery, Cavalry, and Infantry	25 to 28
Sergeant—Engineers, Ordnance, and Signal Corps	34 to 37
Sergeants—(first class) Signal Corps	45 to 48
Quartermaster-sergeant—Cavalry, Infantry, and Artillery	
Stable sergeant—Field Artillery	18 to 21
REGIMENT.	
Commissary-sergeant—Cavalry and Infantry	
Sergeant-major—Artillery, Cavalry, and Infantry	34 to 37
Quartermaster-sergeant—Artillery, Cavalry, and Infantry	
Sergeant-major and quartermaster-sergeant—Engineers	36 to 39
Squadron sergeant-major—Cavalry	
Battalion sergeant-major—Infantry	25 to 28
POST.	
Ordnance-sergeant	
Commissary-sergeant	
Post quartermaster-sergeant	34 to 37
Electrician sergeant	
HOSPITAL CORPS.	
Hospital steward	45 to 48
Acting hospital steward	25 to 28
Private	18 to 21

ENLISTED MEN—Continued.

Rank and service.	First five years.
BAND—CAVALRY, ARTILLERY, AND INFANTRY.	
Chief musician	$60 to $63
Drum-major	25 to 28
Chief trumpeter—Cavalry and Artillery	22 to 25
Principal musician—Cavalry, Artillery, and Infantry	
Sergeant	18 to 21
Corporal	15 to 18
Cook	18 to 21
Private	13 to 16
BAND—UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY.	
Musician (first class)	34 to 37
Musician (second class)	20 to 23
Musician (third class)	17 to 20
PAY OF VETERINARIANS, HOSPITAL MATRONS.	
Veterinarian, first class (senior)	125
Veterinarian, second class (junior)	75
Hospital matron	10

Enlisted men (retired) are entitled to three-fourths of the monthly pay allowed by law in the grade they held when retired. (Act February 14, 1885.)

A certificate of merit for "distinguished service" entitles a soldier to $2 per month additional pay. (Sections 1216 and 1285 Rev. Stat., act February 9, 1891.)

Hereafter all enlistments in the Army shall be for the term of three years. (Act August 1, 1894.)

Twenty per cent increase on pay proper of all enlisted men is allowed in time of war. (Act April 22, 1898.)

MILITARY ACADEMY.

[Officers, cadets, chaplain, sword master, and teacher of music.]

Grade.	Grade, or assimilated pay.
Superintendent	Pay of colonel.
Commandant of cadets	Pay of lieutenant-colonel.
Adjutant	Pay of regimental adjutant.
Treasurer, quartermaster, and commissary of cadets.	$700 in addition to pay as captain of infantry.
Surgeon	Pay of his grade in Army.
Assistant surgeon	Do.
Professor, of more than ten years' service in Academy.	Pay of colonel.
Professor, less than ten years' service	Pay of lieutenant-colonel.
Associate professor of mathematics more than ten years.	Pay of major.
Associate professor of mathematics less than ten years.	Pay of captain, mounted.
Assistant professor	Do.
Senior assistant instructor of tactics	Do.
Assistant instructor of tactics commanding a company of cadets.	Do.
Acting assistant professor	Pay of his grade in Army.
Acting assistant instructor of tactics	Do.
Instructor of ordnance and science of gunnery and practical engineering.	Pay of major.
Librarian	$120 per annum in addition to pay of his grade in Army.
Chaplain	Pay of captain, mounted, $2,000.
Sword master	$1,500.
Cadet	$540.
Teacher of music	$1,080.

PAY TABLE OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY AND MARINE CORPS.

Active list: Officers of the line, medical and pay corps.

[Compiled from Naval Register of 1900.]

Rank.	On sea.	On shore.
Admiral	$13,500	$13,500
Rear-admirals:		
First nine	7,500	6,375
Second nine	5,500	4,675
Chiefs of bureaus and brigadier-general Commandant of Marine Corps		5,500
Captains, Navy	3,500	2,975
Judge-advocate-general, and colonels, Marine Corps, line and staff	3,500	3,500
Commanders, Navy	3,500	2,550
Lieutenant-colonel, Marine Corps, line and staff	3,000	3,000
Lieutenant-commanders, Navy	2,500	2,125
Majors, Marine Corps, line and staff	2,500	2,500
Lieutenants, Navy	1,800	1,530
Captains, Marine Corps:		
Line	1,800	1,800
Staff	2,000	2,000
Lieutenants (junior grade), Navy	1,500	1,275
First lieutenants and leader of band, Marine Corps	1,500	1,500
Ensigns, Navy	1,400	1,190
Second lieutenants, Marine Corps, chief boatswains, chief gunners, chief carpenters, and chief sailmakers	1,400	1,400

Officers and others who are paid as officers.

Rank.	At sea.
Naval cadets:	
In other than practice ships (first five years)	$950
At Naval Academy and elsewhere (first five years)	500
Chaplains (first five years)	2,500
Professors of mathematics and civil engineers (first five years)	2,400
Naval constructors (first five years)	3,200
Assistant naval constructors (first four years)	2,000
Warrant officers, boatswains, gunners, carpenters, sailmakers, pharmacists, and warrant machinists (first three years)	1,200
Mates:	
Those in service August 1, 1894	1,200
Those appointed since	900
Secretary to Naval Academy	1,800
Commandant's clerks:	
At Mare Island Navy-Yard	1,800
At naval stations, and first clerks of navy-yards	1,500
Second clerks of navy-yards	1,200
Paymaster's clerks:	
At navy-yards and on receiving ships at Mare Island	1,800
At navy-yards and to general storekeepers at Boston, New York, League Island, and Washington, and on receiving ships at Boston, New York, and League Island	1,600
At navy-yards at Portsmouth, Norfolk, and Pensacola	1,400
At other stations, yards, and receiving ships; to other general storekeepers; to the general inspector of the Pay Corps, at the Naval Academy and Naval Home, and on vessels of the first rate	
On vessels of the second rate and to fleet paymasters	1,300
On vessels of the third rate and supply vessels and storeships	1,100
	1,000

Petty officers, enlisted men.

	Per month.
CHIEF PETTY OFFICERS.	
Chief masters-at-arms	$65
Chief boatswains' mates, chief gunners' mates, chief gun captains, chief quartermasters, chief carpenters' mates, chief electricians	50
Chief machinists	70
Chief yeomen, hospital stewards	60
Bandmasters	52

Petty officers, enlisted men—Continued.

	Per month.
PETTY OFFICERS, FIRST CLASS.	
Masters-at-arms, first class; boatswains' mates, first class; gunners' mates, first class; gun captains, first class; quartermasters, first class; schoolmasters	$40
Machinists, first class	55
Boilermakers	60
Coppersmiths and blacksmiths	50
Plumbers and fitters	45
Sailmakers' mates; carpenters' mates, first class; water tenders; electricians, first class; yeomen, first class	40
First musicians	36
PETTY OFFICERS, SECOND CLASS.	
Masters-at-arms, second class; boatswains' mates, second class; gunners' mates, second class; gun captains, second class; quartermasters, second class	35
Machinists, second class	40
Oilers	37
Carpenters' mates, second class; printers; electricians, second class; yeomen, second class	35
PETTY OFFICERS, THIRD CLASS.	
Masters-at-arms, third class; coxswains; quartermasters, third class; gunners' mates, third class; carpenters' mates, third class; painters; yeomen, third class; hospital apprentices, first class	30
SEAMEN, FIRST CLASS.	
Seamen gunners	26
Seamen	24
Apprentices, first class	21
Firemen, first class	35
Musicians, first class	32
SEAMEN, SECOND CLASS.	
Ordinary seamen	19
Apprentices, second class	15
Firemen, second class	30
Shipwrights, sailmakers	25
Firemen, second class; musicians, second class; buglers	30
Hospital apprentices	20
SEAMEN, THIRD CLASS.	
Landsmen	16
Apprentices, third class	9
Coal passers	22
MESSMEN BRANCH.	
Stewards to commanders in chief, stewards to commandants	45
Cooks to commanders in chief, cooks to commandants	40
Cabin stewards, wardroom stewards	37
Cabin cooks, wardroom cooks	32
Steerage stewards	25
Steerage cooks	22
Warrant officers' stewards	24
Warrant officers' cooks; ships' cooks, fourth class	20
Ships' cooks, first class	35
Ships' cooks, second class	30
Ships' cooks, third class	25
Mess attendants	16

Noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates of the Marine Corps.

Rank.	First enlistment or first 5 years.
Sergeant-major	$34 to $37
Quartermaster-sergeant	34 to 37
Drum major	25 to 28
Gunnery sergeant	35 to 38
First sergeant	25 to 28
Sergeant	18 to 21
Corporal	15 to 18
Drummer and trumpeter	13 to 16
Private	13 to 16
Leader of the band	125
Second leader of band	75
Musician, first class	60
Musician, second class	50

RELATIVE RANK ARMY AND NAVY.

Army.	Navy.
General	Admiral.
Lieutenant-general	Vice-admiral.
Major-general	Rear-admiral.
Brigadier-general	Commodore.
Colonel	Captain.
Lieutenant-colonel	Commander.
Major	Lieutenant-commander.
Captain	Lieutenant.
First lieutenant	Navigator (lieutenant, junior grade).
Second lieutenant	Ensign.
Cadet	Cadet.

DIVISIONS OF THE ARMY.

Squad.—A subdivision of a company, commanded by sergeant or corporal.
Platoon.—Half of a company, commanded by a lieutenant.
Company.—Not more than 100 men, commanded by a captain.
Battalion.—Four companies, commanded by a major.
Regiment.—Three battalions, commanded by a colonel.
Brigade.—Two or more regiments, commanded by a brigadier-general.
Division.—Two or more brigades, commanded by a major-general.
Corps.—Two or more divisions, commanded by a lieutenant-general.

DIVISIONS OF THE NAVY.

Squadron.—A detachment of a fleet on particular service.
Flotilla.—A fleet of small vessels.
Fleet.—A large number of war vessels under one commander.

WARS AND LOCAL DISTURBANCES, 1775–1899,

IN THE UNITED STATES OR IN WHICH THE UNITED STATES OR SOME ONE OF THEM WAS DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY INVOLVED.[1]

[See list of battles for the wars that are printed in SMALL CAPITALS.]

WAR OF THE REVOLUTION (*April 19, 1775, to April 11, 1783*).—War for the independence of the United States, extending over the entire territory of the original thirteen States.

Wyoming Valley war, Pennsylvania (*1782–1787*).—A local disturbance between settlers from Pennsylvania and Connecticut in said valley.

Shay's rebellion, Massachusetts (*December, 1786, to January, 1787*).—Local; grew out of burdensome taxation, confined to, and suppressed by militia of, the State of Massachusetts.

Whisky insurrection, Pennsylvania (*August to November, 1794*).—Local; arose in consequence of certain taxes on domestic spirits. Was suppressed by the authority of the United States.

NORTHWESTERN INDIAN WAR, OHIO (*1790 to August, 1795*).—Local, but carried on by the United States, with, first, an army under General Harmer in 1790; second, an army under General St. Clair in 1791, and, third, an army under General Wayne in 1794–95.

WAR WITH FRANCE, NAVAL (*July 9, 1798, to September 30, 1800*).—Carried on by the United States, through its Navy and privateersmen.

WAR WITH TRIPOLI, NORTHERN COAST OF AFRICA (*June 10, 1801, to June 4, 1805*).—Carried on by the authority of the United States, through its Navy.

Burr's insurrection, Southern Mississippi Valley (*November 27, 1806, to February 19, 1807*).—Local; troops called out by authority of the General Government. No fighting.

Chesapeake war, naval (*July 9, 1807, to August 5, 1807*).—Disturbance growing out of attack of the British frigate *Leopard* on the American frigate *Chesapeake*, as the result of the British claim to the right of search. The attack occurred at sea off Hampton Roads, Virginia. The militia were called out by authority of the President.

NORTHWESTERN INDIAN WAR, INDIANA (*September 21 to November 18, 1811*).—Local, but carried on by the United States, by an army under General Harrison, who virtually ended the war by the battle of Tippecanoe.

Naval engagement (*1811*).—A naval engagement between the British sloop of war *Little Belt* and the American ship *President*, on the Atlantic, off southern coast of United States, resulting from the British claim of right to search.

Florida Seminole Indian war, Florida (*August 15 to October, 1812*).—Local, conducted by Georgia volunteers against the Latchaway and Alligator Indians.

WAR OF 1812, WITH GREAT BRITAIN (*June 18, 1812, to February 17, 1815*).—General; covering nearly entire territory of the United States, especially the seaboard.

Peoria Indian war, Illinois (*September 19 to October 21, 1813*).—An expedition against Indians, in which the Illinois and Missouri volunteers and some regulars participated.

CREEK INDIAN WAR, GEORGIA, ALABAMA, MISSISSIPPI, AND TENNESSEE (*July 27, 1813, to August 9, 1814*).—Local, but conducted by the authority of the United States.

Lafitte's pirates, Commodore Patterson's expedition against (*1814*).—Local, but conducted by the authority of the United States.

War with the Barbary powers, naval (*March 3, 1815, to August 9, 1815*).—Conducted by the authority of the United States, through its Navy, on the northern coast of Africa.

Seminole Indian war, Florida and Georgia (*November 20, 1817, to October 31, 1818*).—Local, but conducted by the authority of the United States.

Lafitte's pirates, Lieutenant Kearney's naval expedition against, at Galveston (*1821*).—Local, but conducted by the authority of the United States.

---

[1] It is not claimed that this list includes all the minor Indian troubles and expeditions or all local disturbances.

Arickaree or Rickaree Indian war, Missouri River, Dakota Territory (August, 1823).—Local; conducted by the United States.

Fever River expedition against the Indians, Illinois (1827).—Local; under the authority of the State of Illinois.

Winnebago Indian disturbances, Wisconsin (June 28 to September 27, 1827).—Local; not recognized as a war.

Sac and Fox Indian war, Illinois (June and July, 1831).—Local; not recognized as approximating to actual warfare. No fighting.

Black Hawk Indian war, Illinois and Wisconsin (*April 26, 1832, to September 30, 1832*).—Local; carried on by the United States.

Toledo war, Ohio and Michigan (1835–1836).—Local; disturbance arising over disputes in regard to boundary line between Ohio and Michigan. Settled by States.

Texan wars prior to her annexation (*1835, 1836*).—Wars conducted by Texas as an independent State before its admission into the Union.

Indian Stream war, New Hampshire (November, 1835, to February, 1836).—Local; disturbance over boundary line between New Hampshire and Canada. Not a United States war.

Creek Indian war, Georgia and Alabama (February, 1836, to summer, 1837).—Local, but conducted by the United States.

Florida or Seminole Indian war, Florida, Georgia, and Alabama (*December 28, 1835, to August 14, 1842*).—Local; conducted by authority of the United States.

Sabine or Southwestern Indian disturbance, Louisiana (April, 1836, to April, 1837).—Local, but conducted by authority of the United States.

Cherokee Indian disturbance and removal (1836 to 1838).—Local; removal of Cherokee tribe of Indians by the United States. Not recognized as a war.

Osage Indian war, Missouri (fall of 1837).—Local, and carried on by the State of Missouri.

Patriot war, New York and Vermont (1838, 1839).—Not recognized as a war. It was owing to an attempted rebellion in Canada against the British Government. Troops were called out in New York and Vermont to prevent any invasion of the United States territory.

Heatherly disturbance, Missouri (July to November, 1836).—Local; a disturbance by the Indians near the Iowa and Missouri line; conducted entirely by Missouri volunteers.

Mormon war, Missouri (1838).—Local disturbance, which was suppressed by State authority.

Aroostook war, Maine (1839).—Local disturbance, growing out of disputes as to boundary between the United States and Canada. Not recognized as a war.

Dorr's rebellion, Rhode Island (May 3 to June 28, 1842).—Local; was an attempt of the suffrage party, under Governor T. W. Dorr, to seize the State government. Was suppressed by State authority.

Mormon war, Illinois (1844).—Local disturbance; suppressed by State authority.

Mexican war (*April 24, 1846, to May 30, 1848*).—Carried on by the General Government, and confined to the enemy's country.

Cayuse Indian war, Oregon (December, 1847, to July, 1848).—Conducted by the United States.

Cuban troubles (1849–1851).—Neither the United States Government nor any particular State was in any way involved in these troubles, except in attempts to prevent the fitting out and departure from the United States of expeditions against the Spanish authorities.

Texas and New Mexico Indian war (1849, 1850–1855).—Carried on by the United States and mainly with the regulars.

California Indian disturbance (1851, 1852).—Local, but under authority of the United States.

Utah Indian disturbances (1850–1853).—Local, but under authority of the United States.

Rogue River Indian war, Oregon (June 17 to July 3, 1851, August 8 to September, 1853, March to June, 1856).—Local, but conducted by the United States.

Naval expedition to Japan, Commodore Perry's (1853, 1854).—Not recognized as a war. Made by authority of the United States through its Navy.

China disturbances (1854).—Engagements by a vessel of the United States Navy with some Chinese vessels at Shanghai, China.

Oregon Indian war, Oregon (August and September, 1854).—Local, but under authority of the United States.

Nicaraguan troubles (1854–1858).—A naval attack on Greytown in 1854 and naval operations for the purpose of suppressing filibustering expeditions, especially Walker's.

Kansas troubles (1854–1859).—Local disturbances between the early settlers in the Territory of Kansas, in which the United States was not involved.

Cuban troubles (February, 1854).—Remarks on Cuban troubles of 1849–1851 apply also to this period.

Yakima Indian war (October and November, 1855).—Local, but under authority of the United States.

Klamath and Salmon River Indian war, Oregon and Idaho (January to March, 1855).—Local, but under the authority of the United States.

Florida Indian war, Florida (December 15, 1855, to May, 1858).—Local, but under the authority of the United States.

John Brown's raid, Virginia (October, 1859).—Local disturbance, suppressed by the State authorities, assisted by some United States troops.

War of the rebellion (*April 15, 1861, to August 20, 1866*).—The last-named date is held by the Supreme Court as the legal termination of the war. On that date President Johnson issued a proclamation stating that the war was at an end, the proclamation being necessary, as the State of Texas was not finally subdued until that date.[1]

It is held by the Pension Bureau and Secretary of the Interior that enlistments in loyal States after April 13, 1865, will not be deemed as rebellion service for pensionable purposes. Enlistments in any other States, Territories, or District of Columbia after June 1, 1865, will not be deemed as enlistments for the war of the rebellion.

It is held that enlistments in the United States Navy after July 1, 1865, were not in or for the war of the rebellion. To overcome this the burden of proof is upon the claimant.

In another decision it is held by the Assistant Secretary of the Interior that the technical legal termination of the war was August 20, 1866. Service rendered after July, 1865, will be presumed not to have been in said war, and that burden of proof will be upon the claimant.

Service rendered after April 2, 1866, must be shown to have been rendered in some connection with the war as existing in the State of Texas.

Service rendered in the State of Tennessee after June 13, 1865, will be presumed not to have been in said war.

President Johnson issued a peace proclamation May 9, 1865.

Recruiting for the war ceased immediately after General Lee's surrender April 9, 1865, and muster-out began April 29, 1865. The last battle or skirmish is reported to have been fought May 13, 1865, and the last Confederate forces surrendered May 26, 1865.

The blockade was raised by proclamation June 23, 1865, and General Grant's final official report of military operations is dated July 22, 1865.[1]

Sioux Indian war, Minnesota (*August, 1862 to 1863*).—Local, but under the authority of the United States.

Campaign against the Cheyenne Indians (1864–1864).—Local, but under the authority of the United States.

Campaign against Indians, Oregon, Idaho, and California (1865–1868).—Local, but under the authority of the United States.

Fenian invasion of Canada (May and June, 1866).—Neither the General Government nor any particular State was in any manner involved in this affair, except that the expedition was fitted out in and set out from the territory of the United States.

Campaign against the Indians, Kansas, Colorado, and Indian Territory (1867–1869).—Local, but under the authority of the United States.

Cuban troubles—the Republic (1867–1878).—Remarks on Cuban troubles of 1849–1851 apply also to this period.

Modoc Indian war, Oregon (1872, 1873).—Local, but under the authority of the United States.

Campaign against the Apaches, Arizona (1873).—Local, but under the authority of the United States.

Arkansas, war for possession of State government of (February to May, 1874).—A local attempt to overthrow the State government.

Campaign against the Indians, Kansas, Colorado, Texas, Indian Territory, and New Mexico (1874–1875).—Local, but under the authority of the United States.

Louisiana, war for possession of State government of (September, 1874).—A local attempt to overthrow the State government. United States troops not directly engaged.

Campaign against Cheyenne and Sioux Indians, Dakota (1876–1877).—Local, but under the authority of the United States.

[1] From decision of the Assistant Secretary of the Interior, May 5, 1894.

Railroad strike, Pennsylvania and Maryland (1877).

Nez Percé Indian war, Utah (1877).—Local, but under the authority of the United States.

Bannock Indian war, Idaho, Washington Territory, and Wyoming Territory (1878).—Local, but under the authority of the United States.

Campaign against the Cheyenne Indians, Dakota and Montana (1878–1879).—Local, but under the authority of the United States.

White River campaign against the Ute Indians, Utah and Colorado (September 29 to October 5, 1879).—Local, but under the authority of the United States.

THE SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR.

From April 21, 1898, to April 11, 1899. (The protocol was signed August 12, 1898.)

For a period of ten years, from 1868 to 1878, the inhabitants of Cuba were engaged in a struggle to free themselves from the yoke of Spanish tyranny, but were defeated. The Spanish Government made most liberal promises, but failed to keep them.

Hostilities were renewed which lasted for three years, from 1895 to 1898. The inhabitants were in a most deplorable condition; the reconcentrados—men, women, and children, noncombatants—were by edict of the Spanish captain-general, Weyler, driven from their homes, crowded together without proper food or shelter, and died by thousands of disease and starvation.

The attention and sympathy of the American people had for several years been attracted to this miserable condition of the Cubans, and many attempts had been made to relieve their distress.

At the beginning of 1898 about 40 per cent of the inhabitants had perished. At this juncture two events happened which increased the tension in the United States. One was the exposure of a letter written by Señor de Lôme, the Spanish minister to the United States, to a friend, grossly reflecting upon the President; the other was a demand by the Spanish Government for the recall from Cuba of Consul-General Lee, which was refused.

On the 25th of January, 1898, the United States battleship *Maine* was ordered to Habana Harbor, on a peaceful mission, by the authority of the United States, and on the 15th of February, 1898, between 9 and 10 o'clock p. m., the vessel was blown up by a submarine mine, 266 sailors loosing their lives. A searching investigation followed without fixing the responsibility. Congress immediately appropriated $50,000,000 "for the national defense and for each and every purpose connected therewith, to be expended at the discretion of the President."

After fruitless effort to bring about an amicable settlement, on April 11, 1898, the President asked Congress to intervene to stop the Cuban war, and by force to establish a stable government on the island. On April 19, 1898, Congress passed resolutions, which were signed by the President at 11.24 a. m. the following day, declaring "that the people of the island of Cuba are, and by right ought to be, free and independent," and demanding that Spain at once relinquish its authority in the island, etc. It also authorized the President to use the entire military force of the United States to carry the resolution into effect.

The diplomatic relations between the two countries ceased April 21, 1898, and it was held that a state of war existed from that date. Blockade of the principal Cuban ports was declared April 22, and on the 23d the President called for 125,000 volunteers to serve two years, and on May 24 the Spanish Government announced that a state of war between that country and the United States existed.

The protocol of agreement between the United States and Spain was signed at Washington, D. C., August 12, 1898, by William R. Day and Jules Cambon.

The treaty of peace was signed at Paris December 10, 1898, by William R. Day, Cushman K. Davis, William P. Frye, George Gray, and Whitelaw Reid, for the United States, and by Eugenió Montero Ríos, B. de Abarzuza, J. de Garnica, W. R. de Villa Urrutia, and Rafael Cerero, for the Kingdom of Spain.

Signed at Paris, December 10, 1898; ratification advised by the Senate February 6, 1899; ratified by the President February 6, 1899; ratified by Her Majesty the Queen Regent of Spain March 19, 1899; ratifications exchanged at Washington April 11, 1899; proclaimed, Washington, April 11, 1899.

BATTLES OF THE OLD WARS, 1754-1848,

ALPHABETICALLY ARRANGED, INCLUDING CHRONOLOGICAL SUMMARY OF EVENTS OF THE MEXICAN WAR.

FRENCH AND INDIAN WAR, 1754-1763.

The French and Indian war was carried on between the English and French colonies in America for the possession of North America. France claimed the whole region west of the Alleghanies as a part of the basins of the St. Lawrence and Mississippi. England claimed the country west of its Atlantic settlements. The French numbered about 80,000 whites assisted by the Indians; the English more than 1,100,000, but were divided into 13 discordant governments. The war ended in 1763, on the signing of the treaty of peace in Paris. France resigned to England all her possessions east of the Mississippi, and Spain, New Orleans, and her possessions west of that river.

Abraham, Plains of, near Quebec, Canada	Sept. 12–13, 1759.
Under Gens. James Wolfe and Louis J. M. Montcalm. Wolfe captured Quebec on the 12th. Both generals fell. Loss: English, 664; French, 640.	
Allegheny Mountains, Pennsylvania	Sept. 21, 1758.
Bloody Pond (near Lake George), New York	Sept. 8, 1755.
Fort Beau Séjour, Nova Scotia (Canada)	June 16, 1755.
Fort Frontenac, Canada	Aug. 27, 1758.
Fort Gaspereaux, Nova Scotia (Canada)	June 17, 1755.
Fort Necessity, on Great Meadows, about 50 miles from Cumberland, Pa	July 4, 1754.
Fort Niagara (east side of Niagara River, near mouth), New York	July 25, 1759.
Fort William Henry, Lake George, New York (hotel of same name now stands on the spot)	July 6, 1757.
Great Meadows (first bloodshed), Pennsylvania	May 28, 1754.
Lake George, head of, New York	Aug. 26, 1755.
Louisburg, Cape Breton Island (Canada)	July 26, 1758.
Monongahela, near Pittsburg, Pa	July 9, 1755.
Montmorency, Canada	July 31, 1759.
Oswego, N. Y	Aug. 14, 1756.
Quebec. (*See* Abraham Plains.)	
Sillery, Canada	Apr. 28, 1760.
Ticonderoga, near and at, New York	July 6, 8, 1758.

THE WAR OF THE REVOLUTION.

April 19, 1775, to April 11, 1783.—Treaty of alliance with France and acknowledging independence February 6, 1778. The causes of the Revolution were the various attempts of the British Parliament to impose taxes on the colonies without their consent and refusing representation in Parliament.

Augusta, S. C., siege and capture of, May 23-June 4, 1781.—Americans, killed and wounded, 51; British, killed, 52; wounded and prisoners, 334.

Barren Hill, Pa., May 20, 1777.—General Grant, with 7,000 British, made an attempt to surprise Lafayette, with 2,500 men. The latter escaped by a masterly retreat.

Bemis Heights, N. Y.—See Stillwater.

Bennington, Vt., August 16, 1777.—This battle was fought in two parts by 1,600 Massachusetts and New Hampshire militia under General Stark. In the first part they defeated 600 Germans under Colonel Baum, and in the second they put to rout 500 Germans under Colonel Breyman. Loss: German, 280 killed and wounded, and 654 made prisoners; American, 100 killed and wounded. After the defeat of Baum, 500 reenforcements arrived under Colonel Breyman, and the battle was renewed, but resulted in a complete defeat of the combined forces.

6968—00——15

Blackstocks Ford, on Tiger River, S. C., November 20, 1780.—American troops under General Sumter, led by Joseph Kerr, a spy, surprised and defeated 1,500 British and Tories under Colonel Tarleton. Americans, killed and wounded, 11; Tories, 50 to 100.

Boston Harbor, December 16, 1773.—Destruction of tea in.

Boston, Mass.—Evacuated March 17, 1776, by 7,000 British, after a siege of nearly eleven months.

Boundbrook,[1] *N. J., June 26, 1777.*—Five hundred Americans under General Lincoln were attacked by 2,000 British under Cornwallis, but Lincoln effected the retreat of his troops with the loss of only 60 men.

Brandywine, Del., September 11, 1777.—Fought between the British army under Lord Cornwallis and the Americans under General Washington. The King's troops won the victory. Lafayette was first wounded in this battle. Loss: American, 300 killed, 600 wounded, and 400 made prisoners; British, 100 killed and 400 wounded.

Briar Creek, Ga., March 3, 1779.—A British force, under General Prevost, surprised 1,500 North Carolina militia and 60 Continentals under Generals Ashe and Elbert, and defeated them. Loss: American, 150 killed and 162 made prisoners; British, 16 killed and wounded.

Broad River, S. C., November 12, 1780.—Fought between the Americans under General Sumter and the British under Major Wemyss. British defeated.

Bunker (Breeds) Hill, Mass., June 17, 1775.—Fought between 1,500 Americans under Colonel Prescott and Generals Putnam, Warren, and Pomeroy and 3,000 British grenadiers and light infantry under Generals Howe, Pigot, and Clinton. The British overpowered the Americans, but not until their ammunition was exhausted. Loss: American, 139 killed, 314 wounded and missing; British, 226 killed, 828 wounded and missing. It is doubtful if Pomeroy was the principal officer. General Putnam, it is claimed, was in command. (Who was in command is not well established.)

The following is another account of the same battle:

On the night of June 16, 1775, a detachment of about 1,200 men left Cambridge under orders to fortify and defend the heights overlooking Boston. Col. William Prescott, from his experience in military affairs and his being an officer in the Massachusetts line, had been chosen to conduct the enterprise. The start was made about 9 o'clock. At Charlestown Neck they were met by the wagons laden with intrenching tools. It was necessary to proceed with the utmost caution, for they were coming on ground over which the British kept jealous watch. The orders were to fortify Bunker Hill, but when the designated place was reached it was decided that Breeds Hill (about 700 yards distant) was the better point to hold, as it was nearer Boston and had a better command of the town and shipping. The lines for the fortifications were marked out. The men seized their trenching tools and set to work with great spirit. Prescott, who felt the responsibility of his charge, almost despaired of carrying on these operations undiscovered. A party was sent to patrol the shore at the foot of the heights and watch for any movement of the enemy. Not willing to trust entirely to the vigilance of others, he twice went down during the night to the water's edge, reconnoitering everything scrupulously and noting every sight and sound. At dawn of day the Americans at work were espied by the sailors on board of the ships of war, and the alarm was given. The captain of the *Lively*, the nearest ship, without waiting for orders, opened fire upon the hill; the other ships followed his example. Prescott now mounted the parapet and walked leisurely about inspecting the works, giving directions and talking cheerfully with the men. Encouraged by the words and the brave example of their commander, standing in full view at the top of the embankment with cannon balls passing him on all sides, the men completed the earthworks and prepared to meet the British soldiers.

Camden, or Hobkirks Hill, S. C., April 25, 1781.—Fought between 900 British under Lord Rawdon and 1,200 Americans under General Greene. The Americans were defeated, but took 50 British prisoners.

Camden (Sanders Creek), S. C., August 16, 1780.—Fought between 3,663 Americans under General Gates and 2,100 British under Lord Cornwallis. Baron de Kalb was mortally wounded, and the Americans were defeated. Loss: American, 1,500 killed, wounded, and made prisoners; British, 324 killed and wounded.

Catawba Ford, S. C., August 18, 1780.—The British under Colonel Tarleton attacked 650 Americans under Sumter, killed, captured, or dispersed the whole party, and retook 300 British prisoners. Loss: British, 9 killed and 6 wounded. The Americans had captured two hogsheads of rum and were generally drunk when attacked.

[1] Boundbrook and Middlebrook are supposed to be the same battle.

Cedar, Canada, May 16 and May 24, 1776.—To release the captured of Bedel's regiment.

Cedar Rapids, St. Lawrence River, Canada, May 9, 1776.

Charleston, S. C., siege of, May 12, 1780.—The city was defended by about 5,000 Americans under General Lincoln. After a siege of a month by a strong British force under Sir Henry Clinton, General Lincoln was compelled to capitulate. Loss: American, 89 killed, 140 wounded, and 5,000 made prisoners; British, 76 killed and 140 wounded. The British evacuated the place December 14, 1782.

Chatterlon Hill, October 29, 1776.—See White Plains, N. Y.

Chemung.—See Newtown, N. Y.

Cherokee Ford, or Kettle Creek, S. C., February 14, 1779.—The Americans, under Colonel Pickens, attacked and defeated a body of Tories under Colonel Boyd. Loss: Tories, 40 killed and wounded and 70 made prisoners; Americans, 9 killed and wounded.

Combahee Ferry, S. C., August 27, 1782.—Fought between a party of British and 300 Americans under General Gist. The British were defeated.

Cowpens, S. C., January 17, 1781.—Fought between 1,100 British under Colonel Tarleton and the Americans under General Morgan. The British were defeated. Loss: British, 300 killed and wounded and 500 made prisoners; American, 12 killed and 60 wounded.

Crown Point, N. Y., May 10, 1775.—See Ticonderoga.

Elmira.—See Newtown, N. Y.

Ethan Allen, near Montreal, Canada, September 25, 1775.—Captured.

Eutaw Springs, S. C., September 8, 1781.—Fought between the British under Colonel Stuart and 2,000 Americans under General Greene. The British were defeated. Loss: British, 85 killed, 70 wounded, and 538 made prisoners; American, 555 killed, wounded, and missing.

Falmouth (now Portland), Me., October 18, 1775.—Attacked by the British fleet under Captain West, burning 139 houses and 278 stores and other buildings.

Fish Dam Ford, S. C., November 9, 1780.

Forts Clinton and Montgomery, N. Y., taking of, October 6, 1777.—These forts were on the Hudson River, separated only by a small creek, garrisoned by Americans under Governor Clinton. Fort Montgomery was assaulted by 900 British under Colonel Campbell, and 2,000 British under Sir Henry Clinton attacked Fort Clinton simultaneously. Both forts fell into the hands of the British. Loss: American, 250 killed and wounded; British, 200 killed and wounded.

Fort Cornwallis, S. C., taking of, June 5, 1781.—This fort was defended by the British and attacked and taken by the Americans under General Pickens and Colonel Lee. Loss: British, 35 killed, 58 wounded, and 300 made prisoners; American, 40 killed and wounded.

Fort Cumberland, Nova Scotia, attack on, November 20, 1776.—This fort is situated at the head of the Bay of Fundy, in Nova Scotia. It was defended by a British garrison under Colonel Gorham, and attacked by a party of American volunteers under Capt. Jonathan Eddy. The assailants were defeated.

Fort George, N. Y., taking of, November, 1780.—Fort George was defended by the British and attacked and taken by 80 Americans under Major Talmage. Loss: British, 8 killed and wounded and 57 made prisoners; American, 1 wounded. (Was the old Fort William Henry, end of Lake George, N. Y.)

Fort Griswold, Conn., taking of, September 6, 1781.—The fort was defended by 160 Americans under Colonel Ledyard and assaulted and taken by a British force under Colonel Eyre. Loss: American, 80 killed, 40 wounded, and 40 made prisoners; British, 48 killed and 145 wounded.

Fort Lee, N. J., evacuated November 18, 1776, by Americans, which was compelled by the capture of Fort Montgomery, on the opposite side of the Hudson River, and the approach of a large British force under Cornwallis. General Washington made a hasty and successful retreat into the interior of New Jersey.

Fort Mercer.—See Red Bank, N. J.

Fort Mifflin, on the Delaware River, near Philadelphia, October 23–November 16, 1777.

Fort Montgomery.—See Fort Clinton.

Fort Moultrie (formerly Fort Sullivan), S. C., bombardment of, June 28, 1776.—Colonel Moultrie, with 400 Americans, defended the fort, on which were mounted 26 cannon. Sir Peter Parker, with two 50-gun ships, four frigates of 28 guns, and four smaller vessels, mounting in all 270 guns, kept up a furious bombardment for ten hours, but was finally compelled to retire with the loss of the *Acteon*, frigate. Loss: British, 200 killed and wounded; American, 10 killed and 22 wounded.

Fort Sullivan, Charleston Harbor.—See Fort Moultrie, S. C.

Fort Washington, N. Y., taking of, November 16, 1776.—This fort was defended by

2,967 Americans under Colonel Magaw. The British marched to the assault under General Matthews and Lords Cornwallis and Percy; the Hessians under General Knyphausen. After some severe fighting Colonel Magaw perceived that defense was hopeless and surrendered the fort. Loss: American, 53 killed, 96 wounded, and 2,818 made prisoners; British and Hessian, 800 killed and wounded.

Freemans Farm, N. Y.—See Stillwater.

Germantown, Pa., October 4, 1777.—Fought between 11,000 Americans under General Washington and 20,000 British under General Howe. The Americans were defeated. Loss: American, 200 killed, 600 wounded, and 400 made prisoners; British, 100 killed and 500 wounded.

Great Bridge, Elizabeth River, near Norfolk, Va., December 9, 1775.—Lord Dunmore commanding British and Tories. Colonel Woodford leading 300 colonial soldiers. Dunmore force was defeated with a loss of 100 men. Woodford sustained no loss.

Green Spring Plantation, near Jamestown, Va., July 7, 1781.—Battle.

Guilford, N. C., March 15, 1781.—Fought between 4,400 Americans, under General Greene, and 2,400 British, under Lord Cornwallis. The British were victorious. Loss: American, 450 killed and wounded; British, 532 killed, wounded, and missing.

Hanging Rock, S. C., August 6, 1780.—Colonel Sumter, with 600 Americans, attacked and defeated the British, consisting of the Prince of Wales's regiment and a large body of Tories. The regiment was almost entirely destroyed. From 278 it was reduced to 9 men.

Harlem Heights or Plains, N. Y., September 16, 1776.—Fought by 3 companies of Virginia Continentals, under Major Leitch, and a corps of rangers, under Colonel Knowlton, against 2 battalions of British and 3 companies of Hessians. The Americans were victorious, but both their commanders were slain. Loss: British and Hessians, 117 killed, wounded, and missing; American, 50 killed, wounded, and missing.

Hobkirks Hill, near Camden, S. C., April 25, 1781.—Between 460 Americans and 400 British.

Hubbardton, N. Y., July 7, 1777.—Fought between 1,000 Americans, under Colonel Warner, and 850 British, under General Frazer, reenforced by a division of Hessians, under General Reidesel. The King's troops were victorious. Loss: American, 200 killed and 600 wounded; British and Hessian, 35 killed and 144 wounded.

James Island, S. C., August, 1782.—The Americans, under Captain Wilmot, attacked and defeated a party of British. This was the last blood shed in the war of Independence.

Kegs, battle of the, on the Delaware River, near Bordentown, N. J., January, 1778.—(Described in the famous poem of Francis Hopkinson).

Kettle Creek.—See Cherokee Ford, S. C.

Kings Mountain, S. C., October 7, 1780.—Fought between 1,600 Americans, under Colonels Campbell, Shelby, and Cleaveland, and a large force of British and Tories, under Major Ferguson. Loss: British, 150 killed, 150 wounded, and 810 made prisoners; American, trifling. This was the most important battle in the South, and from that date the tide turned against the British, soon followed by their expulsion from the interior to the coast.

Lexington, Mass., April 19, 1775.—Fought between 1,700 British regulars, under Colonel Smith and Lord Percy, and a small body of Massachusetts militia, under Major Buttrick. The Americans were victorious. Loss: British, 65 killed, 180 wounded, and 28 made prisoners; American, 50 killed, 34 wounded, and 4 made prisoners. (Part of this fight was at Concord, Mass.)

Long Island, N. Y., August 27, 1776.—Fought between 15,000 Americans, under Generals Washington, Putnam, Sullivan, and Lord Stirling, and 24,000 British and Hessians, under Generals Howe, Clinton, Percy, Cornwallis, Grant, and De Heister. The King's troops were victorious. Loss: American, 500 killed and wounded, 1,097 made prisoners; British and Hessian, 450 killed, missing, and wounded.

McCowans Ford, N. C., February 1, 1781.—Fought between the British, under Lord Cornwallis, and 300 Americans, under Colonel Davidson. The Americans were defeated.

Middlebrook, N. J.—See Boundbrook.

Minisink, N. Y., July 23, 1779.—The Minisink settlements, Orange County, N. Y., were attacked by 60 Indians and 27 Tories, under Brandt. The inhabitants were all either killed or carried away.

Monmouth, N. J., June 28, 1778.—Fought between the British, under Lord Cornwallis, and the Americans, under Washington. Both sides claimed the victory. Loss: British, 246 killed, 59 died of fatigue, 44 wounded; American, 142 killed, 160 wounded.

Montreal, Canada, November 12, 1775.—Captured.

Moores Creek Bridge, N. C., February 27, 1776.—Fought between about 1,000 North

Carolina provincials, under Colonels Caswell and Livington, and about 2,000 royalists, under Colonel McLeod. The royalists threw down their arms and fled after the first onset.

Musgroves Mills, S. C., August 18, 1780.—Five hundred British and Tories defeated by the Americans, under Colonel Williams, and 120 killed and wounded.

Newtown, or Chemung (now Elmira), N. Y., August 29, 1779.—Fought between 4,600 Americans, under General Sullivan, and a large number of Indians of the Six Nations, together with royalists, under Johnson, Butler, and Brandt. The Americans were victorious. Seven were killed; no prisoners.

New York City, September 15, 1776.—Captured by the British.

Ninety-Six, S. C., May 22, 1781.—Fought between the Americans, under General Greene, and 500 British, under Colonel Cruger. The Americans were repulsed. Loss: American, 150 killed and wounded; British, unknown.

Norfolk, Va., January 1, 1776.—Burned by Lord Dinsmore (former royal governor).

Onondagas, N. Y., battle with the Indians, April 19, 1779.—The Onondagas were attacked and defeated and their settlements burned by 550 Americans under Colonel Van Schaick. Loss: Indian, 12 killed and 34 made prisoners.

Oriskany, N. Y., August 6, 1777.—Fought between a body of American militia, under General Herkimer, and a party of British and Indians in ambuscade. The militia were defeated, and 400 of their number, among whom was Herkimer himself, were killed.

Paoli, Pa., massacre at, September 20, 1777.—A detachment of 1,500 Americans, under General Wayne, were surprised at midnight by a British division, under Lord Grey, and 300 Americans were slain while crying for quarter. The rest escaped. British loss, 8 killed and wounded.

Paulus Hook, N. J., August 19, 1779.—The British post at Paulus Hook, commanded by Major Southerland, was surprised by 300 Americans, under Major Lee. Loss: British, 30 killed and 159 made prisoners; American, 2 killed and 3 wounded.

Petersburg, Va., April 25, 1781.—The British, under Generals Arnold and Philips, took Petersburg after a severe action with the Americans, under Baron Steuben.

Philadelphia, Pa.—Captured by the British September 26, 1777, and evacuated June 18, 1778.

Port Royal Island, Ga., February 2, 1779.—Fought between 200 Americans, under General Moultrie, and 200 British, under Major Gardiner. The Americans were victorious. Loss: British, unknown; Americans, 8 killed and 22 wounded.

Princeton, N. J., January 3, 1777.—Fought between the Seventeenth and Fifty-fifth regiments of British infantry, under Colonel Mawhood, and 4,000 Americans, under General Washington. The British were defeated. Loss: British, 110 killed, 300 made prisoners, Americans, 100 killed and wounded.

Quaker Hill, R. I., August 29, 1778.—Fought between the rear of the American army, under General Sullivan, and a detachment of British sent out from Newport by Sir Robert Pigott. The British were repulsed. Loss: British, 260 killed, wounded, and missing; American, 30 killed, 137 wounded, and 44 missing.

Quebec, Canada, assault on, December 31, 1775.—Less than 1,000 Americans, under General Montgomery and Colonel Arnold, made a desperate assault on Quebec, one of the strongest fortified cities in the world, which was defended by 1,500 British regulars, under General Carleton. General Montgomery was killed and his troops repulsed. Loss: American, 100 killed and wounded, 300 made prisoners; British, unknown.

Red Bank, or Fort Mercer, N. J., October 22, 1777.—Fort Mercer, at Red Bank, on the Delaware, was garrisoned by 400 Americans, under Colonel Greene. Three battalions of Hessian grenadiers, the regiment of Mirback, and some infantry chasseurs, under Colonel Donop, assaulted it, but were repulsed. Loss: British, 400 killed and wounded; American, 32 killed and wounded.

Ridgefield, Conn., April 27, 1777.—Fought between 800 Americans, under Generals Wooster, Arnold, and Silliman, and 2,000 British, under General Tryon. The Americans were defeated. Loss: American, 100 killed, wounded, and missing; British, 170 killed, wounded, and missing.

Rocky Mount, S. C., July 30, 1780.

Sag Harbor, N. Y., May 23, 1777.—Sag Harbor was a British depot of provisions on the eastern end of Long Island, defended by a schooner of 12 guns and a company of British infantry. It was surprised and carried with charged bayonets by 170 Americans, under Colonel Meigs. Loss: British, 6 killed and 90 made prisoners.

St. Johns, Canada, November 3, 1775.—Captured.

Sanders Creek.—See Camden, S. C.

Sandusky, Ohio, June 4, 1782.—Crawford's defeat, in which he lost his life. Americans were badly defeated.

Savannah, Ga., December 29, 1778.—Fought by 600 Continentals and about 100

militia, under Gen. Robert Howe, against 2,000 British, under Colonel Campbell. The Americans were defeated, and the town and fort fell into the hands of the British. Loss: American, 100 killed and 453 made prisoners; British, 7 killed and 19 wounded.

Savannah, Ga., assault on, October 9, 1779.—Savannah was held by a British garrison, under General Prevost, and assaulted by 3,500 French, under Count D'Estaing, and 950 Americans, under General Lincoln. The allies were repulsed. Loss: French, 637 killed and wounded; American, 241 killed and wounded; British, unknown.

Springfield, N. J., June 23, 1780.—Fought between the British, under General Knyphausen, and the Americans, under General Greene. The Americans were defeated. Loss: American, 80 killed and wounded; British, unknown.

Stillwater, Bemis Heights, or Freemans Farm, N. Y., first battle of, September 19, 1777.—Fought between 5,000 Americans, under General Gates, and 7,000 British, under General Burgoyne. Both parties claimed the victory. Loss: American, 319 killed, wounded, and missing; British, 500 killed, wounded, and missing.

Stillwater, Bemis Heights, or Freemans Farm, N. Y., second battle of, October 7, 1777.—This was the last battle fought between the armies of Generals Gates and Burgoyne, and led to the surrender of Burgoyne's army ten days afterwards. Number of troops engaged: British and German, 5,752; American, 10,722.

Stono Ferry, S. C., June 20, 1779.—Fought between 1,200 Americans, under General Lincoln, and a British force, under Colonel Maitland. The Americans were defeated. Loss: American, 179 killed and wounded; British, unknown.

Stony Point, N. Y., storming of, July 16, 1779.—The garrison consisted of 606 British, under Colonel Johnson. The assault was successfully made at midnight by an American force under General Wayne. Loss: British, 63 killed and 543 made prisoners; American, 98 killed and wounded.

Tappan, N. Y., massacre at, September 28, 1778.—A regiment of American cavalry, under Colonel Baylor, were surprised by the British, under General Gray, while asleep, and no quarter given. Out of 104 privates, 67 were killed, wounded, or taken.

Three Rivers, Canada, June 8, 1776.

Ticonderoga and Crown Point, N. Y., taking of, May 10, 1775.—Ticonderoga was taken by surprise by about 90 Connecticut and New Hampshire volunteers, under Cols. Ethan Allen and Benedict Arnold. None were killed on either side, but 49 British soldiers were taken prisoners. Crown Point was taken in the same manner by Col. Seth Warner, and 11 British soldiers captured.

Trenton, N. J., December 26, 1776.—Fought between 3,000 Americans, under General Washington, and an advance division of the British army, consisting of Hessians. The Americans won the victory. Loss: Hessian, 20 killed and 909 made prisoners; American, 2 killed, 2 frozen to death, and 5 wounded.

Trenton, N. J., January 2, 1777.—Cannonaded by the British, who were repulsed in attempting to cross the bridge.

Valley Forge, Pa., December 19, 1777.—Sixteen miles from Philadelphia where General Washington went into winter quarters. The intense sufferings of the soldiers that severe winter have been often told in "song and story," having no shoes or stockings and being four days without bread.

Waxhaws, S. C., May 29, 1780.—Colonel Tarleton, with his legion and a corps of British light infantry, attacked and defeated 400 Americans, under Colonel Buford. Loss: American, 113 killed, 203 wounded and made prisoners; British, 12 killed and 5 wounded.

White Horse, battle, September 20, 1777, near Philadelphia, Pa.—British under General Grey.

White Plains (Chatterton Hill), N. Y., October 28, 1776.—After the disastrous battle of Long Island, the American forces under General Washington rallied near White Plains, where they were attacked by the British and Hessians, under Generals Howe, Clinton, Knyphausen, and De Heister. Each party claimed the victory, but as General Washington maintained his position until the 30th, the British may be said to have been defeated. Loss: British, Hessian, and American, several hundred.

Williamson's Plantation, S. C., July 12, 1780.—Colonel Sumter, with 133 Americans, attacked and defeated a considerable detachment of British.

Wyoming, Pa., massacre of, July 4, 1778.—The Tory, Col. John Butler, and the ferocious Brandt, with a force of 2,000 Tories and 900 Indians, fell upon the American settlements on the Susquehanna, and massacred the inhabitants.

Yorktown, Va., siege of, October 6, 1781.—The place was defended by a British army, under Lord Cornwallis, and besieged about a month by the allied French and Americans, under General Washington and Count de Rochambeau. On the 19th of October Cornwallis surrendered. British force, 5,950; American, 9,000; French, 7,000. Loss: British, 552 killed and wounded; American and French, 300 killed and wounded.

INCIDENTS NOT INCLUDED IN THE ABOVE LIST OF BATTLES.

1779, July 5.—Governor Tryon, with 2,600 men, landed at New Haven, Conn., burned a number of buildings, and on the 7th destroyed Fairfield and Norwalk.

1780, September 23.—Treason of Benedict Arnold, and capture of Maj. John André at Tarrytown, N. Y.

1780, October 2.—Maj. John André executed at Tappan, N. Y.

1781, September 6.—Fort Griswold, Conn., taken, and New London burned.

1781, October 16.—Monks Corner. British army encamped near this place. Colonel Malonê attacked a detachment, taking 80 prisoners.

1782, November 30.—Independence of United States acknowledged by Great Britain.

1783, April 11.—Termination of hostilities, but the last of the hostile forces did not leave New York City until November 25.

FRANCE.

1798, July 9.—War against France declared by United States, and terminated September 30, 1800, by treaty of amity and commerce. There were a few naval engagements but no fighting on land), occasioned by the capture and arbitrary confiscation of American vessels and their cargoes.

TRIPOLI, AFRICA.

1801, May 14.—War against Tripoli, Africa, declared by United States. Peace, June 4, 1805, terminated the yearly tribute and the piratical capture of merchant vessels, condemning sailors to perpetual slavery.

THE NORTHWEST INDIAN WARS, OHIO.

1790–August, 1795.—The Miamis, Wyandots, Delawares, Pottawatomies, Shawanese, Chippewas, and Ottawas of the Northwestern Territory made war against the United States, under the Miami chief Michikiniqua. Their object was to drive the whites east of the Ohio.

Miami Village, Ohio, September 30, 1790.—Fought between the Americans, under General Harmer, and the Indians, under their various chiefs. The Americans were defeated. Loss: American, 183 killed and 31 wounded; Indian, 120 killed and 300 wigwams burned.

Miami Village, Ohio, near the, November 4, 1791.—Fought between about 1,500 Miami Indians, and the United States Army, numbering 1,400 men, under General St. Clair. The Indians were victorious. Loss: American, 631 killed and 263 wounded; Indian, unknown.

Miami Rapids, Ohio, August 20, 1794.—Fought between 2,000 Indians and 900 Americans, under General Wayne. The Indians were totally routed. Loss: Indian, unknown; American, 107 killed and wounded.

Treaty of Greenville, August 3, 1795.

THE NORTHWEST INDIAN WAR, INDIANA.

September 21–November 18, 1811.—The Indians of the Northwest having confederated, under Tecumseh and his brother the Prophet, against the whites, General Harrison marched against them.

Tippecanoe, Ind., November 7, 1811.—Fought between the Fourth United States Regiment and a body of Kentucky and Indiana militia, under General Harrison, and the Indians under the Prophet. The Americans were victorious. Loss: Indian, 170 killed and 100 wounded; American, 62 killed and 126 wounded.

WAR OF 1812 WITH GREAT BRITAIN.

Declared June 18, 1812, peace ratified February 17, 1815.—The reasons of this war, as declared by President Madison, were the impressment of American seamen by British cruisers, the aggressions upon commerce by the British system of blockade, and the encouragement afforded by Great Britain to the hostile Indians.

Aux Canards River, Mich., July 15, 1812.—Colonel Cass, with 280 Americans, attacked and defeated a British guard and obtained possession of a bridge highly important to the American Army.

Beaver Dams, Canada, June 24, 1813.—Five hundred and seventy Americans, under Colonel Bœrstler, were attacked and taken prisoners by a large force of British.

Bellair, or Moor's Fields, Md., August 27, 1814.—Sir Peter Parker, with 250 British marines, attacked 200 American militia, under Colonel Reed, but was defeated. Loss: British, 41 killed and wounded; American, few wounded.

Black Rock, N. Y., attack on, July 11, 1813.—Two hundred and fifty British regulars crossed the Niagara River and attacked and plundered Black Rock; but a force of 230 Americans and 30 Indians soon assembled and compelled them to retreat. The loss on each side was trifling.

Black Rock and Buffalo, N. Y., December 30, 1813.—Defended by Gen. A. Hall, with 1,200 men, against the assault of 1,000 British and Indians. Buffalo burned. Loss: Americans, killed and wounded, 100; British, 75.

Bladensburg, Md., August 24, 1814.—The Americans, under General Winder, were defeated by the British, under General Ross. The latter advanced upon Washington, where they burned the public buildings and many private dwellings.

Bridgewater.—See Lundy's Lane, Canada.

Chatauqua River, Lower Canada, October 26, 1813.—Between 4,000 Americans, under General Hampton, and 2,000 British, under General Provost. Loss: Americans, killed and wounded, 34; British, 31.

Chippewa, N. Y., July 5, 1814.—The American troops, under General Brown, defeated the British, under General Riall, and compelled them to retire within their works. Loss: British, 198 killed, 100 wounded, and 137 made prisoners; American, 60 killed, 257 wounded, and 20 missing.

Craney Island, Va., June 22, 1813.—Two thousand five hundred British, under Sir Sidney Beckwith and Admiral Warren, were defeated by 480 Virginia militia and 150 sailors, under Colonel Beatty and other officers. British loss said to be 1,200 killed, wounded, deserted, or drowned.

Fort Boyer, November 7, 1814.—Successfully defended by Maj. William Lawrence, U. S. A., with 134 men, against the assault of 930 British men on land and water. Loss: Americans, killed and wounded, 9; British, killed, wounded, and blown up, 232.

Fort Chicago, Ill., August 15, 1812.—The garrison, of 54 regulars and 12 militia, were attacked by the Indians, and every one of them slain, together with 13 women and 12 children.

Fort Erie, Canada, surprise of, July 3, 1814.—The British garrison, consisting of 170 men, under Captain Buck, were surprised by the Americans, under General Brown, and all made prisoners.

Fort Erie, Canada, assault on, August 15, 1814.—The fort was defended by the Americans, under General Gaines, and unsuccessfully assaulted by the British, under Colonels Drummond, Fischer, and Scott. Loss: British, 57 killed, 319 wounded, and 539 missing; American, 93 killed and wounded.

Fort Erie, Canada, sortie from, September 17, 1814.—The Americans sallied from the fort, totally defeated the British, and compelled them to raise the siege and retire. Loss: British, 578 killed, wounded, and made prisoners; American, 82 killed, 216 wounded, and 215 missing.

Fort George, Canada, May 27, 1813.—The fort was defended by the British, under Colonel Vincent, and taken by the Americans, under General Boyd and Colonel Miller. Loss: British, 300 killed, wounded, and taken; American, 39 killed and 111 wounded.

Fort Harrison, Ind., assault on, September 4, 1812.—The fort was attacked by several hundred Indians. Capt. Zachary Taylor, with only 15 effective men, bravely repelled the assailants.

Fort Mackinac.—Major Croghan attempts the recapture with 900 men, defended by 300 British. Loss: American, 74 killed and wounded; British, unknown.

Fort McHenry, Md., bombardment of, September 13, 1814.—The British fleet, under Admiral Cochrane, bombarded the fort incessantly for twenty-five hours, but were finally compelled to withdraw.

Fort Meigs, Ohio, May 5, 1813.—Fought between the Americans, under General Harrison, and the British and Indians, under General Proctor and Tecumseh. The Americans were victorious, but not without tremendous loss in a sortie which they made. Loss: British, 103 killed and wounded; American, 219 killed, 124 wounded, and 495 made prisoners.

Fort Niagara, N. Y., taking of, December 19, 1813.—The American garrison, consisting of 300 men, under Captain Leonard, were surprised and taken by 400 British, under Colonel Murray. Only 20 Americans escaped.

Fort Stephenson, Ohio, assault on, August 1, 1813.—The fort was defended by 160 Americans, under Major Croghan, and attacked by 400 British and 800 Indians, under General Proctor. The assailants were repulsed. Loss: British and Indian, 150 killed, wounded, or taken; American, 1 killed and 7 wounded.

Frenchtown, Mich., January 18, 1813.—Fought between 1,000 Americans, under General Winchester, and 2,000 British and Indians, under General Proctor and the chiefs Roundhead and Split-log. After a desperate battle of six hours the Americans were overcome. Loss: American, 200 killed, 522 wounded and made prisoners; British, 24 killed and 158 wounded; Indian loss unknown.

General Hull, surrender of, August 16, 1812.—The American army of 2,000 men, under General Hull, stationed at Detroit, were surrendered by that recreant officer to 1,300 British and a body of Indians, under General Brock, without firing a gun.

La Colle Mill, Canada, March 30, 1814.—The Americans, under General Wilkinson, attacked 2,000 British, under Major Hancock, but were repulsed. Loss: American, 13 killed and 123 wounded; British, 13 killed and 45 wounded.

Longwood, Mich., March 4, 1814.—Fought between 160 Americans, under Captain Holmes, and a considerable force of British and Indians. The latter were defeated. Loss: British, 65 killed and wounded; Indians, unknown; American, 7 killed and wounded.

Lundy's Lane, Canada, also known as Bridgewater and Niagara Falls, July 25, 1814.—Fought and won by the Americans, under Generals Scott, Brown, and Ripley, against the British, under Generals Riall and Drummond. Loss: British, 878 killed and wounded; American, 860 killed and wounded.

Lyon's Creek, Canada, October 20, 1814.—Twelve hundred British and the Marquis of Tweedale were compelled to retreat by 1,000 Americans under Colonel Bissell.

Maguaga, Mich., August 9, 1812.—Colonel Miller, with 600 Americans, met and defeated a united British and Indian force, under Tecumseh. Loss: British and Indian, unknown; American, 18 killed and 64 wounded.

Mississinewa, Ind., December 18, 1812.—The American camp, containing 600 men, under the command of Colonel Campbell, was attacked by over 300 Indians, who were repulsed. Loss: American, 8 killed and 30 wounded; Indian, 40 killed.

Moor's Fields, Md.—See Bellair.

New Orleans, La., January 8, 1815.—Fought between 6,000 Americans, under General Jackson, and 14,000 British, under General Pakenham. The Americans were signally victorious. Loss: British, 2,600 killed, wounded, and missing; American, 7 killed and 6 wounded.

Niagara Falls.—See Lundy's Lane, Canada.

North Point, Md., September 12, 1814.—Fought between 5,000 British, under General Ross, and 2,300 Americans, under General Stryker. The Americans were compelled to retreat behind their intrenchments. General Ross was killed. Loss: American, 173 killed and wounded; British, 290 killed, wounded, and missing.

Ogdensburg, N. Y., February 22, 1813.—Ogdensburg was attacked by the British and Indians, under Frazer and McDonnell, and the Americans, under Captain Forsythe, were compelled to evacuate it. Loss: American, 27 killed; British, 64 killed and wounded.

Oswego, N. Y., May 6, 1814.—The place was attacked by 1,600 British, under General Drummond, and defended by 300 Americans, under Colonel Mitchell. The latter were compelled to retreat. Loss: American, 70 killed and wounded; British, 94 killed and wounded.

Pensacola, Fla., November 7, 1814.—Captured by 3,000 men, under Gen. Andrew Jackson; defended by Spanish troops, assisted by the British fleet. Loss: American, 11 killed and wounded; enemy, 10.

Plattsburg, near, N. Y., September 6, 1814.—Fought between the Americans, under Major Wool, and the British, under General Brisbane. From the superior force of the enemy, the Americans had to retreat. Loss: American, 45 killed and wounded; British, 200 killed and wounded.

Plattsburg, N. Y., September 11, 1814.—The British, under General Prevost, were defeated by the Americans, under General Macomb.

Queenstown, Canada, October 13, 1812.—Fought between about 1,000 Americans, under General Van Rensselaer, and the British and Indians, under General Brock, who was killed in this battle. The Americans were defeated. Loss: American, 60 killed, 100 wounded, and 764 made prisoners; British, unknown.

River Raisin, Mich., January 22, 1813.—Fought between 800 Americans, under General Lewis, and a body of British and Indians. The Americans were defeated. Loss: American, 12 killed and 55 wounded; British, unknown.

Sacketts Harbor, N. Y., May 29, 1813.—Fought between the Americans, under General Brown, and 1,000 British, under Sir J. L. Yeo and General Prevost. The latter were repulsed. Loss: British, 260 killed, wounded, and taken; American, 156 killed and wounded.

Stonington, Conn., bombardment of, August 9 and 11, 1814.—A British fleet, under Commodore Hardy, bombarded Stonington for three days; but the militia resisted the attack with great spirit, and he was compelled to withdraw.

Stony Creek, Canada, June 6, 1813.—The Americans, commanded by General Chandler, were attacked by the British under Colonel Vincent, in the night. The Americans were victorous, but their general was taken prisoner by the British. Loss: British, 250 killed, wounded, and taken; American, 30 killed, 180 wounded and taken.

Thames, Canada, October 5, 1813.—The combined British and Indians, under General Proctor, were defeated by the Americans, under General Harrison. The celebrated chief, Tecumseh, was killed in this battle, by Colonel Johnson. Loss: British and Indians, 119 killed, 70 wounded, and 600 taken; American, 55 killed, wounded, and missing.

Washington, D. C.—Burning of public buildings, etc. See Bladensburg, Md.

White House, Va., September 1–6.—As the British fleet was passing down the Potomac River, it was cannonaded by Commodore David Porter. Loss: American, killed and wounded, 29; British, unknown.

Williamsburg, Upper Canada, November 11, 1813.—Fought between 1,700 Americans, under General Boyd, and 2,170 British, under Colonel Morrison. The Americans were repulsed. Loss: American, 102 killed and 237 wounded; British, 22 killed, 147 wounded, and 12 missing.

York, Upper Canada, April 27, 1813.—The Americans, numbering 1,700, under General Pike, took York, the capital of Upper Canada. The British, consisting of 800 men, under General Sheaffe, blew up the works, by which General Pike was mortally wounded and 100 Americans killed or wounded, together with 40 of the enemy. Loss: British, 90 killed, 200 wounded, and 750 made prisoners; American, 52 killed and 264 wounded.

Castine, Me., August 31, 1814.—Captured by 300 British, and occupied by them until April 15, 1815. A portion of the British troops, if not all of them, belonged to the same regiment that occupied Boston in 1770, at the time of the massacre of some of the inhabitants in the streets March 5.

Chatham, Upper Canada, October 14, 1813.—Col. R. M. Johnson, with a force in advance of the army under General Harrison, defeated the British forces under General Proctor, capturing 2,000 stand of arms, ammunition, and clothing.

THE CREEK INDIAN WAR, GEORGIA, ALABAMA, MISSISSIPPI, AND TENNESSEE.

July 27, 1813–August 9, 1814.—The Creek Indians had adopted many of the arts of civilization, when the artful Tecumseh came among them and urged them to shake off the restraints of civilized life.

Autossee, Creek Nation, November 29, 1813.—General Floyd, with 950 Georgia militia and 400 friendly Indians, encountered the Creeks upon their sacred ground and defeated them. Loss: Creek, 200 killed and 400 houses burnt; American, 50 killed and wounded.

Camp Defiance, Creek Nation, January 27, 1814.—Fought between the Creek Indians and the Americans under General Floyd. The Indians were defeated with great loss.

Eccanachaca, or Holy Ground, Creek Nation, December 23, 1813.—Gen. F. L. Claiborne, with a body of Mississippi volunteers, gained a victory over the Creeks, under their prophet, Weatherford.

Fort Mims, Creek Nation, massacre at, August 30, 1813.—The fort was garrisoned by Americans under Major Beasely, and attacked by the savage Creeks. Only 17 out of the 300 men, women, and children in the fort escaped to tell the tale.

Hillabeetown, Creek Nation, November 11, 1813.—The Tennesseans, under General Jackson, met and defeated the Creeks, killing 60 of them.

Horseshoe Bend, Creek Nation.—See *Tohopeka.*

Talladega, Creek Nation, November 7, 1813.—General Jackson, with 2,000 Tennessee volunteers, met and defeated the Creeks at Talladega. Loss: Creek, 290 killed, wounded unknown; American, 15 killed and 85 wounded.

Tallushatches Town, Creek Nation, November 2, 1813.—Fought between the Creeks and 900 Americans, under General Coffee. The Creeks were defeated and their wigwams destroyed. Loss: Creek, 200 killed, wounded unknown; American, 5 killed and 41 wounded.

Tohopeka, or Horseshoe Bend, Creek Nation, March 27, 1814.—Fought between 1,000 Creek warriors and the Americans and friendly Indians under General Jackson. The latter were victorious. Loss: Creek, 550 killed, wounded unknown; American, 54 killed and 156 wounded.

THE BLACK HAWK INDIAN WAR, ILLINOIS AND WISCONSIN.

April 26–September 30, 1832.—The Winnebagoes, Sacs and Foxes, becoming dissatisfied with the lands to which the United States Government had removed them, recrossed the Mississippi, in April, 1832, under their chief, Black Hawk, and, entering upon the lands which they had sold to the United States, broke up the white settlements, killing whole families and burning their dwellings. General Scott was ordered to march against them; but before he could reach the scene of action, the

Indians were routed by the forces under General Atkinson, after several skirmishes. The most important engagement was the

Battle of the Iowa, August 2, 1832.—Fought between 1,300 Americans, under General Atkinson, and the Indians, under Black Hawk. The latter were defeated. Loss: Indian, 150 killed and 39 made prisoners: American, 25 killed and wounded, after which treaties were made the 15th and 21st of September, 1832.

THE FLORIDA OR SEMINOLE INDIAN WAR, GEORGIA AND ALABAMA.

This was caused by the refusal of the Seminoles to remove from Florida to lands provided for them west of the Mississippi.

Coloshatchi, Fla., July 23, 1839.—A party of 28 Americans, armed with Colt's rifles, were attacked by the Indians, and 13 of them killed.

Everglades of Florida, December 3 to 24, 1840.—Colonel Harney, with 90 men, in an expedition against the Indian camp located therein. Loss: Americans, killed 4, wounded 6, of whom 5 were hung.

Fort Andrews, Fla., November 27, 1839.—Forty Indians were repulsed by 17 Americans. Loss: American, 2 killed and 5 wounded.

Fort Brook, Fla., near, April 27, 1836.—Fought between the United States volunteers and the Indians. The latter were defeated. Loss: Indian, 200 killed, wounded unknown; American, 2 killed and 24 wounded.

Fort Drane, Fla., August 21, 1836.—Fought between 110 Americans, under Major Pierce, and 300 Seminoles, under Osceola. The latter were defeated. Loss: Indian, unknown; American, 1 killed and 16 wounded.

Fort King, Fla., near, April 28, 1840.—Captain Rains, U. S. A., while out scouting with 16 men, was assaulted by 98 Indians and negroes, from whom he escaped with a loss of 7 men.

Hawk River, Fla., January 25, 1842.—The Indians, under Halleck Tustenugge, were defeated by 80 men of the Second United States Infantry, under Major Plympton. Loss: American, 1 killed and 2 wounded.

Loche-Hachee, Fla., January 24, 1838.—Fought between the United States troops under General Jessup and the Indians. The former were victorious. Loss: Indians, unknown; American, 7 killed and 32 wounded.

Lake Monroe, Fla., February 8, 1837.—Fought between a party of Seminoles and a detachment of Americans, under Colonel Fanning. The Indians were repulsed. Loss: American, 1 killed and 15 wounded.

Micanopy, Fla., June 9, 1836.—Fought and won by 75 Americans, under Major Heileman, against over 200 Indians.

Newnansville, Fla., June 28, 1838.—A strong force of Indians were repulsed by 112 Americans, under Major Beall. Loss: American, 1 killed and 5 wounded.

Okee-Chobee, Fla., December 25, 1837.—Fought and won by 1,000 Americans, under Colonel Taylor, against a large force of Seminoles. Loss: Indian, unknown; American, 26 killed and 111 wounded.

Tampa Bay, Fla., December 28, 1835.—A company of 177 United States troops, under Major Dade, were attacked by a large party of the Indians, and all but three slain.

Wacahootah, Fla., September 8, 1840.—Thirty Americans, under Lieutenant Hanson, were defeated by 100 Indians in ambuscade. Loss: American, 1 killed and 4 wounded.

Wahoo Swamp, Fla., November 17 to 21, 1836.—General Armstrong and General Call, with 1,850 men, defeated a large force of Indians. Loss: American, 55 killed and wounded; Indians, etc., 95.

We-li-ka-pond, Fla., July 18, 1836.—Fought and won by 62 American regulars, under Captain Ashby, against a superior force of Indians. Loss: American, 2 killed and 9 wounded.

Withlacoochie, Fla., December 31, 1835.—About 250 United States regulars and volunteers, under General Clinch, engaged 300 Seminoles, under Osceola, and repulsed them. Loss: Seminoles, 40 killed, wounded unknown; American, 4 killed and 59 wounded.

Withlacoochie, Fla., near the, February 27, 1836.—Fought between 1,100 Americans, under General Gaines, and 1,500 Seminoles, under Osceola. The latter were repulsed. Loss: Indian, supposed, 300 killed and wounded; American, 4 killed and 38 wounded.

NOTE.

1840, May 19.—Lieutenant Sanderson, while out scouting with 17 men, was attacked by 90 Indians, and retired with a loss of 7 men.

1842, April 19.—Pelaklikaha (Big Hammock), where the stronghold of Halleck Tustenuggee was, captured by Colonel Worth, with 400 men.

BETWEEN TEXAS AND MEXICO PRIOR TO ANNEXATION OF TEXAS INTO THE UNION.

1835–1836.—Causes: The violation of the compact under which Texas was settled on the part of Mexico, and the overthrow of the federal constitution of 1824 by the military and despotic usurpation of Santa Anna.

Alamo, Texas, siege of, December 5–9, 1835.—The fort of the Alamo, at Bexar, was garrisoned by 1,300 Mexicans, under General Cos, and attacked by 300 Texans, under Colonels Millam and Johnson. The fort capitulated after a siege of four days.

Alamo, Texas, massacre of, March 6, 1836.—Nearly 4,000 Mexicans, under General Santa Anna, stormed the Alamo, Bexar, and massacred the whole garrison, consisting of 140 Texans, under Colonels Travis, Fannin, Bowie, and Crockett, after a desperate resistance, in which 1,500 Mexicans were slain.

Conception, Texas, October 28, 1835.—Fought and won by 92 Texans, under Colonels Fannin and Bowie, and General Austin, against a large force of Mexican infantry and cavalry; Mexicans routed with a loss of 67 killed and wounded; Texan loss, 1 killed.

Goliad, Texas, assault on, October 9, 1835.—This stronghold was assaulted and carried by 40 Texans, under Lieutenant Collingworth. Thirty prisoners, 300 stand of arms, and $10,000 in specie fell into the hands of the victors.

Gonzales, Texas, October 1, 1835.—Between 200 mounted Mexicans, under Ugartachea, and 168 Texan colonists, under Colonel Moore. The Mexicans were routed with small loss.

Mier, expedition against, December 25, 1842.—Two hundred and sixty Texans, under Colonel Fisher, engaged 2,340 Mexicans, under Ampudia; Texan loss, 10 killed, 23 wounded; Mexican loss, 700 killed and wounded; Texans obliged to capitulate.

Prairie, Texas, March 19, 1836.—Two hundred and sixty-five Texans, under Colonel Fannin, fought with 700 Mexican cavalry and 1,200 infantry, and were compelled to capitulate; Mexican loss over 700 in killed and wounded; Texan loss, 7 killed, 60 wounded. On the 27th the treaty was ruthlessly violated. They were marched out in three divisions, in single file, at the side of each a soldier with fixed bayonet. The signal of death was given, and all were instantly lifeless.

San Jacinto, Texas, March 22, 1836.—Fought and won by 783 Texans, under General Houston, against over 1,500 Mexicans, under Santa Anna. Loss: Texan, 2 killed and 23 wounded; Mexican, 630 killed, 208 wounded, and 730 prisoners, among the latter, Santa Anna.

San Patricio, Texas, November 4, 1835.—Between a detachment of 30 Texans and about double their number of Mexicans; Mexican loss, 28 killed and wounded.

In June, 1841, an expedition was fitted out by President Lamar, the object of which was the annexation of New Mexico to Texas. Commissioners from that State had given out intimation that the appearance of a force of Texans at Santa Fe would be a signal for rebellion and the dismemberment of the State from Mexico. Their hardships, privations, betrayal, brutal treatment, and long imprisonment are matters well known to every reader of American periodicals.

THE MEXICAN WAR, APRIL 24, 1846–MAY 30, 1848.

The causes of this war were the neglect of the Mexican Government to pay the stipulated indemnities due to American citizens and the annexation of Texas.

Buena Vista, Coahuila, February 22, 23, 1847.—Fought between 4,759 Americans, under General Taylor, and 18,000 Mexicans, under Santa Anna. The Mexicans were repulsed. Loss: American, 267 killed, 456 wounded; Mexican, unknown.

Cerro Gordo, Puebla, April 17, 1847.—Fought between 8,000 Americans, under General Scott, and 15,000 Mexicans, under General Santa Anna. Mexicans routed with terrible loss, 6,000 taken prisoners. Loss: American, about 42 killed and 250 wounded.

El Embudo, New Mexico, January 29, 1847.—Fought between 180 Americans, under Captains Burgwin and St. Vrain, and a small force of Mexicans. Loss: American, 1 killed, 1 wounded; Mexican, 20 killed, 60 wounded.

La Canada, New Mexico, January 24, 1847.—Fought between 290 Americans, under Colonel Price, and nearly 2,000 Mexicans. The Mexicans were defeated. Loss: American, 3 killed and 6 wounded; Mexican, 36 killed.

Los Angeles, Cal., January 8, 1847.—Fought between 600 Americans, under General Kearney, and about the same number of Mexicans. The latter were defeated. Loss: American, 20 killed and wounded; Mexican, 80 killed and wounded.

Monterey, New Leon, storming of, September 21–23, 1846.—The town and works were armed with 42 pieces of cannon and manned with a Mexican force of 7,000 troops of the line and from 2,000 to 3,000 irregulars, under General Ampudia. General Taylor

attacked the place and took it with an American force of 6,645 men. Loss: Mexican, 700 killed and wounded; American, 120 killed and 368 wounded.

Palo Alto, Coahuila, May 8, 1846.—Fought and won by 2,288 American regulars, under General Taylor, against 6,000 Mexicans, under General Arista. Loss: Mexican, 400 killed and wounded; American, 9 killed, 44 wounded, and 2 missing.

Resaca de la Palma, Coahuila, May 9, 1846.—Fought between 6,500 Mexicans, under General Arista, and 1,700 United States Regulars, under General Taylor. The Mexicans were totally routed. Loss: Mexican, 600 killed and wounded; American, 39 killed and 82 wounded.

Sacramento, Chihuahua, February 28, 1847.—Fought between 924 Missouri volunteers, under Colonel Doniphan, and 3,700 Mexicans. The Americans were victorious. Loss: American, 1 killed, 11 wounded; Mexican, 300 killed, 500 wounded.

San Pasqual, Upper California, December 6, 1846.—Fought between 100 United States dragoons, under General Kearney, and 160 Mexican lancers, under Colonel Andrea Pico. Mexicans routed with heavy loss. Loss: American, 19 killed and 6 wounded.

Taos, New Mexico, February 4, 1847.—About 300 Americans, under Colonel Price, assaulted and defeated a considerable body of Mexicans and Indians, who were fortified in the houses and churches of El Pueblo de Taos. Loss: American, 15 killed, 38 wounded; Mexican, 150 killed and wounded.

Vera Cruz, Vera Cruz, bombardment of, March 19, 20, 21, 1847.—Invested on land by General Scott, with 11,000 Americans, and on water by Commodore Perry, in command of United States squadron. Capitulates after a bombardment of three and one-half days. Loss: American, 15 killed and 57 wounded; Mexican, 500 killed and wounded.

CHRONOLOGICAL HISTORY OF THE MEXICAN WAR.

March, 1845, Congress passed a joint resolution for the annexation of Texas. Almonte, the Mexican minister at Washington, demanded his passports and announced that this act would be considered as a declaration of war by his Government.

1845.

JULY.

4. Texas accepts the terms of annexation proffered by the United States.
25. General Taylor arrives with a considerable force at St. Josephs Island (Aransas Inlet), and soon after encamps at Corpus Christi.

1846.

MARCH.

9. General Taylor takes up his line of march for the Rio Grande.
24. The prefect of Tamaulipas protests against Taylor's advance. General Garcia, in command of 280 Mexicans, fires the custom-house at Point Isabel and evacuates the place.
28. General Taylor arrives opposite Matamoras.

APRIL.

11. General Ampudia arrives at Matamoras with 1,000 cavalry and 1,500 infantry.
13. Ampudia orders General Taylor to leave his position in twenty-four hours. Taylor refuses, and blockades the Rio Grande so as to cut off the supplies to the Mexican army.
19. Lieutenant Porter and 4 men killed by the Mexicans. Colonel Cross murdered. First blood shed.
23. Captain Thornton's scouts cut off. Two hundred Mexicans cross the Rio Grande.
28. Skirmish between Walker's Texas Rangers and a large body of Mexican troops.

MAY.

3. General Taylor makes a forced march to Point Isabel with 2,300 men.
4. Fort Brown attacked by the Mexicans and Major Brown killed.
8. Battle of Palo Alto. Major Ringgold slain. Mexicans retreat.
9. Battle of Resaca de la Palma. General Vega taken prisoner by Captain May.

1846.

11. President Polk sends a war message to Congress. War bill passed by the House.
12. War bill passes the Senate.
17. Burrita taken by Colonel Williams and 7 companies of United States troops.
18. General Taylor takes possession of Matamoras. Vera Cruz blockaded by Commodore Connor.
27. General Taylor promoted to rank of major-general by Congress.

JUNE.

8. Battle of Tampico. The *St. Marys* demolishes the forts opposite that city.

JULY.

6. Monterey (California) taken and a United States government established.
25. Santa Fé expedition starts, under General Kearney, with 1,500 men, from Independence, Mo.

AUGUST.

5. China taken by Texas Rangers, under Captain McCulloch.
8. President Polk asks for $2,000,000, to be used in bringing about peace with Mexico. Congress adjourns on the 10th without granting it.
16. Revolution in Mexico. Paredes is exiled, and Santa Ana takes command of the Mexican army.
18. Santa Fe captured by General Kearney. General Armijo retires, with 4,000 Mexicans, and the United States government established.
27. Commodore Stockton takes formal possession of the Californias.

SEPTEMBER.

17. Santa Ana, having been recalled from exile, enters the City of Mexico.
21. Storming of Monterey by General Taylor. City capitulates. Mexicans permitted to retire with their arms. Armistice agreed upon to allow the leaders to consult their Governments.
25. Santa Ana starts for the seat of war, in order to concentrate 30,000 men at San Luis Potosi. General Wool's division leaves San Antonio for Coahuila.
26. Colonel Stevenson's California regiment sails from New York.

OCTOBER.

7. The United States sloop-of-war *Cyane*, Captain Du Ponte, bombards Guaymas, and cuts out the Mexican brig *Condor* from under the guns of that town.
16. The United States squadron makes an abortive attack on Alvarado.
23. Blockade of Yucatan ordered by the United States Government.

NOVEMBER.

11. Tampico taken by the American squadron. First American flag hoisted by Mrs. Chase, the heroic wife of the United States consul.
17. War Department calls for more troops.
26. Brig *Creole* cut out from under the guns of San Juan de Ulua by one American boat's crew.
27. Midshipman Rodgers taken prisoner while making a daring reconnoissance of the defenses at Vera Cruz.
30. Major-General Scott and staff sail for New Orleans, on his way to Mexico to take command of the army.

DECEMBER.

6. Battle of San Pasqual.
8. The U. S. brig *Somers* capsizes off Vera Cruz; 36 seamen drowned.
16. General Taylor takes possession of Saltillo without resistance.
23. Santa Ana chosen President and Gomez Farias Vice-President by the departments of Mexico.
25. Captain Stone, with 70 men, captures Captain Cantion, with 200 Mexicans, at Ranco, with letters of instruction from Generals Ampudia and Paredes.
26. Gomez Farias takes the oath of office as Vice-President. Almonte, Secretary of State, reports to the Mexican Congress that the public treasury is empty.
28. General Scott arrives at the Brazos.

1847.

JANUARY.

2. Blockade of Laguna taken off.
4. President Polk sends a special message to Congress, recommending an increase of the Regular Army and the appointment of a lieutenant-general.
7. A bill passes the Mexican Congress authorizing a sale of church property to the amount of $13,000,000, to furnish means for prosecuting the war.
8. Battle of Los Angeles, in California.
9. General Taylor enters Victoria.
17. Governor Bent and 20 other American citizens massacred at Taos, New Mexico, by Mexican rebels.
24. Battle of La Canada, New Mexico. General Patterson arrives at Tampico with 4,500 men.
25. Major Borland, with 50 men, and Major Gaines and Capt. Cassius M. Clay, with 30 men, captured at Encarnacion by 500 Mexican cavalry.
29. Battle of El Embudo, New Mexico.

FEBRUARY.

6. An American newspaper press establishd at Tampico—The Sentinel.
11. The act to raise ten new regiments approved by the President.
13. President Polk sends a special message to Congress, recommending a tax on tea and coffee and a reduction of the price of public lands, to raise money for expenses of the war.
19. General Scott arrives at Tampico.
21. General Taylor breaks up his camp at Agua Nueva and falls back to Buena Vista.
22, 23. Battle of Buena Vista. Santa Ana, repulsed, retreats toward Mexico.
28. Battle of Sacramento (Chihuahua).
29. The National Guard of the City of Mexico, incited by the church party, and headed by General Panay Barregan, pronounce against the Government and proclaim a new plan. Severe gale in the Gulf; 31 vessels driven ashore on Sacrificios.

MARCH.

7. Generals Quitman, Fields, Jessup, and Surgeon-General Lawson leave Tampico for Vera Cruz.
9. The last of General Scott's command leave Tampico for Vera Cruz; the American army commences landing near Vera Cruz.
11. General Scott lands in person; the American forces commence throwing up breastworks, opening trenches, and planting mortars.
18. Trenches opened at night.
22. The city summoned, but refuses to surrender.
26. The Mexican garrison proposes to surrender.
29. The garrison capitulates; American forces enter Vera Cruz.

APRIL.

2. Alvarado and Fla-co-tal-pam surrender to Lieutenant Hunter, U. S. S. *Scourge.*
11. Orders given for the Army of Vera Cruz to advance on the road to Mexico.
17. Battle of Cerro Gordo; Mexicans routed; Santa Ana finds safety in flight.
20. Jalapa occupied by the American troops.
22. General Worth, with the American advance guard, takes possession of Perote, Ampudia, with 3,000 cavalry, falling back on Puebla.
24. Tuspan taken by the squadron under Commodore Perry.

MAY.

5. The Americans continued their advance toward the capital of the Mexican Republic, and entered Puebla, a city of 80,000 inhabitants, where they rested until August, after a series of victories almost unparalleled in the annals of war.

AUGUST.

7. After having received reenforcements Scott left Puebla on the 7th of August, 1847, and resumed his march toward the Mexican capital, and on the 10th the American troops saw the extensive valley of Mexico before them. Lakes, plains, cities, and cloud-capped mountains burst upon their gaze. Away in the distance was seen the great city of the Montezumas, with its lofty domes and towers. But between that city and the American army were strong fortifications and a Mexican army of 30,000 men under Santa Ana to be overcome.

1847.

20. On the 20th of August, 1847, the American army, after a bloody struggle, carried the Mexican camp of Contreras by assault. On the same day the Americans took the strong fortress of San Antonio, and gained a brilliant victory over the Mexicans at Churubusco. Santa Ana's army, virtually annihilated, fled to the capital. During this bloody day the Mexicans lost 4,000 men killed and wounded, and 3,000 were made prisoners by the victorious Americans. Scott now offered the Mexicans peace. Santa Ana asked for an armistice, which Scott granted, but when informed that the treacherous Mexican general was improving the time by strengthening the defenses of the capital the American commander declared the armistice at an end, on the 7th of September.

SEPTEMBER.

8-14. Fall of the capital: The victorious Americans took by storm the strong position of Molino del Rey on the 8th of September, and the lofty fortified hill of Chepultepec on the 13th of the same month, and on the 14th Scott entered the Mexican capital in triumph, and by his orders the Stars and Stripes were placed on the national palace. Order was soon restored in the city. Santa Anna and the authorities of the Mexican Republic had fled.

1848.

FEBRUARY.

2. Peace of Guadaloupe Hidalgo: A treaty of peace between the Governments of the United States and Mexico was made at Guadaloupe Hidalgo on the 2d of February, 1848, and submitted to the United States Senate, who made material amendments, which were finally ratified by the Mexican Senate May 23, 1848, and President Polk proclaimed peace on the 4th of July of the same year. By the treaty of Guadaloupe Hidalgo, New Mexico and California became Territories of the United States, while the United States Government agreed to pay to Mexico $15,000,000 for the ceded territory, and to assume the debts due by the Mexican Government to American citizens.

LIST OF PRESIDENTS.

President.	Born.	Inaugurated.	In office.
George Washington	Feb. 22, 1732	Apr. 30, 1789	Eight years.
John Adams	Oct. 19, 1735	Mar. 4, 1797	Four years.
Thomas Jefferson	Apr. 13, 1743	Mar. 4, 1801	Eight years.
James Madison	Mar. 16, 1751	Mar. 4, 1809	Do.
James Monroe	Apr. 2, 1759	Mar. 4, 1817	Do.
John Quincy Adams	July 11, 1767	Mar. 4, 1825	Four years.
Andrew Jackson	Mar. 15, 1767	Mar. 4, 1829	Eight years.
Martin Van Buren	Dec. 5, 1782	Mar. 4, 1837	Four years.
William Henry Harrison	Feb. 9, 1773	Mar. 4, 1841	One month.
John Tyler	Mar. 29, 1790	Apr. 6, 1841	Three years eleven months.
James K. Polk	Nov. 2, 1795	Mar. 4, 1845	Four years.
Zachary Taylor[1]	Nov. 24, 1784	Mar. 5, 1849	One year four months.
Millard Fillmore	Jan. 7, 1800	July 10, 1850	Two years eight months.
Franklin Pierce	Nov. 23, 1804	Mar. 4, 1853	Four years.
James Buchanan	Apr. 22, 1791	Mar. 4, 1857	Do.
Abraham Lincoln	Feb. 12, 1809	Mar. 4, 1861	Four years one month ten days.
Andrew Johnson	Dec. 29, 1808	Apr. 15, 1865	Three years ten months twenty days.
Ulysses S. Grant	Apr. 27, 1822	Mar. 4, 1869	Eight years.
Rutherford B. Hayes	Oct. 4, 1822	Mar. 4, 1877	Four years.
James A. Garfield	Mar. 19, 1831	Mar. 4, 1881	Six months sixteen days.
Chester A. Arthur	Oct. 5, 1830	Sept. 20, 1881	Three years five months fifteen days.
Grover Cleveland	Mar. 18, 1837	Mar. 4, 1885	Four years.
Benjamin Harrison	Aug. 20, 1833	Mar. 4, 1889	Do.
Grover Cleveland	Mar. 18, 1837	Mar. 4, 1893	Do.
William McKinley	Feb. 26, 1844	Mar. 4, 1897	

[1] Polk's term of office expired at 12 o'clock on Sunday, March 4, 1849, and Taylor was not inaugurated as President till noon of the next day. Meanwhile the Hon. David R. Atchison, President of the Senate pro tempore, was in effect President of the United States for one day.

PRESIDENTS WHO HAVE DIED IN OFFICE.

William Henry Harrison died at 12.30 a. m., April 4, 1841, of a disease of the lungs and liver.

Zachary Taylor died at 10.30 p. m., Sunday, July 9, 1850, at the White House, of cholera morbus.

Abraham Lincoln was assassinated by J. Wilkes Booth, at 10.30 p. m., April 14, 1865, while at Ford's Theater, on Tenth street, witnessing the performance of "Our American Cousin." He was carried to the home of Mr. Peterson, No. 516 Tenth street, where he died at 7.22 a. m., April 15, 1865.

James A. Garfield was assassinated by Charles J. Guiteau at 9.30 a. m., July 2, 1881, while passing through the Baltimore and Potomac depot at Washington, D. C., to take the train for Long Branch. He lived for eighty days, suffering intensely most of the time, and died at Elberon, N. J., Monday, September 19, 1881, at 10.35 p. m.

WHERE THE PRESIDENTS ARE BURIED AND DATE OF DEATH.

George Washington died December 14, 1799; buried at Mount Vernon, Va.
John Adams died July 4, 1826; buried at Quincy, Mass.
Thomas Jefferson died July 4, 1826; buried at Monticello, Va.
James Madison died June 28, 1836; buried at Montpelier, Va.
James Monroe died July 4, 1831; buried at Richmond, Va.
John Quincy Adams died February 23, 1848; buried at Quincy, Mass.
Andrew Jackson died June 8, 1845; buried at Hermitage, Tenn.
Martin Van Buren died July 24, 1862; buried at Kinderhook, N. Y.
William H. Harrison died April 4, 1841; buried at North Bend, Ohio.
John Tyler died January 18, 1862; buried at Richmond, Va.
James K. Polk died June 15, 1849; buried at Nashville, Tenn.
Zachary Taylor died July 9, 1850; buried at Louisville, Ky.
Millard Fillmore died March 8, 1874; buried at Buffalo, N. Y.
Franklin Pierce died October 8, 1869; buried at Concord, N. H.
James Buchanan died June 1, 1868; buried near Lancaster, Pa.
Abraham Lincoln died April 15, 1865; buried at Springfield, Ill.
Andrew Johnson died July 31, 1875; buried at Greenville, Tenn.
Ulysses S. Grant died July 23, 1885; buried at Riverside, N. Y.
Rutherford B. Hayes died January 17, 1893; buried at Fremont, Ohio.
James A. Garfield died September 19, 1881; buried at Cleveland, Ohio.
Chester A. Arthur died November 18, 1886; buried at Albany, N. Y.

6968—00——16

HIGHEST NUMBER OF ORGANIZATIONS FROM EACH STATE AND TERRITORY IN THE MILITARY SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES APRIL 15, 1861-1866.

States, etc.	Infantry.	Cavalry.	Artillery.	Batteries.
Alabama	4	1	1	
Arkansas	4	4		1
California	8	2		
Colorado	3	3		1
Connecticut	30	1	2	3
Dakota		1		
Delaware	9	1	[1]1	1
District of Columbia	2	1	[1]1	
Florida		2		
Illinois	156	17	2	9
Indiana	156	13	1	26
Indian Territory	3			
Iowa	18	9		4
Kansas	13	19		3
Kentucky	55	17	2	1
Louisiana	12	2	1	3
Maine	32	2	1	
Maryland	13	3		[2]4
Massachusetts	62	5	4	16
Michigan	30	11	1	14
Minnesota	11	2	1	3
Mississippi	6	1	2	
Missouri	51	16	2	
Nebraska	[1]2	2		
Nevada	1	1		
New Hampshire	18	2	1	1
New Jersey	40	3		5
New Mexico	5	1		
New York	194	26	16	34
North Carolina	3		1	
Ohio	198	13	2	26
Oregon	1	1		
Pennsylvania	215	22	6	[2]9
Rhode Island	12	3	[3]14	[2]10
South Carolina	4			
Tennessee	10	14	2	
Texas		2		
Vermont	17	1	1	3
Virginia	[1]1	1		
Washington Territory	1			
West Virginia	17	7		[2]8
Wisconsin	53	4	1	13
United States Army	45	10	5	
United States Volunteers	6			
United States Veteran Volunteers	9			
United States Sharpshooters	2			
United States Colored Troops	138	6	14	1
Corps d'Afrique	25	1	1	
United States Veteran Reserve Corps	24 regiments and 246 companies in First Battalion. 174 companies in Second Battalion.			

[1] Companies.
[2] Batteries lettered, not numbered.
[3] The Fourteenth Rhode Island Heavy Artillery was colored, and known as the Eleventh United States Colored Heavy Artillery.

Early Pension Legislation.

It will be of interest to know that the foundation of our present pension system is older than the Declaration of Independence.

The first national pension law was passed August 26, 1776, before our independence was established. But prior to this, early in the history of colonial legislation, many of the English colonies in America had provided for the relief of wounded and maimed soldiers.

In 1636 the Pilgrims at Plymouth enacted in their courts that any man who should be sent forth as a soldier and return maimed should be maintained competently by the colony during his life. This was probably the first pension law passed in America. In 1676 a standing committee of the general court of Massachusetts Bay held regular meetings in "Boston toune house" to hear the applications of wounded soldiers for relief. After the union of Massachusetts Bay and Plymouth colonies under the charter of 1691, the province continued to make provision for the relief of disabled soldiers out of the public treasury.

In 1644 the Virginia assembly passed a disability pension law, and later provision for the relief of the indigent families of soldiers who should be slain. Similar acts are found in the colonial statutes of Maryland and New York in the latter part of the seventeenth century. In 1718 Rhode Island enacted a pension law, which provided that every officer, soldier, or sailor employed in the colony's service, who should be disabled by loss of limb or otherwise from getting a livelihood for himself and family or other dependent relatives, should have his wounds carefully looked after and healed at the colony's charge, and should have an annual pension for the maintenance of himself and family or other dependent relatives. The law further provided that if any person, who had the charge of maintaining a wife, children, parents, or other relatives, should be slain in the colony's military service, these relatives should be maintained while unable to provide for themselves.

The above shows that the custom of pensioning soldiers is as old as the English settlement.

The first national pension law, that of August 26, 1776, promised half pay for life or during disability to every officer, soldier, or sailor losing a limb in any engagement, or being so disabled in the service of the United States as to render him incapable of earning a livelihood.

On August 24, 1780, a resolution was adopted extending the above half-pay provision to the widows or orphan children of such officers as had died, or should die in the service. This was the first national pension law in behalf of widows and orphans.

On April 23, 1782, Congress provided that soldiers who were sick or wounded or unfit for duty should receive a discharge and be pensioned at the rate of $5 per month. It is further shown that history is repeating itself, as Congress was as unable at that time as at the present to enact pension laws that were in all respects satisfactory to the masses. The money was not always in the Treasury to pay the pensions after the same had been granted, much being promised but little realized. Many were paid in commutation certificates payable to them or bearer and drawing interest at 6 per cent, but no provision was made for paying either. Many of these were compelled to part with their certificates as low as 12½ cents on the dollar.

PENSIONS—TABLE OF RATES.

RATINGS FOR DISABILITIES INCURRED IN THE MILITARY OR NAVAL SERVICE AND IN LINE OF DUTY.

For simple total (a disability equivalent to the anchylosis of a wrist) provided by section 4695, Revised Statutes, United States.

ARMY.

	Per month.
Lieutenant-colonel and all officers of higher rank	$30.00
Major, surgeon, and paymaster	25.00
Captain, provost-marshal, and chaplain	20.00
First lieutenant, assistant surgeon, deputy provost-marshal, and quartermaster	17.00
Second lieutenant and enrolling officer	15.00
All enlisted men	8.00

NAVY AND MARINE CORPS.

Captain, and all officers of higher rank, commander, lieutenant commanding, and master commanding, surgeon, paymaster, and chief engineer ranking with commander by law, lieutenant-colonel, and all of higher rank in Marine Corps	30.00
Lieutenant, passed assistant surgeon, surgeon, paymaster, and chief engineer, ranking with lieutenant by law, and major in Marine Corps	25.00
Master, professor of mathematics, assistant surgeon, paymaster, and chaplain, and captain in Marine Corps	20.00
First lieutenant in Marine Corps	17.00
First assistant engineer, ensign, and pilot, and second lieutenant in Marine Corps	15.00
Cadet midshipmen, passed midshipmen, midshipmen, clerks of admirals, of paymasters, and of officers commanding vessels, second and third assistant engineers, master's mate, and warrant officers	10.00
All enlisted men, except warrant officers	8.00

Rates and disabilities specified by law.	From July 4, 1864.	From Mar. 3, 1865.	From June 6, 1866.	From June 4, 1872.	From June 4, 1874.	From Feb. 28, 1877.	From June 17, 1878.	From Mar. 3, 1879.	From Mar. 3, 1883.	From Mar. 3, 1885.	From Aug. 4, 1886.	From Aug. 27, 1888.	From Feb. 12, 1889.	From Mar. 4, 1890.	Act of July 14, 1892.
Loss of both hands	$25			$31½	$50		$72						$100		
Loss of sight of both eyes	25			31½	50		72								
Loss of both feet	20			31½	50		72								
Loss of sight of one eye, the sight of the other lost before enlistment			$25	31½	50		72							$72	(1)
Total disability in both hands			25	31½	50		72								[2]$50
Regular aid and attendance (first grade)			25	31½	50		72								
Periodical aid and attendance															
Loss of a leg at hip joint			15	24				$37½			$45				
Loss of an arm at shoulder joint			15	18	24				$30	$37½	45				
Loss of an arm at or above elbow, or a leg at or above knee			15	18	24				30		36				
Loss of a leg above the knee causing inability to wear an artificial limb			15	24					30		36				
Loss of one hand and one foot		$20		24		$36									
Total disability in one arm or one leg			15	18					24		36				
Total disability in one hand and one foot			20	24		36									
Total disability in both feet			20	31½											
Loss of a hand or a foot			15	18					24		30				
Total disability in one hand or one foot			15	18					24		30				
Incapacity to perform manual labor			20	24					30						
Total deafness				18								$30			
Disability equivalent to the loss of a hand or a foot			15	18					24						

[1] Seventy-two dollars from June 17, 1878, only where the rate was $50 under the act of June 18, 1874, and granted prior to June 16, 1880. First grade proper is $50, amended by act of Mar. 4, 1890, which increases rate to $72.

[2] From date of medical examination held after July 14, 1892.

Rates fixed by the Commissioner of Pensions for certain disabilities not specified by law.

	Per month.
Anchylosis of shoulder	$12.00
Anchylosis of elbow	10.00
Anchylosis of knee	10.00
Anchylosis of ankle	8.00
Anchylosis of wrist	8.00
Loss of sight of one eye	12.00
Loss of one eye	17.00
Nearly total deafness of one ear	6.00
Total deafness of one ear	10.00
Slight deafness of both ears	6.00
Severe deafness of one ear and slight of the other	10.00
Nearly total deafness of one ear and slight of the other	15.00
Total deafness of one ear and slight of the other	20.00
Severe deafness of both ears	22.00
Total deafness of one ear and severe of the other	25.00
Deafness of both ears existing in a degree nearly total	27.00
Loss of palm of hand and all the fingers, the thumb remaining	17.00
Loss of thumb, index, middle, and ring fingers	17.00
Loss of thumb, index, and middle fingers	16.00
Loss of thumb and index finger	12.00
Loss of thumb and little finger	10.00
Loss of thumb, index, and little fingers	16.00
Loss of thumb	8.00
Loss of thumb and metacarpal bone	12.00
Loss of all the fingers, thumb and palm remaining	16.00
Loss of index, middle, and ring fingers	16.00
Loss of middle, ring, and little fingers	14.00
Loss of index and middle fingers	8.00
Loss of little and middle fingers	8.00
Loss of little and ring fingers	6.00
Loss of ring and middle fingers	6.00
Loss of index and little fingers	6.00
Loss of index finger	4.00
Loss of any other finger without complications	2.00
Loss of all the toes of one foot	10.00
Loss of great, second, and third toes	8.00
Loss of great toe and metatarsal	8.00
Loss of great and second toes	8.00
Loss of great toe	6.00
Loss of any other toe and metatarsal	6.00
Loss of any other toe	2.00
Chopart's amputation of foot, with good results	14.00
Pirogoff's modification of Syme's	17.00
Small varicocele	2.00
Well-marked varicocele	4.00
Inguinal hernia which passes through the external ring	10.00
Inguinal hernia which does not pass through the external ring	6.00
Double inguinal hernia, each of which passes through the external ring	14.00
Double inguinal hernia, one of which passes through the external ring and the other does not	12.00
Double inguinal hernia, neither of which passes through the external ring	8.00
Femoral hernia	10.00

NOTE.—Section 4699, Revised Statutes, provides that the rate of eighteen dollars per month may be proportionately divided for any degree of disability established for which section forty-six hundred and ninety-five makes no provision, thus fixing the highest rating provided by existing laws which can be allowed by considering disabilities separately and compounding so as to allow the full amount which the disabilities, so considered, would aggregate.

The act of March 2, 1895, provides that all pensioners now on the rolls who are pensioned at less than six dollars per month, for any degree of pensionable disability, shall have their pensions increased to six dollars per month; and that, hereafter, whenever any applicant for pension would, under existing rates, be entitled to less than six dollars for any single disability or several combined disabilities, such pensioner shall be rated at not less than six dollars per month: *Provided also*, That the

provisions hereof shall not be held to cover any pensionable period prior to the passage of this act, nor authorize a rerating of any claim for any part of such period, nor prevent the allowance of lower rates than six dollars per month, according to the existing practice in the Pension Office in pending cases covering any pensionable period prior to the passage of this act.

WIDOWS.

The widow of a soldier or sailor who died of a disability incurred while in the service and in line of duty is, under the provisions of section 4702, Revised Statutes, entitled to the rating to which he would have been entitled for a simple total disability, as shown in Table I; and under the provisions of section 4696, Revised Statutes, the rank of the soldier is determined by the rank held by him when death cause was incurred, without regard to subsequent promotions.

From and after March 19, 1886, by the act approved on that date, the widow of a private or noncommissioned officer is entitled to $12 per month, provided that she married deceased soldier or sailor prior to March 19, 1886, or thereafter married him prior to or during his term of service.

WIDOW'S INCREASE.

From and after July 25, 1866, a widow is entitled to $2 per month increase for each legitimate minor child of the soldier or sailor in her care and custody.

MINOR'S PENSION.

Same rates and increase as in widows' claims, except that in cases of children of fathers below the rank of a commissioned officer the rate is increased to $12 per month from March 19, 1886, without regard to date of soldier's or sailor's marriage.

MOTHERS, FATHERS, AND BROTHERS AND SISTERS.

Same rates as provided in minors' and widows' claims in cases of commissioned officers, and $8 per month to March 19, 1886, and $12 thereafter in other cases.

PENSIONS BASED UPON SERVICE PERFORMED SINCE MARCH 4, 1861. ACT OF JUNE 27, 1890, AS AMENDED BY THE ACT OF MAY 9, 1900.

	Per month.
Survivors	$6.00 to $12.00
Widows and minors	8.00

To widow's and minor's rate add $2 per month increase for each legitimate minor child of soldier under the age of 16.

ACT OF AUGUST 5, 1892.

Female nurses	$12.00

ACT OF MARCH 2, 1867 (NAVY ONLY).

For twenty years' naval service, entitled to one-half the pay he was receiving at date of discharge.

Ten years' service, whatever rate may be allowed by a board of officers appointed by the Secretary of the Navy, not to exceed rate for total disability.

If in addition to service pension sailor is pensioned for disability, the service pension covering the same time shall not exceed one-fourth the rate allowed for disability.

NOTE.—Claims under this act should be filed with the Secretary of the Navy.

PENSIONS BASED UPON SERVICE PERFORMED PRIOR TO MARCH 4, 1861.

Revolutionary war.

There are no survivors of this war.

Widows, from March 9, 1878, $8, and from March 19, 1886	$12.00

War of 1812.

(Sections 4736 and 4740, Revised Statutes, and acts of March 9, 1878, and March 19, 1886.)

Survivors	$8.00
Widows, from March 9, 1878, $8, and from March 19, 1886	12.00

Indian wars, from 1832 to 1842 (act of July 27, 1892).

Survivors	$8.00
Widows	8.00

Mexican war (act of January 29, 1887).

Survivors	$8.00
Act of January 5, 1893, provides, under certain conditions, for increase of survivor's pension only to	12.00
Widows	8.00

U. S. PENSION AGENCIES, DISTRICT EMBRACED, AND DATES OF PAYMENT.

Augusta, Me.—Quarterly payments March 4, June 4, September 4, and December 4. The State of Maine. Navy pensioners in this district are paid at Boston, Mass.

Boston, Mass.—Quarterly payments March 4, June 4, September 4, and December 4. The States of Massachusetts, Connecticut, and Rhode Island, and all navy pensioners residing in this and the Augusta and Concord districts.

Buffalo, N. Y.—Quarterly payments January 4, April 4, July 4, and October 4. The counties in the State of New York not in the New York City district. All navy pensioners in the State are paid at New York City.

Chicago, Ill.—Quarterly payments January 4, April 4, July 4, and October 4. The State of Illinois and all navy pensioners residing in this and the Columbus, Des Moines, Detroit, Indianapolis, Louisville, Milwaukee, and Topeka districts.

Columbus, Ohio.—Quarterly payments March 4, June 4, September 4, and December 4. The State of Ohio. Navy pensioners in this district are paid at Chicago.

Concord, N. H.—Quarterly payments January 4, April 4, July 4, and October 4. The States of New Hampshire and Vermont. Navy pensioners in this district are paid at Boston.

Des Moines, Iowa.—Quarterly payments January 4, April 4, July 4, and October 4. The States of Iowa and Nebraska. Navy pensioners in this district are paid at Chicago.

Detroit, Mich.—Quarterly payments March 4, June 4, September 4, and December 4. The State of Michigan. Navy pensioners in this district are paid at Chicago.

Indianapolis, Ind.—Quarterly payments February 4, May 4, August 4, and November 4. The State of Indiana. Navy pensioners in this district are paid at Chicago.

Knoxville, Tenn.—Quarterly payments February 4, May 4, August 4, and November 4. The States of North Carolina, Tennessee, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, and Arkansas. Navy pensioners in this district are paid at Washington, D. C.

Louisville, Ky.—Quarterly payments February 4, May 4, August 4, and November 4. The State of Kentucky. Navy pensioners in this district are paid at Chicago.

Milwaukee, Wis.—Quarterly payments January 4, April 4, July 4, and October 4. The States of Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, and South Dakota. Navy pensioners in this district are paid at Chicago.

New York City, N. Y.—Quarterly payments February 4, May 4, August 4, and November 4. The counties in the State of New York of Albany, Clinton, Columbia, Delaware, Dutchess, Essex, Greene, Kings, Queens, New York, Orange, Putnam, Richmond, Rensselaer, Rockland, Saratoga, Schenectady, Sullivan, Suffolk, Ulster, Warren, Washington, and Westchester; all navy pensioners in the State of New York, and all pensioners in the counties in New Jersey of Bergen, Essex, Hudson, Hunterdon, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, Ulster, Union, and Warren.

Philadelphia, Pa.—Quarterly payments February 4, May 4, August 4, and November 4. The counties in the State of Pennsylvania of Berks, Bradford, Bucks, Carbon, Chester, Columbia, Dauphin, Delaware, Lackawanna, Lancaster, Lebanon, Lehigh, Luzerne, Monroe, Montgomery, Montour, Northampton, Northumberland, Philadelphia, Pike, Schuylkill, Sullivan, Susquehanna, Wayne, Wyoming, York; all navy pensioners in the State of Pennsylvania, and all pensioners in the counties in New Jersey of Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, Mercer, Ocean, and Salem.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Quarterly payments January 4, April 4, July 4, and October 4. The counties in the State of Pennsylvania not in the Philadelphia district. All navy pensioners in the State are paid in Philadelphia.

San Francisco, Cal.—Quarterly payments March 4, June 4, September 4, and December 4. The States of California, Nevada, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, Washington, and

Wyoming; the Territories of Alaska, Arizona, and Utah, including the navy pensioners.

Topeka, Kans.—Quarterly payments February 4, May 4, August 4, and November 4. The States of Missouri, Kansas, and Colorado; the Territories of New Mexico, Oklahoma, and the Indian Territory. Navy pensioners in this district are paid at Chicago.

Washington, D. C.—Quarterly payments March 4, June 4, September 4, and December 4. The States of Delaware, Virginia, Maryland, and West Virginia, the District of Columbia, and pensioners residing in foreign countries and all navy pensioners residing in this and the Knoxville districts.

Communications can be addressed United States pension agent.

POPULATION OF CITIES HAVING 25,000 INHABITANTS OR MORE, ACCORDING TO THE CENSUS OF 1900.

[The figures in the first column show the order of the cities named, when arranged according to population.]

City.	Order.	Population.	City.	Order.	Population.
Akron, Ohio	87	42,728	Indianapolis, Ind	21	169,164
Albany, N. Y	40	94,151	Jackson, Mich	159	25,180
Allegheny, Pa	27	129,896	Jacksonville, Fla	142	28,429
Allentown, Pa	113	35,416	Jersey City, N. J	17	206,433
Altoona, Pa	96	38,973	Johnstown, Pa	111	35,936
Atlanta, Ga	43	89,872	Joliet, Ill	137	29,353
Atlantic City, N. J	148	27,838	Kansas City, Kans	76	51,418
Auburn, N. Y	135	30,345	Kansas City, Mo	22	163,752
Augusta, Ga	94	39,441	Knoxville, Tenn	125	32,637
Baltimore, Md	6	508,957	La Crosse, Wis	140	28,895
Bay City, Mich	150	27,628	Lancaster, Pa	90	41,459
Bayonne, N. J	124	32,722	Lawrence, Mass	57	62,559
Binghamton, N. Y	93	39,647	Lexington, Ky	152	26,369
Birmingham, Ala	99	38,415	Lincoln, Nebr	91	40,169
Boston, Mass	5	560,892	Little Rock, Ark	100	38,307
Bridgeport, Conn	54	70,996	Los Angeles, Cal	36	102,479
Brockton, Mass	92	40,063	Louisville, Ky	18	204,731
Buffalo, N. Y	8	352,387	Lowell, Mass	39	94,969
Butte, Mont	133	30,470	Lynn, Mass	55	68,513
Cambridge, Mass	41	91,886	McKeesport, Pa	115	34,227
Camden, N. J	52	75,935	Malden, Mass	120	33,664
Canton, Ohio	132	30,667	Manchester, N. H	65	56,987
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	157	25,656	Memphis, Tenn	37	102,320
Charleston, S. C	68	55,807	Milwaukee, Wis	14	285,315
Chattanooga, Tenn	126	32,490	Minneapolis, Minn	19	202,718
Chelsea, Mass	117	34,072	Mobile, Ala	98	38,469
Chester, Pa	118	33,988	Montgomery, Ala	134	30,346
Chicago, Ill	2	1,698,575	Nashville, Tenn	47	80,865
Cincinnati, Ohio	10	325,902	Newark, N. J	16	246,070
Cleveland, Ohio	7	381,768	New Bedford, Mass	58	62,442
Columbus, Ohio	28	125,560	New Britain, Conn	155	25,998
Council Bluffs, Iowa	156	25,802	Newcastle, Pa	143	28,339
Covington, Ky	86	42,938	New Haven, Conn	31	108,027
Dallas, Tex	88	42,638	New Orleans, La	12	287,104
Davenport, Iowa	114	35,254	Newport, Ky	144	28,301
Dayton, Ohio	45	85,333	Newton, Mass	122	33,587
Denver, Colo	25	133,859	New York, N. Y	1	3,437,202
Des Moines, Iowa	59	62,139	Norfolk, Va	80	46,624
Detroit, Mich	13	285,704	Oakland, Cal	56	66,960
Dubuque, Iowa	107	36,297	Omaha, Nebr	35	102,555
Duluth, Minn	72	52,969	Oshkosh, Wis	145	28,284
Easton, Pa	158	25,238	Passaic, N. J	149	27,777
East St. Louis, Ill	136	29,655	Paterson, N. J	32	105,171
Elizabeth, N. J	74	52,130	Pawtucket, R. I	95	39,231
Elmira, N. Y	112	35,672	Peoria, Ill	67	56,100
Erie, Pa	73	52,733	Philadelphia, Pa	3	1,293,697
Evansville, Ind	64	59,007	Pittsburg, Pa	11	321,616
Fall River, Mass	33	104,863	Portland, Me	78	50,145
Fitchburg, Mass	128	31,531	Portland, Oreg	42	90,426
Fort Wayne, Ind	83	45,115	Providence, R. I	20	175,597
Fort Worth, Tex	151	26,688	Pueblo, Colo	147	28,157
Galveston, Tex	102	37,789	Quincy, Ill	108	36,252
Gloucester, Mass	153	26,121	Racine, Wis	139	29,102
Grand Rapids, Mich	44	87,565	Reading, Pa	50	78,961
Harrisburg, Pa	77	50,167	Richmond, Va	46	85,050
Hartford, Conn	49	79,850	Rochester, N. Y	24	162,608
Haverhill, Mass	104	37,175	Rockford, Ill	130	31,051
Hoboken, N. J	63	59,364	Sacramento, Cal	138	29,282
Holyoke, Mass	82	45,712	Saginaw, Mich	89	42,345
Houston, Tex	35	44,633	Salem, Mass	110	35,956

Population of cities having 25,000 inhabitants or more, according to the Census of 1900—Continued.

City.	Order.	Population.	City.	Order.	Population.
Salt Lake City, Utah	70	53,531	Tacoma, Wash	103	37,714
San Antonio, Tex	71	53,321	Taunton, Mass	131	31,036
San Francisco, Cal	9	342,782	Terre Haute, Ind	106	36,673
Savannah Ga	69	54,244	Toledo, Ohio	26	131,822
Schenectady, N. Y	127	31,682	Topeka, Kans	121	33,608
Scranton, Pa	38	102,026	Trenton, N. J	53	73,307
Seattle, Wash	48	80,671	Troy, N. Y	62	60,651
Sioux City, Iowa	123	33,111	Utica, N. Y	66	56,383
Somerville, Mass	61	61,643	Washington, D. C	15	278,718
South Bend, Ind	109	35,999	Waterbury, Conn	81	45,859
South Omaha, Nebr	154	26,001	Wheeling, W. Va	97	38,878
Spokane, Wash	105	36,848	Wilkesbarre, Pa	75	51,721
Springfield, Ill	116	34,159	Williamsport, Pa	141	28,757
Springfield, Mass	60	62,059	Wilmington, Del	51	76,508
Springfield, Ohio	101	38,253	Woonsocket, R. I	146	28,204
St. Joseph, Mo	34	102,979	Worcester, Mass	29	118,421
St. Louis, Mo	4	575,238	Yonkers, N. Y	79	47,931
St. Paul, Minn	23	163,065	York, Pa	119	33,708
Superior, Wis	129	31,091	Youngstown, Ohio	84	44,885
Syracuse, N. Y	30	108,374			

INDEX.

Page.

Alphabetical list of battles:
War of the rebellion, 1861–1865 7–143
Spanish-American war, giving number killed and wounded in each engagement, 1898–1900 171–181
Alphabetical list of battles of the old wars, with a short history of each, 1754–1848 225–240
Black Hawk Indian, Illinois and Wisconsin, 1832 ..... 234, 235
Chronological history of the Mexican 237–240
Creek Indian, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, and Tennessee, 1813–14 234
Florida or Seminole Indian, Georgia and Alabama, 1835–1842 235
France, war against, 1798 231
French and Indian war, 1754–1763 225
Great Britain, or war of 1812 231–234
Mexican war, 1846–1848 236–240
Northwest Indian, Ohio, 1790–1795 231
Northwest Indian, Indiana, 1811 231
Revolutionary war, 1775–1783 225–231
Texas and Mexico, war between, 1835–36 236
Tripoli, Africa, war against, 1801 231
War of 1812 with Great Britain, 1812–1815 231–234
Army, increase of, authority for, etc., 1898 200
strength of, in October, 1899 201
Brightwood (Fort Stevens), D. C., history of battle at 163
Camps, list of, giving date established and number of deaths, etc., to September 30, 1898 201
Casualties of the Union armies, 1861–1865 145
Casualties of the Confederate army 145
Cause of wars and local disturbances from 1775 to 1899 221–224
Cemeteries, national, list of 169
China, trouble in, 1900 ..... 181, 182
Chronological record of the rebellion, 1860–1865 147–167
Chronological record of the Spanish-American war, 1898–1900 183–200
Colored troops, number of, from each State, 1861–1865 ..... 145, 146
Date and cause of wars from 1775 to 1899 221–224
Dates on which pensions are paid 247
Davis, Jefferson, pursuit and capture of 167
Death of Presidents, and where buried 241
Deaths in the Army between May 1, 1898 and June 30, 1899 181
in camps, number of 201
number of, from each State, Spanish-American war 208, 209
number of, in Union Army, 1861–1865 145
percentage of, between May 1 and September 30, 1898 181
Desertion, act to remove, limitation of time within which to apply for relief 170
President's proclamation in regard to 170
Divisions of the Army and Navy 220
Early pension legislation, 1776 272
Expeditions from Manila, dates of sailing and arrival, etc 207
to the Philippines and Porto Rico, showing date of sailing, date of arrival, name of transport and organizations, etc 202, 206
First pension law enacted at Plymouth, in 1636 ..... 242, 243
Fort Stevens (Brightwood), D. C., battle at, history of 163
Gettysburg (Pa.) campaign, June 3 to August 1, 1863 ..... 144, 145
Government transports, list of 210
Highest number of organizations from each State, in service, 1861–1865 242
Hospital ships, Spanish war 210
Indians, number of, in service, 1861–1865 146
Jefferson Davis, capture of 167

Page.
Killed and wounded in China 182
Letter from compiler to Commissioner of Pensions 1
Letter from Commissioner of Pensions to compiler 2
List of naval vessels 211–215
Losses between May 1, 1898, and June 30, 1899 181
number of, Union and Confederate, 1861–1865 145
while in service, Spanish war 208, 209
Manila, expeditions from, with troops, dates of sailing and arrival 207
National cemeteries, with post-office address 169
Naval enlistments, number of, from each State, to May 23, 1898 185
Naval vessels, list of, number of officers and men, etc 211–215
Number of deaths from each State, 1861–1865 ..... 145, 146
of men furnished from each State, 1861–1865 ..... 145, 146
in service October 18, 1899, with rank 201
of naval vessels 215
Pay table of the Army 216
enlisted men 216, 217
Military Academy 217
officers 216
Pay table, United States Navy and Marine Corps 218
officers 218
petty officers and enlisted men 218, 219
Pensions, ratings for disabilities incurred in military or naval service 244–247
Army 244
Navy, for ten and twenty years' service 246
Navy and Marine Corps 244
Old wars, service in 246, 247
Rates fixed by the Commissioner of Pensions for certain disabilities 245
Widows, minors, etc 246
Pension agencies, district embraced and dates of payment 247, 248
Philippine expeditions, showing date of sailing, troops carried, etc 202–206
Population of cities, census of 1900 ..... 248, 249
Porto Rico, expeditions to, date of sailing and arrival, etc 206
Presidents, list of, etc 240
President's proclamation in regard to deserters 170
Proclamation calling for volunteers, 1898, etc 200
Protocol, signing of, Spanish war 224
Rebellion, cause of 3
Relative rank, Army and Navy 220
Reorganization of the Army, authority for, 1898, etc 200
Sailors and marines, number of, in service, 1861–1865 ..... 145, 146
Slavery abolished, list of States, showing dates, etc 170
Soldiers' Homes, National and State 168
Spanish-American war, cause and termination of 224
number of troops furnished, by each State 208, 209
States, number of troops from each State, Spanish war 208, 209
Summary of events of the rebellion from day to day, 1860–1865 147–167
in China from July 3 to August 28, 1900 182
of the Spanish-American war, 1898–1900 183–200
Transports, list of 210
Troops furnished, number of, by States, Spanish war 208, 209
Troubles in China 181
Vessels used by Government in transporting troops, Spanish war 210
Volunteer forces in service from each State during war with Spain, with losses by States 208, 209
Wars and local disturbances, dates of, 1775–1899 221–224
Washington, D. C., battle near (Fort Stevens), President Lincoln present at 163
Wounded, between May 1, 1898, and June 30, 1899 181

○

TO THE MEMORY OF COMRADE

WILLIAM McKINLEY.

Born at Niles, Trumbull County, Ohio, January 29, 1843. Enlisted as private, Co. E, 23d Ohio Volunteer Infantry, at Poland, Ohio, and mustered in at Columbus, Ohio, June 11, 1861:—Wm. S. Rosecrans, Colonel; Stanley Mathews, Lieutenant Colonel; Rutherford B. Hayes, Major.

Appointed Regimental Commissary Sergeant, April 15, 1862; Second Lieutenant, Company D, November 3, 1862: First Lieutenant, March 30, 1863; Captain, September 1, 1864.

Brevet Major, U. S. Volunteers, March 13, 1865, "for gallant and meritorious services during the campaign in West Virginia and the Shenandoah Valley." Mustered out with regiment, July 26, 1865.

Mustered in as Comrade, G. A. R., in Canton Post (now McKinley Post), No. 25, Department of Ohio, G.A.R., July 7, 1880.

Engaged in actions of

Carnifex Ferry, W. Va.,	September 10, 1861
Clark's Hollow, W. Va.,	May 1, 1862
Princeton, W. Va.,	May 15–17, 1862
South Mountain, Md.,	September 14, 1862
Antietam or Sharpsburg, Md.,	September 16–17, 1862
Buffington Island, Ohio River, O.,	July 19, 1863
Cloyd's Mountain or Farm, Va.,	May 9, 1864
New River Bridge, Va.,	May 10, 1864
Lexington, Va.,	June 11, 1864
Buckhannon, W. Va.,	June 13, 1864
Otter Creek, Va.,	June 16, 1864
Lynchburg, Va.,	June 17–18, 1864
Buford's Gap, Va.,	June 20, 1864
Kernstown or Winchester, Va.,	July 24, 1864
Winchester, Va.,	August 17, 1864
Berryville, Va.,	September, 3–4, 1864
Opequan or Winchester, Va.,	September, 19, 1864
Fisher's Hill, Va.,	September 22, 1864
Cedar Creek or Bell Grove, Va.,	October 19, 1864

Admitted to the Bar at Warren, Ohio, in March, 1867. Prosecuting Attorney, Stark County, Ohio, 1869 to 1871. Representative in the 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th and 51st Congresses. Governor of Ohio, January 11, 1892 to January 13, 1896. President of the United States, March 4, 1897 to September 14, 1901. Shot by an anarchist while holding a public reception in the Temple of Music at the Pan-American Exposition, Buffalo, N. Y., September 6, 1901. Died at Buffalo, N. Y., September 14, 1901. Buried at Canton, Ohio, September 19, 1901.

PRESENTED BY **N. A. STRAIT,** PUBLISHER,

"Alphabetical List of Battles,"

No. 2210 Thirteenth Street, N. W.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

[OVER]